inside section II 20 Pages



How the Persot trib turned the taldes on its conquerors

Jamming back at Trinidad's Carnival



Weekend FT goes shopping

Refugees from the mediaeval war in Bosnia



FINANCIAL TIMES

WEEKEND NOVEMBER 21/NOVEMBER 22 1992

Europe's Business Newspaper

Fight to save treasures in Windsor blaze

Fire swept through the north-east wing of Windsor Castle yesterday causing millions of pounds of damage and threatening priceless paintings and

The blaze broke out shortly before midday in the basement of the Brunswick Tower, spreading to St George's Hall. Twenty-five fire engines and more than 150 firefighters from four counties thought they had the blaze under control after nearly four hours, but the flames burst through the roof of the tower.

Many of the most valuable art works were saved by teams of firefighters, soldiers and castle employees, but the cost of lost pictures and other valuables, and the damage to the castle fabric, is certain to be considerable. Royal palaces are not insured because the premiums would be too high.

Neither the Queen nor the Duke of Edinburgh were present when the fire broke out, although the Queen later visited the scene briefly.

The immediate cause of the blaze was unknown, but the fire began in an area of the castle closed for renovation. One man was treated in hospital for burns. Page 24

40,000 jobs to go in EC: Nearly 40,000 redundancies were announced in the European Community this week. About a quarter of them will be in the UK. Page 24: UK savaged over its EC presidency, Page 3

Hourly movements 2.740 ----2,730 2.720 2.710 2.700~ 2.690 V 2.680 2.670 2,660 16 Nov1992 20

The UK stock market bounced off its support level, moving ahead strongly towards the close on optimistic news from the Gatt talks in Washington. The FT-SE 100 Index gained 26.2 to 2,732.4, within a whisker of May's all-time closing peak of 2,737.8. London stocks, Page 15

Doctor can return to work: Dr Nigel Cox, a consultant rheumatologist convicted of the attempted murder of a patient, is to be allowed to return to work early in the new year, subject to number of conditions, Wessex regional health authority said. Dr Cox is expected to respond

Japan's parliament is to debate the Y2,990bn (£16bn) supplementary budget to boost the economy after the ruling Liberal Democratic party agreed to produce three key figures at the heart of the Tokyo Sagawa Kyubin scandal for questioning.

Nippon Telegraph and Telephone blamed the downturn in the Japanese economy and intensi fying competition for a 21 per cent decline in pre-tax profits to Y105bn (£558m) for the six months to the end of September. Page 12; Companies reduce investment, Page 4; Lex. Page 24

Amstrad: Institutional investors in the computer and electronics company said they were still studying founder Alan Sugar's offer to buy back their shares at 30p a share. Several said they were unlikely to join disgruntled private shareholders opposing the deal. Page 10

e stock market indices	■ STERLING
FT-SE 1002,732.4 (+26.2) Yield4.41	New York harchtime: \$ 1,5165
FT-SE Eurotrack 100 _1,051.29 (+3.36)	London:
FT-A Alf-Share1,294.43 (+0.8%)	
Nikker17,033.6 (+162.29)	
New York: functione	FFr 8.2025 (8.18)
Dow Jones Ind Ave3,226.82 (+17.29)	SFr 2.1775 (2.195)
S&P Composite425.4 (+2.79)	Y 188.75 (189.25)
US LUNCHTIME RATES	£ index 78,4 (same)
Federal Funds27,%	E DOLLAR
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Lang Band108,}	DM 1.504
Yield7.527%	FFr 5.48475
E LONDON MONEY	SFr 1.439
3-mo Interbank 7 \% (7 \.3%)	404.5
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Liffe lang gift future:Dec 99 33 (Dec 100 &)	OM 1.5935 (1.579)
■ NORTH SEA OIL (Argus)	FFr 5.395 (5.3375)
Brent 15-day (Jan)\$19.375 (19.425)	
■ Gold	
New York Comex (Dec)\$335.8 (335.4)	\$ Index 65,5 (65)
Londo1\$338.35 (334.15)	Tokya clase Y 123.5

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Trade war averted as EC and US reach deal

By David Gardner in Brussels, Nancy Dunne in WashIngton and David Buchan in Paris

THE European Community and the US last night finally settled their long-running disputes over subsidised food exports, averting a threatened trade war and open-ing the way to a world-wide free trade agreement.

The agreement on agriculture is more favourable than expected to the EC, raising hopes in Brussels that France - a strong opponent of a deal - would be less likely to press home its efforts to get it thrown out.

Last night the French govern-ment refused immediately to accept the deal. Mr Jean-Pierre Solsson, agriculture minister, acknowledged that a certain respects – notably on oilseeds – the Washington deal was better for Europe than what had been on offer by the US two weeks ago in Chicago. But he still said that

"at first sight, I cannot accept it". France was insisting on proof that the "draft agreement" was in line with recent reform of the EC's Common Agricultural Pol-lcy, the minister said. The French government would only take a final judgment after a parliamentary debate and resolution next week, he added, but he doubted whether the parliament would accept the Gatt deal.

This left open the possibility that France could be outvoted by a majority in the EC council of ministers. But if President Fran-cois Mitterrand invoked a veto which he would probably do only if he had the tacit support of German Chancellor Helmut Kohl the deal could collapse.

President George Bush, announcing the deal, called on the 108 nations participating in the Uruguay Round of trade talks to return to the negotiating table in Geneva and "show the flexibility" that will bring the talks to a conclusion. This, he said, would spur economic growth and create jobs around the world.

Mrs Carla Hills, US special trade representative, announced the withdrawal of threatened punitive tariffs against the EC because of its oilseeds regime, while Mr Ray MacSharry, EC agriculture commissioner who negotiated the agreement, said "the real victory tonight is for

international trade". Mr Frans Andriessen, EC external affairs commissioner, said the

US-EC deal "means that trade war has been avoided." "It is not the end of the road. but we are convinced that it will Key points of the agree-

Oilseeds production limited to 5.128m hectares Oilseeds for industrial use limited to 1m tonnes • 10 per cent of EC farm land to be set aside permanentiv

Subsidised EC farm exports to be cut by 21 per cent in volume over six years. Value will be cut by 36 per cent, with internal supports trimmed

by 20 per cent • The US agrees a "peace clause" on outstanding disputes

 An "Andriessen compromise" not to export subsidised EC beef to

unblock the stalemate in the Uru-guay Round in Geneva."

The agreement is expected to be endorsed by EC trade officials, foreign ministers and heads of government at the Community's Edinburgh summit on December 11 and 12 - before farm ministers get any chance to pick it apart on December 14 to 16.

Progress in the Uruguay Round, under the aegis of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt), has been held up for two years by the farm trade dispute, which has also opened serious rifts in the EC.

Mr MacSharry said "the US and EC go united now to Geneva" to seek a conclusion to the Uruguay Round by the end of the year. A global accord, which some estimates believe could add \$200bn to world trade within 10 years, needs the approval of all 108 Gatt signatories not only on agriculture, but on 14 other sectors ranging from services to intellectual property.

The agriculture agreement settles a five-year old bilateral row over EC oilseeds production, and agrees terms on the farm chapter of the Uruguay Round.

The two sides agreed to an enforcement mechanism to ensure the limit on EC oilseeds production which includes binding arbitration. The EC also

Continued on Page 24 US puts Gatt before soyabeans;



Frans Andriessen, EC chief negotiator, shakes hand with Edward Madigan, US secretary of Agriculture

Good news for UK exports

Business Correspondent

IF the cost to British business of a Gatt fallure is incalculable, the benefits to be derived from a speedy and successful conclusion to the Uruguay Round should be

Unofficial government estimates, now being dusted off in Whitehall in spite of France's immediate reaction, suggest that British exporters could be a major beneficiary of a new giobal trade deal.

The OECD has suggested that agreement would boost world gross domestic product by nearly \$200bn a year and increase GDP within EC countries by at least 1

per cent. If the Uruguay Round target of a 80 per cent reduction in tariffs is implemented. Britain's visible French face farmers' fury, Page 2 exports - which account for more than one-quarter of the nation's GDP - could rise by the market in services - should be considerably enhanced. more than £700m a year.

The benefits for invisible exports could be even more substantial. The inclusion of services in Gatt talks for the first time could lead to a 10 per cent expansion in world trade in areas such as banking, insurance, tourism and professional

consultancy. EC exports in services could quadruple as a result of liberalisation measures and Britain's ospects for additional tràde it already has about 8 per cent of

The inclusion of improved protection for intellectual property will also help many British innovators. The recording industry, for example, is thought to lose about £1bn a year through counterfeiting or piracy.

Mr Howard Davies, director general of the Confederation of British Industry, said the agreement was "excellent news". He was confident remaining obstacles could be overcome and that a new Gatt deal would emerge

WORLD TRADE AGREEMENT

UNDER STRAIN!

WITTINGLY

Spanish request may cause shakeup in ERM

Blitz in London and Lionel Barber in Brussels

A REALIGNMENT of currencies in the European exchange rate mechanism is expected this weekend following a request from Spain to devalue the peseta in the system, European mone-tary officials said last night.

The EC's monetary committee. which hammers out the details of realignments, is expected to meet today in Brussels to consider other possible moves among the European monetary system's remaining eight currencies.

It was understood that pressure was mounting on the Irish authorities to devalue the punt. Speculation in financial markets also pointed to the Portuguese escudo as another possible candidate for devaluation.

It emerged last night that Spain had been seeking a 5 per cent devaluation of the pescta against the D-Mark for at least

Denmark, whose currency, the krone, came under beavy selling pressure in foreign exchange markets yesterday, has apparently refused to move its central rate against the D-Mark. The French franc will also stay pegged to the D-Mark at existing parities in recognition of the government's franc-fort policy. There was no question of either the Italian lira or sterling re-entering the ERM this weekend.

It is thought that a realignment could trigger a cut in German interest rates, although the scale would depend on the extent of the effective D-Mark revaluation. Earlier yesterday Mr Helmut Schlesinger, president of the Bundesbank, said there was mini-

mal room for manoeuvre. Reports of a possible realignment broke as trading in European markets had virtually ceased. They caused an intense burst of speculation, pushing the dollar up to a five-month high against the German currency of DM1.6090.

Sterling meanwhile fell to a low of \$1.5065 in US trading after closing at \$1.5205 in London.

EMS rebuff to Sweden, Page 2 Currencies, Page 13

40,000 Civil Service jobs to be put out to tender

Public Policy Editor

MORE THAN 40,000 Civil Service jobs are to be put out to tender over the next year under plans to be announced next week by Mr William Waldegrave, minister for the public services.

In a white paper to be published on Wednesday, Mr Waldegrave will set out ambitious plans to increase the scale of "market testing" government ser-vices from £25m this year to £1.5bn in the next. Tendering is expected to be completed by September, with the new contracts operating in 1994.

Staff already doing the work will be encouraged to bid for the contracts, either as an in-house team, or through a management buy-out. If the staff bid wins, the team will be required to sign a binding contract giving details of the standard of work, methods of monitoring and enforcement of the agreement.

The government expects to make savings from market testing of 25 per cent of the value of the services, even when services stay in-house. Since pay accounts for more than half of Civil Service costs, there are likely to be significant job losses as a result of the process. However, Mr Waldegrave will

quality of service is as important to market-testing as cost savings. The range of services to be put out to tender is far greater than in previous contracting out, which has been largely confined

emphasise that improving the

to support services such as catering, cleaning and security.

technology services, including the running of the 12 large computers which hold Inland Revenue data Payroli, legal services, audit,

gramme will be in information

accountancy, typing and secretarial services are also to be contracted out. The lists of targets for contract-

ing out have been drawn up by departments with the assistance of consultants. Among their responsibilities has been ensuring that there will be more than one company interested in bidding for each contract in order to ensure that there will be competi-Consultancy advice will be

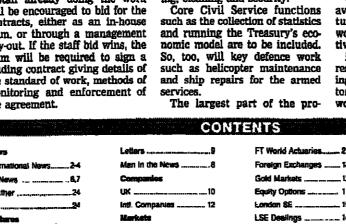
available to advise staff on structuring bids and reorganising work to become more competi-

in local government, such restructuring has enabled existing staff to beat outside contractors for around 80 per cent of the work put out to tender.

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IF GATT FAILS RECOVERY HOPES TO COLLAPSE





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US puts Gatt before soya beans Plenty more tough

OILSEED farmers in the US may have been bitterly disappointed yesterday as details of the US-EC settlement on their five-year dispute over Europe's pilseed subsidies trickled out. But a possibly disastrous

trade war has been averted, and important obstacles have been removed to a Uruguay Round trade liberalisation package that could by the end of the decade boost world trade by \$200bn (£132bn). For that, even US oilseed farmers may have cause for celebration.

According to Mr Dale Hathaway, a former US agriculture official, President George Bush's negotiators "decided that the future of the Uruguay Round was more important than the sovabean case". A leading farm lobbyist was more

time in my 22 years dealing with European farmers that their production will have to go down, rather than up." On the critical issue of the

US dispute with Europe over its subsidised oilseeds production - which if unresolved by December 5 would have triggered trade sanctions of around \$300m against Europe's white wine exports - the EC has agreed to limit production to 5.13m hectares. Mr Ed Madigan, US agriculture secretary. said yesterday this would result in production of 8.7m-

9.5m tonnes a year. US oilseed farmers have insisted that anything above 8m tonnes was unacceptable. But from current production levels of more than 13m tonnes, the EC's cuts will be significant. As important, the US has won assurances that no more than 1m tonnes of oil-

a mixed bag, but it is the first seeds output can be produced for industrial use.

The EC has also agreed to binding arbitration if its output overshoots - a litmus issue for the US, which has been increasingly frustrated over its inability to make the EC in any way accountable for missed production targets.

The most significant element

of a wider farm trade deal is EC agreement to cut its volume of subsidised farm exports by 21 per cent over six years. The US was demanding 100 per cent cuts as little as a year ago, and even recently has been calling for a 24 per cent cut. Of compensating comfort to the US is an agreement by the EC to make permanent two thirds of the land taken out of production as part of its set-aside scheme. The EC target is

to set aside 15 per cent of farm

land, but the US was con-

ments would eliminate any possible set-aside gains.
The so-called "Andriessen

compromise" also forbids subsidised EC beef exports to Asia. Negotiators insisted yesterday that the farm trade break-through would provide the momentum needed to resolve other outstanding obstacles to a Uruguay Round settlement.

They have agreed to shift negotiations immediately to Geneva, where the other 106 contracting parties to Gatt will have the chance to endorse the EC-US farm deal. Most critical here will be the Cairns group of farm exporting nations, which include such countries as Australia, Canada and Argentina. There were no immediate reactions last night, but US negotiators have remained in close contact with Cairns group officials during their negotiations with the EC,

and it is thought unlikely it

would back a deal without Cairns group support. Focus will turn in Geneva to the other areas vital to a Uruguay Round settlement - most notably agreement on trade in services, and on general tariff

US and EC negotiators have agreed a common position on the contentious area of financial services, and will in the coming days be putting fierce pressure on countries like Japan, South Korea and the Asean states to liberalise their markets in this area. Difficult negotiations also lie ahead on trade in maritime services, on trade in audio-visual services,

A joint EC-US statement said agreed "to seek maximum liberalisation and minimum exemptions" in the areas of bargaining in store negotiators last December changes can be made only by

By Frances Williams

AFTER nearly a year of sitting impotently on the sidelines while the US and European Community scrapped over farm trade, Gatt negotiators are impatient to get the six-year-old Uruguay Round of world trade talks moving once

But trade officials, while delighted that the key to unlock the round is now to hand, warn that much hard bargaining is still needed to secure a successful conclusion.

The terms of the US-EC deal on agriculture will first have to be agreed by all 108 countries taking part in the negotiations. While it would be highly improbable for trading partners to throw out the longawaited accord between the world's biggest economies, there could still be lively dis-cussion over details.

That hurdle over, other difficult issues will come to the fore, especially in the areas of services and improved market access for foreign goods.

As soon as the protagonists signal that they are ready to present their farm trade deal, Mr Arthur Dunkel, directorgeneral of the General Agree-ment on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt), will call a meeting of the round's top-level trade

Negotiators will be asked to agree a work programme designed to wrap up agree-ments on all 28 subject areas within three months. This is to meet the March 1 1993 deadline for submission of a trade liberalisation package under the US administration's "fast-track" negotiating authority, which regulres Congress to approve or reject the package without amendment.

negotiations committee.

Changes in the dramatis personae also pose some tricky timing problems. Mr Dunkel will want to get all the policy "Final Act" he presented to

costs them \$2bn a year in lost

sales and lower prices. They have taken their case twice to

Gatt, where independent dis-

pute settlement panels have

endorsed their claims, and condemned EC practices. Mean-while, US farmland under oil-

seeds has fallen from 76m acres

to 57m acres, and they have been prevented from growing

other crops by long-term set-

aside schemes and restrictions

on land sown to corn, wheat,

cotton or rice. Oilseeds were

once the US's largest export

earner, with the second largest

acreage of any crop in the US.

Conceding that EC farmers,

including those in France, are likely to feel pain as a result of

production cuts resulting from

a US-EC settlement, he insists: "We are not asking European

farmers to do anything that we

have not already been willing

that have created this crisis,

but European ones," he says. "We absolutely refuse to accept

blame for the damage European farmers are doing to the

international trading system.

The US is not the guilty party

here: the Europeans are the

ones that have violated an

Let European farmers take

their case against the US to the Gatt, wait six years for two

favourable rulings, and then

threaten counter-retaliation, he

international agreement."

It is not US farm policies

to do ourselves.

sewn up by the end of this year, when Mr Ray MacSharry. the EC's agriculture commissioner, leaves his post.

Officials acknowledge that detailed country-by-country negotiations on tariffs and access to services markets, which form an integral part of the Uruguay Round package, will probably run into Febru-ary, But the bulk of the work must be completed by January 20 when Mrs Carla Hills, US trade representative, leaves office along with the rest of the Bush administration.

Mr Dunkel will be concerned to minimise the changes to the draft "Final Act" so as to prevent a general unravelling of hard-fought and carefully balanced agreements already negotiated. He has already said

Thus Japan and South Korea are unlikely to succeed in keeping their bans on imported rice. The US will be told not to re-open talks on intellectual property protection to gain a better deal for the US pharmaceutical and entertainment industries.

More problematic will be services, where the US is refusing to liberalise shipping, and the complex bilateral negotiations on opening services markets to foreign suppliers are a long way from completion. Negotia-tions on tariff cuts averaging a third on farm and industrial goods have also been difficult, though officials say resolution of the US/EC dispute on farm subsidies and tariffs should now give the talks momentum

iona flot



John Major jubilantly announces the deal yesterday

French government faces farmers' fury

FRANCE'S political predicament over the farm deal has been sharpened by last-minute US concessions, which look likely to isolate Paris within the EC.

The French agricultural lobby has geared itself, and most of the country, to believe that almost anything the US can agree to must be bad for France's im farmers. Correspondingly, therefore, the government feels it has to show the strongest suspicion - if not opposition - towards the Washington

"For, if we don't take a firm attitude on the Gatt, this government could well fall," Mr Jean-Pierre Soisson, France's agriculture minister, pre-dicted in an interview with the Financial Times yesterday.

Mr Solsson was last night adopting "a firm line" to assuage the passions of furious French farmers, who were burning the US flag in Paris and storming McDonald's on the Champs Elysées, and who have even threatened to attack Mr Soisson's own house in Auxerre. The mood in France is hardly conducive to the calm study which Mr Soisson has called for to examine the "compatibility" of the Gatt accord with due to go off next Wednesday. With a Soisson,

see, north Florida, Mr

Steve Yoder has seen his soya-

bean acreage steadily dwindle

over the 1980s - from 1,300

acres a decade ago to 450 acres

the century, economists say,

agricultural policy (CAP).

He claimed that the 21 per cent cut in subsidised exports for each and every farm product would be opposed by countries such as Denmark and the Netherlands which would not want to see their cheese and milk product exports so drastically curtailed. But the agreement on oliseeds is unlikely to attract objections from Germany.

France's crucial ally. The narrower the gap between the Gatt deal and the CAP reform, the harder it is for France to paint the former as black and the latter as at least off-white. But it is certainly in these stark terms that Mr Solsson sees the political consequences for his government, if it cannot plausibly represent the Gatt deal as acceptable to the French public, and if it is not seen to mobilise all possible opposition against the accord

The first condition may now be impossible to fulfil, because it may be too late to shift public opinion in favour of a Gatt deal. And, the French government may now be prisoner of its own anti-Gatt mobilisation plans.

The starting gun for mobilisation is

was seeking to exert whatever

pressure he could on negotia-

tors to avoid a US "sell-out" on

oilseeds, although he acknowl-

edged American farmers would

What most inflames Mr

not get all they wanted.

Ray MacSharry, EC agriculture com-missioner, on the compatibility of the Gatt deal with the CAP, the French cabinet will produce a draft resolution to be debated by parliament that after-noon. It will commit itself to abiding by whatever parliament decides.

"In EC negotiations, John Major tells us incessantly that he cannot move because of the House of Commons, Helmut Kohl says he has to be careful of his fragile coalition and of the Bundestag, the Danes are always saying they must heed their Folketing," Mr Soisson said. "Well, we are not so free with regard to our parliament as many of you [outsiders] think." A French president may be above parliament, but his

"If we do not take a tough stand on Gatt, the Communists will vote against us," predicted Mr Soisson. This happened last June. The Socialist govern-ment was saved only when Mr Ray-mond Barre, the centrist leader, and one or two others decided not to support a censure motion that failed by just three votes.

Looming, too, are next March's parliamentary elections. According to Mr

ment on Tariffs and Trade in

Geneva, subsidised EC oilseeds

output stood at around 5m

tonnes a year. Binding agree-ments made in the early 1960s

essentially made oilseeds sub-

sidies illegal.

Agricultural lobby feel wronged by comeback on 'patience and generosity', writes **David Dodwell**

From his point of view. US

farmers are on the side of the

angels - or at the very least

have shown the patience of Job: "We have been extremely

patient, working on the issue

would make the difference between the Socialists succumbing to likely defeat, or being swamped in a certain landslide. "Agriculture still determines parliamentary majorities in France," the minister said. An unreformed electoral system, which gives the countryside more deputies per voter than the cities. "gives agriculture a political weight that is out of proportion to the number

ment's attitude to the Gatt." That

Mr Soisson criticised - in more mea sured tones than some of his government colleagues - the UK preside for trying to rush through a Gatt accord in order to "have something for their Edinburgh summit, because they haven't got much else to show". If a Gatt deal proves incompatible

with the new-style CAP, Mr Soisson said there might have to be "a reform of the reform". But he concedes this could be disastrous. "Everyone will have their own strong demands, and we will never agree." This, he suggests, must have entered into Washington's calculations. Reforming the reform could produce no CAP at all, and European farming would henceforth go into

8m tonnes on subsidised EC

has risen to more than 13m tonnes a year since 1985, with

French farmers enraged at the

prospect of lowering the ceiling

The fact that EC production

production.

US farmers outraged at French burning flags Major relishes credit for deal

OWN on Bluebird Wednesday and Thursday this seeds issue has triggered an Farm, near Tallahas- week to settle the dispute. He international trade crisis. When the US first took a comextreme when they say they demands for deeper cuts, Mr plaint to the General Agree- are willing to set a ceiling of Yoder argues. US soyabean farmers say the EC oilseed subsidy regime By Philip Stephens Political Editor

> MR JOHN MAJOR last night appeared on the steps of Downing Street to characterise the Gatt agreement between Europe and the US as "the best possible news" for the world economy and a triumph for the British presidency of the Euro-

pean Community. Exuberant that his intensive diplomacy over the past few weeks had helped avert a transatlantic trade war, Mr Major voiced confidence that the outstanding issues in the Uruguay trade round would be

quickly settled.
US President George Bush yesterday praised Mr Major for "his key role in the negotiations".

The British prime minister. harassed Mr Jacques Delors, the EC Commission president, to ensure the Community's negotiators reached an agreement with Washington, also won the immediate congratulations of Mr Howard Davies, the director general of the Confederation of British

Mr Davies told reporters: "It's quite clear that the prime minister was personally involved and we congratulate him for it... It would have been very serious to have no settlement."

After two months during which his premiership has been battered by a series of domestic crises, Mr Major drew a direct tink between the

'It's quite clear that the prime minister was personally involved and we congratulate him for it . . . It would have been very serious to have no settlement'

CBI director-general

Gatt accord and the government's determination to pull Britain's economy from reces-

He said a Gatt deal was quite literally the best possible news we could have had for industry, commerce, the consumer, free trade and for the prospect of secure and worthwhile jobs in the future".

Mr Major, who has been deserate for a diplomatic success to stem a rising tide of criticism from other governments in Europe as well as his own electorate at home, brushed aside suggestions that France might yet seek to veto the

Reminding reporters that the Community's decision could be based on qualified majority voting, he com-mented: "I don't believe Europe will say No to this deal when it is flushly con-cluded."

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A farmer burns baystacks in northern France this week in protest at the prospective settlement of the agricultural trade dispute

French minister wants pound Schlesinger firm on interest rates and lira back in the ERM only twice more this year, on

By Robert Mauthner, Diplomatic Editor

FRANCE "carnestly wishes" to see the pound and the lira return to the European exchange rate mechanism (ERM) as quickly as possible, Mr Michel Sapin, the French finance munister, said in Lon-

don vesterday. He told the Royal Institute of International Relations the fact that there was now a de facto core of two stable currencies in western Europe, the D-Mark and the French franc, should not act as a pretext for the from closer monetary integra-

He was fundamentally opposed to a "two-speed Europe", which would relegate

held up the stability of the franc in relation to the D-Mark within the ERM as one of the main reasons for France's economic success over the past six years, was implicitly critical of the British government's decislon in September to float the

such an important participant in the Community's development as Britain to the side-However, Mr Sapin, who

A strong currency resulted exclusion of other currencies in less imported inflation as up and constantly improve the

economy's competitive edge. A reduction of cost and price inflation, as had been achieved by France, was a prerequisite for growth. To grow faster than others, countries had to sell proportionately more both on domestic and foreign mar-

"I am convinced that the pollcy of competitive devaluation does not allow one to reach this goal," the minister said. He said his government was examining further steps to restore confidence in the system. These steps would be aimed at reinforcing the joint intervention mechanism through "voluntary" intervenobjectives, the Bundesbank

By David Waller in Frankfurl

MINIMAL room exists for German manoeuvre on interest rates, Mr Helmut Schlesinger. Bundesbank president, warned yesterday, in remarks which will dampen widespread hopes of a cut in German rates this

Speaking at the European Banking Congress in Frankfurt, he emphasised that the Bundesbank's policy is aimed at medium-term price stability, cautioning that this goal is being challenged by sharply growing money supply, strong credit growth, considerable price rises and the weakening of the D-Mark against the US dollar. By sticking to its policy

was simultaneously doing the best it could to ensure stability in Germany, and helping the process of economic and monetary integration in Europe, he argued.

His speech contained a highly sceptical assessment of the path to monetary union as outlined in the Maastricht treaty. He said that monetary union was desirable and realisable - but not necessarily within the timetable laid down in the treaty.

The treaty specifies that countries should complete the process of monetary union before the end of the decade. Mr Schlesinger said that the timetable should not be regarded as a "straitjacket". Going beyond his prepared text, he said that the timescale could even be prolonged if things developed in a more difficult way than expected. He laid heavy emphasis on

the economic convergence criteria that have to be met before the move to monetary union. He said these were not excessively ambitious, but the path to fulfilment would lead to a painful process of adjustment in some countries.

"You don't have to be a prophet to see that setting up a European central banking system, with the overriding commitment to price stability. will for some countries mark a profound caesura with traditional ways of doing

Bundesbank's policymaking Council meets September.

Thursday next week and again on December 10, when a money supply target will be set for next year. Any decision on whether to cut the key Lombard or discount rates will be influenced by provisional data for October money supply growth and November inflation, to be published next

The internationally sensitive Lombard rate is currently 9.5 per cent, cut from 9.75 per cent mid-September. The domestically important discount rate stands at 8.25 per cent, cut from 8.75 per cent in September. Money market rates are about 8.80 per cent, around a percentage point down from the beginning of

فكذاصم الأصل

Ships suspected of violating UN trade ban may be stopped and searched

UK savaged over its EC presidency

BRITAIN faced a barrage of criticism over its role as presi-dent of the European Commu-nity from three European capitals yesterday.

In Bonn, the UK presidency was denounced by a leading parliamentarian as a "downright disaster", because of its failure to resolve Denmark's rejection of the Maastricht

France joined Germany's criticisms when Mr Dominique Strauss-Kahn, minister of industry and foreign trade, described the UK chairmanship as "calamitous", and a Spanish official accused the UK government of simply "trying to seek a consensus within the Conservative party" instead of trying to reach consensus among EC

Mr John Major last night brushed off the attacks, sug-gesting the critics should wait for the outcome of the Edinburgh summit next month before passing judgment. Speaking on French radio, Mr Strauss-Kahn accused the

France in the farm trade negotiations with the US.

"It is the most calamitous presidency I have lived through in all my time in government." said Mr Strauss-Kahn. "The British have a manner of presiding over the Community which puts us in very great difficult against the Americans and I can hardly wait for December 31, when this community presidency

will be over." Mr Günter Verheugen, chairman of the special committee of the Bundestag set up to pre-pare ratification of the treaty, expressed deep pessimism at the prospects for saving it in the face of Danish demands for far-reaching amendments.

"It is a cause for very sharp criticism that the British presidency has simply not exercised its leading and co-ordinating role," he said. "The British presidency in

the second half of the year is proving to be more and more of a downright disaster. I have real doubt that it will prove possible to find an acceptable in Edinburgh."

In Madrid, the Spanish gov ernment served notice that it would block an enlargement of the European Community unless there was prior agreement to an increased Community budget and ratification by all the partners of the Maastricht treaty.

"There is a logical sequence that has to be followed: first the Delors II package, then ratification and then enlargement. The sequence was laid down at Maastricht, it was agreed at the Lisbon summit in the summer and we do not want it altered," a senior Spanish offi-

cial said. Senior Whitehall officials said Britain still hoped to secure agreement at the sum-mit on future financing of the Community, on a package of proposals to regain Danish sup-port for the Maastricht treaty, and on the opening of informal negotiations on enlargement.

They were unsurprised by

French criticism, in view of Mr Major's determination to stop Paris blocking a Gatt deal.

EMS rebuff to Sweden

SWEDEN was given a final rebuff in its efforts to link the krona to the European Monetary System last Monday, just three days before a wave of speculation forced the central bank to abandon its policy of pegging the krona to the Euro-

pean currency unit.
The rebuff was delivered by the European Monetary Committee, the 26-strong commit-tee grouping senior EC trea-sury and central bank officials, which lies at the heart of EC economic and monetary policy, senior officials in Brussels and Stockholm said yesterday.

The rejection was a blow for Mr Carl Bildt, the Swedish prime minister, who pushed for associate membership of the

Sweden's main opposition Social Democrats yesterday demanded a new broad-based government of national unity, to deal with the country's problems, Robert Thomson writes from Stockholm.

Centre Party and the Liberals to break from the coalition and join the Social Democrats in a new administration.

EMS to form links with a more stable exchange rate framework ahead of planned EC

appeared to have turned its back on the country may spark controversy in Sweden, where opposition to Community

Mr Helmut Schlesinger, pres-

that the Ecu is the wrong unit on which to base either the European monetary system or economic and monetary union. At a banking conference in Frankfurt, he said Sweden's decision to float the krona could help correct "misconcep-

pean exchange rates.
Mr Schlesinger called the
Ecu "a currency which doesn't
really exist". Although be did mbership recently broke the

enforce Yugoslav embargo

Nato to

NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

By Laura Silber in Belgrade

NATO agreed yesterday to enforce the United Nations Yugoslav trade embargo, giving its ships in the Adriatic Sea power to stop and search ships suspected of violating the ban, Nato sources said vester-

The decision by Nato coincided with a similar one by the Western European Union (WEU) defence grouping, which announced in Rome that it had ordered a full navel blockade in the Adriatic to tighten the economic noose around the rump remainder of Yugoslavia.
The decisions came as Mr

Cyrus Vance, the international mediator, accused local Serb authorities of violating the UN peace plan in eastern Croatia. Mr Vance and Lord Owen, co-presidents of the Geneva Conference on the former Yugoslavia, made a two-day visit to UN peacekeeping zones in Serb-held territory in Croa-

The Vance plan, agreed on January 3 by the presidents of Serbia and Croatia, calls for the disarming and disbanding of paramilitary units and the

tia in an attempt to break the deadlock over demilitarisa-

return of refugees to the four he expected the Nato and WEU blockade would begin on Tuesday at midday. But details of the operation would be settled on Monday when WEU and Nato officials met to settle prolocked with the local authoricedures. There are five vessels in the Adriatic under the aegis

They are not in favour of of the WEU and seven attached any refugees returning. Until the militias are disarmed no civilian will be safe. No refu-Nato ambassadors meeting at the North Atlantic Council approved the plan in line with One UN official said: "The

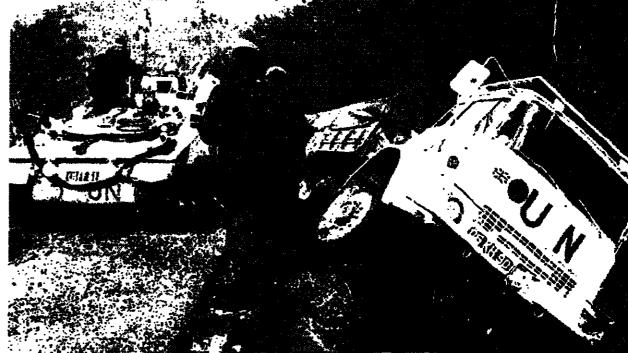
its members to order their air-craft and warships to ensure "strict implementation of the [UN] embargo at sea" against Serbia and Montenegro, the two republics making up what is left of the old Yugoslav state.

Nato sources said the rules of engagement agreed for the alliance ships would allow them to stop and search suspect vessels to prevent illicit Monday's United Nations Secucargo from reaching the former rity Council resolution calling

Yugoslavia.
Nato and the WEU have shared patrolling duties in the Adriatic Sea since July to monitor ships suspected of breaching the trade embargo, but they have not had power until now to halt vessels or order them to turn back from their intended destinations.

 Serbian President Slobodar Milosevic will stand in early elections on December 20, the ruling Socialist Party announced yesterday.

Mr Milosevic is seen by the international community as the main instigator in the violent break-up of Yugoslavia in



A British Army 4-ton truck carrying relief aid for the frontline Bosnian town of Tuzia lies on its side after hitting a soft shoulder on Thursday. The army was leading the first convoy of UN aid to Tuzla.

Krona flotation followed

By Lionel Barber in Brussels and David Marsh in Frankfurt

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Mr Ingvar Carlsson, party leader, called on the small

membership in 1995.

The disclosure that the EC

ident of the German Bundes bank, yesterday criticised as "mistaken" Sweden's policy of trying to peg the krona to the European currency unit.
The Bundesbank maintains

tions" about the fixity of Euro-

not specify the D-Mark, he rec-ommended a "natural cur-rency" as the best yardstick for a currency like the krona.

Germany acting to strengthen Euro-MPs

for enforcement of the ban.

GERMANY is set to approve a string of key constitutional amendments which will ensure no further steps are taken towards European union without real strengthening of democratic control at the level of the European parliament.

The parliamentary committee set up to prepare the Maastricht treaty on European union for ratification will complete its work on Monday, paving the way for changes that will also sig-nificantly extend the power of the German Länder, the 16 federal states, over

Mr Günter Verheugen, the Social Democrat chairman of the committee, said yesterday no further moves towards European union would now be possible without fulfilling the German constitution's strict conditions.

Mrs Blandina Negga, UN

civil affairs officer, yesterday said: "We have become dead-

ties. The militia has refused to

whole situation is sliding."
In Rome Mr Salvo Ando, the

give up its arms.

gees can return.

There will be no approval of a European defence union without ensuring that the democratic deficit has been noved be he said. At the same time, there would be no

move to final implementation of European economic and monetary union (Emu) without the express approval of the two houses of the German parlia-ment, the Bundestag and Bundesrat, in

Mr Verheugen also claimed victory for the parliamentarians over the government, to ensure that only a European central bank, as strictly defined in the Maastricht treaty, could be set up. He suggested that the government's looser wording would have allowed another form of European central bank to go ahead, for example between just Germany and France, even if Maas-

tricht was not ratified.

The Bundestag is due to vote on ratification of the treaty, and on the constitutional amendments, on December 2. The constitutional amendments require that future transfer of national sovereignty to Brussels will need a twothirds majority in both houses. Mr Verheugen said that would affect any moves to increase defence co-operation and co-ordination at a Community level of police work and law enforce-

At the same time he expressed considerable pessimism about the prospects for ratification of the Maastricht treaty, insisting that Denmark's objec-tions could not be met in any form short of full treaty amendments. Such amendments were unacceptable to other member states.

REPEAT INVITATION TO TENDER FOR THE HIGHEST BID for the separate purchase of the production units and other assets of 'HELLENIC CHEMICAL PRODUCTS & FERTILISERS COMPANY SA". of Athens, Greece.

of 20, Amalias ave, Athens, Greece (the "Company"), which has been declared, by virtue of decision No 4299/1992 of the Athens Court of Appeal, under the status of special

for the highet bid by submission of scaled blading offers for the separate purchase by public ancitons (the "Ancitona") of one or more of the production unba and other assets of the

Company, defined by the Athens Court of Appeal as follows:

PRODUCTION UNITS AND OTHER ASSETS OFFERED FOR SALE (brief description)

DRAPETSONA INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX - "DKC" (Let Auction): The DiC is built on an estate of 255,000m² owned by the Company and located by the sea in Drapetsona, Piracus and is accommodated by exchaive port facilities. It includes sectors for facilities, for sulphuric acid and phosphoric acid, for chemicals, for abeet glass and for agricultural chemicals. The DiC is in operation with a personnel of 810 cmployees.

agricultural chemicals. The URC is in operation with a personnel or BU campanyess.

KASSANDRA MINIES (2nd Anction): The mines are located in the area of the villages of Stratoni and Olympias in the Challiddiki Peninsula (Northern Greece) and are accommoduted by port facilities. The Mines include 1,764,000m² of land owned by the Company, houses and two differential flotation one plants for mixed sulphides with a capacity of 700,000 and 400,000 tons respectively with certain sulphides ore reserves of more than 13 million tons and possibly 7 more million tons and, in addition, 11 million tons of pyrite, 4 million tons of chalcopyrite, and 1.5 million tons of management one. The Company is holding mining ficenses over a total area of 350km². The Mines are in operation with a personnel of 1.049 employees.

operation with a perational of 1,1492 employees.

HERMIONI OLIARRIES (3rd Auction): In the quarrying sector the Company is holding a marble quarry of a variation known as "Heliokaston" and two plants for the processing of marble blocks of a capacity of 15,000m' situated near the town of Hermiosi in Pelopomessus on owned land of 106,000m' including houses of a total covered area of 5,242m' and offices and stores of a total covered area of 964m'. The quarries are in operation with a personnel of 10 employees.

STOCKS IN CING SA (4th Auction): Nine thousand (9,000) registered shares in the Greak company "Chemical Industries of Northern Greece S.A.", being 15% of the share

capital thereof.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES (5th-6th Assertes): (a) 25,000m² of land within and 172,000m² outside the tecritorial limits of the Yalova Area (Province of Messania); and (b) 14,000m² of land in the Ekali (Attica) region outside the "town plan".

REMAINING ASSETS OF THE COMPANY (7th Auction): The remaining exacts of the Company, which are officed for sale as a single whole, include a portfolio con stocks in various Greek companies, various mining Econees , real estate properties and other assets.

OFFERING MEMORANDA - FURTHER INFORMATION: Interested parties may obtain an Offering Memorandum for each of the above med users, an information Memorandum for the Kassandra Mines (prepared by Ckibank, N.A., financial adviser to the liquidator) and any further information, upon execution of a confidentiality agreement.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE AUCTIONS

The Auctions shall take place in accordance with the provisions of article 46s of Law 1892/1990, the terms and conditions set forth herein and the "Terms and Conditions of Sale" contained in the respective Offering Memoranda. Such provision and other terms and conditions shall apply irrespective of whether they are mentioned herein or not.

Submission of binding offers shall mean acceptance of such provisions and other terms and conditions. Rinding Officers: For the participation in each of the Auctions interested parties are hereby invited to submit binding offices, not later than the 14th December 1992, 12:00 hours , as

(1) For each of: Drapetsons Industrial Complex (Let auction), the Stocks in CING SA (4th auction) and the plots of land (5th-6th auction) to the Athens Notary Public for ostalaki, address: 18 Fidiou str., Athens, tel: +30-1-362.51.91 or 361.97.28; and (2) For each of: Kassadra Mines (2nd suction) Hermitoni Quarries (3rd suction) and the Remaining Assets of the Company (7th suction), to the Athens Notary Pul

Taxiara, address: 10-12, ippocratous str., Athens, tel; +30-1-361.95.83 or 364.31.38. proposed amoust interest rate). Slading offices submitted later than the prescribed time limit, as referred to hereinabove, shall neither be accepted nor considered. The offers shall be binding until disciplination. Offices should expressly state the officed price and the detailed terms of payment (in cash or in instalments, mentioning the number of instalments, the dates thereof and the

Letters of Guarantee. Binding offers must be accompanied by letters of guarantee, issued, in accordance with the draft form of letter of guarantee contained in the response Offering Memoranda, by a bank legally operating in Greece and valid until the adjudication. The automats of the letters of guarantee must be as follows: (a) for Drapetsona Industrial Complex (ist section): drs 350,000,000; (b) for Kassandra Mines (2nd section): drs 350,000,000; (c) for the Section in CRO SA (4th section); drs. 40,000,000; (c) for the Section in CRO SA (4th section); drs. 40,000,000; (e) for each of the plots of land (5th-6th section): drs 40,000,000; and (f) for the Remaining Assets of the Company (7th Auction); Drs 40,000,000. Letters of guarantee shall be returned after the adjudication. In the event of non-compliance with the provisions and other terms and coeditions referred to paragraph 1 hereof, the letters of guarantee shall be furficited as a penalty.

Submissioner Binding offers together with the letters of guarantee shall be submitted in scaled cavelopes. Submission shall be made in person or through a duty authorised agent.

coverages consuming one outsing others small be entitled to attend and sign the deed standing of the binding offers.

As highest bidder shall be considered the participant whose offer will be judged, by the 51% of the Company's creditors (the "Creditors), in their absolute discretion, upon suggestion of the liquidator, to be in the best interests of all of the creditors of the Company. Mention is made that for the purposes of evaluating an offer proposed to be paid in instalments, the present value thereof shall be taken into account, which shall be calculated on the basis of a discount interest at an annual rate of 28% compounded quanterly or

ing offices shall be unscaled by the respective Notaries, in their offices, at the addresses stentioned above, on the 14th December 1992, at 13:00

The liquidator shall give written notice to the highest hidder to appear on the date and place mentioned therein and execute the contract of sale in accordance with the terms contained in his binding offer and/or any other improved terms which may be suggested by the Creditors and agreed upon. Adjudication shall be deemed to take effect upon execution of the contract of sale. Mestion is hereby made that special additional atoms shall apply in respect of the sale of each of (a) Drapetsona Industrial Complex (1st agetton), (b) Kassandra Mines (2nd specion), and (c) Hermiosi Quartes (3rd sustion), in view of the fact that said production units are in operation and will be so sold and that the current assets are subject to daily variation. Such special terms are included in the "Terms and Confinions of Sale" contained in the respective Offering Memorands for each section and refer to the considera of the blading offers in relation to the value of the current assets, the transfer of the current assets and a possible arrangement in respect of the variation of the current assets during

the period between the evaluation of the offers and the execution of the contract of sale. In respect of the 7th auction, mention is also bereby made to those of the items included in the Remaining Assets of the Company, which are used for the operation of the productive units of the Company (such as office equipment, vehicles, telephone lines oc), shall be delivered to the successful bidder of the 7th succion after the completion of the proceedings of the Company's liquidation. All costs and expenses of any nature in respect of the participation and the transfer of the assets shall be exclusively borne by the participants and the purchaser respectively. 10. The liquidator and the Creditors shall have no liability nor obligation whatsoever towards the participants in relation to the evaluation of the offers or the appointment. highest bidder or any decision to repeat or cancel any of the Auctions or any decision whatsoever in connection with the proceedings and the making of the Auctions. The liquidator and the notaries shall have no liability for any legal or actual defects of the oscets. Submission of binding offers shall not create any right for adjudication nor the

participants shall acquire any right, power or claim from this invitation und/or their participation in any of the Auctions against the liquidator and/or the Creditors for any reason 11. This invitation has been drafted in Greek and translated in English. In any event the Greek version stall prevail.

For obtaining the Offering Memoranda and for any further information please apply to: The liquidator's agents: Messes ionness Dessis and Andress Zorvas, arkivess: 20, Amelias ave., Athens 105-57, tel: +30-1-322.75.70, fax: +30-1-322.11.03. In respect of the Kassandra Miscs, to the Equidator's financial advisor: Chibank, N.A. (Athens Branch), address: 8, Othersos, ATHENS 105-57, tel: +30-1-324.86-56, fax: +30-1-324.22-77 (ata. Vassilis Tailibaris, Vice President).

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Japan's leaders to testify on scandal

By Charles Leadbeater

JAPAN'S parliament yesterday cleared the way for debate on the long delayed Y2,990bn (£16bn) supplementary budget to boost the economy after the ruling Liberal Democratic Party agreed to produce three key figures at the heart of the Tokyo Sagawa Kyubin scandal

for questioning.

The budget, which is central to the implementation of the Y10,700bn emergency public spending package announced in August, has been held up for more than two weeks by the dispute over testimony about the scandal.

The LDP, under heavy economic and political pressure, agreed to opposition demands that Mr Hiroyasu Watanabe, the former president of Tokyo Sagawa Kyubin should give evidence under oath.

Mr Watanabe's testimony could provide the long running scandal with a new lease of life by linking up to 12 LDP leaders to his former company, which made illegal donations to poli-

In court this month Mr

It is also alleged that Mr Wata-nabe acted as an intermediary between LDP politicians, right wing nationalists and organised crime syndicates.

Mr Watanabe is in prison during his trial on breach of trust charges brought by his former employer, a leading trucking and courier company. It is not clear when or where

he will be questioned.
The LDP also agreed that Mr Noboru Takeshita, the powerful former prime minister and Mr Shin Kanemaru, the former leader of the LDP's largest faction should give sworn testi-

mony. Mr Takeshita is likely to testify next Thursday, while Mr Kanemaru is likely to be ques-tioned at his hospital bedside after undergoing eye surgery

Mr Kanemaru recently resigned from parliament after admitting that he had received an illegal political donation of Y500m from Tokyo Sagawa Kyubin in 1990. Mr Takeshita faces allegations that he enlisted the company's belp to ask organised crime syndicates to quell a right wing smear campaign against him when he was seeking to become prime

The parliament's budget committee began work on the supplementary budget immediately by questioning Mr Tsutomu Hata, the finance minister. The committee will question the cabinet on the budget next week.

Although the agreement is a reflection of the public pres-sure on the LDP over the affair, it also marks an important step in its attempt to regain the political initiative after more than two weeks of drift and stalemate.

In the past few days the party has come under increasing pressure from business leaders to break the parliamen tary impasse which has held up the budget. Mr Kiichi Miyazawa, the

prime minister has attempted to respond to business criticism and assert his authority over the fractious squabbling at the top of the party by calling on the finance ministry to draw up plans for an expan-sionary budget for 1993.

The LDP also signalled yes terday that it may be prepared to amend its limited proposals for political reform by taking



Lone farmer blocks Japan's gateway to the world

Gordon Cramb on a system of consensus that means things sometimes do not happen at all, even international airports

IT COULD almost be England. Sturdy hedgerows flank the narrow lane. A Boeing grinds overhead through a grey sky. At the farmhouse, a marmalade cat appraises arrivals.

But the farm, owned by 69year-old Mr Kohei Ogawa, lies in Japan's Chiba prefecture. Chiba is also home to Narita airport - the scruffy, over-crowded first port of call for most of the 3.5m visitors to the country each year. For more than 20 years Narita has caused a bitter dispute who want their land for a big-

Mr Ogawa and seven other threatened by the extension

tle with the government for 26 years. The dispute has the hallmarks of a Japanese political tussle - intrigue, faction fighting, hidden agendas, dirty tricks, even death.

Last month the Tokyo high

plans have been locked in bat-

court ruled that the governwas entitled to procure land for the project. Rejecting a complaint by 39 farmers (most of whom were contesting the expansion on noise grounds), Mr Shigeru Sato, the judge, said that "public bene-fits from the construction of the airport outweigh the disadvantages to local citizens."

But the ruling will go to appeal. The building of the first of two additional run-

ways, with which Narita wants to double its capacity to 220,000 flights a year, is no nearer. A total of 23 other lawsuits are pending, and Japan's civil legal system - the latest case temmed from a lower court finding in 1984 - can be as circular and slow-moving as a

The Narita dispute vividly demonstrates that Japan's consensual way of getting things done sometimes means they do not get done at all. "A few can hold up something which would benefit the whole country," observes Ms Victoria Menendez, airline analyst with Jardine Fleming in Tokyo. Even if all went well, a new runway would not be ready

before 1996. Meanwhile, carriers are being required to provide funds for terminal facilities which cannot until then be properly used.

inside the farmhouse where the runway would be, Mr Ogawa brings out a dog-eared ring-binder containing an application from the airport authority dated September 13 1969. The submission tells the Transport Ministry that three quarters of the land has been bought and the rest will be no problem. Completion is expected in March 1974.

The protestors' main ground for objection is that the gov-ernment pushed ahead with the project - Narita with its runway opened eventually in 1978 - without securing adequate local backing. But the issues are muddied, and Mr Ogawa has grudges against the government which go back much further.

After the war, the family lost land in a government reorgani-sation of agriculture. In 1969, he took the government to the supreme court to challenge his father's death duties, arguing unsuccessfully that these did not recognise that the property was farmland

"This has been going on for the past 26 years, I'm still here, I have been deceived by the government but not defeated," he says. "The government started from the wrong place like buttoning a shirt, if you get it wrong you have to go Although Mr Ogawa is one of

is under threat, such is the faction-ridden nature of even the most localised Japanese politics that the eight are split into They differ, family feuds

Four policemen and two protesters died in the early 1970s, aside, on the use of violence three of the police in a 1971 and the extent of the involve incident where the government

paign. The 39 who lost their of Mr Ishige (and the apparent culprit) committed suicide case last month were the residue of more than 1,600 original mediately afterwards. plaintiffs, most of whom were Incidents continue. The new affected on noise grounds. Some Y5bn (£27m) a year from

home of a former airport opponent was bombed this summer after he sold up and moved three years ago. The talks have brought a

pledge from the government not to take land by force, although Mr Ishige concedes that the legal power to make a compulsory purchase order does exist

"The Narita issue is something to do with the whole trend of the world," he argues. "Ten years ago the government ignored our proposals to solve it by negotiation. The Japanese economy was growing fast and the government thought it could take the leadership. This and there must be less emphasis on conflict."

ting gangsters. "People were At the Transport Ministry an official says only that the authorities will "continue negotiations with landowners peacefully and rationally." And, it still appears, inconclu-

De Klerk South African President F.W. de Klerk, under fire over alleged army dirty tricks, met the judge probing the scandal yesterday to discuss granting him wider investigative powers, Reuter reports from

Inquiry

judge in

talks with

Johannesburg. A spokesman for Mr de Klerk said the president would ask Judge Goldstone for an early report on military intelligence activities allegedly aimed at undermining the African

National Congress. Judge Goldstone issued a statement on Monday revealing evidence that senior military intelligence officers hired a convicted killer last year to discredit the ANC. He asked for more powers and resources to investigate wrongdoing by all armed forces of the government, the black opposition and right-wing white groups.

East Timor rebel leader captured

Indonesian troops captured the leader of East Timor's rebel Fretilin movement yesterday, the army said, Reuter reports from Jakarta.

The rebel chief, a shadowy figure, has long been regarded as a symbol of the resistance to Indonesian rule imposed on East Timor in 1976, a year after the departure of East Timor's Portuguese colonial rulers.

German attacks on foreigners rise

Violent attacks on foreigners living in Germany are rising significantly, with most incidents committed in western Germany and by young people, according to a report by the Interior Ministry of Lower Sax-

Between January 1 and November 8, right-wing extremists used violence against 1,760 people, compared to 1.483 over the same period last year. Eleven people have been killed this year.

Swiss bank chief rejects criticism

Mr Markus Lusser, president of the Swiss National Bank, has rejected criticism by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) of the central bank's

writes from Zurich.

The significant fall in inflation confirms that our way is right," Mr Lusser said in a speech in Basle. Swiss inflation has declined steadily from a peak of 6.6 per cent in mid-1991 to to 3.5 per cent last month.

The OECD said in its annual survey of the Swiss economy, published last week, that the SNB's policy leads to confusion in financial markets about exchange rate and monetary policy objectives.

Chile in \$450m iron ore deal

Compania Minera del Pacifico, part of Chile's privatised iron and steel group CAP, has clinched a \$450m (£298m) contract to supply 20m tonnes of iron ore products to Japanese steel mills over the next five years, Leslie Crawford writes

Ghana delays poll Ghana has delayed parliamen-

December 22 because of an opposition boycott following disputed presidential polls, the national electoral commission said yesterday, Reuter reports.

Correction

from Santiago.

Yesterday's Financial Times carried a photograph of Mr Ong Teng Cheong, a Singapore deputy prime minister, who was wrongly identified in the caption as Mr Lee Hsien Loong, another deputy pre-

for the Purchase of the Assets of 1. SALONIKIS VEKO SA', of

for the Purchase of the Assets of "I. SALONIKIS VEKO SA", of Athens, Greece, Athens, Greece, at Its capacity as Liquidator of Assets and Liabilities" of 1. Stouteniou street, Athens, Greece, in its capacity as Liquidator of "I SALONIKIS VEKO SA" a company having its registered office in Athens, Greece (the "Company"), which is presently under the status of special liquidation according to the provisions of articles 46a of Law 1892/1990, amounces a repeat call for tenders for the highest bid by submission of sealed binding offers for the separate purchase by public auctions (the "Auctions") of one or more of the groups of assets of the Company, described below.

OFFICE INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY: The Company was founded in 1969 and was

order variational on the coverant; the company was contided in 1999 and was engaged in the production of judices, vegetables, etc and the products. The operation of the COmpany has ceased since 1984 (when it was declared under liquidation according to the provisions of Law 1386/1963 and subsequently of Law 1892/1990) and no personnel is

currently employed.
GROUPS OF ASSETS OFFERED FOR SALE (brief description)

1. A plant to Rizo, Stydra, Petil (1st Auction) consisting of buildings of 7,817m² built on a land of 34,755m², electromechanical equipment, valides and other equipment.

2. Remaining assets of the Company (2nd Auction), including various claims, furniture,

OFFERING MEMORANDA - FURTHER INFORMATION: Interested parties may obtain an Offering Memorandum for each of the above mentioned groups of assets and any further Information, upon execution of a confidentiality agreement. ecution of a confidentiality agreement.
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE AUCTIONS

 THE AUCTIONS SHALL TAKE PLACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 48a of Law 1892/1990, the terms and conditions set forth berein and the Terms ARTICLE 48a of Law 1892/1990, the larms and conditions set forth herein and the Terms and conditions of Sale' contained in the respective Offering Memoranda. Such provisions and other farms and conditions shall apply irrespective of whether they are mentioned herein or not. Submission of binding offers shall mean acceptance of such provisions and other larms and conditions.

2. <u>Binding Offers</u>: For the participation in each of the Auctions Interested parties are hereby invited to submit binding offers, not later than the 14th December 1992, 12.00 hours to the Athens Notary Public Mr Evangelos P. Dracopoulos, address: 18, Valaoritou str., Athens 106-71, lat: 430-1-361.57.32 or 362.11.28.

Athens 106-71, let: 430-1-361-57-32 or 382-11-28.
Offers should expressly state the offered price and the detailed terms of payment (in cash or in installments, mentioning the number of installments, the dates thereof and the proposed annual interest rate). Binding offers submitted taler than the prescribed time limit, as referred to hereinabove, shall neither be accepted nor considered. The offers shall be binding until the adjudication.

3. Letters of Gazagariae. Binding offers must be accompanied by letters of guarantee, Issued, in accordance with the draft form of letter of guarantee contained in the Offering. Manuscratch by a head-basely exception in Green by the self-durid terms. The

issue, in accuming with the Officing Memoranda, by a bank legally operating in Greece to be valid until the adjudication. The amounts of the letters of guarantee must be as follows: (a) for the plant in Rizo (1st Auction); drs. twenty five miltion (25,000,000); and (b) for the remaining assets of the company (2nd Auction); drs. eight million (8,000,000). Letters of guarantee shall be returned after the adjudication. In the event of non-compliance with the provisions and other terms and conditions referred to in paragraph 1 hereof, the letters of guarantee shall be forfeited as a penalty. be forfeited as a penalty. 4. <u>Submissions</u>: Binding offers together with the letters of guarantee shall be submitted in scaled envelopes. Submissions shall be made to person or through a duly authorised

5. Envelopes containing the binding offers shall be unsealed by the above men Notary Public in his office, on the 14th December 1992, at 13,00 hours. Any party having duly submitted a himding offer shall be entitled to attend and sign the deed attesting the unscaling of the binding offers.

8. As highest bidder shall be considered the participant whose offer sill be judged, by the 51% If the company's creditors (the 'creditors'), in their absolute discretion, upon suggestion of the fiquidator, to be in the best interests of all of the creditors of the Company, Mention is made that for the purposes of evaluating an offer proposed to be paid in installments, the present value thereof shall be taken into account, which shall be calculated on the basis of a discount interest at an annual rate of 28% compounded

quarterly or yearly.

7. The liquidator shall give written notice to the highest bidder to appear on the date and place mentioned therein and execute the contract of sale in accordance with the terms contained in his binding offer antifor any other improved terms which may be suggested by the creditors and agreed upon. Adjudication shall be deemed to take effect upon execution of the contract of side.

8. All casts and expenses of any mature in respect of the participation and the transfer of the assets offered hereby for sale shall be exclusively borne by the participants and the

purchaser respectively.

The liquidator and the creditors shall have no liability nor obligation whatsoever towards the particulator and the creditors shall have no liability nor obligation whatsoever towards the particulator and the evaluation of the offers or the appointment of the highest bidder or any decision to repeat or cancel any of the Auctions of any decision whatsoever in connection with the proceedings and the making of the Auctions. The liquidator and the notary shall have no liability for any legal or actual defects of the oscels. Submission of binding offers shall not create any right for adjudication nor the participants acquire any right, power or claim from this invitation, and/or their participation in ay of the Auctions

right, power or claim from this invitation, and/or their participation in ay of the Auctions against the liquidator and/or the creditors for any reason whatsoever.

10. This invitation has been drafted in Greek and translated into English. In any event the Greek version shall prevail. For obtaining the Offering Memoranda and for further information please apply to the Liquidator of the Company: ETHNIKI KEPHALEOU S.A. Administration of Assets and Llabilities', address: 1 Shouleniou street, 106 61 Athens, Greece, let.: 430-1-223.14.84, foc. +30-1-321.79.05 (athn: Mr Peter P. Dracopoulos) or the Liquidator's agent: Mr. George Mitrolios, address: 5, Har. Tricoupl street, ATHENS 106-78, Tel.: +30-1-360 00.45 or 362.29.81

HORMONAL HEALTHCARE

Is there a male menopause?

For many men, the onset of middle-age can be accompanied by a variety of symptoms including loss of virility, a lack of drive in professional life, depression and increased fatigue.

Fortunately, the effects of what is often dismissed as just a 'mid-life crisis' can now be treated. At the Hormonal Healthcare Centre, we offer help with the problems associated with middle-age in men, and we can give you expert advice on the

For more information, consult your CP. Alternatively, phone 071-935 5651 or return the

treatments available.

Please send me more information about the Hormonal Healthcare Centre.

Please return to: The Hormonal Healthcare Centre, 101 Harley Street, London W1N 1DF

MONEY MARKET PLUS Citibank Savings announces the following interest

rates, effective from 23rd November 1992.

Net interest per annum	Balance	Gross interest	Gross CAR
5.70%	£50,001+	7.60%	7.87%
5.55%	£5,001 - £50,000	7.4FF	7.66%
5.40%	£2,000 - £5,000	7.30%	7.44%
1,50%	£0 - £1,999	200%	2,02%

These rates are guaranteed not to change before 1st February 1993 The net rate is the rate paid after allowing for the discharge of liability

to basic rate income tax. The gross rate is the rate paid where interest is fully liable to tax. The compound annual rate (CAR) is the rate equivalent to a gross rate annualised to take account of the compounding of interest. Interest is calculated on a daily basis and credited monthly.

Money Market Plus, Citibank Savings, St Martins House, 1 Hammersmith Grove, London, W6 0NY. For more information call 0800 555 884 (8am-10pm 7 days a week)

Interest rates may vary, but are correct at time of going to press. **CITIBAN(©**

Registered mark of Culturak N.A. Clubanh Savangs is a Imaling style of Culturah Treat Lamaed, a utwastas of Clubanh N.A. Represent in Endand No. 85 1179. Represent of fice at 336 Strand, Lambon WC2R 1HB. Utwastely controlled by Citzorp, New York, U.S.A.

Pessimistic companies cut back on investment

airport revenues goes on local environmental spending, most of it funded through landing

Mr Ogawa speaks for four

households the more radical

Kitahara faction for another

two, and the Atsuta faction for

the remainder. Atsuta, the

only faction to be involved in

round-table talks with the

authorities - which began a year ago and on which both pin wan hopes - is now

deemed the most moderate. Its

spokesman, Mr Hiromishi Ish-

ige admits his own commit-

ment has also led him to the

borders of legality. "In the past

even dirtier than the vakuza"

Japan's tattooed and intimida-

By Charles Leadbeater

JAPANESE companies are making deeper than expected cuts in investment as they become pessimistic about the economic outlook, according to

a clutch of official figures released yesterday. The Ministry of Trade and Industry reported that a sur-vey of 1,808 businesses in October found investment would fall by 3.9 per cent in the financial year to next March. A similar survey in March this year forecast that investment in the following 12 months would fall 1.4 per cent.

Meanwhile the economic planning agency published its closely-watched index of leading economic indicators, which suggests the economy will contract for at least another three

Miti said companies were becoming increasingly cautious about investment as the economic downturn gathers pace. A big fall in consumption means that inventories of

unsold products are still grow-ing despite deep cuts in profurther 1.5 per cent down on this year, according to the

The cuts in investment will be particularly pronounced among manufacturers. Manufacturing companies expect to cut investment this year by 11.9 per cent. In the electronics and motor industries the cuts will be about 16 per cent. In March the companies had forecast an 8.9 per cent cut in manutacturing investment.

The contraction in invest-ment is gradually spreading to non-manufacturing sectors such as retailing. Non-manufacturing companies forecast a 1.9 per cent cut in investment; earlier they forecast a 3.4 per The report said companies

were cutting investment in all areas which did not directly contribute to improvements in short-term profits. Even previously sacrosanct areas such as research were being cut as well as investment in labour-saving

report. However, most companies said they could not predict their plans because the economic situation was so uncer-Household consumption, especially of consumer goods such as electronics, is still stagnant, according to a house

cial year is expected to be a

hold spending survey. Spend-ing rose 0.8 per cent in Septem-ber from the same month last year, according to a survey by the Management and Co-ordination Agency. Despite the recent pick-up in housing starts, sales of household items such as electrical

appliances were 11.6 per cent down on last year, while spending on transport and communi-cation was 10 per cent lower. However, Japanese families are still spending heavily on what they regards as necessi-ties, such as their children's education, which enjoyed a 14.5 investment in the next finan- per cent rise in expenditure.

Yeltsin wins over South Koreans

By John Burton in Secui

PRESIDENT Boris Yeltsin left Seoul yesterday having won the confidence of South Koreans and dispelling much of the distrust that South Koreans have harboured against Russia since the Korean war.

Mr Yeltsin's personal delivery of the "black box" from the Korean airliner shot down by the Soviet Union in 1983, were meant to convince the public of Russia's friendly intentions. Mr Yeltsin also assured his hosts that Moscow was ending its military support of North Korea, while supporting South

Korea's demand that Pyongyang accept spot inspections of its suspected nuclear weapons facilities. The signing of several

accords, including one estab-lishing regular bilateral consultations and another on military co-operation, appears to place Moscow-Seoul relations Symbolic gestures, such as on a firm foundation only two years after the countries established diplomatic links.

But Mr Yeltsin may still be disappointed if he expects these measures will result in a sharp increase of Korean investment in Russia.

One indication of the troubles involved in economic ties

was the fallure yesterday to

sign an agreement establishing an Korean industrial complex at the port of Nakhodka.

Although a contract was signed on a feasibility study for the joint development of natural gas reserves and construction of a gas pipeline to South Korea, this massive project will take at least 20 years to complete if undertaken.

Korean companies, meanwhile, are more attracted by the immediate gains promised in the rapidly developing Chi-nese market. Korean direct investments in China are 10 times larger than in Russia.

In the context of South Korea's Nordpolitik policy to isolate North Korea, China is

also considered to be more important than Russia because it has greater influence in Pyongyang.

Seoul wants to use Beijing's

influence to persuade North

Korea to make concessions on the nuclear issue and open up its economy to market forces.

By selecting South Korea as
the first nation he visited in Asia as Russian president. Mr Yeltsin was also perceived as delivering a diplomatic snub to Japan over the Kurile Islands

dispute. Russian officials indicated that Moscow's closer economic tles with Korea would force Tokyo to make a concession on the territorial issue.

الأعلى الأعلى

Inquiry
judge in
talks with
De Klerk

Last Timor related

German attack on foreigners to

wiss bank chi rejects criticism

Chile in \$450m

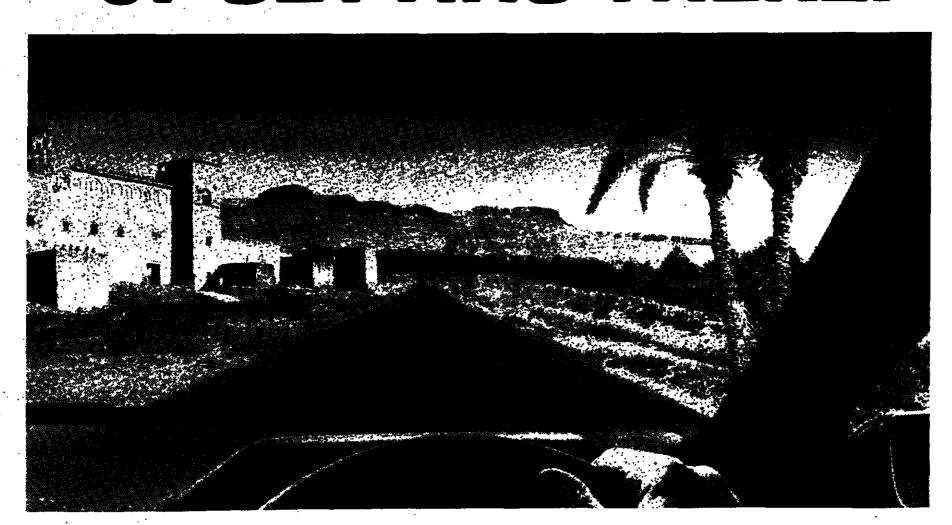
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Correction.

oreans

FOR VOLVO THE PLEASURE OF BEING THERE SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE PLEASURE OF GETTING THERE.



A motoring correspondent on the Weekend Telegraph wrote recently of the Volvo 940 SE Turbo Estate:

"I had a day whooshing one round Warwickshire last week and enjoyed it enormously."

For someone unfamiliar with the Volvo estate words like "whooshing" may sound a little surprising.

Then there's the motoring expert who wrote "One could not have had

better transport for a May Day weekend in Dorset than the 940 SE Turbo Estate."

Or the writer from the Sunday Express who expressed himself thus:

"I must say I loved the way the car performed (940 SE Turbo Estate). On our legally restricted highways I never got close to verifying the 124 mph top speed, but can confirm that at the legal 70 mph limit the engine

is turning at under 3,000 rpm and the turbo is idling."

Such enthusiasm for an estate car? Surely it can't compare with a

performance saloon from you know where?

Indeed it can. The 2-litre turbo will accelerate out of trouble faster than a BMW 535i. (The 50-70 mph time in top is just 9.1 seconds.)

The days when you had to choose between pace and space are over.

Nor with the Volvo do you sacrifice any other driving pleasures.

The seats were designed with the help of medical experts who know what's good for your back.

The Volvo is quiet, too, with a Cd value of just 0.36.

(Compare this with the slab-like design of off-road vehicles where motorway journeys can be noisy and tiring in the extreme.)

The 940 estate has ABS as standard.

(You can't even get it as an option on the Discovery.)

The ventilation system is highly efficient, changing the air inside the car four times every minute.

(Air-conditioning is standard on the Wentworth model.)

And, of course, no other estate can match the Volvo's convenience.

Not sure whether you want to windsurf or play golf? Take everything just in case.

With a possible 75 cubic feet of luggage space the Volvo is bigger than the Citroën, Mercedes, Audi and Granada estates. Not that you'd know it from the driver's seat.

Power steering is standard and should you want to fill all that space with Mahler rather than luggage, so is the tailor-made stereo radio.

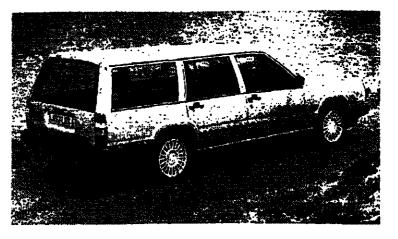
Manoeuvring the Volvo couldn't be simpler. The turning circle is smaller than that of a VW Golf and slim pillars and large windows give you excellent visibility.

You can see (and drive) the complete range of Volvo estates at your nearest dealer.

Prices start at \$15,725 and there are 14 models to choose from.

Why not go and take a look?

It would be a shame to waste any more time in the wrong car.



By Richard Lapper

THE GOVERNMENT may come under pressure next week to help provide business with financial protection against terrorist attack, in the wake of last week's announcement by the Association of British Insurers that terrorism might be excluded from com-

mercial insurance policies.

The ABI, the industry's trade association, issued its members with a model insurance policy wording excluding terrorism on November 12.

Few companies are prepared to comment, but a number are known to be concerned about facing possible losses from terrorism without insurance

At a meeting on Monday the Association of Insurance and Risk Managers in Industry and Commerce (Airmic), which represents buyers at more than 300 leading British companies, will voice industry's concerns with representatives of the CBI

According to Mr Alan Fleming, the purpose of the meeting is to negotiate a common approach to the government. Mr John Greenway, the Conservative MP for Ryedale, the chairman of the all-party insurance and financial services committee, is also expected to meet Airmic on Monday.

He wrote earlier this week to Mr Michael Heseltine, the trade and industry secretary. suggesting that the govern-ment could help provide rein-surance to allow insurers to continue to cover terrorism.

Mr Greenway thought it would not be viable to introduce the scheme that compensates for terrorist losses in Northern Ireland to the main-

Mr Tony Baker, head of public relations at the ABL, said without reinsurance UK insurers could offer only up to £600m of cover, compared with potential demand of £240bn. Brokers said yesterday that

reinsurance policies to cover terrorism might be made available on the London market but would be expensive and cumbersome. Reinsurers would be likely to demand a detailed schedule of every building.

Terrorism Lloyd's offers new measures to Names

By Richard Lapper

LLOYD'S OF London announced new moves yesterday to help pave the way for an ambitious negotiated settle-ment of legal actions by aggrieved Names, underlining a mood of conciliation at the insurance market.

A six-month moratorium covering 3,000 Names is to be extended to a further 196 against whom Lloyd's has served writs to recover debts.

rium - during which Lloyd's will take no action to recover debts - earlier this month. Separately, solvency rules. which govern the amount of money Names must deposit with Lloyd's in order to continue underwriting, are to be relaxed to enable tax rebates due to Names to be taken into account. At least 1,000 Names

tiations between Lloyd's and the Inland Revenue.

might benefit from the mea-

sure, which has followed nego-

executive, said both measures were designed to "lower the temperature" at the market, and followed talks this week with leaders of action groups of Names. Mr Middleton hopes negotiations designed to achieve an "arbitrated settlement" of the various legal actions between Names and their agents could begin by as early as mid January. Lloyd's "wanted to avoid three to four years of litigation. The primary

took over as chief executive unable to close years of

two months ago.

Last month Mr Middleton announced the formation of a working group of market professionals and Names to examine ways errors and omissions underwriters (which insure underwriters and agents against the cost of legal awards for negligence) might contrib-ute to a settlement.

A separate working group is examining the difficulty of open years, which emerge he is enthusiastic about the

account because of uncertainty over the size of future claims Names have welcomed the move, Mr Alfred Doll-Stein-

berg, chairman of the Gooda Walker Action Group, described the measures as "superb" and said the measures might defuse tension. He said Gooda Walker Names would reinforce existing powers to take legal action when they meet on November 30, but

prospects of an agreement.

MR JOHN MAJOR sought to

give teeth yesterday to his

ledge to ease the regulatory

burden on business by

demanding that every government department produce pro-

posals by the new year to sweep away unnecessary

His announcement, after a meeting with Mr Michael

Heseltine, the trade and indus-

try secretary, and Mr Neil

Hamilton, the industry minis-

ter, signals the start of an

intensive Whitehall exercise

designed to strike a better bal-

ance between costs and bene-

Mr Major plans to chair a

cabinet review of the outcome

in January or Pebruary, intensifying the pressure on each department to come up with

substantive proposals. There

were also signs at Westminster yesterday that the government

may move soon to meet the

commitment in its election

manifesto to overhaul the pres-

ent law on restrictive prac-tices. Ministers have been

bureaucracy.

fits of regulation.

Whitehall told

to make plans

to cut red tape

"We've got to offer something in return," he said. Mr Christopher Stockwell,

chairman of the Lloyd's Names Associations Working Group, said he was "delighted that Lloyd's is serious about talks. It is clear that Peter Middleton will do all in his power to bring about a settlement of Lloyd's historic problems. Mr Val Powell, of the Associ-

ation of Lloyd's Members, said the moves would "give breathing space to consider other

simplification of unnece

rules and regulations. He also wanted a rigorous examination

of the "over-implementation"

of European Community direc-

The government was determined that all future regula-

tion - European as well as

national - should be subject

to a stringent test that calcu-

lated the impact on business

alongside the potential benefit

that rules were introduced as a

result of rational analysis

rather than because it was

easier to opt for "the 100 per cent safe solution regardless of

Mr Hamilton added that the

government was determined to apply the same criteria to

existing regulation: "Each

department will be expected to

trawl through all its regula-

tions and come up with candidates for repeal and simplifica-

The minister singled out environmental health, fire,

food safety, and building regu-

The aim would be to ensure

to consumers.

Fresh charges for Virani

MR Nazmu Virani, the former chairman of Control Securities, was charged yesterday with 14 fresh offences by police investigating the collapse of Bank of Credit and Commerce International, John Mason writes.

A warrant was also issued for the arrest of Mr Mohammed Moizul Haque, a former member of the central credit divi-sion of BCCI London and the bank's property investment department. Mr Haque is believed to be in Pakistan, which has no extradition treaty with the UK.

Mr Virani was charged on one count of conspiring with Mr Haque to defraud depositors. The two men face 12 joint charges of false accounting. Mr Virani was also charged with the theft of £674,998.94 from Zelva Anstalt, a Liechtenstein

The single original charge against Mr Virani of conspiracy to account falsely was

Alleged bogus loans and debts covered by the charges total more than \$27m.

Ninth plea for freedom fails

MR Lorrain Osman, the banker who is Britain's longest-serving unconvicted prisoner, yesterday failed in his ninth court move to avoid extradition to Hong Kong for trial on

fraud charges. Two High Court judges refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus and accused him of taking the action "to filibuster". Mr Osman has been fighting extradition for five

Contracting-out attack rejected

FOR the second time in two days, the government yester-day denied that its £1.5bn programme of contracting out government services was in disarray over new EC regulations protecting pay and condi-tions of workers when they transfer to the private sector. A document sent to govern-

ment departments by Mr Don Brereton, head of the cabinet office efficiency unit, said it was "nonsense to suggest that the Foreign and Common-wealth Office or any other department has had to suspend its programme of contracting out".

Apricot plans to create 140 jobs

APRICOT Computers, owned by Mitsubishi Electric of Japan, expects to create an extra 140 jobs at its manufacturing plant at Glenrothes, Fife, over the next three years, increasing employment there by 75 per cent. That follows the opening yesterday of a £5m extension to the plant.

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frecovery

Colorador de la Colorador de l

Accountancy firm fined £250

SLATER MARTIN, an accountancy firm based in Northampton, has been fined 2250 by the disciplinary committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales for handling investment business client's money when not

Bus buy-out

MANAGERS and workers at Strathclyde Buses, the bus company owned by Strathclyde Regional Council, have been given permission by Mr Ian Lang, Scottish secretary, to buy the company in a deal worth £30.6m.

Grand prix date

DONINGTON Park, the Leicestershire motor racing circuit, is to stage its first grand prix since 1938. FISA, the world governing body of motor sports, has revived the concept of a European Grand Prix and it will be at Donington on April 11. Silverstone will retain the British Grand Prix, held in

Andrew Sansom: accountant

Association of Certified Accountants, who has died

interests. that he was on a visit to the

Andrew Sansom brought a strong international perspec-

tive to his work with the assoclation, which reflected his considerable overseas experience. He set strong administrative foundations for the organisation and developed its overseas and educational activ-

gentlemanly style reminiscent of a venerable bishop.

He was an active member of the Church of England and his other interests included opera, ballet, gardening and amateur dramatics. Conversation in his company ranged far beyond accountancy.



DAILY MIRROR journalists protested outside the London headquarters of Mirror Group Newspapers yesterday to try to bring about the reinstatement of 100 sacked colleagues, Jimmy Burns writes.
The journalists will picket MGN's head-

quarters today in an attempt to disrupt production of two Sunday newspapers, the Sunday Mirror and The People, More than 100 freelance journalists, many of whom have worked on various MGN titles for years, have been locked

Yesterday they were joined by other

out of the building since Monday.

stration that demanded the dismissal of Mr David Montgomery, MGN's new chief executive, and the reinstatement of all those sacked over the past week. The sackings form part of a reorgan

tion of MGN by the group's new chief

executive Mr David Montgomery.

According to MGN executives, several casual shifts were being worked a week with unnecessary costs for the company.

Mr Montgomery said yesterday that "no

nook or cranny" of the MGN business would be untouched in a reorganisation simed at achieving a "tight and efficient

The reorganisation has the backing of a group of banks that effectively own 54 per cent of MGN, held as collateral for loans made to the Maxwell interests now in

Mr Trevor Davies, father of the National Union of Journalists chapel (office branch), said the absence of casuals had disrupted production and advertising at the Daily Mirror this week. The MGN chapel is balloting

its members on strike action today with a result expected to be announced next

Photograph by Fergus Wilkie

studying ways to replace the present system - based on the restrictive practices court with one modelled along the lines of Article 85 of the Treaty

before opening each new store. That might be streamlined into a single licence.

lation as areas where the burden placed on business was often disproportionate to the

supposed benefits for consumers. But he also pointed out, for example, that big food retailers have to apply for between 15 and 30 licences

plan 'unwanted'

of Rome. Mr Hamilton, who has been given specific responsibility for deregulation, said he planned a "zero-based" budgeting exer-

would be taken as a result

without consulting ministers". In a written parliamentary

reply to Mr Tam Dalyell, Mr

Major said the document was

copied to his private secretary.
"Treasury records do not

reveal whether I saw this cor-

respondence, but I have no rec-

ollection of doing so." The prime minister said that

in 1990 the then paymaster

By James Buxton, Scottish

THE SCOTTISH Office's plans

to create a single-tier system of

local government in place of the present two-tier structure are "unwanted and unwel-

come", Mr Charles Gray, president of the Convention of Scot-tish Local Authorities, said

yesterday. The Scottish Office last

month issued a consultation

the assumption that "no action . involving Customs and Excise Mr Richard Ryder, at present chief whip, became paymaster general in 1990. It was unclear last night whether he handled Mr Major's reply added that Customs had made clear at the

time to the DTI that "decisions about follow-up" action in the Matrix Churchill affair "would rest with the Commissioners of HM Customs and Excise in accordance with their statu-

gle-tier councils would follow the setting up of a Scottish par-

Mr Ian Lang, Scottish secre-

tary, told the same conference in Edinburgh, that the consul-

tation exercise was genuine. "There is no map, already pre-pared, sitting on a shelf.

Savings were likely to arise

from the proposed unitary

structure, he said.
While Mr Gray, until
recently convener of Strath-

clyde regional council, which comprises nearly half Scot-

land's population, has long opposed the abolition of regional councils, some repre-

sentatives of district councils

They believe the new unitary

councils will not gain all the

powers now in the hands of

regional councils and that

there will be little democratic

control over functions handled

also voiced reservations.

by joint boards.

waiting to be dusted off."

Society sues ombudsmen

ALLIANCE & Leicester, the third-largest building society, is taking legal action against the building society ombuds-

The specific issue is that of about possible contamination

men, the industry's watchdogs, and suing two individual investors "to clarify certain issues relating to the ombudsmen scheme", particularly the scope of the ombudsmen's jurisdic-

obsolete accounts - accounts that are no longer being mar-Many investors complain

Churches, Family Housing

Association, Focus, Guinness

Housing Trust, Knightstone,

Leicester, Liverpool Housing Trust, London and Quadrant,

North British, North, North-

ern Counties, Notting Hill

Housing Trust, Orbit, Padding-

ton Churches, Peabody,

Southern Housing Group, Suf-

folk Heritage, Swaythling Housing Society, West Berk-shire and Yorkshire Metropoli-

ham's Urban Programme, put

it, "the government is getting

us to jump through smaller

and smaller hoops to get to a

smaller pot of money", will be

raised when local-authority

leaders meet Mr Michael

Howard, the environment sec-

Those leaders are Mr Jeremy

Beecham, leader of the New-

castle City Council and chair-

when their savings account is replaced with a new one and obsolete account is reduced. Investors are often unaware

The Alliance & Leicester has issued a writ claiming that the ombudsmen are not entitled to investigate its Gold Plus, Ready Money Plus and Ordinary Share accounts - all instant-access accounts now closed to new savers.

sence, arguing that the decision to replace one account

man of the Association of Met-

ropolitan Authorities; Mr Bill

Dixon-Smith, chairman of the

Association of County Coun-

cils; and Lady Elizabeth

Auson, who chairs the Associa-

Mr Beecham complained that

Mr Squire's letter had been

"rather obfuscatory" and that

there had been no consultation

about the Urban Programme

cuts. Mirroring comments from

other councils, he was scepti-cal about the government's commitment to inner-city

He said: "It's not evident on

the resources being devoted to

it. They've gone for the cos-metic. The fundamental prob-

Next financial year the

Urban Programme budget will

be £176m, but the government

is holding back £20m of that as

a specifically urban element of

lems are getting worse."

regeneration.

tion of District Councils.

with another, like the rate at which interest should be set, is a policy decision that the ombudsmen have no right to investigate. The three building society

ant has be unfairly treated.

"This includes looking at the interest rates set by a society on the complainant's account," said a statement issued by the office of the building society

document proposing various ways of redrawing the local council map of Scotland. Between 15 and 51 single-tier authorities would be set up instead of the nine regional and 51 district councils. Some functions straddling more than one authority would be handled by joint boards. Mr Gray argued that the question of local government ought to be examined by an

independent commission. The convention had hoped that sin-

The switch in funding methods will mean that Newcastle will lose £2m a year in Urban

£4.65m Urban Programme bud-

heart attack on Thursday determination and a courteous. MR ANDREW SANSOM, 55, the secretary of the Chartered night.

unexpectedly, matched his commitment to the accountancy profession only with the enormous breadth of his other It was entirely in character

ballet when he suffered a fatal ities with a combination of

He is survived by his wife

policy effects

BANKS MAY stop lending to companies in industries that are perceived to be "environ-mentally risky" unless their liability is limited under British and European law, the chief executive of National

Westminster Bank warned yes-Mr Derek Wanless said the creditworthiness of enterprises in industries including natural resources, forestry and chemicals might suffer if the banks lending to them were held responsible for environmental

damage. Mr Wanless, chairman of the

financial sector working group of the government's advisory committee on business and the environment, said environmental damage for which a polluter could not pay should be treated as a "social cost". He argued that European law was in danger of straying from the "polluter pays" principle by extending liability for pollu-

tion to lenders, and thus mak-ing banks liable to pay amounts "considerably greater

By Chris Tighe and Paul Cheeseright

Urban Programme.

urban spending.

THE DEPARTMENT of the

Environment has angered local authorities with a notice that it

is not prepared to support

financially any new schemes to

help economic, environmental and social projects through the

The Urban Programme, for which during the current

financial year there is a budget

of £237m, has been used to help the poorest urban areas of 57

local authorities. But it is

being scaled back by 66 per

cent over the next three finan-

cial years as the government

makes economies in its own

spending and reorganises its

A hitherto unpublished letter

to the 57 local authorities from

Mr Robin Squire, the junior

environment minister for local

government and inner cities,

ence on business and the envi-ronment: "A small loan to purchase a small industrial site could result in millions of pounds in clean-up costs for lenders or investors if the site is or becomes polluted."

Mr Wanless said there was an increasing number of cases in both Europe and America of lenders deciding not to extend forms of credit to borrowers because of the risk of being held liable for environmental

"A large segment of Europe's economy is subject to some form of visible environmental risk," he said. That might lead to businesses' being unable to find the capital they needed to finance clean-ups of existing

environmental damage. Mr Wanless suggested six measures to clarify British and European law, including a pro-vision that lenders could obtain a security interest in the property of a borrower without fear of attracting envi-

ronmental liability. Borrowers and vendors should also have a statutory ers and purchasers information

The Housing Corporation

yesterday announced that 27

housing associations will

receive the first £577m of the £750m provided by the govern-

ment, in its Autumn State-

ment, to buy up to 20,000

empty homes, Andrew Taylor

The associations are:

Bedfordshire Pilgrims, Brom-ford Carinthia, Circle 33,

Devon and Cornwall, Ealing Family, East London, English

sent after the Autumn State-

ment, said that the govern-

ment's new Capital Partner-

ship scheme would supersede

the Urban Programme.
But, the letter said, "we will

continue to meet Urban Pro-

gramme commitments arising

from approvals in this and pre-

Todd, manager of Notting-

Concern that, as Ms Jane

vious financial years".

trade unionists and readers in a demon-Banks fear green | Major disclaims Matrix involvement

tabled its amendment to a Labour motion condemning it Mr Major, then chancellor,

By Philip Stephens, Political Editor

MR JOHN MAJOR indicated yesterday that he was unaware of attempts by the Department of Trade and Industry in June

1990 to circumscribe the Customs and Excise investigation into Matrix Churchill. he had no direct involvement

His move to underline that in the oversight of exports of defence-related equipment to Iraq came as the government

lines on the sales. The amendment for Monday's full-scale Commons debate on the affair says it will be for the inquiry under Lord Justice Scott to determine whether the guidelines were breached. It underlines the wide-ranging nature of the inquiry and "deplores the sensationalised attempts of Her

Majesty's Opposition to antici-

for breaching its own guide-

said yesterday a letter to Customs sent from the office of Mr. Nicholas Ridley, then secretary of state for trade and industry, had been copied to his officials at the Treasury.
The letter gave conditional

DTI approval to an investigation into the sale to iraq of Matrix Churchill machine tools. It emphasised that Mr

Ridley was happy for investiga-tors to visit the company on general was responsible "in the first instance" for matters Scots authority

ombudsmen say they are required to consider all complaints within their terms of reference, and especially to consider whether a complain-

Councils attack cut to Urban Programme Under that scheme, local authorities may use recently accumulated capital receipts as a base for urban schemes run jointly with the private sector. They will have to bid competi-tively for portions of the £20m

> Underlying the concern of council leaders is the fear that they will not be able to replace the Urban Programme funding through the competitive pro-

to supplement their own

Programme funding. Nottingham's Urban Programme budget will decline from £5m this year to £3m next year, to £1m in 1994-95 and to zero the following year. Coventry expects to lose a third next year of its present

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Ninth plea for

freedom fails

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fined £250

US 'workfare' offers example

Project to put jobless into work

By Ivor Owen.

A SCHEME based on US workfare programmes, in which unemployed people will be paid a wage above the level of benefit to do work for the community, is to be tried by the government.
Mr Patrick McLoughlin,

junior employment minister, told the Commons yesterday a pilot scheme would be conducted in the North Norfolk constituency of Mr Ralph Howell, the Conservative MP who has campaigned for the adoption of workfare in Britain for more than 20 years. .

The minister emphasised that the government did not believe that the unemployed should have to work in return and that it had no plans to introduce a compulsory work-

He suggested that the pilot scheme would help to establish whether greater flexibility could be introduced into localised facilities for the unem-

Mr Howell said the adoption of some form of workfare would enable unemployment benefit to be ended by providing everybody with an opportunity to earn a decent wage. He said unemployed groups from all over the country

shared his view that they

would escape boredom and be better off by undertaking "caring work" - tree planting or other jobs that improved the environment or infrastructure - for a wage of £100 for a

40-hour week Mr Howell said youth train-ing schemes should continue, but when they did not result in employment, no more young people should move into "the something-for-nothing society which has destroyed our whole

social system".

He emphasised that his proposals would not affect disablement and other benefits. Arrangements would be needed to ensure that individuals entitled to social security payments in excess of £100 a week were not disadvantaged by whatever form of scheme was introduced.

Mr Howell urged the govern ment to make some form of workfare scheme the "cornerstone of plans to revive the

economy".

Mr Tony Lloyd,a Labour frontbench spokesman, rejected as "socially unacceptable" the creation of a society with some doing real jobs and the remainder allocated sec ond-tier, devalued jobs. He urged full employment.

He said the government had failed to honour the guarantee that all school leavers would either be offered a job or a training place.

Slight rise in optimism recorded

By Emma Tucker Economics Staff

OPTIMISM about the economy crept higher yesterday as share prices rose to within a few points of their all-time high and a survey suggested that fewer people felt gloomy about the economy in general. A survey of consumer confidence by Gallup, the market research company, between November 5 and 17 found that the Autumn Statement last

expectations. Pessimists continued to out-weigh optimists about the general state of the economy but Gallup said there was now a greater tendency to expect an improvement than there was a

week appeared to have had a

positive influence on people's

Other results were less promising. In particular, the number of people expecting unemployment to increase reached its highest ever level. Four out of five people expect unemployment to increase over the next 12 months. The survey concluded a week of conflicting evidence

on the state of the UK econ-

Better-than-expected retail sales figures and an increase in bank lending last month added to the bullish sentiment on the stock market yesterday. Other official figures this week showed that output of the economy, excluding oil and gas extraction, fell in the three months to September, dragging the recession into its

A fragrance seen in any other light

Guy de Jonquieres on an inquiry into how the big perfume houses use their illusions

HE OFFICE of Fair Trading this week handed perfume manufacturers an early Christmas present of the sort every industry dreads; a searching investi-gation of its affairs by the Monopolies and Mergers Com-

The MMC has the task of deciding whether the retail distribution practices of leading perfume houses are genuinely being used to enhance the image of their brands - or whether they are used to rig the market and keep prices

The investigation is likely to letermine whether the recent trickle of perfume price-cutting by high street retailers turns into a flood. It might also have important longer-term consequences for multinational companies such as the Anglo-Dutch Unilever group, L'Oréal and LVMH of France, which own many top fragrance

Perfume makers have long insisted on choosing the retail outlets they supply, to ensure their products are sold in a set-ting consistent with the aura of luxury cultivated by their lavish advertising and market-

That principle has been accepted by the European Commission, which recently negotiated selective distribution agreements with Givenchy and Yves Saint Laurent which are exempt from EC competi-

The agreements allow manufacturers to restrict supplies to retailers who meet their standards of display, stock-holding and customer service, provided they do not try to fix retail prices or inhibit cross-border

The application of the agreements - and the operation of year. It has since expanded



A Superdrug store advertises the cosmetics and toiletries chain's campaign to cut perfume prices

the industry's supply practices more generally - has been challenged by Superdrug, the cosmetics and tolletries chain, which has led an energetic campaign to bring down per-

Superdrug, part of the King-fisher retail group, began selling a range of perfumes at discounts of up to 30 per cent at two high street outlets last

sales to 15 more and wants eventually to extend the range to 200 of its 670 stores.

The company, which says normal retail margins on popu-lar perfumes are as high as 60 per cent, has so far obtained products on the international "grey" market.

Because such supplies are scarce and prices higher than those paid by authorised retailers, Superdrug wants to buy

direct from manufacturers. The company says it is pre-pared to comply fully with manufacturers' standards and has invested in special per-fume counters at £20,000 a time - but the big perfume houses have given it a wide berth. Givenchy inspected one of its

stores but rejected it as unsuit-

Superdrug complains that Givenchy's assessment system

is too subjective, relying on an apparently arbitrary allocation of "points" to features such as the lighting and location of sales counters and the size of nearby windows. After a year of tireless lobby-

ing by Superdrug, the OFT has asked the MMC to investigate whether manufacturers are applying supply restrictions fairly. The MMC will also look at the refusal by magazines to carry Superdrug advertisements for cut-price fragrances. Sir Bryan Carsberg, the director general of fair trading,

is concerned that supply restrictions may be being used as an indirect form of retail price maintenance and might violate EC competition rules in ways not sanctioned by Brussels' exemptions.

If the MMC found that was the case, it could make it much harder to restrict supplies to

discounters. Existing authorised retailers might then face pressure to cut prices, as chains such as Boots and John Lewis have done at stores that face local discount competi-

prices would be offset by increased sales. But perfume houses have always insisted that their product is different, and that high prices are essential to the illusion of exclusive ness on which their appeal depends. Discounters, they maintain, simply damage their own business by devaluing the

It will not be clear how far the perfume houses should be alarmed until the MMC reports in nine months' time.

Whatever it recommends Superdrug can at least take quiet pleasure in the extensive free publicity generated by its high-profile lobbying cam-

Treasury achieves £8bn target from privatisation

THE TREASURY hit its target of raising £8bn from privatisations this year with the announcement yesterday that it had sold £1.3bn of debt owed to it by BT and three power

The sale followed a complex auction in which 13 privatised companies were invited to owed the government. Outside investors were allowed to compete for the BT debt, injecting an element of outside competi-

that were eventually sold, making it difficult to assess how effective the process had

Baring Brothers, the merchant bank that acted for the Treasury in the sale, said that on average the deht was sold at a price 1.15 per cent higher than it had targeted.

Baring said the fact that process had been keenly competitive. Several bidders and on into the auction.

No prices were announced been very competitive.

nanies submitted offers for their own debt, with bids eventually accepted from BT (£320m), PowerGen (£150m), Scottish Hydro-Riectric (£116m) and Scottish Power (£142m). Two out of six banks that took part succeeded in buying

BT debt for onward sale to investors - UBS Phillips & Drew (2229m) and Goldman By buying back their debt, the companies will no longer have to pay the govern-

ment interest ranging from 11% per cent to 12% per

Midlands report glimmer

reports that delayed investment plans are being reconsidered and the west Midlands council has found an increase in export orders.

councils were more cheerful about the immediate economic prospects than at any time

Mr Bob Little, chairman of the east Midlands CBI, said: "One is seeing the government start to have an economic policy." Mr Bryan Townsend, chairman of the West Midlands CBL, said: "There is cautious optimism - nobody wants to get too optimistic because it's

all gone sour before." Mentioning particularly the leisure, heating appliance and water-associated industries, Mr Little said, "There is evidence of the pulling forward of investment plans." But, for east Midlands companies, there appeared to be little evidence of growing order books.

By contrast, in the west Midlands there had been an increase in export orders over the last two to three weeks, Mr Townsend said. The increase had been foreshadowed in the recent CBI-BSL regional trend survey, which noted that much of any immediate increased export demand could be met from accumulated stocks.

There has been no such increase in orders from the home market. "I wouldn't expect that all of a sudden things would turn round," Mr Townsend said. But Mr Little implied that the best prospects on the domestic market were in the north of the UK.

of recovery in economy for the past six months.

FAINT GLIMMERS of economic recovery have appeared in the Midlands, according to the regional councils of the Confederation of British Industry.
The east Midlands council

In their first meetings since the Autumn Statement, both

> **MORTGAGES** NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE VARIATION

The following changes apply from 20th November 1992 for loans not yet drawn and from the first payment date on or after 31st December 1992 for existing borrowers.

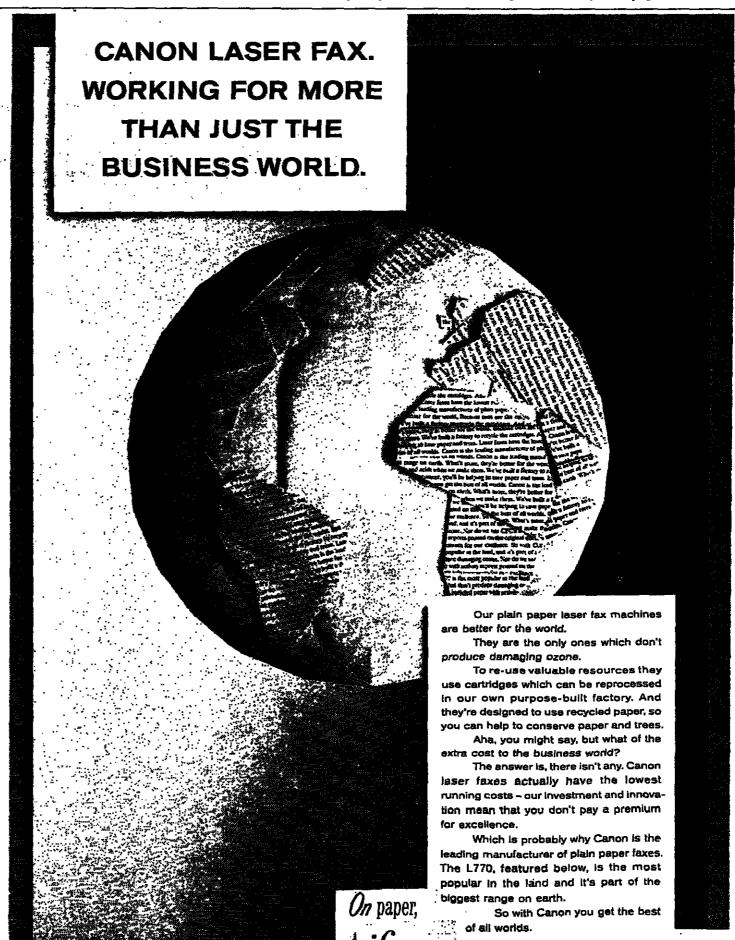
> Home Loan Rate reduced by 0.70% to 8.59% per annum.

Stabilised Charging Rate reduced by 0.70% to 8.89% per annum.

This does not apply to loans from Central Banking Services.



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Friendly trends

for the delicacy with which they treat depressing news, and this week was no exception to the rule. In the face of further dismal announcements of job cuts across the economy the FT-SE 100 Index rose cheerfully to within striking distance of the all-time high reached in May this year. No matter that the third-quarter GDP figures, excluding oil and gas, showed a decline of 0.3 per cent on the second quarter and a fall of 0.8 per cent on the comparable period last year. Since Black Wednesday, when Britain parted company with the ERM, the trend in equities has been inexorably upwards. And rightly so: few market turning points have been so clearly signalled by changes in govern ment policy. Even allowing for any setback after the recent rise. it is too soon to expect the upward

It is not as if the coincidence of rising share prices and bad news is difficult to rationalise. Unemployment is a lagging indicator. Indeed, in the recession of the early 1980s, the unemployment figures did not stop rising until well after the middle of the decade, even though the economy turned the corner in early 1981. In any event there was also some modestly encouraging news around last week. The British consumer hitherto assumed to be moribund was seen to twitch a little, with retail sales showing a rise of 0.9 per cent in the three months to the end of October. The market also took heart from the US and European trade negotiators' potential compromise on the intractable

Inflationary risk

Nor is the news on the job front devoid of a silver lining. A depressed labour market has contributed to a decline in earnings growth over the six months to September from 7½ per cent to 5½ per cent, while pay settlements, a forward indicator for earnings, were down to 3.9 per cent in the three months to October. That is a trend that needs to continue if the inflationary risk inherent in the recent devaluation is not to render the whole exercise nugatory. Note, though, that despite the continuing stagnation in the economy and under-utilisation of industrial capacity, productivity has started to improve, while output per head has actually been on a rising trend. The other encouraging point for the future is that inflation tends to go on falling well into an economic recovery, helped by high productivity growth as companies reap the benefit of the good housekeeping measures undertaken in the recession. Against that background the

Bank of England's latest Quar-

terly Bulletin argues that the impact of sterling's recent depreci-ation on prices will be delayed, compared with experience in previous devaluations, and may even be smaller than in the past. Coming from an institution that is not accustomed to risk its central banking credentials by belittling a potential inflationary threat, that is quite an admission. That said, worries are not confined to conditions in the labour market. In so far as investors have had second thoughts on the Autumn Statement, they simply confirm earlier thoughts that the deterioration in Britain's public finances will be giving gilt-edged investors nervous moments for the foreseeable

Remarkably resilient

Ultimately, equities cannot

escape the backwash from turmoil in the glits market. But for the moment that prospect looks just sufficiently distant to allow the equity party to continue. If there is a more helpful signpost to the future, it lies in the United States, where equity prices have proved remarkably resilient despite the delayed effect of monetary loosening on the economy. British investors are now confronting a steeper yield curve, with short interest rates significantly lower than long rates. This tends to enhance the attractions of securities against bank and building society deposits. Not only are professional investors adjusting their portfolio dispositions accordingly; private investors are showing interest in such new issues as Commercial Union's £100m offering of irredeemable preference shares.

If the inflationary threat to the British economy can be exaggerated, so too can the prospects for export-led growth. While the unspectacular improvement in the US economy is good news for British exporters, the slowdown in the European economy is not. Nor is the increasing preoccupation of European policymakers with fiscal expansion necessarily the best way out of a bind which has been precipitated by the combination of loose fiscal and tight monetary policies in Germany.

But nothing in continental Europe is set in concrete. This week saw Sweden finally give up its fight to shadow the ERM and the peripheral ERM currencies weaken. And despite have weathered the earlier currency storm even the franc is not without risk. How long can France sustain such high real rates of interest against a background of rising unemployment and an impending election in the spring? The markets are not only indelicate. They have a nose for inconsistent domestic and external policy. The speculators game is not over yet.

id lorries and British military vehicles ploughing their way daily up the rough mountain backroads into central Bosnia meet buses struggling the other way, with optimistic signs reading "Linz" or "Vienna". More than 1.5m Bosnians, one in

three of the population, are now considered "DPs" - displaced per-sons - within the former territory of Yugoslavia. This is roughly the same as the population of Northern Ireland. Of these, some 800,000 are still in Bosnia-Hercegovina itself.

The UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) puts the total of people uprooted by the Croatian and Bosnian wars at 2.1m. In addition, there are more than 550,000 ex-Yugoslavs classed as refugees in Germany, Switzerland. Sweden. Austria, Hungary and other countries.

The wanton internecine conflicts of former Yugoslavia have created the biggest dislocation of population in Europe since the second world war. This was something people said should never happen in Europe

This week's argument over 175 or so Bosnians expecting entry to Britain and stuck on the Austrian-Slovenian border was only an indication of the strains the exodus is likely to create in Europe. The number seeking refuge abroad could reach hundreds of thousands in the coming months. How many depends on the fighting - there are signs that it could get worse rather than better - and how severe winter is. Both these affect how much aid, even with UN military escorts, can reach stranded and displaced populations, and how far they can cope

In some high places temperatures have already fallen as low as -20 degrees Celsius.

Local UNHCR representatives say only half the aid needed has been getting through. The only hope for transporting sufficiently large supplies is by negotiating safe conduct by main roads that are now crossed by battle lines or exposed to Serb gunfire. Convoys under British, French and Spanish military escorts all came under fire in different parts of Bosnia this week.

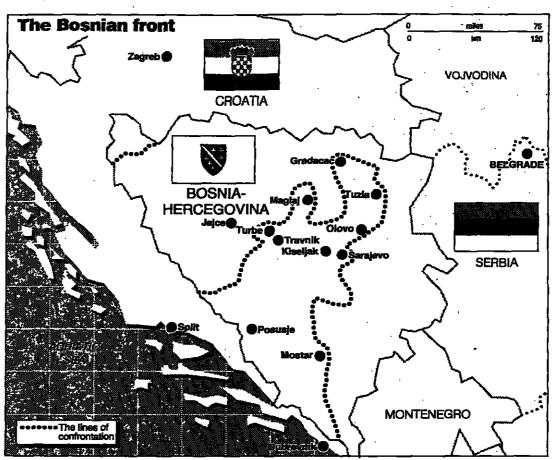
Most immediate of the refugee organisations' tasks is dealing with men released from prison camps. The International Committee of the Red Cross knows of 41 Serb, Moslem and Croat camps where there are some 6,500 prisoners left - about half of them at one Serb camp, Manjaca - but there are thought to be more. European countries have

medieval kind of war is being waged in Bosnia. with this century's weapons. Over seven months it has settled into a pattern of prod sleges, in which towns are held in terror by seemingly casual pounding from tank guns, mortars, howitzers and rocket launchers, and local warlords ignore one cessefire agreement after another. writes David White.

The fighting, in which Bosnian Moslems and Croats have been in loose alliance against Serb forces since independence in April, has already lasted as long as last year's war in Croatia. It is also a continuation of that war by proxy. Despite official denials, soldiers from both Croatia and the rump Yugoslav federal republic are directly involved. Bosnia's Croats were much more prepared than the Moslems to face attack by the Serbs, and had man-

In Bosnia, David White witnesses a desperate exodus by 'displaced persons'

Stranded on the road to Split



offered a total of 3,700 places for the detainees. Britain has proposed taking 150, with their families.

Others trying to emigrate face a

series of frontier barriers, unless they have visas to another country further on. The first barrier is Croatia, which already has 340,000 Bosnian refugees to cope with. But UN officials say they have indications of a "mercenary trade" getting people out through unofficial networks, in some cases by way of Macedonia,

so-called "free" Bosnia to a gradually shrinking core, with a few isolated natches north-west and east. and with the capital, Sarajevo, under permanent slege. Across the

north of the country the Serbs have

established a corridor linking

Serbia itself to the Serb stronghold

region of Croatia, the Krajina. An apparent tacit agreement about the limits of Serb territorial claims is now in question. The front line passes around Turbe, a deserted small town, prey to Serb gunners, just west of Travnik. There Filip Filipovic, former general manager of a nearby ironworks, was commanding the local Croat HVO militia from a barricaded headquarters. He glumly described how Serb forces had conaged to stockpile some arms.

The Serb militia has taken 70 per cent of the territory, reducing further to the west, three weeks

Moslems and Croats from "ethni-cally cleansed" Serb-held areas pour into central Bosnia and western Hercegovina. A principal stress point is the old Ottoman town of Travnik. Once the seat of the Turkish viziers, it is the setting of a

famous novel by Ivo Andric, the only Yugoslav ever to win a Nobel literature prize. The high school he attended has now become a Dicken-

ago. "It seems their appetite is

Croat forces have mounted recent offensives in the south, pushing

east of Mostar to try to secure terri-

tory behind the thin coastal strip of

Croatia where Dubrovnik is. They have also managed temporarily to

cut off the Serbs' northern corridor,

at one point only a few miles wide.

There are some signs that the Serbs could now try to slice through the

northern salients of Moslem and

Croat-held territory along an axis

from Maglaj to Olovo.

What is puzzling is that the Serbs, with their military tradition

and ostensibly with all the advan-

tages, have not been achieving greater success. They have more

artillery and more ammunition,

and their senior officers from the former Yugoslav national army are

immersed in Soviet-style training.

growing," he said.

does not work and 40 to 50 people live to a room. Shells fall on the town almost every night.

Refugees come through Travnik, Croats are more likely to find shelter with host families. At the "collective centres" 90 to 95 per cent are reckoned to be Moslem

sometimes in surges, before being channelled to other centres. The

The Moslems - southern Slavs whose families converted during

But this schooling in high-tempo

No place for classic theories

warfare is of little application in Bosnia. The mountains are no place for the classic theories of armoured hattle. The top level evidently has difficulty controlling local commanders, and Serb forces are stretched out over a long front. On the other hand, they have little difficulty protecting their hilltop gun positions and pursuing sporadic shelling of towns and link roads. They are believed to be using heli-copters to bring up ammunition, in breach of the ban on military fly-ing. High-flying Nato Awacs air-craft deployed for the UN caunot

always detect them. The forces on the other side eye with envy and some wonderment the military hardware being deployed by British, French and other UN troops to protect aid sup-plies. But many Croat and Moslem

categorised as such because, unlike the other main groups in former Yugoslavia, there is no substitute ethnic, national or linguistic epithet to distinguish them. They were the least ready for this war and stand to

fare the worst from it.

The people stranded at the centres are peasants, modest townspeople and middle-class families. At the refugee centre in Posusje, in the Bosnian Croat heartland, where living conditions are visibly worse than at Travnik, one family said they used to have two houses and

hey leave their homes with what possessions they can grab. Few have money, unless they managed to keep savings abroad. In Bosnia savings have become meaningless. The banking system has collapsed. Seven different currencies are in use, depending on the part you are in. In much of the Croat/Moslem-controlled area of central Bosnia, the currency is not Bosnia-Hercegovina's own dinar but the Croatian dinar or, preferably, the D-Mark.

Aid workers say most displaced people want to remake their lives in Bosnia. But, while peace negotia-tors in Geneva hold to the principle that people should be able to return to their homes, many have no homes to return to. It is difficult for refugees to envisage ever rebuilding the mixed communities that existed

At Kiseliak, a spa town west of the Bosnian capital where the UN has established a military headquarters, two sisters had arrived from Sarajevo in a 14-bus convoy. 'It's so strange not to hear shells and bullets," 14-year-old Jesenka

Every day for seven months they had gone to the cellar for shelter You are not safe in the house, not safe in the street," said Vedrana, 19, an economics student. They lived on rice, macaroni and beans. Electricity came on a few hours every week. For a month there had been

no running water.

They had been allowed to take two bags each. They had left behind their parents and Vedrana's boyfriend, a member of the Croat milltia. At a Serb checkpoint, they had been surprised to be classed as Moslem, because of their family name. They had been brought up to consider themselves Yugoslav. They were heading for Split, had papers to get them to Czechoslovakia and aimed eventually to make it to France. It was at least something to

militiamen carry new weapons. Small arms and ammunition are known to have been arriving through the Croatian port of Ploce, and possibly also in consignments of Islamic aid coming through

Motley foreigners have also joined Croat and Moslem ranks. The village of Mehurici near Travnik, said to be packed with mujahedin from various Islamic countries. is now out-of-bounds for journalists. "Don't even try," a itself I approached three men in uniform who had been talking among themselves in German. "Sprechen Sie Deutsch?" I ventured.

"Nein," was the reply.

In places, the mood is close to defeatism. Outside one town, defended jointly by Moslems and Croats, more than 40 military trucks and coaches were concealed, waiting for the evacuation. This is a war in which the targets are mostly civilian.

Ruigi ()

MAN IN THE NEWS: Andrew Buxton

A case of double vision

he man born to be chair-man of Barclays is facing unrest in his realm. Andrew Buxton Is scion of one of the families which has held the reins at Britain's biggest bank for a century. At the beginning of May, a month after his 53rd birthday, this private family man described by friends as "unflappa-ble" and "unflamboyant" - became its chief executive. He is scheduled to become chairman in January. Some Barclays' shareholders — already disappointed by the scale of

losses the bank faces on imprudent company loans - have become unhappy at the prospect of so much power being concentrated in one person's hands. For the first time, Mr Buxton this week acknowledged He made a concession which he hopes will pacify them. Though he

still plans to take the chairmanship, he said his dual role would "be kept under review" by the board. If a different sharing of management responsibilities seemed necessary, he would give up one or other post. The statement does not appear, however, to have reduced pressure on him. Shareholders said they were in no mind to drop the issue. Mr Buxton and the Barclays' board accept that combining the two roles runs counter to the consensus on best management practice, as enshrined in the report of Sir Adrian Cadbury's committee on corporate governance. However, Mr Buxton argues that other directors, notably Sir Peter Middleton, the former Treasury permanent secretary

clays, act as a counterbalance. His views are echoed by Sir Martin Jacomb, another Barclays' deputy chairman and an influential board member: "The board is com-

who is a deputy chairman of Bar-

pletely satisfied that the checks and balances [in the management structure) that Cadbury wanted are there," Sir Martin said. But Mr Buxton must make a spe-

cial effort to show shareholders that Barclays is adopting best management practices, because he has on occasion faced the slur - which colleagues say is unfair - that his rise owed something to his member-ship of the "Barclays families", as they are known in the bank. These are a number of inter-married clans which owned local banks

in the 18th and 19th centuries. The banks were merged in the 1890s to form Barclays, but the families continued to occupy senior positions on the bank's regional boards. In the past century, only two chairmen, including Sir John Quin-

ton, the present incumbent, have been drawn from outside the families' ranks. As recently as the mid-1980s, about a quarter of the main board directors were connected to the families (though there are now only two family members on a Mr Buxton said before he joined

the bank he was never particularly aware of his family connection with Barclays. However, the Buxtons, an East Anglian family, were closely involved in the private Overend Gurney Bank, which was absorbed by Barclays.

He joined the bank in 1963 after reading philosophy, politics and economics at Pembroke College, Oxford, and completing national service in the Grenadier Guards - largely because of the encouragement of his step-father, Mr Alexander Grant, a local Bar-

clays director. Mr Buxton's first job was as a clerk in a branch - since buried beneath a roundabout - in west Barclays' board which was consid-



rose steadily. He had first-hand experience of the 1973-74 recession as head of a special team set up to work with companies, especially property businesses, which faced financial difficulties.

His rise accelerated in the 1980s. In quick succession, he became general manager for East Anglia and the east Midlands, then head of a new corporate banking division. In 1987 he temporarily acted as chief executive of Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the investment banking subsidiary which Mr Buxton helped to set up. In May 1988, he became

group managing director. "My progress in the bank has always surprised me," he said yesterday from Riyadh, where he is visiting the bank's Middle Eastern myself as ambitious."

In the spring, he was chosen to become both chairman and chief executive by a sub-committee of the

ering who was to succeed Sir John. Directors have rather different recollections of the sequence of events. There is, however, a consensus that there was not a coup to oust Sir John. On the other hand, although Sir John was probably content to retire next year, he is believed to have been disappointed that he was asked to give up his executive duties to Mr Buxton in May this year.

Sir John may have found it galling to go at the nadir of the bank's fortunes. Analysts believe Barclays may make its first loss this year. A Barclays' director said the board was overwhelmingly convinced that the time had come for new blood at the top, because the bank faced different challenges from those Sir John confronted when he became chairman in 1987. Mr Buxton has to reshape the bank so that it can cope with the aftermath of the lending explosion of the 1980s and the slow economic growth expected in the coming few years. That means cutting costs and withdrawing from business earning a low return. Though the board might have pre-

ferred to split the roles of chairman and chief executive, it did not see how this could be done. There was no one inside the bank, apart from Mr Buxton, qualified to be chief executive, according to one director. But, he added, the board was also reluctant to break a Barclays' tradition by appointing a non-banker as chairman - Sir Peter Middleton was not thought experienced

enough. The board hopes that in time a natural candidate for the post of chief executive will emerge from inside the bank to take Mr Buxton's executive duties. It does not want to ask Mr Buxton to revert to the sole position of chief executive for fear of alienating him.

As for Mr Buxton, he said that if clients. "I would not like to think of the board decided there should be another chairman, "I would accept it". But he added: "I would feel a sense of disappointment."

Robert Peston

Barclays Bank PLC

The following reductions in lending interest rates are effective from the start of business on 23rd November 1992.

OVERDRAFTS

New Rate Old Rate Barclays Personal Overdrafts Executive Overdrafts 14% p.a. 15% p.a.



Bardaya Bank PLC, Registered Office: 54 Lombard Street, London UC3P 3AH

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(now Lord) Lawson was chancellor he had a vision of a nation of inheritors. "Inheritance, which used to be the preserve of the few, will become a fact of life for the many," he said in 1988. But that prospect is fading in the recessionary climate of the early 1990s, as the value of estates falls and more resources are devoted to caring

for Britain's ageing population. The idea was beguilingly simple. The owner-occupiers of the post-war generation would gradually die out. They would pass on, via their estates, the wealth built up in their houses. For their children, this would represent additional resources. since most would already own their own homes.

The result would be the revival of the rentier class, living off the income from its investments, just like PG Wodehouse's hero, Bertie Wooster. John Major was impressed by the notion, telling last year's Conservative party conference that he wanted to see "wealth cascad-

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ing down the generations". Whether this was consistent with his vision of a "classless society" is debatable. Sir Peregrine Worsthorne, the Sunday Telegraph columnist was explicit about the prospects in an editorial in 1988. He wrote: "Hundreds of thousands of middle-class families are going to be able to leave their children loads of money, if only in the form of one [or in many cases two] houses...The tide of egalitarianism, which has been sweeping all before it for 100 years, is about to be deci-

sively reversed." How strong was the evidence for such hopes? Total wealth passed directly from one generation to another in 1990-91 was £8.1bn, according to Mintel, the market research company, a figure projected to rise to

The wealth cascade runs dry

Britain's inheritors may receive bills rather than property, say John Authers and Philip Coggan



£13bn by 2000.

According to Mintel, 20 per cent of Britons inherit money between their mid-40s and 50s, and 9 per cent are left a house or flat. An NOP survey shows that 67 per cent of all property inheritors are aged 40 or over, when most will have a house and may be well on the way to repaying their mort-

This inheritance is highly concentrated. The average value of inheritances between 1985 and 1989 was £29,730, according to the Joseph Rowntree Foundation, the social research organisation. But this

average was boosted by a few large estates; the median figure was just £10,000.

The value of inheritances in heirs' pockets was raised by 13 years of Conservative government which looked kindly on inherited wealth. Inheritances have never been taxed more leniently. No inheritance tax is payable at all on estates of less than £150,000, while a competent accountant can exploit loopholes to avoid paying any tax on estates much larger than this. One accountant even described inheritance taxes Whether the idea of an

"inheritance dividend" for the middle-aged middle classes ever filtered into the public consciousness is uncertain. Perhaps the notion contributed to the general feeling of pros-perity, and thus the rapid increase in consumer spending,

But the theory that Britain was heading towards a society of inheritors is now being ques-tioned, and its premises may never have been watertight: It was never likely that Britons, as a whole, could become more wealthy simply by buying and selling each other's

of the late 1980s.

One of the planks on which the theory rested, the rapidly increasing values of domestic properties during the 1980s, appears to have rotted away. The UK is suffering its fourth successive year of falling real house prices - reducing the value of estates. a greater dependent popula-

Demographic change has cancelled out even more of the potential benefit for the cur-rent middle-aged generation. Indeed, the mass of elderly could soon be a burden on their children, not a benefit to them. And that would turn the

According to some actuarial estimates, the number of people aged over 75 could rise from 3.9m in 1991 to between 5.1m and 9.2m by 2031. This has significant implications for the UK economy, as a smaller workforce struggles to support

When people live longer, they tend to need long-term care. And that costs money. According to Mr Dryden Gilling-Smith, managing director of Employee Benefit Services, the needs of the "old old" (those aged over 85) tend to be labour-intensive, as they

become less and less indepen-

Mr William Laing, of consultancy Laing & Buisson, believes that the burden on the nation will increase rapidly. In the next 10 years, he forecasts that the total cost of financing long-term care in the UK will rise by 17 per cent in real terms from the current annual level of £9bn.

By the year 2050, when long-term care spending should peak as the children of babyboomers reach their old age, he predicts the real cost of long-term care will be 70 per cent greater than it is today. In other words, expenditure on care for the elderly will rise from 2 per cent of gross domestic product today to about 4 per cent in the next half cen-

Britain's tax and benefit system does nothing to protect estates from these high costs. Income support is only available to pay for long-term care when an individual's total assets are less than £8,000. So there is effectively no state help for those who still own their houses (although certain exemptions exist where there are resident carers or

Research by the Family Policy Studies Centre suggests that the costs of care could even wipe out the value of some inheritances. The sum raised by selling an average house, which the FPSC puts at about £65,000, would not be sufficient to pay for more than five years in a nursing home, or for more than eight years in private residential care with-Once this money has run out

the income support available from the government falls seriously short of the average costs incurred by people in long-term care. This shortfall has been estimated, by Francis McGlone of the FPSC, at between £27 and £44 a week.

In a recent report*, Mr Chris Hamnett, visiting senior research fellow of Nuffield College, Oxford, cites inland revenue statistics which show the number of homes passed on at death has been relatively constant over the past 20 years. "Above all," says the Hamnett report, "older homeowners are increasingly selling or transferring ownership of their houses prior to death. They are doing this either to pay for residential and nursing care, or to provide additional income in old

This only serves to force house prices down further and squeeze out any wealth effect from the economy.

According to Mr Hamnett's calculations, between 120,000 and 190,000 people enter care homes each year. Nearly half of them own their own homes. About two-thirds of these need to sell their houses to pay for the care. Mr Hamnett estimates that these houses fetch about £2.5bn a year.

Far from funding a new leisure-class spending boom, the nation's accumulated wealth is currently being used to come to the rescue of escalating care bills for the elderly. In the process it is forcing down the property market. There may come a point where the wealth

So the rentier class may have to stay within the fic-tional confines of PG Wodehouse's comedies. Nursing home bills, rather than wealth, could cascade down the gener-

*Inheritance in Britain; the Disappearing Billions, published by PPP Lifetime.

ne message comes loud and clear from this week's school league tables published by the government: England is still two

When Disraeli coined that phrase in the middle of the last century, he was referring to the rich and the poor. Now the gap is between the educated and the uneducated. The gulf between them is as great as the classes separating the classes in the Victorian era.

Consider the central-south London borough of Southwark. The league table for the borough includes three independent schools: in all three, between 92 and 97 per cent of the 15 to 16-year-old pupils this year achieved five or more good GCSE passes (grades A, B or C). Virtually all are going on to take A-levels, and the great major-

ity will proceed to university – a fair proportion to Oxbridge.

By contrast, in not a single state school in Southwark did more than 34 per cent of the punils gain five good passes. Across the whole of Southwark's state sector, excluding special schools, only one in six 15 to 16-year-olds gained five good passes. It would be surprising if more than one in 10 makes it to

There lie the two nations. Attending schools often a stone's throw apart, their career paths will never meet and their salary and lifestyle A division lesson in the classroom

Educationalists and sociologists will tell you those two nations are none other than Disraeli's rich and poor revisited. For the most part they are hostile to the private edu-cation sector, and argue that the state sector is woefully under-funded. In general they are also opposed to selective admission policies, to the publication of what they term "raw" exam results, and to state funds being used to give children from deprived backgrounds the same opportunities to opt out of the state sector that are available to the upwardly mobile.

expectations are at polar extremes. It is the same in most other English

As one distinguished University of London professor put it in ye terday's press: "There are damned lies and government league tables", and where schools are under-performing, "inspectors and advisers are a better way of supporting [them] than market forces".

The political right will have none of that. It wants the market to play a greater role, or at least what analysts are coming to term the "quasi market" of extending choice and diversity within the public sector.

As to financial support, it points to the poor performance of inner London schools despite their relatively generous state funding.

Arguments over resources could keep the controversy going single-handed. Secondary schools in Southwark will this year have about £2,200 per pupil to spend; include services such as special needs schooling and the figure rises

'If we had to take our fees down to Southwark's level of funding, we would have to lay off staff'

to about £3,300. Dulwich College, the borough's top private school, charges fees for day students of £5,700 a year. The "two nations" thesis

embraces not only the children who go to school, and their parents, but the teachers and staff who have responsibility for their welfare when at school.

The contrast between the teaching life at Dulwich and the typical

inner London comprehensive is so stark, you might as well class them as separate careers. In fact, they largely are, since the interchange of staff across the divide is minimal, and they recruit from largely

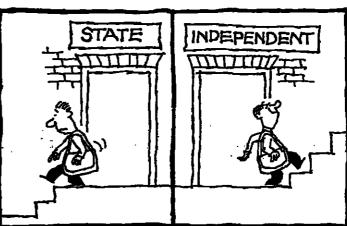
School league tables reveal a widening gap in English education, writes Andrew Adonis

separate pools.

Nearly 60 per cent of Dulwich's staff are Oxbridge educated, and many hold doctorates. Salaries are distinctly higher than in the state sector. With nearly 200 A-level candidates a year, teachers have an ample and appreciative audience. The pupil:teacher ratio is about

"That, more than anything is what parents are paying for," says Mr Anthony Verity, Dulwich's headmaster. "If we had to take our fees down to Southwark's level of funding, we would have to lay off a lot of staff and reduce pay."

It is not, however, just pay - or even the subsidised housing and staff crèche - that attract staff to the school. "It's the whole ambiance. The beautiful grounds, the relative absence of discipline probiems, and so on. There's no 'knockoff-at-five' mentality. Success and confidence breed confidence," says Mr Verity. Of Dulwich's 120 staff,



barely nine or 10 leave each year and that includes retirements. Move the few miles to Morpeth School, a comprehensive in Bethnal

Green, and it is a different story. The school has no sixth form. Not atypically for a Tower Hamlets School, one in three of its pupils does not have English as his or her first language. (In four of the borough's schools, more than 80 per cent of the pupils are not native

English speakers.) Its buildings

need urgent repairs. More than half of Morpeth's pupils gained five GCSEs this year, but the number gaining grades A-C was far smaller.

Mr Alasdair MacDonald, the headmaster, talks of the problems he faces: "Of our last year's intake of 11-year-olds only 97 of our 200 pupils were fluent in English. The strain on the staff cannot

THE DANCE EVENT OF THE CENTURY

be overestimated."

The staff turnover is not unduly high - about 10 out of 70 staff leave each year. "But many of our staff have to play the role of parent as much as that of teacher. We work hard to build up trust among the parents, but it's a tough job."
Like all schools in the area, Mor-

peth has to struggle against absenteeism, and parents who take little interest in the education of their children. For Mr MacDonald it means a fair amount of time with education social workers, and continuous efforts to maintain staff morale. "With persistent truants, we write, we visit, we telephone, but many of the parents themselves have their hands full."

One of the worst problems, he says, is the feeling among teachers that the government does not care. "Teachers have been persistently undervalued by the government -and are too often seen as an obstruction," he says. In his view, it is not just, or even mainly, salaries that are the problem, but the perception that ministers and officials do not understand Morpeth's difficulties.

Here, too, we are back to the two nations. Not just the educated and the uneducated, but the government and the teachers. Nothing could bode worse for the prospects of tackling the education problems facing England's inner cities in the

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Fax 071 873 5938, Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Regulation of share options

From Ms Carol Arrowsmith. Sir, The tenor of Michael Cranna and John Samuels' article on executive share options ("Omissions on options", November 18) paints a lurid picture of an unregulated area, populated by rapacious executives and inatten-tive investors. The reality is

For example, equity dilution under share schemes is strictly limited by institutional shareholders' guidelines which have been in place. Discounted options are also already regulated by institutional guidelines which impose demanding performance conditions on their exercise and limit the number of discounted options an individual can receive. Finally, the practice of replacing voluntarily lapsed options with new options is subject to detailed regulation by shareholders, and in fact is a fairly rare occurrence.

It is certainly true that the disclosure of share option details in most companies' annual reports is insufficient to calculate individual directors' remuneration, and that there is room for debate on the nature of the executive option benefit. But it is important the debate takes place in an informed atmosphere, and focuses on the practice of the vast majority of companies, rather than the small minority where misuse takes place. Carol Arrowsmith, managing director. New Bridge Street Consultants,

2 Tallis Street.

A clear lead from government that would help rural areas mnters and retired residents, has helped urban areas, a similar lead should be given to a From Mr R H M Symons. Sir, With reference to the let-

ter from David Grayson, of Business in the Community (November 17), City Challenge has indeed given a new opportunity to the inner cities through harnessing individual and specific networks that exist in these areas.

Rural areas also have severe problems, causing, among other things, the drift of the young to the urban areas. Villages have suffered from poorly planned development, an increase in numbers of com-

and a decline in agricultural employment. These changes threaten the way of life and structure of the countryside. In Dorset, we are particularly aware of these problems as they are exacerbated by cutbacks in defence expenditure. We are already working in partnership with the local authorities and the Rural

Development Commission on initiatives to help rural Dorset. We believe that where the City Challenge, with a clear central lead from government,

Rural Challenge.

We are already developing this idea with our colleagues from the Rural Development Commission in order to present a model programme for government consideration, and we are encouraged by the extent of the interest. R H M Symons,

Dorset Training and Enterprise Council, 25 Oxford Road, Bournemouth, Dorset BH8 &EY

Fund roads and rail track alike

From Mr I R Bloor. Sir, The conflict of interests over the Heathrow Express

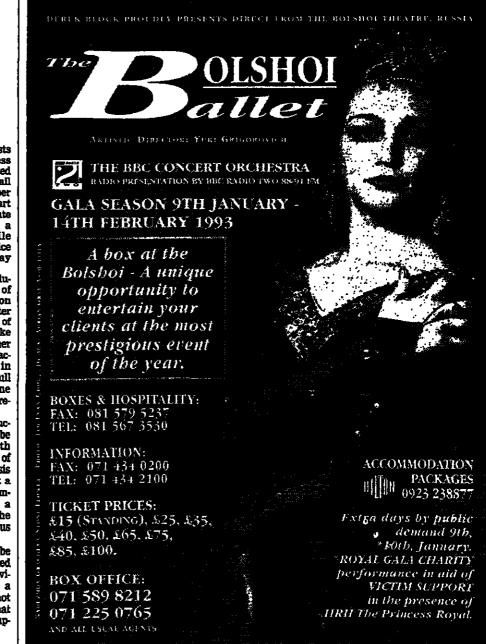
project, as you correctly stated in your leading article, "A rail link for Heathrow" (November 17), does indeed go to the heart of the issue of whether private train operators can make a commercial return while paying a full economic price for the use of the railway track.

However, an alternative solution is available to that of increasing the charges upon road users to obtain a better balance between the pricing of road and rail facilities. Like roads, railway track and other infrastructure have the characteristics of public goods in that, up to the point of full capacity, their usage by one person or service does not pre-

clude usage by others. Thus the railway infrastructure, like the roads, could be provided by the state with users paying a proportion of the costs on an analogous basis to the vehicle licence, but at a rate which would enable commercial operators to make a commercial return as in the case of road hauliers and bus operators.

The country would thus be able to experience the alleged benefits of a competitive environment for rail services at a net cost to the government not necessarily different from that which is currently paid in support of British Rail. I R Bloor,

1 Brickfields Close, Derbys DEA 4GT



THE ROYAL ALBERT HALL

Minimum lending rate that hits small businesses

From Mr Clive S Davis. per cent reduction in base rates I have read with interest the chancellor's exhortations to banks and building societies

to pass on to borrowers the full

amount of the reduction. Two weeks ago (with base rate at 8 per cent) I renewed my firm's modest overdraft facility and obtained a 1 per cent reduction in the rate charged "over base". Knowing that base rates would be coming down further over the next six to nine months, I pointed out to my bank manager that I did not wish a minimum rate to be applied to the arrange-ment. The manager had forgotten about minimum lending rates but confirmed that they still applied. This week I received the written confirma-

tion of the facility with a mini-

mum rate of 12 per cent equat-Sir, Following last week's 1 | ing to the "x" over base just negotiated. At a stroke the hank has increased its margin by 1 per cent. To add insult to injury there is, of course, the arrangement fee of 1.5 per cent of the facility.

It seems most small business - and also private - loans linked to base rate have pre-set minimum rates. Result? Borrowing costs remain constant bank margins improve measurably. I wonder whether small busi-

ness owners generally - and, more importantly, the chancellor - realise this. Clive S Davis, managing director, Pisces Management & Financial Services. 44 Highmore Road,

Caversham, Reading, Berkshire RG4 7BH

Touchable and untouchable From Parviz Dabir-Alai. Sir, Tony Jackson finds it

"increasingly difficult to unscramble" the output of services from those of manufacturing ("The incredible shrinking industrial base", November 16). I offer him a simple rule: if you can touch it then it is almost certainly manufactured; if you cannot, it is a service.

This works with all of his examples: financial services provided by General Motors and by the City of London, GM's cars, the City of London's need for computers etc. On the more substantive point that services cannot replace manufacturing, well, that argument in untouchable.

Parviz Dabir-Alai department of business and economics. Richmond College, Queens Road, Richmond, Surrey TW10 6JP remains independent.

next week.

erence shares.

executives who have launched

a £94.3m hostile bid for Evode.

Evode's net indebtedness

which is estimated to be about

Mr Andrew Simon, chairman

of Evode, has said its borrow-

ing facilities were sufficient for

its needs. The group's financial

adviser said it would not com-

ment further until it sees Was-

However, the weakness of

Evode's balance sheet.

stretched by borrowings to fuel

acquisitions, was one of the reasons that Wassall launched

Wassall is one of the few

companies content to be

labelled as a conglomerate and

Mr Miller was loath to justify a

purchase on the grounds of

sall's offer document

its £94.3m hostile bid.

product synergy.

Sugar says offer is 'best shareholders will get'

By Michiyo Nakamoto and

INSTITUTIONAL investors in Amstrad said yesterday they were still studying Mr Sugar's offer to buy back their shares at 30p per share, but several said they were unlikely to join disgruntled private shareholders who are opposing the deal.

Meanwhile Mr Sugar vigorously defended his 30p-a-share buy back offer saying that it was "the best shareholders would get."

A group of private shareholders who are unhappy with Mr Sugar's offer has appealed for institutional investors' support in attempting to block the

The general view among institutional investors, however, is that although the offer by Mr Sugar was not necessarily an attractive one, few alternatives exist and those that do. involve considerable risk that they are unwilling to take.

One institutional investor summed up the view in saving that "we don't like 30p but it is not at all clear to us that we

business was not an area most of them felt they could judge with confidence. "If we had confidence in the business we'd do something about it. But you've little choice as a minority shareholder in a business you know little about," one institutional investor said

"If the gap between the offer and what you thought the company was worth were large enough it may be worth trying to get more out of it," but in Amstrad's case the risks of doing so were probably not worth it, he said.

"Our position is one of resigned acceptance," said another institutional investor. However, some institutional investors said that they were still considering the alterna-tives in the light of the chang-

Mr Sugar said yesterday that he felt "very frustrated" that some shareholders and commentators had criticised the offer and emphasised "no one is trying to pull the wool over

anyone's eyes." He drew attention to the fact that if his hid succeeds he has

NHL losses | Debt level leaves Evode unstuck hit £146m but decrease predicted

By John Gapper, Banking Corresponden

NATIONAL HOME Loans, the centralised mortgage lender whose debt was restructured this year after it came close to collapse, yesterday declared increased pre-tax losses for the year to September 30 of

£146.4m, against £47.9m. "We are still alive," said Mr Jonathan Perry, the group's executive chairman who took over in February. He predicted "significantly reduced loss" for the current year and a future return to profitability.

The group made provisions to cover loan losses of £138.5m (£88.7m). It has been trying to restore earnings by improving payments on mortgages, and has cut the number of accounts in arrears by three months or more to 6,130

Net assets at the year end were cut to £11.2m (£157.5m). NHL received £219.5m (£335.8m) in interest payments while paying £209.1m (£288.5m) interest on borrow-

Losses per ordinary share were 141.9p (50.2p). Shares yesterday fell 20 per cent in value from 3%p to 3p, and

were trading on a wide spread.
The results, and the elimina-tion of distributable reserves, led to it making no dividend payment on ordinary shares, and passing payment on con-vertible preference shares.

In a lengthy chairman's statement, Mr Perry said 36.9 per cent of group losses were Mortgage Bank (NMB) subsidiary. The bank is running down its business, and will not require further lavestment. The group holds loan notes

of £283.7m (£326m), and bank loans and other borrowings of £1.085bn (£1.54bn). Mr Perry said the task of restoring value to shareholders was "a significant challenge". He said the group continued to derive considerable income from £2.2bn of mortgage

assets held by securitised vehicle companies, most of which were off balance sheet. These were "a key component" of future income and value. The gross mortgage assets under management on September 30 - excluding NMB

fell to £2.62bn compared to £3.1bn a year earlier. The cut mainly resulted from redemptions of mortgages and sales of

profits of £5.4m, some £3m lower than previously expected preference shares are taking the first £2.5m of post-tax earnings which is not helping earnings per share and the ordinary shares."

"We are going to have to batten down and run the business for cash," he said. Yesterday's profits warning

effect," said Mr Ashton, "The

is the latest in a long line of surprises that Caird has sprung on the City since Mr Peter Linacre, chief executive and a former stockbroker, began transforming the sleepy property company in 1987. In October 1989, it raised £34.5m in the form of convertible preference shares. While the proceeds enhanced earnings per share by repaying debt that was costing 16 per cent, these shares have become an increasing burden now that

for the year to June 1990. Three weeks later Severn Trent, the then recently privatised water company, launched

a 278m bid for Caird. Mr Linacre escaped Severn Trent's clutches by deploying the unusual defence of refusing to confirm a profits forecast made before the bid. Severn

Trent lapsed its bid. Mr Ashton said Caird's current problems stemmed partly from changes in the waste disposal site licensing laws which come into effect next April as part of the 1990 Environment Protection Act.

Before March 31, operators of landfill sites are free to relinquish their licences and avoid environmental liabilities that should subsequently emerge. According to Mr Ashton, less scrupulous operators "are filling their sites like mad and

shares will not be floated By Michael Smith

THE 12 regional electricity companies (RECs), which own the National Grid, yesterday decided against selling shares

in the company.
National Grid Holdings. which is made up of represenatives from the 12, said in a brief statement that after extensive board discussion it had decided listing the shares

would be inappropriate. A flotation had been under consideration for several months. Some of the RECs had been pressing strongly for it, though the uncertainty surrounding the industry during the pit closures review had made an immediate move

anlikely. Many shareholders will nonetheless be disappointed. analyst for Barclays de Zoete Wedd, said he would be very disappointed if a listing had been ruled out on principle.

The RECs would be passing up the opportunity to add value of about 80p per share, he said. As a result some shareholders would sell their holdings earlier than they would otherwise have done, he maintained.

Nowica Lay

The 12 companies each control between 5.5 and 12.5 per cent of the National Grid Company's shares. Supporters of a flotation say it would release funds for distribution to share

Opponents say it would

VER the next few weeks Mr Christopher Miller, chief executive at Wassall said he would repeatedly ask Evode how it planned to finance itself if it Wassall, the mini-conglomerate run by former Hanson is likely to highlight the chemical and plastics group rise in net debt when it publishes its offer document, expected early According to the conglomer-ate's financial adviser the document is likely to underline £62m, including the \$43m (£28m) in US redeemable pref-

Roland Rudd on the reasons behind Wassall's hostile offer

Christopher Miller: wants to expand the bush

number of Evode's businesses such as adhesives, sealants and plastics: DAP, a US supplier of construction products and filling compounds, bought by Wassall last year, boasts simi-

But the fact that Mr Miller knew something about adhesives was not the reason for

Wassall wanted it for the same reasons that it bought into office furniture, luggage, bottle-tops and construction products and filling com-pounds. It believed it had

found a low-tech manufacturing business, which was under-managed with low mar-Evode's margins were

around 5 per cent, similar to the those Wassall inherited at DAP and Metal Closures Group. It managed to almost double them at both busi-

Mr Mark Cusack, conglomerate analyst at Barclays de Zoete Wedd, believed Evode was a classic vulnerable target. It was under-performing in much the same way as Was-

Wassall has earmarked \$20m of capital expenditure over the next two years to replace old machinery, open a new ware-house and expand DAP's DIY

Evode's capital expenditure was running at £1.8m for the half year to March 28 compared with £9.4m for the end of its last financial year. Mr Miller says he would expect to reverse that trend if Wassall wins its takeover battle.

National Grid

sall's previous targets.
"In spite of good underlying

businesses Evode is underperforming in operational terms, he said. "It is financially over-

stretched with effective gear-

ing of 200 per cent and little

shareholder loyalty, having cut

last year's dividend by more

than 40 per cent."
Mr Miller did not pretend to

be an expert in plastics any

more than he pretended to

know much about bottle-tops

when Wassall launched its suc-

cessful hostile bid for Metal

Closures in 1990. "What I do know about is strategy," he

Plant closures, cutting the

workforce and a reduction in

product ranges have been some

of the tools used by Wassail to

boost margins.

However, Mr Miller is adamant that Wassall wants con-

trol of Evode not just to

streamline the production pro-

cess but to expand the busi-

Harland core division subject of buy-out bid from ex-chief

By Angus Foster

MR ROY ASHMAN, former chairman of Harland Simon, receivership by its banks last month, is negotiating a management buy-out of a remaining Harland core division.

Mr Ashman, who resigned in February, has joined with two former executive directors and a leading venture capital company to bid for the control systems division.

The bid is being considered by Touche Ross, administra-tive receivers, and a decision is expected next week. Mr Ashman's return would

be highly controversial. He is widely blamed by Harland's institutional shareholders for

the company's collapse. Mr Ashman resigned following Harland's issue of a profits

By Richard Gourlay

assured institutions trading was sound. Harland had been expected to make profits of about £12.5m in the year to 31 March. It later announced pre-

tax losses of £6.3m. Harland went into receiver-Ashman's departure. He was paid £360,000 for loss of office and a further £960,000 from Harland's small pension fund.

The company's downfall was largely due to a loss of confidence among its bankers and customers because of two ventures for which Mr Ashman was blamed. These were Perfect Information, a loss-making database service, and Contraves, acquired with substantial liabilities last year.

Several institutional shareholders expressed concern about Mr Ashman's attempt to buy back part of the company.

BET poised for 44% downturn

period last year is likely to

for the collapse in shareholder value to buy back assets on the cheap," one said.

of his own assets to provide

collateral for the working capi-

tal a slimmed down Amstrad

will need. On his bid he said "I

have offered 30p, and if it is turned down, I feel that I have

morally done my job." He

pointed out that since he first

mooted his buy-back proposal

"no one has come along with a

buy my shares because every-

one says Amstrad is Alan

Sugar." he said. But if someone

offered 31p per share he said he

would sell his 205m shares,

provided the offer was made to

He rejected suggestions that

Amstrad should pay out its balance sheet cash in the form

of a special dividend. He said

Amstrad's "core" cash, exclu-

ding seasonal fluctuations, was

about £60m, equivalent to just

7.7p a share after Advanced

Corporation Tax is paid.
He warned that if his bid is

not approved it would still be

necessary to drastically

'shrink" the company, and he

said he was the best person to

undertake the task.

"I cannot find anybody to

better offer."

all shareholders.

Harland's shares stood at 585p before the profits warning, but collapsed to 20p before suspension on the Stock Exchange in September, after Barclays, Harland's main banker, cut the company's working capital facilities.

Touche Ross announced yesterday that Harland Crosfield, the Harland subsidiary involved in printing controls, has been sold to Dobson Park Industries for £2.3m. Crosfield's UK and overseas businesses had unaudited net assets of £5.4m and profits in the year to March 31 of £400,000 on turnover of £10.8m

Other than the control systems division, only certain small subsidiaries - including

the full year, the interim divi-

dend is likely to be halved.

Caird shares hit by warning

By Richard Gourlay

SHARES in Caird Group almost balved to 17p after the waste management companyitny issued a warning about profits and said it would not pay a final dividend.

Mr John Ashton, chairman. said the City had been expecting pre-tax profits for the year to be above £6.9m but that Caird would only make £4.5m. The group would still pay the interim and preference dividends and would look at the ordinary payments again next

Mr Ashton said the decline in profits was due to new sites coming onstream more slowly than expected and falls in the price of landfill of up to 50 per cent in certain areas. The slide in the ordinary

ied by a 15p fall to 51p in the 7 per cent convertible preference

profits growth has run into a

A year after the rights issue

were not involved. A £10.6m

rights issue, at 52p a share, accompanied those purchases.

internally after the October 31

The problem was picked up

"We have a highly geared cent as Caird reported pre-tax ture".

amount knocked off the October 31 1991 net assets figure

year's stocks, creditors and profit and loss account would also be restated, said Mr Sam-There was no material effect on profits earned since October 1991, which were "believed to be in line with the board's

would be £3.5m, leaving a total

of £16.2m. Figures for that

expectations". The tax rebate would benefit cash flow.

antagonise politicians and the electricity industry regulator.

Gardiner accounts 'overstated' by £4.8m

ny's records".

Most of the companies likely to be sold are low-THE SHARE price of Gardiner Group, the UK-based distribumargin businesses like tor of security and surveillance plant hire and office products, plummeted from cleaning.
One analyst said that BET 15%p to 8%p yesterday after the company announced there had been hoping for an upturn had been a £4.8m overstatein the economy which had not ment in the 1991 accounts. Gardiner's directors said they believed "the mis-state-"Not only was the volume not there, but price competi-tion has gone from bad to worse," he said. ment resulted from the deliberate falsification of the compa-

Mr Harvey Samson, who stocks of burglar alarms. The two subsidiaries acquired last year – Multi-Video Distributors and AW Alarm System – took over as finance director in June, said profits had been overstated up to October 1991, but it was not known how far back the problem went. He replaced Mr Ian Nellist, who resigned in January.

Gardiner's shares have fallen from 69p in September last year. The 1990-91 pre-tax profit figure of £6.03m was significantly below City expectations. Mr Samson said the misstated figures mainly related to

year-end stock-taking. Ernst & Young, the group's auditors, had helped quantify the amount involved. Outside accountants would be asked to mount a full investigation.

bring in the necessary experincome was therefore of secondary importance and it might not be possible in future to pursue a consistent dividend

CountyGlen, the Irish property group whose shares are suspended, is still in talks with another party which may or may not lead to an offer for it.

In the year ended April 30 1992 the group incurred a pretax loss of 1£157,000 (1£96,000) after exceptional credits of 2107,000 (£118,000). Losses per

erability of 1£292,000 which is included in debtors.

net assets improve Gartmore European Invest-ment Trust raised net asset

holders that its prime objective was to achieve capital growth-over the longer term. Dividend

TR Property cuts Hit by a severely weak UK

interim dividend

property market, TR Property Investment Trust reported an 18 per cent fall in net asset value per share to 25.34p at September 30, against 30.7p six months earlier. In the light of the difficult

conditions, the interim divi-

dend has been reduced by 33

per cent to 0.4p (0.6p) despite increased earnings per share of 0.5p, against 0.39p last time. Mr Paul Hyde-Thomson chairman, said the dividend decision reflected the board's continuing strategy of ready ing the trust to move swiftly on opportunities once the prop-

erty market allowed. Pre-interest profits rose 48 per cent to £3.64m (£2.46m) mainly due to to the increase in rental flow that offset an expected fall in franked and unfranked dividend income. Pre-tax profits rose 43 per cent

Waterglade plans for reorganisation

After a disappointing year for the property group Waterglade International, which saw pretax losses more than triple to

£18.5m, the new board is well advanced with reorganisation.

Mr David Cunningham, the new chairman, said the plans were aimed at maximising revenue and reducing costs and borrowings. Given the substantial erosion of assets - from £25m to £3.35m over the year - the next stage "must include some form of capital reorganisation" In the year ended March 31

But there was a trading loss of £1.51m (profit £3.43m) offset by rents received maintained at £1.7m. Net interest paid surged to £5.24m (£2.98m). On top of that, exceptional charges totalled £13.26m (£8.35m) including £12.85m (£6.66m) provisions against

developments to account for declining market values. Losses per share in the year were 84.5p (25.8p).

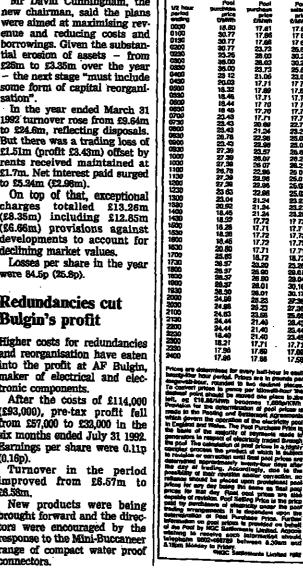
Redundancies cut Bulgin's profit

Higher costs for redundancies and reorganisation have eaten into the profit at AF Bulgin, maker of electrical and electronic components.

After the costs of £114,000 (£93,000), pre-tax profit fell from £57,000 to £32,000 in the six months ended July 31 1992. Earnings per share were 0.11p (0.16p).

Turnover in the period improved from £6.57m to New products were being

brought forward and the directors were encouraged by the response to the Mini-Buccaneer range of compact water proof



include about £14m of excep-tional provisions to cover an BET is likely to report interim City observers are most profits down 44 per cent at increase in the number of disinterested in the progress of a £40m when it reports on Mondisposal programme that Mr The City is expecting the full day, as the business services John Clark, chief executive, group continues to suffer from year dividend to be maintained has flagged as a prerequisite the lack of turnround in the after last year's cut. for a return to a growth However in order for BET to

DIVID	ENDS	ANNO	UNCE	D	
	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
Boscombe Propint	100	-	80		180
City Merch Highint	1.31	Jan 8	-	-	3.25
Gartmore Eurofin		Jan 29	1.1	1.1	1.64
Nat Home Loansfin		-	กน	กเร	3.75
TD December loss int	0.4	ion 11	0.6	_	1.45

The pre-tax profits fall from maintain its practice of paying \$71.5m in the corresponding two thirds of the dividend at

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. fOn increased capital. \$USM stock. \$Makes 6.175p to date. \$For 15 months — includes special 0.5p

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FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

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TRADITIONAL OPTIONS

shown on page 11.

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First Dealings

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For settlement

A Fisher pays £0.85m to ex-chief

ALBERT FISHER, the food processing and distribution group, has paid £852,000 in compensation to Mr Tony Millar, who stepped down in July as executive chairman of the company he built into one of the stockmarket stars of the 1980s, writes Andrew Bolger. Mr Millar, who resigned following pressure from non-exec-utive directors, was on a four

£252,000 in the year to August His departure came after a plunge in the share price and a profits warning, as concern mounted about the acquisitive Mr Millar's ability to manage at a time of faltering growth and a glut of fresh produce in Europe and North America. Last month the group

reported a drop in annual pre-

tax profits from £89m to £52.1m

on flat sales of £1.18bn. The

share price, which fell from 82p

in May to a low of 31p in

August, yesterday rose 4p to

year contract and a salary of

Losses of £854.000

for Ferromet Ferromet Group, ing to provisions on the sale of Benchmark Bank, the loss for USM-quoted metals trader whose 1991 accounts were the year came out at £12.4m heavily qualified by its auditor, Touche Ross, has fallen from pre-tax profits of £414,000 to losses of £854,000 in the six

It has also appointed Mr Phil

Edmonds, the former England Test cricketer, as chief executive. He has committed £100,000 to the company in a loan note, which may be convertible to ordinary shares at a

The group has contracted sharply. In the corresponding six months turnover was £46.4m: this time turnover fell to £6.46m, with continuing activities - Portsmouth Met-als, the Bermuda-based metals trader, and Clogau (Nevada), a gold mine - contributing only £820,000. Pre-tax losses for these businesses were £241,000. Losses per share including discontinued activities came to 0.42p (0.12p excluding discontinued activities) against earnings of 0.14p last time.

maximum price of 1p.

Benchmark losses doubled at £9.5m

cial services group, reported pre-tax losses doubled at £9.5m, against £4.93m, in the year to

respect of leased premises After an unchanged extraordinary charge of £2.71m, relat-

NEWS DIGEST decided that it should become a property investment group.

Benchmark Group, the finan-

June 30. The loss is made up of trading losses of £2.17m (£117,000 profit), provisions against development properties of £3.91m (£4.21m), provisions against investments of £1.7m (£840,000) and provision in

(27.63m). As a result net assets are less than half the called-up share capital. The company said that various options for the future had been examined and it was

(L6p for 15 months including special 0.5p).

The trust reminded share-Discussions were being held to

Turnover was £16.7m (£18.8m). Losses per share were 6.04p (8.42p) after taking into account last year's rights issue. Hong Leung Group has a stake of 48 per cent while Guocco Group holds a further 14.99 per cent.

CountyGlen still engaged in talks

Meanwhile, a circular is being prepared seeking shareholders' support to the sale of the property in Patrick Street.

share came to 6.1p (2.7p). The auditors will qualify the accounts relating to the recov-

Gartmore European

value to 99.4p per share at the end of September 1992, against 94.7p a year earlier. After-tax revenue fell to £165,000, against £384,000 for the previous 15 months, and earnings per share worked through at 0.97p (2.25p). The single final dividend is 1.1p

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COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Ice-cream ambitions take a licking

Peggy Hollinger on the rapid rise and fall of Clarke Foods and its colourful founder

ENRY CLARKE landed in Britain three years ago with a mission. The colourful American, with a flair for promotion, legendary in the ice-cream industry, aimed to teach Britons the delights of quality

mass market ice-cream.

A firm fan of maple walnut, Mr Clarke was horrified to discover most Britons using ice cream as a mere moistener for apple pie.

Yet it was precisely his aim to upgrade British eating habits during a recession, and the manner in which he set out to achieve it, which many cite as a substantial reason for the demise of his company, Clarke Foods.

Nestlé, the Swiss-owned foods giant, earlier this week was able to snap up the assets and business of what had become, in just 20 months, Britain's second largest ice-cream manufacturer. The problems behind Clarke's demise

appear to have been manifold.

They include personality clashes with Mr Clarke, whose impish face and cosy Henry Fonda voice mask an iron will, and inflexible financing arrangements. Finally, sheer bad luck dogged the com-

pany through its most crucial summer. Mr Clarke was known to be a shrewd dealmaker in the US, where he built up two companies covering nursing homes, guns and the inevitable ice cream over some 20 years.

When he was ousted from the second he packed up his family and came to the UK to start again. Here, he and his three sons, Robert, David and Michael, set about building up Clarke Foods from a series of disparate loss-making and largely ignored companies.

Even the most critical industry observers give Mr Clarke credit for making tight deals. For example, in 1991 he swapped a 16.75 per cent stake in his company, Yelverton Investments - then an untried investment vehicle

- for Hillsdown Holdings' ice cream businesses, including the Hortons and Fiesta brands. "He was virtually given the assets,"

said one industry analyst.
When he bought Lyons Maid for £12m, one of Britain's best known icecream's names, Mr Clarke got a discount to offset redundancy payments planned for later in the year.

Yet it was with the Lyons Maid purchase that Mr Clarke's dreams began to melt. Arguments over the use of the Lyons name delayed the deal by five months until February 1992. The delay eventually played a key part in the company's final difficulties, when prob-lems with the installation of equipment dragged on into the crucial summer

Few disputed that Lyons Maid was a golden opportunity. However, many doubted whether the small family-run company could meet the Herculean task thrust upon it. It had to focus on main-



Tony An Henry Clarke: lost his grip on his third company, fighting on too many fronts

rain levels.

competitive.

wettest in 53 years.

cream in February as planned, the fac-tories were not fully operational until the middle of July. By that time,

Britain was being drenched by record

August, normally one of the best

Mr Clarke, who has a home in Flo-

rida, then appeared to make a crucial mistake. He believed that the rain in

Britain could not continue for ever. Fac-

tories worked round the clock to pro-

duce record amounts of ice-cream

Insiders claim Mr Clarke refused to

heed warnings. "He grew increasingly autocratic," said one. "He would not listen to advice, nor to his own manage-

Mr Clarke insisted on carrying out a

£6m advertising campaign over the summer. This included £1m on the

Clarke's premium brand, featuring pho-

tographs of himself and his three sons,

when the product was not getting to the

Industry observers said that at the

very least, the Clarke brand should have been shelved. The premium sector

is minute in the context of the overall

£750m UK ice-cream market and highly

Mr Clarke's sons, however, are proud

which never left the freezers.

months for ice-cream sales, was the

taining the successful turnround of the Hillsdown businesses while reviving the long-ignored Lyons Maid brand

To add to the task, Mr Clarke had his own private agenda. The man credited with transforming a chocolate covered vanilla square into America's best-selling novelty ice-cream, the Klondike bar, he planned to repeat that success in the UK. The launch of the Clarke bar and a take-home premium ice-cream brand under the Clarke's flag, was added to

the timetable. Finally, a mammoth capital investment programme was begun to install high-tech manufacturing equipment.

"He was trying to fight on five fronts

with inadequate financing and marginal resourcing," said Mr Michael Landymore of the company's former brokers, Henderson Crosthwaite. Basically, he wanted to be in Berlin before landing the tanks at Omaha

The fifth front was the longest recession in Britain since the 1930s. "He was also trying to launch a premium brand at a time when the consumer was trading down," another analyst said. "Everything had to go well for him to achieve his tar-

Unfortunately it did not. The installation of the work completed in the rainy days flor of the equipment was plagued by setbacks. Instead of churning out ice

the super human efforts of the union-ised Liverpool factory to save the company. The decision to build stocks was justi-

fied, they said, because Clarke was under pressure to deliver to retailers who had been let down by the long delays and sporadic service in the early summer. And they point to the successful relaunch of Lyons Maid, when accused of ignoring the impulse brands.

Yet without the proper financing the outcome became increasingly inevitable. The company funded its working capital with a restrictive invoice dis counting facility which provided cash only after sales had been achieved.

The drop in demand due to production problems and the wet weather meant Clarke had only used £2.5m of this SBm facility by the time National Westminster called in the receivers in October. The bank's total exposure to Clarke was less than £6m, including a 23m loan which industry observers suggested was secured against a disproportionate amount of collateral. The company's total debts came to about

Approaches in August to convert the facility into an overdraft had been rebulled after six weeks of negotiation, NatWest has been criticised for taking so long at a crucial period and opting for receivership, which meant an asset sale, rather than administration which could have protected shareholders.

owever, the bank says it acted on the advice of professionals. "Clarke's faced acute liquidity problems," it said. "The scale of their

additional needs was very large." Part of the problem seemed to many to be that Clarke owed too little to the bank. "If it had owed £50m, it certainly would have been put into administra-tion," said one company insider. But Mr Clarke himself sees a more

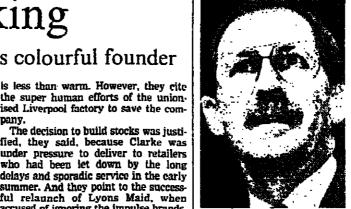
basic flaw contributing to his company's collapse: The simple question of equity. "You can't slug it out with Unilever with only £17m of net worth," he says. We probably needed to raise another £8m, but it would have been better for £15m."

At the end of the day, Mr Clarke has no regrets. He has a different interpre-tation of what many will see as his

"Yes, I could be criticised for trying to do too much," he said, "but we took companies that were an absolute collection of nothing . . . and turned them round.

If Mr Clarke is certain of anything, it is that ice-cream will continue to play a part in his life and that of his family. "We are not leaving the ice-cream business," he said. And just in case you wondered, he plans to stay in the UK as

THE UK SERIES



Geoffrey Shingles: A change in his role at DEC's UK offshoot

Digital seeks a successor to Shingles

By Alan Cane

MR Geoffrey Shingles, who has been at the head of Digital Equipment's UK subsidiary since 1968, announced yester-day that he will give up the role of chief executive from the beginning of next year. But he will continue as chairman, a position he has combined with chief executive

for the past two years.

A successor is now being sought and is expected to be in post by the middle of next year. Mr Shingles, 53, said the company was starting with no preconceived ideas about his replacement, who could come from within the company or from outside. But it was likely that the eventual choice would have extensive operation experience with a modern, high

technology industry.

Mr Shingles is the longestserving head of any large UK information technology com-

His change of role is the latest in a series of senior man-agement changes, including the retirement of founder and chairman Mr Kenneth Olsen and the resignation of European head Mr Pier Carlo Falotti, which are reshaping Digi-

tal Equipment world-wide. Mr Shingles said his move had been planned for some time and was not a disappointed reaction to the appointment of Mr Richard Poulsen as head of Europe.
As chairman he intends to

concentrate on developing relationships with Digital's customers in industry and Government.

Improvement in North America props Electrolux

n Stockholm

ELECTROLUX, the Swedish white goods manufacturer, said profits after financial items fell to SKr736m (\$112.7m) in the first nine months from SKr890m in the same period a

year ago. The result would have been 4 per cent higher if the 1991 fig-ure had not been inflated by SKr184m in capital gains. Rationalisation and

upswing in North America has helped the group offset the impact of weak demand in key European markets. Sales for the nine months fell

to SKr58.9bn from SKr59.8bn. Operating income after depreciation dropped to SKr1.89bn from SKr2.12bn, which the group blamed on the weaker performance of its commercial appliance and industrial product operations.

In the third quarter, the group recorded a SKr22m loss, SKr5m less than in the same 1991 three months.

The period saw intensified competition and reduced sales in Europe, particularly in the Nordic countries, in Germany demand for white goods remained strong, but it declined in other product

On prospects, the group commented: "High interest rates, restrained investment and consumption, and general uncertainty about the future will involve a continued weakening of the market situation in

Europe. "However,a continued but slow improvement in business conditions is expected in North America."

The group noted that changes in European currency rates would improve its long-term competitive position.

PepsiCo sells stake in Italian snacks venture

By Nikki Tait in New York

PEPSICO, the US soft drinks, food and restaurants group, said yesterday that it was selling its 49 per cent stake in an Italian salty snacks joint venture company, PIA, back to the

majority owner, SME.

The US group gave "differences in philosophy" over investment strategies for PAI

as the reason for the sale. No figure was disclosed for the price at which SME, the Italian state-controlled food retailing and catering group, is buying out the interest, although PepsiCo said it would make a "small gain on the transaction".

Some Italian press reports suggested that the price was around L20bn (\$14.5m). The venture, formed in 1987, produced a mixture of PAI brands of potato chips and corn snacks, and PepsiCo

snack brands, like Cheetos, a cheese-flavoured nibble, and BocaBits, a wheat-based product. Explaining the split in

PepsiCo said that it viewed the Italian market as "one of great

opportunity".
The US company said it would plough ahead with the marketing of its own brands in Italy, and introduce several new products via its snack food joint venture with General Mills, another large US

food company.
• IRI, Italy's largest state holding company, said its board would meet today to decide the future of food group SME, which is expected to be privatised, at least partially,

Reuter reports from Rome. SME's stock was suspended last Monday by the bourse authorities pending an announcement by IRI. The stock has soared in recent weeks on speculation the whole group might be sold by public offer.

But the Italian Treasury Ministry recommended in a report released on Thursday that the food group be sold in parts rather than as a whole to bring in more money.

IT-SE Actuaries Share Indices **ECONOMIC DIARY**

TODAY: Group of Fifteen summit meeting in Dakar. environment and development issues.

TOMORROW: Elections in Peru for an assembly to rewrite the constitution. **MONDAY:** Engineering sales

and orders at current and constant prices (September). Balance of payments current account and overseas trade figures (October). European Community finance ministers meet in Brussels, Provisional agenda includes rela-tions with the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) and eastem Europe. European Fisheries ministers meet in mons debates the sale of arms to Irag. Mr Suleyman Demirel Turkish prime minister, visits London for talks on bilateral ties and interna-

tional issues. TUESDAY: US durable goods (October). European Community industrial affairs council meets in Brussels. United States hands back final military base to the Philippines. Strike threatened on the London Underannual dinner.

WEDNESDAY: New construction orders (September-provisional). US real GDP (preliminary release - third quarter), import/export prices (October). Ireland holds general election and referendum on lifting blanket ban on abortion, Partial privatisation of Portuguese reinsurance company COSEC.

THURSDAY: Energy trends (September). New vehicle registrations (October). Financial Times holds conference "Financial Reporting

In the UK" in London. FRIDAY: Inland Revenue statistics 1992. Confederation of British Industry monthly trends enquiry (November). US jobless claims, personal income (October). European Community foreign and finance ministers hold joint "conclave" to prepare for Euro-

pean Council meeting.

QUITY GROUPS	Fri	day I	Novem	ther 2	6 TQ	92	Thu	Wed Nov	Tue Nov	Year ago			High	c and	Lows Index		
				6			19	18	17	(approx)			man	<i>-</i> and	COM3 HIGEX		
SUB-SECTIONS			Est. Earnings	Gross Div.	Est. P/E										-	ince	
gures in parentheses show	Index		Yield %	Yield%	Raclo	zd adj. 1992	Index	Index	Index	Index			92		. Comp	ilation	
mber of stocks per section	No.	Change %	(Max.)	(Act at (25%)	(Net)	to date	No.	No.	No.	No.	His	4	<u>ا</u>	PM .	Kigh	Law	
CAPITAL GOODS (174)	779.05	+0.7	7.25	5.50	17.99	29.69	773.91	774.33	771_48	756.45	929.04	20/5	664.23	9 19	1038.07 16/7 /87	50.71 13/	12/7
Building Materials (23)	788.41	+0.3	6.57	6.93	21.68	35.83	786.43	782.36	768.87	923.18	1121.52	11/5	617.65	9 19	1381.08 16/7 /87		
Contracting, Construction (26).	664.52	-0.4	4.17	7.46	65.01	37.38	667.05			1012.80	1069.64	11/5	485.72	9 19	1951.50 16/7 /87		
	2176.39	+0.8	7.72	6.91	16.94				2142.36		2758,50	22/5	1874.89	20/10	3040.80 8 /9 /89		
	2168,73 248,93	+0.3 -0.5	7.04	3.94	18.06 8.95	50.14 15.92	2152.29 250.29	2181,63 256,21	2167.00 255.13		2193.50 406.10	12/11 20/5	1655.93	13/1	2308.22 19/5 /89		
Engineering-Aerospace (6). Engineering-General (43)	453.28	+13	14.22 8.80	9.43 5.20	14.51	16.58	47.63	444.27	443.25	460.61	567.62	20/5 20/5	248.93 409.31	20/11	502.42 13/6 /90		
Metals and Metal Forming (7).	278.26	10.2	6.14	4.61	23.71	8.52	277.79	271.58	270.93		379.31	2013 1815	255.51	9 19	567.62 20/5 /92 596.67 9 /10/87		
Motors (15)	328.00	+0.4	6.20	7.17	23.52		326.60		319 68		403.06	21/5	274.42	1/9	411.42 13/10/87		
	1784.73	+1.2	6.99	4.69	17.30				1776.84		1906.65	11/5	1480.17	9 79	1906.65 11/5 /92		
	1681.43	10.7	6.92	3.46	17.92			1665.34			1761.38	11/5	1446.17	25/8	1761.38 11/5 /92		
Brewers and Distillers (25)		+1.6	8.27	3.68	14.60			1962.55			2278.85	11/5	1812 14	5 /10	2278.85 11/5 /92		
Food Manufacturing (19),		10.2	8.46	4.25	14.69				1252.40		1327.80	11/5	1064.95	10/9	1327.80 11/5 /92		
Food Retailing (18)		+0.2	8.70	3.15	14.92			2931,99			2998.16	18/5	2293.80	10/1	2998.16 18/5 /92		
Health and Household (26)		+1.2	5.04	2.57	23.04			4341.75			46.54.94	14/1	3649.63	26/8	4654.94 14/1 /92	175.38 28/	_
Hotels and Leisure (18) . J		+1.0	6.76	5.87	19.46		1150.29		1147.51		1450.36	13/5	898.80	16/9	1845.77 8 /9 /89		
	1669.45		5.98	3.17	20.89			1655.12			1721 09	11/5	1376.55	25/8	1721.09 11/5 /92	1166.91 16/	
Packaging, Pager & Printing (17)	734.86	-0.3	7.11	4.43	17.45	24.01	736.75	735.01	729.38	736.46	875.53	13/5	633.17	16/9	875.53 13/5 /92		
Stores (33)	1073.38	+0.1	6.80	3.37	19.46	26.40	1072.61		1065.02	978.01	1135.66	27/4	907.08	25,6	1160.58 29/7 /87		
Textiles (9)	702.39	-0.7	6.75	4.37	18.64	21.09	707.54	707.41	700.27	625.89	756.70	8 /5	551.94	25/8	914.52 2 /10/87		
OTHER GROUPS (1.16)	1388,00	+0,6	8.81	4.93	14.14	41.46	1379.70	1376.88	1366 77	1192.46	1388.00	20/11	1140.56	3 /4	1388.00 20/11/92	58.63 6 /	11
Business Services (1.8)	1422.37	+0,9	6.23	3.58	19.67		1416.18		1421.39		1511.16	11/5	1160.34	1 /9	1511.16 11/5 /92	892.28 1 /	
Chemicals (22) Conglomerates (10)	1348.16	+1.0	6.78	5.44	18.65			1340.51			1629.99	8 /5	1243.05	1 /9	1629.99 8 /5 /92	71.20 1 /	12/
Conglomerates (10)	1328.92	+0.8	8.67	8.28	14.76		1318.08		1331.00		1509.94	11/5	1087 92	5 19	1819.46 11/8 /89	975.19 10/	11,
Transport (13)	2559.04	+1.4	8.88	4.64	13.49			2496.53			2790.11	20/5	2133.26	26/8	2790.11 20/5 /92		
Electricity (16)	L566.03 J	-0.2	13.36	4.73	9.63		1569.04		1532.09		1569.04	19/11	1044.63	7 4	1569.04 19/11/92	994.96 7 [1/
Telephone Networks(4)		+0.4	8.14	4,19	15,97		1617.85		1612.94		1623.65	20/11	1274.20	3 /4	[1658 67 2 /10/91	517.92 30/	
Water(11)		-0,1	13.62	5.23	8,12			3322.72			3357.97		2140.95	8 /4	3357.97 11/11/92		
	2395.51	+1.1	5.88	4.21	21.03			2363.78			2395.51	20/11	1770.94	3 /1	2395.51 20/11/92	60.39 6	7 (
INDUSTRIAL GROUP (482).	1 <u>361.52</u>	+0.7	7.61	4.29	16.46			1349.99			1427.97	11/5	1168.49	1 /9	1427.97 11/5 /92	59.01 13/	12/
Oll & Gas (18)	2169.87	+1.5	6.15	5.97	21.37	102.73	2137.76	2143.06	2139.60	2301.17	2226.66	2 Л	1756.72	7 /8	2528.70 3 /8 /90	87 23 29/	15 A
500 SHARE INDEX (500).	1436.67	+0.7	7.46	4,47	16.86	43.43	1426.04	1423.92	1413.92	1322.89	1493 99	11/5	1228.86	26/8	1493.99 11/5 /92		
FINANCIAL GROUP (82) .	848.69	+1,1		5.17	_	31.47	839.82	840.47	829.30	727 E4	854.29	10/11	631.13	25/8	896.67 13/10/87		
	1175.03	177	5.23	4,74	28.63				1142.11	866.86	1205.51	10/11	790.95	3 /4	1205 51 10/11/92		
	1691.43	111	اکت ا	5.37	20.62			1677.20			1691.43	20/11	1243.61	6 /4	1691.43 20/11/92		
(nsurance (Composite) (7).	614.72	74.5	<u>-</u>	4.90	_	22.58	615.04	609.24	595.71	526.10	615.04	19/11	418.66	27/7	768.11 29/12/89	43.96 13/	
insurance (Brokers) (10)	709.80	+13	8.83	7.54	15.28	42.23	700.59	700.76			1031.35	27/1	527.43	25/8	1399.56 17/7 /87	65.86 167	
Merchant Banks (6)	460.84	-02	===	4.96		16.75	461.71	462.50	458 73	474.61	521.89	22/5	395.41	28/8	547.59 12/10/87		
Merchant Banks (6)	616.02	-0.1	9.19	6.87	14.26	24.94	616.83	614.06	617.23	867.90	799.69	20/1	464.71	1916	1398.87 5 /9 /89	56.01 20/	
Other Financial (14)	263.86		7.53	6.33	17.45	10.24	263.86	263.79	264 77		271.79	26/5	215.81	2 /9	603.48 16/7 /87		
	1259.82	+0.7	 	3.54	-				1236.08	1163.58	1273.08	11/5	1024.12	25/8	1323 81 4 /1 /90		_
Investment Trusts (69)		TU./		بد.د		JU.44	اكانك	10.10		1107.70	4613.VU	-45-	100,112	42/0	17 1 4 10 CPCT		4

<u>-</u>			FT	ACT	UAR	E	S FIXED INTE	RE	ST IN	IDIC	ES		
	PRICE	MDICE	5				AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS		Fri Nov 20	Thu Nov 19	Year ago (approx.)	19 High	92 Low
	Fri Nov 20	Day's change %	Thu Nov 19	Accrued Interest		ΙŽ	British Government Low 5 years Coupons 15 years (0%-73, %) 20 years		7.08 8.25 8.51	7.85 8.23 8.50	8.80 9.65 9.65	18.83 15/9 9,72 1 /4 9.72 1 /4	6,80 9 /11 8.06 12/11 8.34 12/11
British Severament 1 Up to 5 years (22) 2 5-15 years (25) 3 Over 15 years (3) 4 Irredectables (6)	145.63 152.20 170.93	-0.19 +6.22	128.69 145.75 152.49 170.55	2.25 2.49 2.72 0.90	10.99 11.85 10.57 13.45	4 5 6 7 8 9	20 years 15 years 16 % - 10 % 20 years 15 years 18 % - 10 % 20 years 15 years 15 years 15 years 15 years 10 years 15 years 11 % - 10 % -		7.43 8.73 8.91 7.67 9.00 9.09	7.41 8.70 8.89 7.63 9.00 9.09 8.87	9.97 9.79 9.74 10.17 9.88 9.79 9.83	7.72 1 14 9.82 1 14 9.82 1 14 9.76 1 14 10.50 1 14 9.96 1 14 9.90 5 10 9.92 2 14	8.34 12/11 7.11 11/11 8.47 11/11 8.71 12/11 7.35 9 /11 8.76 11/11 8.87 11/11 8.69 11/11
5 All stocks (61) Index-Linked 6 Up to 5 years (2) 7 Over 5 years (10) 8 All stocks (12)	184.37 167.32	+0.10 -0.09	184,19 167,46 168,51	0.56 1.15 1.07	3.68 4.04 3.96	12	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Up to ! Inflation rate 5% Over 5 Inflation rate 10% Up to 5 Inflation rate 10% Over 5	yrs Yrs	2.37 3.77 1.54 3.59	2.38 3.76 1.54 3.57	3.82 4.25 3.17 4.07	5.06 16/9 4.76 16/9 4.23 16/9 4.56 16/9	2.25 11/11 3.67 30/10 1.50 13/11 3.49 30/10
9 Delis & Lazas (62)			123,48	2.52	10.48		Delas & 5 year Leagus 1,5 year . 25 year	S	8.86 9.89 10.07	8.82 9.87 10.06	11.59 11 40 11.22	11.51 6 /4 11.22 6 /4 11.02 6 /4	8.40 12/11 9.48 11/11 9.93 11/11

•	Equity section or prouge - Base date Bisca value Equity section or group Base data Base value Equity section or group Base date Base raige
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- 1	Business Services 31/12/90 999.65 Telephone Networks 30/11/84 517.92 Food Manufacturing 29/12/67 114.13
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7	Electricity 31/12/90 999.65 Electronics 30/12/83 1646.65 Food Retailing 29/12/87 114,13 Media 11/12/90 1298.68 Other Industrial Materials 31/12/80 27.41 Insurance Roberts 29/12/87 96.67
'. I	
/	Media 31/12/90 1229.68 Other industrial Materials 31/12/80 287.41 Insurance Brokers 29/12/67 96.57 Engineering - Aerospace 29/12/89 486.00 Health/Nousision/Products 30/12/77 261.77 All Other 10/4/62 100.00 Engineering - General 29/12/89 486.00 Other Groups 31/12/74 63.75 British Government 31/12/75 100.00
. 1	Engineering General 29/12/89 486.00 Other Groups 31/12/74 63.75 British Government 31/12/75 100.00
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9 1	Concloration 31/19/94 1114 07 Other Financial
- 1	The FT- Actuaries All Share Index is calculated by the Financial Times Limited in conjunction with the institute of Actuaries. The Financial Times Limited 1992, All Rights reserved
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ιI	The FT-SE 100, FT-SE 250 and the FT-SE Actuaries 300 Indices, the FT-SE Actuaries industry Baskets and the FT-Actuaries All-Share Index are members of the FT-SE Actuaries Share
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- 1	Umited.CONSTITUENT CHANGE: DELETIONS: Ansbacher (Henry) (68), Drayton Consolidated (71).

LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS CALLS PUTS New Feb May Mer Feb May Option CALLS PUTS Bec Mar Jun Dec Mar Jun Brit. Tetroom 390 9 20 30 3 17 21 KSBC 75p 45 500 42 65 70 10 24 37 (*3%)6; 420 1 9 17 25 36 39 (*331) 550 14 38 47 34 49 64 460 35 45 53 10 16 24 P4501 460 4 22 27 13 25 36 **287! 300 8 16 22 18 27 39 500 13 24 32 33 35 45 R Royce 590 46 62 70 1½ 10 20 Scat Power 220 12 16½ 20 3½ 8½ 10½ 550 5 50 40 14 31 39 F227 227 240 3½ 7½ 12 15 19 22 Hasson 220 6 13 17 1½ 9½ 12½ Forts 160 22 32 35 5 12 19 1224) 240 1 5 9½ 16 22 25 (2126) 180 10 20 25 14 20 30 CASE 1 Com Union 550 50 60 69 11 23 31 (*582) 600 21 31 43 33 49 57 Pillanguar 70 12 17 22 11 6 8 Wellscore 1000 55 95 138 28 53 70 C74) 80 5 12 16 5 12 14 Grand Met. 390 38 42 52 10 16 22 (414) 420 18 24 36 25 32 36 Predental 280 8 20 24 3 12 19 (728a) 300 1½ 11 15 17 23 31 Scot & New 390 21 34 42 2 14 19 (*411.) 420 3 16 25 13 31 34 Testo 200 20 27 33 1½ 6 10 Sep (*238) 240 3½ 15 20 6½ 15 19 PUTS 360 14 26 30 11 23 27 390 4 13 18 32 42 46 Blue Directe 160 20 32 36 6 16 22 (*173) 180 10 22 26 16 25 33 Brit Aero 130 8 24 28 7 18 28 (*132) 140 4 19 24 12 34 34 GILT EDGED ACTIVITY FT FIXED INTEREST INDICES Year Nov 20 Nov 19 Nov 16 Nov 17 Nov 16 ago High "Low" Gov18ecs(UK) 93.96 94.05 94.06 94.06 94.01 85.58 95.54 85.11 Fixed Interest 108.92 108.98 109.01 109.30 109.42 95.42 110.26 97.15 2142 238.8 262.3 185.3 185.9 214.3 for 1992. Government Securities high since complation; 127.40 (W1/45) , low 49 18 (3/1/5) Fixed interest high since compilation (10.25 (12/1/92), low 50 53 (3/1/75) Basis 100 (Government Socurities 16/1/676 Fixed Interest 1933)

TRADITIONAL OPTION 3-month call rates

Lloyds Bank 34 Lonhro 8

Marks Spencer .. 25

ICI

Ladbroke

Reed Intl 42 Sears 7

SmKi Bchm A . . 34 Ti 28

TSB 11½ Teaco 17

Thorn EMI 58

MEPC

■ OILS

BP 22 Burmah Castrol , 56

Conrey Pet 6

MINDUSTRIALS P

Astec (BSR) ... 312 BAT inds 60

Barclays Blue Circle

Cadburys

GKNGen Accident ...

56 GEC

Comm Union 42

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Hoechst profits down 19% | Taking a as dollar fall cuts turnover

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

PRE-TAX profits at Hoechst, the German chemicals group, fell 19 per cent in the first nine months of this year to DM1.54bn (\$960m), compared with DM1.9bn in 1991 and DM2.5bn in the previous year.

A "summer recession" set in at the start of the third quarter, continued into the autumn and there is still no end in sight, Mr Wolfgang Hilger, chairman, said yesterday. The results, following news

of a 45 per cent profits fall at BASF, further highlighted the impact of international and now domestic economic weak ness on Germany's leading companies.

Hoechst shares gained on the news, which was not as bad as expected, and closed in Frank-furt DM1.40 higher at

The company's fortunes were saved from a more dramatic plunge by its strong pharmaceuticals business, which accounts for about half its garnings and is less prone to



Wolfgang Hilger: Prospects dimmed by falling demand

violent cyclical swings. With 75 per cent of sales overseas, the group was also less affected than BASF by the sudden downturn in the domestic market in the third quarter.

Even so, Hoechst could not escape the effects of exchange rate changes. The effective devaluation of the US dollar against the D-Mark was responsible for the lion's share of the DM770m turnover fall in the third quarter, Mr Hilger

Group sales, down 7 per cent in the three months to end-September, were 2 per cent lower after nine months at DM11.9bn. Cost-cutting programmes, including plans for job losses "in three figures" next year, are under way. One important move, announced yesterday the merger of Hoechst's PVC activities with those of Wacker-Chemie - could save DM50m a year, Mr Hilger

Hoechst, which owns 50 per cent of Wacker, has suffered badly from worldwide depression in the PVC business. But Mr Hilger believed the deal, which would create a company with a 10 per cent share of west European capacity, would help improve competitiveness. According to Mr Hilger, pros-

pects have been dimmed by falling demand. Orders on hand at the end of October were 15 per cent lower than a year earlier, he said. Results for the last three months of the year would be "virtually the same" as in the third quarter.

at Ft2.72bn (\$33m). The managers of the offering are placing 30-40 per cent of Pick with institutions in the US, the UK and Germany. It is matched by an allocation of 10-15 per cent for Hungarian cash investors and a further 20 per cent to be distributed over time in exchange for "compensation

slice of

salami

in Budapest

By Nicholas Denton

Hungarian

HUNGARY has launched the

privatisation and stock-market flotation of Pick Szeged in the

hope investors will extend

their taste for public offerings

to the company's famous spicy

James Capel, the UK broker-

age which has advised on and managed the transaction,

issue was fully underwritten

and that the international part

of the placement was comfort-

ably oversubscribed. Members of the syndicate for

the Hungarian offering, for

which subscription begins on November 27, said initial indi-

cations of domestic demand

(\$14.45) per share represents a ratio to prospective 1992 earn-

ings of 7.8, compared with a

Hungarian market norm of

11-12, and values the company

The placing price of Ft1,200

were also encouraging.

The state plans to retain a 5 per cent stake and veto rights over the use of the Pick trademark. The remaining shares will be distributed among Pick's two primary creditor banks, local authorities and

The Pick launch marks a revival of privatisation flotations after a drought of more than a year. Subscription for Pick shares will be followed three days later by that for Danubius

Hotels, one of Hungary's three of miniature bearings saw conlarge hotel chains. solidated losses of Y4.9bn Brokers say both issues have (\$39.8m) on the pre-tax level for to overcome the aversion to the 12 months to September. Hungarian flotations among investors who were burnt by the collapse in the share price Y13.6bn after special losses.

James Capel executives say

ers have carefully prepared to settle a patent dispute over the after-market to prevent a spike in the share price, and Pick is widely regarded as one of Hungary's most promising

Competition eats into NTT earnings basic subscription charge By Charles Leadbeater communications market. to cuts by its smaller competiwould be reviewed in Febru-Pre-tax profits fell to Y105bn (\$853m) on a 0.5 per cent fall in NTT's results were also hurt

sales to Y2,963bn. The compa-

ny's after-tax profits dropped

from Y69bn in the first half of

last year to Y45bn in the first

Non-operating income fell by Y6bn to Y32bn. The company

was unable to cut its operating

costs, which rose by Y31bn to

The turnover of dial tele-phone services fell by 5.9 per

cent to Y1,253bn partly because

NTT had to cut its long dis-

tance call charges in response

half of this year.

Y2.751bn_

in Tokyo.

THE DOWNTURN in the Japanese economy, combined with intensitying competition, has forced Nippon Telegraph and Telephone into a 21 per cent decline in pre-tax profits for the six months to the end of September.

NTT said yesterday its income from dial charges had been slashed to maintain market share against mounting competition from a range

Japan's liberalised tele-

A RADICAL restructuring programme at Ricoh, the office equipment maker, was the main factor behind a threefold increase in its operating profits despite the slowdown in the

Japanese economy. The sharp improvement in Ricoh's financial performance in the midst of the downturn is testimony to the effort it has devoted to cutting costs. Most Japanese manufactur-

ers - burdened by high fixed costs of heavy investment in the late 1980s and unwilling to cut swiftly into employment costs - have seen their profits fall sharply as revenues have declined

But Ricoh's restructuring. one of the most radical yet attempted by a Japanese company since the economy began to slow, has reduced the ratio

MINEBEA, a leading Japanes

machinery maker, posted its

first loss since it was founded in 1951, following heavy losses

it its semiconductor subsidiary

The world's foremost maker

After-tax losses mounted to

By Emiko Terazono

NMB Semiconductor.

By Charles Leadbeater

of manufacturing costs to sales by 1.8 per cent. The ratio of selling and general expenses to sales fell from 25 per cent in the first half of 1991 to 22.7 per cent in the six months to the end of this September.

Most Japanese manufacturers which have announced their interim results recently have complained they were unable to restrain cost

However, several other manufacturers - such as Fujitsu, Honda and Sony - have also announced restructuring plans designed to cut costs and improve profitability. Ricoh's operating profits rose to Y3.85bn (\$31.3m) in the six

months to the end of September from Y1.18bn in the first

half of last year But pre-tax profits fell by 37 per cent to Y4.4bn from Y7bn last year, largely because suc-

Minebea posts its first-ever loss

Y276.6bn.

Sales fell 3.4 per cent to

ket. Overall special losses

surged 146.9 per cent to Y7.2bn.

Losses on inventory liquida-

tion rose 43.1 per cent to

Y2.4bn, while those on asset

stock market to boost earnings

in the 1980s, but the stock mar-

ket slump forced it to book

Olympus in Y4.2bn patent payment to Honeywell

The company relied on the

sales totaled Yibn.

NMB posted losses of Y12.4bn due to heavy competi-tion in the semiconductor marcessive interest rate cuts reduced its interest income by 43 per cent to Y6.5bn.

by the demerger in July of its

profitable mobile telephone

Mr Masashi Kojima, NTT's

president said the company

would respond by cutting costs

and by marketing recently

developed network services to

domestic subscribers, such as

call forwarding and credit card

Mr. Kojima said further

cuts in NTT's long distance rates were unlikely,

but other charges such as its

services.

gins, reducing its pre-tax profits by a further Y1.3bn. After-tax profits were 56.5 per cent down at Y2.04bn. Turnover was 0.7 per cent up at Y336bn. A 3.6 per cent

ncrease in sales of copiers was partly offset by a fall in sales of information and optical equipment, especially in export markets. A reorganisation of the overseas sales network helped to expand export sales of facsim-

ile machines by more than 10 per cent.

Ricoh said it hoped to increase its share of the Japanese copier market through a new range of digital copiers.

losses on holdings. Losses on

securities sales totalied Y45m.

while appraisal losses on secu-

rities holdings increased 73 per

On a non-consolidated basis.

Minebea reported a sales drop

of 3.4 per cent to Y200.8bn, while pre-tax profits plunged

45.4 per cent to Y8.2bn, and

after-tax profits fell 63.8 per cent to Y2.7bn. Next year,

Minebea expects consolidated

pre-tax profits of Y5bn on a 2.2

cent to Y2.9bn.

per cent sales rise.

Kyocera Restructuring raises Ricoh margin slips 30.1% on sluggish The company said the yen's appreciation against the dollar had also affected its profit mardemand

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

Turnover of the group's gen-

eral telephone services fell by

Y36bn to Y2,383bn, largely

reflecting lower charges and

reduced usage. Sales of its pocket pager

services, widely used by businesses were also

However, other parts of

NTT's business, including

leased circuits for private use

and directory services,

increased their turnover mark-

AN LIMITORS

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THE NEED

TOO HOUSE ENGINE

FARFENCES.

PART PATES CASL SAESTING

HEY MARKETS

Mark future

KYOCERA, the leading Japanese maker of ceramic packages for integrated circuits, suffered a 30.1 per cent earnings fall due to sluggish lemand and foreign exchange

Consolidated pre-tax profits for the first half to September fell to Y24bn (\$195m) from Y34.4bn the previous year. Sales declined 6.9 per cent to Y215.5bn, while after-tax profits fell 23.9 per cent to Y12bn.

Kyocera's profits were hurt
by foreign exchange losses
totalling Y1.9bn due to appreciation of the yen. Sluggish demand from vehicle manufacturers and office equipment nanufacturers also hit sales. The electronic parts division saw a 1.1 fall in sales to components sales plunged 14.7 per cent to Y47.6bn. Electronic

equipment sales also declined, by 11.1 per cent to Y28.6bn. On a parent company basis. Kyocera suffered a 16.3 per cent fall in pre-tax profits to Y18.3bn, while sales fell 9.1 per cent to Y148.1bn.

For the full year to March. Kyocera hopes to boost profits on sales of its new printer and new mobile telephones.

Monsanto unit to cut 3,200 jobs

By Karen Zagor in New York

MONSANTO, the US chemicals group, yesterday disclosed an extraordinary after-tax charge of \$425m, or about \$3.45 a share, against fourth-quarter earnings and substantial job cuts at its Searle pharmaceuti-

its shares were halted on the news. The stock, last quoted down \$1/4 at \$55%, has fallen from a high of \$71% in the last 52 weeks, largely reflecting concern about Searle's perfor-

Mr Richard Mahoney, chairman, said the company was responding to a fiercely com-

consumers worldwide demanding dramatically lower prices for products and services. "In our view, these condi-tions are a permanent shift in requirements rather than simply a reflection of currently depressed economic condi-

The latest move follows Monsanto's \$1.275bn sales of its Fischer Controls valve and systems subsidiary in August and two large restructurings in

the 1980s. Monsanto will cut about 3,200 jobs, mainly at Searle

petitive environment, with drugs to market. Its operating income dropped to \$23m in the first nine months from \$84m last year, with operating losses in the first half of this year. Searle will sell and consolidate facilities, sell assets and

reduce marketing, administra-tion and technical expenses. Monsanto's other operating units will refocus research pro-grammes, consolidate some manufacturing capacity and assets. There will also be costcutting at the corporate level. Monsanto said it expects its

cost-cutting measures to generwhose earnings have been hurt by the steep costs of bringing at pre-tax savings of year, starting in 1994. ate pre-tax savings of \$200m

bank, but it would not say

what its investigation of BBL's

intends to hold on to its BBL

to try to conclude an agree-ment with BBL whereby the

Belgian bank would sell insur-

ance policies written by ING, in line with ING's strategy of

combining banking and insur-

COCOA - London FOX

The Dutch group, which

would have been.

finances had revealed.

what its proposed lower bid of Ibusz, the travel agency ING said it and BBL had diswhich was the first Hungarian state company to go public, in agreed on the value of certain assets held by the Belgian

Pick differs because the government is firmly behind the flotation and has granted a 10 per cent discount to small In addition, the lead-manag-

> an automatic focus optical lens for cameras. dispute, one of several that

The company announced earlier this year it had settled the last year.

OLYMPUS, the leading

Japanese camera maker, yes-terday disclosed it had paid

the US high technology group,

pursued against Japanese cam-era manufacturers over their recently introduced automatic-

main factors behind Olympus' Y275m after-tax loss for the six months to the end of September. It made an after-tax profit of Y3.7bn in the same period

181,311 lots otal daily turnover 18,708 lots

(Prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading

1184-5

Olympus' pre-tax profits fell

Honeywell has successfully by 41.4 per cent for the first Y6.8bn. A rise in financial half of the financial year to Y4.2bn, higher than its earlier estimates largely due to its

efforts to cut costs. to Y94bu, led by higher sales in Japan of a new camera with a panoramic lens, and medical

camera sales. A cost-cutting drive helped to limit the drop in operating

profits to a 1.5 per cent fall to

costs, related to Olympus' bond issues to raise additional capital, were the main reason for the fall in pre-tax profits.

audio equipment manufacturer, reported a 41 per cent fall in interim pre-tax profits to Yi.8bn, on a 4.9 per cent increase in turnover in the first half of the

Relief at BBL bid collapse

By Ropald van de Krol

SHARES in Internationale Nederlanden Groep (ING), the Dutch banking and insurance group, rose yesterday as investors registered relief at news on Thursday night that the company had abandoned plans to bid for Relgium's cooks largest bank, Banque Bruxelles Lambert (BBL).

which would have valued BBL at BFr63.6bn (\$2.0bn), was regarded by some Dutch analysts as expensive sure on ING's profits. However, the collapse of the bid is also a blow to INC's strategy of carving out a second home market in Bel-

The bid unravelled after ING lowered its offer after examining BBL's books. In September, ING, which BBL, indicated it would be

willing to pay up to BFr 3,600 a

shares, provided that it was

able to secure a total stake of at least 51 per cent. It declined to say yesterday

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

4, 99.7% purity (\$ per tonne

Cash 1152.5-3.5 1159.5-9.5 3 months 1186-7 1182-3

WEEKLY PRICE CHANGES	Late price		hange n week	Year ago	High 1992	Low 1992
Gold per tray oz.	\$336		.10	\$368.45	\$359.40	
Silver Per troy oz	249.		5.0	231.15p	249.50p	
Aluminium 99.7% (ca			1.5	\$1114.5	\$1339.0	
Copper Grade A (cas			19.5	£1317	£1418.0	
Lead(cash)	£305 \$540		12.5	\$285.5 \$7090	\$383.5 \$8195.0	\$278.50 \$5315
Nickel (cash)	3340 \$104		2.5 27.5	5/090 51182	\$1457.5	
Zinc SHG (cash) Tin (cash)	\$567		15	\$5530	\$7115.0	
Cocoa Futures (Mar)	£744			£759	£751	2523
Coffee Futures (Jan)	\$968		ğ	£598	\$1013	\$676
Sugar (LDP Raw)	\$221		6	\$218.8	5272.6	\$193
Barley Futures (Jan)	£131		1.15	£118.85	£131.80	
Whoat Futures (Jan)	£133		1 20	\$123.85	£133.75	
Cotton Outlook A Inde			080	63.00c	65.90c	52.25c
Wool (6-is Super)	4200		4	398o	4800	364p
			0.275	\$20,225	\$21.30	
Oil (Brent Bland) Per loone unless otherwise	\$19.					\$17.00
Oil (Brent Bland) Per loane unless otherwise	e stated PUre		ance/ig c	Conty Ib a	Ján.	
Oil (Brent Blond) Per loane unless otherwise Ondon Mar	e stated PUre		ance/ig c		Ján.	\$17.00
Oil (Brent Bland) Per loane unless otherwise	e stated PUre		SUGAR	- Londo	n FOX	(S per to
Oil (Brent Blond) Per loane unless otherwise Ondon Mar	kets		SUGAR	cents lb &	n FOX	(S per lo
Oil (Brent Blond) Per loane unless observis Ondon Mar POT MARKETS	kets	+ or -	SUGAR Raw Doc	- Londo	n FOX	(\$ per to

London Mai	kets		RADUE	- Londo	n FOX	(S per tonn
IPOT MARKETS			Rave	Closa	Provious	High/Low
rude oil (per parrel FQSI).	Jan)	+ or •	Doc May	196 00 197.00	196 00	195 00 196.60
lubal	\$17.25-7.350	- 025	White	Ciose	Previous	
Frent Bland (duted)	\$19 45-9.50					
Brent Blend (Jani)	\$13 35-9 40		Mar	255 80	256 30	256 60 255 40
VTI (1 pm est)	\$20 56-0 60u	-075	May Aug	258 50 264 50	259.00 264.80	258.50 257.90 264.00
All products			Oct	252.90	253 20	253.00 252.50
NVE prompt delivary per	tonno CIF		Doc	253 40	230 20	253.00
neit brought neisery her	·	+ or -			/15 /	of 50 torines.
remium Gasoline Jas Oil	\$206-200 \$191-182	.1	White Si		Parss- Whi	te (FFr per tonne
leovy Funt Ort Japhtha	\$91-92 \$188-187	-15	CRUDE	OIL - IP	WE	\$/barr
ciroleum Argus Estimates		3		Lalos	1 Previou	us High/Low
ther		+ or -	Jan	19 49	19 34	19.49 19.27
	\$135.06	+ 2 20	Feb	13.46	19 32	19.41 19.23
ioid (per troy gzi	\$336.35	+25	Mar	13 33	19 24	19.33 19.20
ilver (per tray oz) 4	373 Sc \$356 25	+ 2.60	Apr	19.25		19.25 19.18
tonnum (per troy oz)	\$94.80	-0.30	Jun	19.12	19.16	19 15 19.12
Alladium (por troy os)	93º1.0V	-0.30	IPE Inde	1921	19.17	
lapper (US Producar)	100 Sc		Turnover	12605 (2	90201	
oad (US Producer)	33 Sc					
in (Kusta Lucipur market)		+0.05				
in (Naw York)	262.50	-0.5				
inc (US Prima Western)	62 Oc		gas oil	. – PE		Shore
and the weight	11108p	-0.60*		Clasa	Previous	High/Low
heop (live weight)†	74 02p	-1 63.				
igs thee weight)!	86.28p	* 1.31"	Dec	178 00	178.50	179 75 177 25
undon daily sudar (raw)	\$221 Ow	-10	Jan	180 25	181 00	181.75 179.50
ondon daily sugar (white)		0.2	Feb	122.25	192.50	182 50 181.00
are and Lylo oxport price			Mar	181.00	180 75	181.00 179 50
			Apr	177 25	176.75	177 25 176 50
arløy (English feed)	£137 0z		May	174 00	174 00	174 25 174 00
lauze (US No 3 yottow)	£148 0		Jun	172.50	172 00	172.50
Meat (US Dark Northern)	Umq		Furngvar	14301 (1	9999) lots (of 10G tannos
ubbc/ (Dec)♥	62 75p					
ubber (Jan)🎔	62 75p					
ubber (KLRSS No 1 Dac)	223.5m		SPICE			
oconeri oil (Philippinosis	S485 Cy	+25		-	hns	ed in the pepper
Tilli () {Yellahatau)}	\$407 5	-23				ucien. A peneral
apra (Philippines)'s	\$322.5	-50				est in most con-
opra (minippines):	£168.Gu	-10				ora selling pres-
uyabupns (US) utton "A" index	52 75c	- •				iting in declining
uccon 'A Index Coaltops (64s Super)	420a					white peopper But
CONTORS (ONS SUPPOR)			when e	demand (olicks up o	ricos will harden
a lonne unless otherwise	stated a se	nco/kg	again			ilable at \$1,525 a

_			726 718	
Dec	721	725		
Mar May	744 759	748 763	750 741 784 758	
Jul	773	778	778 771	
Sep	787	790	793 786	
Dec Mar	809 830	813 832	814 808 835 830	
May	845	847	845	
Jul .	860	852	861	
Sep	875	875	878 872	
price to	ndicator or Nov 18	(7256) lots (prices (SDF (795 64 (78) (6 (782 03)	of 10 tonnes is per tom 1.48) 10 day	e). Dei svers:
COFFE	W - Lon	don FOX		\$/ton
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Nov	933	928	927 920	
Jan Mar	899 888	963 979	970 947 990 970	
May	980	975	980 964	
Sep	995	969	990	
4 ge 57	08 (56.90)	}	ents per po (58 88) 15 d.	
TAIV		Conden FO		€/toni
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Apr	<u>60,2</u>	520	62.0 60.1	
Turnov	er 69 (63)	iots of 20	ionnes.	
		London FO		C/ton
BOYAL	- 142B			
SOYAL			High/I and	
	Close	Provious	High/Low	
Jun Turnove	Close 140.60 or 50 (30)	Previous	(40.80 tonnes.	
Jun Turnove	Close 140.60 or 50 (30)	Provious	140.80	ex poi
lun Turnovi	140.60 er 50 (30) ft - Lor Close	Previous lots of 20 iden FOX Previous	140.80 tonnes. \$10/Ind High/Low	ex poi
lun Turnow PREIGI	Close 140,60 or 50 (30)	Provious lots of 20 leadon FOX	140.80 S10/Ind High/Low 1290 1285 1287 1279	ex poi
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Turnove PRIEIQI Ngv Dec Jan Apr	Close 140.60 or 50 (30) ft - Lor Close 1285 1285 1290 1290	Previous lots of 20 redom FOX Previous 1285 1280 1285 1300	140.80 S10/Ind High/Low 1290 1285 1287 1279	ex poi
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what, was	un wifr has	L KRINLA)					IOUM GAR	ià muose	r (c,/ue lou
	404-5	1393.	5-4 5	1397.5		396-7			
months 1	430-1	1419	20	1432/142	2 1	422-2.5	1427-8		2,435 lots
eed (£ per to	onne)						Total de	ily turnov	er 1,666 lets
	05-6	300 5		300		99-300			
	17.5-8	-313.2	5-3.5	318/310	3	12-3	318-7		,389 tots
ichel (\$ per							Total de	ily tumov	er 8,246 lots
	400-10	5381-		5365/536		380-3	5505	-	691 Jan
	475-80	5455		6510/5390	. 5	<u>46-60</u>	5505-10		631 lots
în (\$ per ton							Total da	uy turnov	er 1,681 lots
	870-80 725-30	5890- 5740-		5685 5740/5710		980-5 730-5	5725-30	10	279 lots
Inc, Special					- 3				er 9,471 lots
	mgn Grad 046-7					149.7	LONAL DE	.y mrnov	e: 8,9/1 IOR
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ME Closing									
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karnıng fix Itamoon fix	335.55 336 10		18.955 19.961		Jan	335.9	336.0	0	Q ·
sala pilitu	336.80-33	7.10			Feb	335.4 337.7	336.6 337.£	338.2 338.0	338_4 387,4
Ry's low	335.50-33	5.80			Apr Jun	339. t	339.2	340.4	339.4
oco Lán Me	en Gold L	ending F	lates (1	te US\$)	Aug	340.7 342.4	340.7 342.4	0	e e
month	1,40	6 mon	the	1.91	Oct Dec	344.1	342.4 344.1	0 .345,5	0 344,2
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Iver fix	b/troy oz		JS ctar	edrin.	Jan	360 6	354,4	361.0	356.5
pol	248.35		77.25		ADT	359.3	353.1	360.0	354.4
months	250.55		80.60		Jul	358.8	352.6	359.0	355.5
months 2 months	254.25 261.55		83.90 31.40		Oct	360.8	354.6	0	0
					SR.VE	R 5,000 I	roy oz; cent	Viroy oz.	
OI D 66						Close	Previous	High/Lov	,
OLD COM	<u> </u>				W-				
	S price		£ equiv	rgi e nt	Nov Dec	375.3 375.7	375.9 378.3	0 578.0	0 375.0
rugerrand	335 00-3	338.00	218.00-	220.00	Jan	376.9	377.5	ريوبد	0
apte feet	340.05	348.30	•		Mar	\$79.7	380.3	382.0	379.0
ew Sovereig	m 79.00-8	2.00	51.00-5	3,00	May	382.6	383.2 385.8	385.0	382.5
					Sep	385.3 386.2	385.8 386.8	386.0 3 90 .0	365.5 360.0
RADED OF	TIONS				Dec	392.9	393.5	395.5	332.5
luminium (99		Calls		Puts	Jan	394.2	394.8	Ö	0
					Mar	398.2	368.9	401.5	401.5
rike price \$		c Mar	Dec	Mar	HIGH	GRADE	COPPER 25,0	000 lbs: ca	nts/lbs
50	25	61	5	17		C ² 058	Previous	High/Lov	
175	10	46	15	26	N				
200	3	33	33	38	Nov Dec	95.1 <u>6</u> 95.40	95.20 95.50	95.15 95.80	95.10 95.35
opper (Grade	e A)	Calis		Pyta	Jan	85.75	86.90	96.10	95.85
00	48	92	6	29	Feb	96.10	86.30	96.50	96.50
50	17	62	24	49	Mar	96 45	96.70	97.00	96.46
)OO	4	40	80	75	Apr	96.90 97.30	97.10 97.50	0 07 70	0 97.30
					May Jun	97.30 97.65	97.85 97.85	97.7C 0	97.3U
offee	Jar	n Mer	Jan	Mar	Jul	95.05	98.25	98.50	98.05
0	74	105	6	18	Aug	98.40	98.60	0	Ó
	; *	73	21	35	_	E OIL #	ght) 42,000 (IS gells \$	barrel
00	17	47	49	69			Previous	High/Low	
0000	ì.la	r Mey	Mar	May	_	Lelest			
<u> </u>	49	71	30	57	Dec	20.46	20,54	20.57 20.68	20.33 20.43
5 0	37	58	43	ar Ab	Jan Feb	20.66 20.63	20.57 20.84	20.63	20,43
8	28	48	50 50	64	Mar	20.57	20 51	20.57	20.43
		-	-	-	Apr	. 20.55	20,48	20.99	20.42
ent Crude	Jar	Feb	Jan	Feb	May	20.52	20.48	20.52	20.43
			_		Jun Jul	20.50 20.48	20.44 20.42	20.50 20.48	20.38 20.37
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HEAT		2,000 US g			Ch	ricag	jo		
	Lalest	Previous	High/La	w	SOYA	BEANS 5.	000 bu min;	cents/60fb b	ushe/
Dec	5758	5728	5755	5865		Close	Previous	High/Low	
Jan Feb	5880 5830	5860 5941	5870 5835	5790 5870	Jan	559/4	584/2	666/0	559/0
Mar	5850	5861	5860	5795	Mar	566/2	570/0	572/0	565/6
Apr	5706	5731	5735	5690	May	571/4	576/0	677/8	571/0
May	5560	5611	0	0	Jul Aug	577/4 680/0	581/6 584/4	583/4	577/2
Jun Jul	5565 5565	5561 5581	5665	5555 5545	Sep	580/0	584/0	584/0 585/4	580/0 580/0
Jui Aus	5815	5636	5565 5515	5545 5615	Man	585/6	589/0	590/4	585/4
Sep	5730	5751	5730	5730	Jan	593/4	596/0	0	0
<u> </u>		es;\$/tonne			SOYA	BEAN OIL	60,000 lbs;	cents/lb	
	Close	Previous	High/Lo	w	-	20.21	Previous	High/Low	
)ac	976	997	992	975	- Dec Jan	20.32	20.60 20.71	20.60 20.70	20,17 20,26
4er	1012	1035	1030	1010	Mar	20.66	20,91	20.90	20.46
May	1040	1061	1056	1039	May	20.72	21,05	21.05	20.70
lui Sep	1068 1089	1088 1108	1075 1088	1070	Jul Aus	20.93 20.90	21.17	21.10	20 80
Jec Jec	1126	1143	1086	1086 ! 122	Sep	20.90	21.17 21.18	21 05 21 00	20.90 20.90
Var	1154	1177	0	0	Oct	20.93	21.22	0	0 .
May	1175	1198	0	0	SOYA	BEAN MR	AL, 100 tons;	Man	
Jul Bep	1205 1228	1228 1251	0 1233	0 1225		Close	Previous	High/Low	:
<u> </u>		,500lba; ca		1223	Dec	182.0	182.2	183.5	180.9
						181,8	181.9	183.2	180.9
	Clase	Previous	High/Los	<u> </u>	Mar	181.7	181.9	182.9	181.0
Dec	70.40	69.15	70.40	68.25	"Masy Jul	18 <u>2.</u> 4 184.4	182.8	183.7	181.9
Mar	71.60 74.65	70.95	71.96	69,90	Aug	184,4 185,1	184.7 185.4	155.7 186.0	184.0 185.1
May Jui	74.65 76.40	73.90 75.56	74.90 76.40	78.00 74.90	Sep	186.1	186.3	187.0	186 1
Бер	77.75	77.00	78.00	76.50	Oct	188,0	188.0	188.5	187.8
)ec 4ar	80.25 82.40	79.40 81.50	80.35 0	79.00 0	MAZZ	5,000 bu	min; cents/5	6lb bushel	
NOV	R WORLD	*11" 112,0	100 lbs; cer	TOD/Nos		Close	Provious	High/Low	
	Close	Previous	High/Lov		- Dec	213/6	217/2	217/6	213/4
•					Mer May	221/6 220/0	225/0	225/8	221/4
der den	6.62	8.65	8.67	8.60	Jul	229/() 234/4	232/2 237/2	233/0 237/6	228/8
Azy Iul	8.75 8.82	8.76 8.85	9.76 6.85	8.75 8.81	Sep	238/0	241/2	23776 24172	234/2 238/0
)ot	8.81	2.84	6.86	8.81	Dec	242/4	245/6	245/6	242/2
Mar	8.86	8.90	8.90	8.90	WHEA	T 6,000 bu	min; cente/	50th-bushel	
20110		cents/lbs				Close	Previous	High/Low	
	Close	Previous	High/Lov		Dec	370/2	370/4	371/6	367/0
)ec	57.55	56.40	58,40	86.70	Mar	358/4	368/6	370/0	354/6
4er	57.65	66.73	58,73	57.10	May	351/6	350/6	353/0	349/0
4ey	58.35	<i>67.6</i> 0	59.60	56,15	Jul Sep	324/6 330/0	326/0	326/8	323/6
lui)ct	59.00 59.66	58.32 58.34	69.98 60.06	58.75	Dec	341/4	331/0 343/0	330/0	330/0
)ec	58.85 59.20	53.35 58.60	60.35 59.90	58.80 58.90				344/4	340%
4er	69.70 60.10	59.35 59.90	80.00	59.70	TAF C	Close	.000 lbs; cen		
May NOAN		15,000 lbs;	6 contains		Dec	75.176	Previous 75 cos	High/Love	<u>:</u>
		· 4/444 (08)	enius/itpa		Feb	75.175 72.750	75.026 72.675	75.200 20.775	74.925
	Close	Previous	High/Low	'	Apr	72.975	72.926	72.775 · 73.025	. 72.550 72.825
an	92,80	93.35	63.30	92.25	Jun	69.760	89.726	69.87S	72.865 69.700
der	94.90	95.30	95,45	94.50	Aug	66.600	68 550	68.750	66.525
Asy	96.20	96.20	98,20	96.35	<u> </u>	68.975	68.900	69.000	900.88
ui .	95.70 65.70	95.75	98.00	95.30	LIVE H	OG8 40.0	0 lb; cents/i	be e	
ep lov	95.20 95.05	95.25 95.00	<i>20.3</i> 9	95.50 95.60		Close	Previous	High/Low	
en:	85.06	95.00	0	0	Dec	44,800	44.850	44.850	44.555
21	95.05	95.00	0	0	Feb	44.225	44.475	44.700	44.325
					Apr	41.800	42.275	42,500	44,675 41,660
					Jun	46.250	48.475	46.600	48.000
IND	ICE3				الواف مديدة	46.700	45.850	45,950	45,550
POÈN	TERS (Ba	nedqe6:ea	ber 18 193	1 = 100)	Aug	44,400	44.475	44.800	44,250
_	Nov.20			o yr ago		41,175 RELLINE	41.225	41 300	41.050
	1657.1	1858,5	1637.8	1623.6	-UKK	Close	10,000 fbs; oc		<u> </u>
DOY		Base: Dec.			Ent-		Provious	High/Low	
_	Nov. 18		गायो ब्		Feb Mar	42.375 42.475	43.200	43,100	41.700
Spot Futur	117.77 06 118.85	1 17.97 117 94	114.09	114,95	May	43.550	43.325 44.400	43.2 <u>80</u> 44 150	42.000
· zwn	- 119,450	117.94	115.45	125.30	Jul	44,700	45.275	44.700	42.375 44.000
_					Aug	49.500	43.975	43.500	42,800

فكذاصر الأعل

LIFFE BUNG FUTURES OPTIONS DH250,000 pelats of 100%

Gartonere Money Management Ltd Ib Id Menoment Streets ECSR ECS | 677, 776, 1475 HEAR 10 000 | 15 75 | 4 75 | 5 e 75 -4 76

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earning

SWEDEN'S devaluation of the Inside the ERM, the Portukrona earlier this week continguese escudo suffered most ued to cause ripples across the world's foreign exchange markets yesterday, consolidating the D-Mark's gains against yesterday. It plunged through the psychological barrier of Esc90 per D-Mark despite intervention from the Bank of Pormost European currencies, tugal. It later closed at

ERM rumours boost dollar

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

writes James Blitz.

The latest uncertainty in

exchange rates raised increas-

ing speculation that the

Exchange Rate Mechanism was ripe for its second formal realignment in three months.

Late last night, agency reports

was underway sent the dollar to a level of DM1.61 in US trad-

The devaluation of the Swed-

economic growth in those

£ IN NEW YORK

Latest

STERLING INDEX

CURRENCY RATES

0.904628 1.38949 1.76866 15.4923 45.2170 8.45974 2.20196 2.47194 7.41578 1860.14 172.113 8.46569 8.28533 2.00254 N/A

15200-15210 15380 15390 0.52-0.51pe 0.52 0.50pe 1.25-1.22pe 1.25 1.22pe 3.57-3.47pm 3.62 3.52pe

78.6 78.8 78.7 78.6 78.7 78.5 78.6 78.4

Nov.20

Bealt rate refers to central back distance are not quoted by the UK, Spain Personant Consulssion Calculations.
 All SDR rates are for Nov.19

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

78.4 65.5 94.2 115.5 115.0 124.3 112.2 118.9 109.1 88.4 150.7

-31-35° -12-50° -7-75 +15-67 +10-53 +10-54 +20-54 +20-54 +20-55 -26-7-72

Previous Clase

78.3 78.5 78.5 77.5 77.5 78.4 78.7

Esc90.63. The central banks of Belgium and Ireland intervened to
support the Irish punt as it
threatened to touch its floor developed into a full scale curagainst the Belgian franc, the strongest currency in the sys-tem. The punt later closed at that a realignment of the ERM 162.6243.

The French franc fell to a three-week low against the D-Mark, bottoming out at FFr3.3910 against the D-Mark. The devaluation of the Swedish krona triggered a spate of D-Mark buying on Thursday. Dealers believe that the Spanish pesseta, Portuguese escudo and Irish punt are overvalued against the D-Mark, and will need to be devalue soon in order to boost badly-needed aconomic growth in those

lira continued to weaken, fall- of Chemical Bank in Lo

L963.3 against the D-Mark. Some analysts said that Mr Helmut Schlesinger, the Bund-esbank president, had intensi-fied speculation by approving of Sweden's decision to float the Ecu yesterday. But there are fundamental differences

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OPTIONS 250,600 64ths of 100%

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

developed into a full sca rency crisis in the autur The market is now loo Germany in a different the previous crisis, the chose to ignore the fa the German econom slowing down and teete the brink of recession the D-Mark is not perce the strong currency it The market also saw early autumn how resili French franc can be to : tive attack. "People kno speculating against the day. franc would be a costly Outside the ERM, the Italian der," said Mr Christian

	Ecu Central Rates	Correscy Associats Against Eco How 20	% Change (ros) Central Rate	% Spread vs Weakest Carresty	Divergence indicator
lgian Franc etch Guilder Mark ench Franc mish Krone th Punt cuspuese Escudo anjul Pesta	41.9547 2.29193 2.03412 6.82216 7.75901 0.759300 176.844 139.176	40.4302 2.21017 1.96370 6.64511 7.64658 0.748299 177.492 140.603	-345 -357 -346 -246 -145 -145 1037	4.83 4.76 4.65 3.72 2.51 2.51 0.66 0.00	4653-35-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-5

percentage derivation of the correspy's market rate from its Eco central rate.

17/91 Starting and Italian Ling sessential from ERM. Adjustment calculated by Flugacial Times

POU	ND SPOT	- FORWAR	D AGAIN	IST	THE POU	ND
Nor 20	Day's spread	Clase	Gee snooth	9,	Three months	% P4
is	216.00 - 219.50 172.65 - 173.90	15200 - 15200 19456 - 19445 27200 - 27200 44,80 - 97,9 44,85 - 9,625 64,175 - 2,625 117,15 - 117,15 117,15 - 117,15	0.52-0.50pm 0.11-0.25opm 0.11-0.25opm 3-4pm 24-34-ombi 1.55-1.15opm 4-4pm 25-35-ombi 24-	405 1184 1185 1118 1118 1118 1118 1118 111	1.25-1.22mm 0.21.0 4764; 11-1-1-465; 14-2-415; 54-2-255mm 1-1-5-255mm 1-1-5-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-255mm 54-2-2-25mm 54-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2	320 -174 -153 -175 -175 -175 -175 -175 -175 -176 -176 -176 -176 -176 -176 -176 -176
promercial 55-3.45pm		e end of Landon trail	ing. Sta-moeth for	44 60	≥ 2 <u>18-213pm</u> , 1	2 Next
DOLL	AR SPOT	- FORWAR	D AGAIN	\$T `	THE DOL	LAR
New 20	Day's spread	Close	One month	% J1	Tiste months	% 81
K†	1.5185 - 1.5390 1.6505 - 1.6725	1.5200 - 1.5210 1.6510 - 1.6520	0.52-0.50mm 2.45-2.00mm	4.02 16.17	1.25-1.22ps 5.20-4.60ps	325 1187

May 20	Shuesq Dali, a	Clase	One month	7.	Tiste mentis	*
UX†	1,5185 - 1,5390		0.52-0.50 pm	4.02 16.17	1.25-1.22pm	i i
beland:	16505 - 16725	1.6510 - 1.6520	2 45-2 00cm	16.17	5,20-4,60pm	l m
Casada	1276 - 12790	12770 - 12780	0.51-0.57cm	-587 -589 -589 -789 -636	1.18-1.32ds	-3.
Hetherlands.	1,7620 - 1,7935	1,7920 - 1,7930	0,81-0.84cats	7.72	215-220rls	1 -44
Belgium	32.25 - 32.85 6.0950 - 6.2100	\$2.75 - 32.85 6.1950 - 6.2000	13.50-14.50mls	7.77	34.00-41.00db	•
Desmark	7 7 445 1 5050	0.1774 - 0.200	3.45-4.40cress	1~7.00	9.50-11.00ds	<u>-9</u> 9
Germany	13665: 13950	1.5930 - 1.5940	0.04-0.85aidis 200-400etis	اعيدا	1.97-1.9948	-16.6
Portiligal	139.85 - 144.80 112.25 - 114.15	144.25 144.35		27.25	500-700ds	1240
Scein	114 H	114.00 - 114.10 1375.25 - 1375.75	12.00-14.00liseds	11.87	300-330es	-11.0
taly	63750 - 65100	L4500 - L4550	3.75-4.50greds		35.00-39.00ds 10.00-11.50ds	70.
THE REST IN THE	53100 - 53975	53925 - 53975	3.35-3.75cds	7.57	7.80-8.30dk	-6.0
France	6,4525 - 6,7100	67025 - 67075	4.50-5.80mmls	32	14.00-16.00%	13.7
Japan	12125 124.25	124.18 - 124.20	0.05-0.07yd/s	-356	0.06-0.03em	-89 0.1 -4.8
Asstria	11.0475 - 11.2000	111900 111950	5.52-5.92aredis		12.90-14.00ds	_27
Switzerland .	14015 14340	1035 1025	0.34-0.38cds	號	0.94-1.0065	-27
Eco	1,2290 - 1,2480	12316 - 12326	0.78-0.73cm	736	2.03-1.96am	- L
Commercial :	सह धेस लियक	the end of London tra	diog. t UK, Indaed	and ECL	are quoted in US	
Forward pres	والتحديق المعا يحسن	apply to the US dolla	7 2220 40% to the ins	ilvidual c	कासद्	
	3.75					
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ReventStable 1199-130 12018-45 789 3 10 789 3 0 Belgian Franc. 81 84 88 88 88 88 88 88		NA I ES	REST	Y INTE	RENC	UK	URO	E	· ·	giand index (Base for Nov.19	Rates are for	~ 100), ~R	serage 1985
Argentina 1.5150 - 1.5175 0.9900 - 0.9910 US Dollar 23 - 24 23 - 34 - 34 - 34 34 - 3	Gne Year	Şix Months				T		20	Nor	icies	RRENC	CUR	OTHER
Greece 512.050 - 318.000.023.660 - 207.760	68 - 6	612 - 613	72 - 74	74 - 74	- 64	十	74 -		Sterling	\$		£	Stor 20
Supposer 2,4720 - 2,4990 1,6350 - 1,6360 612-612 per cest pominal. Share term rates are call for US Dollars and Japanese Ver, others,	7-8-7-7-8-5-8-5	85 - 85 65 - 65 87 - 85 95 - 95	91 - 93 141 - 134 811 - 81 11 - 105 12 - 134 14 - 134	81 - 84 104 - 94 14½ - 14 813 - 813 11 - 105 113 - 113 144 - 113	- 55 - 55 - 84 - 91 - 14 - 81 - 34 - 10	2	74 85 85 105 15 84 105 105 105 105	#	Can. Bollar, Drach Galid Series Franc D-Mark French Fran Italian Lira. Belgian Fra Yes Danish Krot Ashar SSrag Spanish Pes	1.46.00 - 1.46.10 7569.90 - 9270.00 5.0945 - 5.0945 83.660 - 207.760 7.7335 - 7.7366 8455.00 783.10 - 789.30 1.29800 - 0.29850 32.75 - 32.85 2.5200 - 2.5240 81112.00 - 3.114.00 1.9400 - 1.9425	2.2320 1.4 14192.5 926, 7.7825 5.0 318.300 203, 11.8170 7.7 00° 7.	2,2300 - 2 4182 5 - 1 7,7770 - 7 12,050 - 3 1,8005 - 1 2220,00 199,10 - 1 45600 - 0 49,80 - 4 3,886 - 3 7,56,15 - 4 2,9645 - 2	instratia
	cent; fire ye no easy' noti	years 6½-6 per Yer; others, to	per cent; four and Japanese	ee years 5%-5% I for US Dollar	r cost; tir les are cali	5-47 1978)	rs (no re pinel, Se	cest, por	1,000 term 1 612-632 per	1.6350 - 1.6360 2.9920 - 2.9940	2.4990 1.6 4.5710 2.9	2,4920 - 2 4,5590 - 4	Af (Cm)
SAIFF 7320 - 7382 4780 - 49825 7860 275 - 28.25 23.5 -		3	RATE	CROS	MGE	CI	E			4,9260 - 4,9625 25,35 - 25,45	7.5825 4.9 38.85 2	7.5270 - 7. 38.75 - 3	Ai (Fai

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100	-26	£	•	Dia	Ym	F ft.	S PL	N FL	Ura	\$	B Fr.	Pta.	_'
_	7	ī	1,520	2422	188.7	8.202	2.177	2,725	2091	1,944	49,85	173.5	ī
	Š	0.65	8 1	1.593	124.1	5.3%	1432	1.793	1376	1.279	32.80	114.1	Œ
1		0.41	5 D.A28	1	77.91	3.386	0.899	1125	863.3	0.803	20 SR	71.64	0.
Y	ĒΝ	5,29		12.84	1000.	43,47	11.54	14.44	11081	20.30	264.2	919.4	6
	fr.	1.21	1.853	2,953	230,1	10.	2,654	3,322	11081 2549	2,370	60.78	211.5	
	Fr.	0.45		Ϊij	86.69 69.25	3.76R	ī	1252	960.5	0.893	22.90	79,70	Ú.
	FL	0.35		0.899	69.25	3010	0.799	1	767.3	0.713	18.29	63.67	Q.
	ie.	0.47		1.158	90.24	3,923	LOSI	1.303	1900.	0.930	23.B4	12 <u>97</u>	Õ.
	C S	0.51		1.246	97.07	4.219	1.120	1,402	1076	1	25.64	89.25	Q.
	Fr.	2.00		4.859	378.5	16.45	4.367	5466	4195	3,900	100.	34B.0	Ž
- 1	1	0.57	0.876	1.396	108.8	4.727	1.255	1.571	1205	1 126	28.73	100.	8.
	-	0.81		1961	152.8	6.642	1763	2,206	1693	1.574	40.36	240.5	
	_					1000			W. B.	a em 16			_
Yes	3 T	,uqu	Frence Fr	. per 10:		1,000;		r. po u	JU. PER	a bar m	u.		

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way. In market act that	91/5 0 06 0.85 0.38 0 10 9200 0.03 666 060 016 9225 0.02 046 023	Ę
y was ring on	LIFFE CUM SWISS FRANC OPTIONS	(
1. Now, sived as	Strike Calif. calalamenta Data cottlementa	\$
was. in the ient the	9350 0.39 0.87 0.19 0.19 9375 0.19 0.68 0.30 0.25	
pecula- ow that	Previous day's open Inc. Cods, 1820 Pals 6554	D
French y blun-	9% HOTENNAL BELTESH CELT "	Š
Dunis,	Close High Law Prov	ŭ S
	Dec 99-31 100-13 99-22 100-02 Mar 94-14 97-11 99-07 99-15 Estimated volume 25559 (340-51 Previous day's open int. 533-99 (53500)	_
S	US TREASURY BONDS 8% * \$100,000 32nds of 190%	De M Je Se
hergesce odlication	Close High Low Prev. Dec 103-20 103-21 103-16 103-24 Mar 102-15 102-19	2
4	Estimated volume 109 (246) Previous day's open int. 1055 (1129)	
44 45 27 -55 -54	6% NOTIONAL GERMAN GOVT. BOND * 84259,080 1080s of 188%	De Ly
-84 -25 -25	Occ 91.56 91.59 91.34 91.30 Mar 92.07 92.10 91.90 91.83	SP SP
tage changes Spreads: the	Estimated volume 73484 (66366) Previous day's open int. 154831 (157045)	_
SECULE IN	6% WITCHAL LING TERM JAPANESE GOVT. BOND Y100m 190ms of 180% Close High Line	De M.
	Dec 108 03 108 18 108 08 Mar 107.41 107.53 107.41	_
UND	Estimated volume 714 (976) Trades exclusively on APT	P1
N. N.	12% NOTHING ITALIAN GOVT, MORD (RTP) - LINA 200m 1000s of 100%.	
3.25 5 -0.70 5 -1.74 5 -1.52	Clase High Low Pres. Dec 94.55 94.65 93.62 94.69 Mar 95.10 95.11 94.20 95.20 Estimatori volume 133.48 (7976)	
3.55 -1.74 -1.52 -1.52 -1.53 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77 -1.77	Previous day's open for 26%) (2685-0 THREE MONTH STEELING •	
5 -1.75 5 -9.95 8 -7.90	E560,806 paints of 186% Chose Nich Line Prev.	Pro
5 -7.20 6 -7.55 8 -3.19 8 -2.77 8 -5.79 9 3.31	Mar 93.78 93.83 93.69 93.76	P/ 71
331 331 5 -167	Mar 93.21 93.21 93.15 93.19	Des
0.46 5 -3.32	Est. Vol. Gar. (igs. not sinnes) 30734 (33391) Previous day's open Int. 249957 (251235)	Ma Jer Est
, 12 Memb	THREE MICHTH CHRONOLLAR * Size points of 100% Close High Loo Pre-	7#
LLAR	Sec. 96.00 96.02 96.00 96.12 Mar 96.11 96.14 96.10 96.25	Dec Ma
92	Jon 95.73 95.84 Sep 95.32 95.33 95.43 95.41 Est. Vot. Box. Bys. not. showed 1384 (231.00 Frendous day's open lat. 285.64 (2886.77)	Jam Sep Est
127	THREE MONTH EUROMARY *	Elov
1 272	Place Blas (see Dec.	Dec Jaan Man
-1.97 -16.63 -11.05	Just	
-11.05 -10.76 -1.66 -5.97	Estimated volume 115125 (92222)	Dec
-5.97 -8.95 -1.14 -4.81 -2.71	Previous day's open int. 433089 (423977) THREE MENTIN ECH	
5 -2.71 6.48	ECO Ion paints of 180% Close Righ Low Pres. Dec 90.12 90.12 90.02 90.11 Nar 91.39 91.39 91.25 91.33	Stri 108 109
	Sep	110
<u>-</u> -	Estimated volume 1817 (1324) Previous day's open int. 12768 (12892)	Ope Esti
Gre Year	THEFE MONTH EDIED SWISS FRANC SFR Impoles of 160% Close High Low Pres.	1 48
68 - 63 42 - 75 75 - 75 8 - 55 8 - 55 9 - 85	Dec. 93.64 93.90 93.60 93.56 Mar 94.18 94.50 94.14 94.15 Jun 94.55 94.78 94.65 94.67 See 94.77 94.65 94.67 44.67	_
6 - 5% 8 - 7%	Sep 94.77 94.85 94.85 94.82 Estimated volume 14525 (1861.3) Provinus day's open int. 41337 (42934)	BA
13 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	THREE MONTH EUROLEA INT. BATE LINA 1,400m points of 100%.	LIA
10 - 95 24 - 24 4 - 134	Close High Low Prev.	Çay Put Bai
15 - 14 15 - 14	Jus 88.06 88.10 88.05 87.90 Sep 88.25	Res
of motice.	Estimated eniume 1978 (1166) Previous day's open let. 22986 (22763)	AS
. Eca	C25 ptr fall index point	Gio Adi Pre
	Mer 2771.0 2769.0 2737.0 2737.5 Jun 2787.0 2753.0	Not
5 1.235 1 0.813 4 0.510 4 6.545 5 1.506 7 0.453 7 0.653 7 0.635 6 0.547	Estimated volume 8547 (7420) Province day's open int. 42166 (42733)	_
0 0.567 7 0.453 7 0.591 5 0.635	* Contracts traded on APT. Closing prices shown. POUND - DOLLAR	LIA
0 2,477 0 2,477 0 7,12 5 1	FT FOREIGN EXCHANGE NATES	Not
1	P-1 9-1 9-1 /-1 10-1	

	Strife Calif-set-lements Puts-retilements Pyro Over Mar Des Mar 100 3-40 3-20 0 0-54 101 2-40 2-41 0 1-11 102 1-40 2-30 0 1-37 103 0-40 1-34 0 2-04 104 0 1-30 0-24 2-42 105 0 0-52 1-34 3-22 106 0 0-30 2-24 4-06 107 0 0-25 3-24 4-59 Explorated volume total J. Calif. 8 Pais 0 Previous day's open last. Calif. 1570 Parts 1590	Sings Catheart Persons Pats-articements Price Dec Man 9000 1.56 2.17 0 01 0 18 9000 1.56 2.17 0 07 0 18 9100 0.58 1.35 0.02 0.28 9150 0.58 1.35 0.02 0.28 9150 0.62 0.73 0.46 0.66 9250 0.02 0.73 0.46 0.66 9250 0.03 1.64 1.26 9150 0.03 1.26 9150 0.
E EURONARK OPTIBLES 1 polais et 180%	LIFFE ITALIAN COVT. RUND (ETP) FUTURES OPTENS Lin 200m 1000h of 100%	LIFFE SHEET STEELING OPTIMES ESOU, 800 paints of 100%.
Let Calix-settlements per bee Mar Dec	Stribe Calis-actilements Plats-actilements Plats actilements Plats Dec Mar 9789 1.455 2.84 0 0.74 9350 1.055 2.50 0 0.90 9400 0.555 2.19 0 0.90 9400 0.555 2.19 0 0.130 9500 0 1.04 0.45 1.54 9550 0 1.40 0.95 1.80 9400 0 1.18 1.45 2.08 9400 0 0.19 1.95 2.19 Estimated spinner total, Calis 1107 Plats 730 Previous day's open lint. Calis 11758 Plats 11.369	Strike Calis-settlements Pits-settlements Price Dec Star Dec Star Dec Star 4225 0 86 1 56 0 07 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
EURO SWISS FRANC OPTIONS In points of 160%	CHICAGO	
C CATIGARCHIOMENTS PULS-SECTIONNESS PULS	U.S. TriEASURY BORRS (CRT) 8% SLOR, DRG 52min of 1897. Lates: High Low Prev. Drg 193-21 193-22 193-36 191-24 Mar. 193-17 193-15 191-24 Mar. 193-107 191-19 191-17 191-19 191-17 191-19 191-17 191-19 191-17 191-19 191-17 191-19 191-17	APANESE YEN (DIME) Y12.50 % per Y100
OTTONIAL BRITISH GR.T *	Sep 96-15 · 96-15 Dec 95-22 · 95-22	98125,000 \$ per DM
Close High Low Per 95-31 100-13 91-27 100-02 95-14 97-11 99-07 95-15 fast where 25569 C84095 as day's open int. 53349 G36000 EASURY ROPES 8% •	U.S. TREASURY BILLS Closes Sian points of 189% Leves High Law Prev. Dec 96.76 96.76 96.75 96.77 Uar 96.61 96.62 96.59 96.65 Jan 96.29 96.30 96.29 96.30 Sep 95.94 96.90 96.90 96.90	Mar 0.5210 0.528 0.508 0.6260 1 0.510 0.510 0.510 0.510 0.510 0.515 0.51
MB S2mix of 110 % Pro- Close Night Low Pro- 103-20 103-21 103-16 103-20 102-19 102-19 102-19 102-19 102-19 103-107 103	BRITISH POLING (IMBG) St. per £ Latest Righ Low Pre Dec 1.5562 1.5552 1.5252 1.5352 Mar 1.5146 1.5140 1.5200 1.5200	Dec 96 D2 96 D4 95 99 60 D5 96
100 1000s of 100% 100	SWESS FRANK (DANU SFr 125,000 S per SFr Dec. 0 7021 0 7165 6 6895 0 7029	Sep 93 77 93 77 93 75 93 80 STANDARD & POORS 509 INDEX 5500 times lates Lates High Low Prev Dec 425 05 425 40 423 80 423 45 Mar 425 90 426 40 424 75 424 10 Late 425 90 426 80 425 50 424 70
TTOHAL LONG TEXA JAPANESE GOVT. 7200n 1990n of 1895. Cose High Low 108 03 108 16 108 06 107.41 107.53 107.41 105 volume 714 (976)	PRILADELPHIA SE L/S OPTIONS	Jun 425 90 435 80 425 50 426 90 Sep 427 95 427 95 426 55 425 90
Exclusively on APT OTHERAL ITALIAN SUYT, BOND (BTP) Oden 1800s of 100%	Strike Calls	Pris
Clase High Low Pres. 94.55 94.65 93.62 94.69 95.10 95.11 94.20 95.20 rel selecte 133.45 (7976) 6 day's open int. 2676.1 (25.654) MORRITH STERLING Paints of 184%	1.550 1.52 266 326 1.575 0.85 1.95 240 2 1.600 0.36 1.21 173 2 1.625 0.15 0.76 1.25 1.25 1.650 0.05 0.47 0.81 1 1.675 0.02 0.27 0.53	lar Dec Jan Feb Mar - 3.79 536 634 83 5.62 715 788 17 7.66 889 970 10 40 10 40 10 40 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Close Mind Law Priv. 23.00 93.55 93.50 93.50 93.50 93.70 93.76 93.77 93.77 93.77 93.77 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.55 93.77 93.51	PARIS 7 to 10 YEAR 18% NOTEDNAL FRENCH BOND GMATEF Door Sets price Compa December 110 26 110 70 and 05	
Gac. figs. not shows) 30734 (33391) day's open lot. 249957 (251235) 	March 111.02 111.50 +0.10 June 111.38 111.38 +0.12 Estimated volume 167,731 r Total Open Interest 283,31	111.50 111.96 8.27 81.250 111.88 114.00 8.22 15.623
lets of 100% Close High Low Pres. 96.00 96.02 96.00 96.12 96.11 96.14 96.10 96.25 95.73 95.33 95.33 95.41 - Guc. Rys. est. stowal 1384 (2310) day's open lat. 28564 (28967)	7/8EE-MATTE PERIOR FUTCHES GALATET (Parts Interface Continer 90.51 90.56 - 0.01 March 91.56 91.77 - 0.01 June 92.16 92.56 + 0.02 Squeenter 92.40 92.50 + 0.02 Estimated volume 84.955 1 Total Open Interes 125.344 CAC-48 FUTURES GALATET Stock Index	90,70 90,50 y 23 37,422 91,78 91,56 8,22 62,099 92,40 97,11 7,62 26,908 92,64 92,33 7,62 16,570
Corr High Low Pre- 1,13 1,16 1,154 1,155 1,15 1,16 1,144 1,155 1,15 1,16 1,144 1,155 1,15 1,16 1,144 1,155 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15	Rovember 1730,0 1739,0 44,00 December 1737,0 1753,5 44,00 January 1792,0 1767,5 44,50 March 1784,0 1765,0 44,00 Estimated volume 15,582 ? Total Open Interest 38,803	1747.0 1710 0 - 18.993 1761.0 1729.0 - 9,252 1757.0 1752.0 - 2,050 1788.0 1780.5 - 3,167
93.85 93.85 93.70 93.73 d volume 115125 (92222) day's open Int. 433089 (423977)	Decomber 107.10 107.42 -0.08 Estimated volume 7,613 + Total 0; 1 -crest 14,183	107.42 107.00 B.82 10,538
ENTITE ECH parlats of 180% Cone High Low Pres. 90.12 90.12 90.02 90.11 91.39 91.39 91.35 91.33 92.06 92.04 91.95 91.98 92.35 92.35 92.35 92.28	Strike Describer March 108 2.70 - 109 1.10 0.75 2.04 111 0.15 1.40 1112 0.03 0.87	June December March Jame 0.17 - 0.23 - 0.02 0.39 - 0.06 0.52 0.94 - 0.48 0.95 0.95
d volume 1817 (1324) day's open let. 12768 (12892) 689(TH EDIRO SWISS FRANC	Opes let 221,747 163,315 1 Estimated volume 38,703 r Youal Opes laterest 764,772 r All Yield & Opes istarted figures are for the provious 60	8,612 233,933 116,785 10,380
polets of 188%. Come High Low Pre. (340 9340 9340 9355 9418 9419 9415 9419 9415 9416 9416 9415 9416 9415 9416 9416 9416 9416 9416 9416 9416 9416 9416	BANK R	ETURN Wednesday Increase or
day's open int. 41337 (42934) MONTH EUROLEA THT. BAYE (Obn publis of 188%		vember 18, 1992 decrease for week
Core High Low Pres. 86,08 86,16 85,09 87,95 37,57 87,75 87,40 87,55 38,06 88,10 88,05 87,90 88,25 d misma 1976 Cliddi day's open let. 27986 (22763)	Capital 1.4 Bankers Deposits 1.5 Reserve and other Accounts 3.8	14,653,000 - 464,267,652 33,022,776 - 464,267,652 69,217,501 + 11,154,132 78,883,909 + 199,925,256 95,677,186 - 253,188,264
No public ** bill leafun pelast Close High Low Pres. 2751.0 2760.0 2710.0 2717.0 2771.0 2769.0 2737.0 2737.5 2787.0 2769.0 2737.0 4 values 6547 74200 4 values 6547 74200 4 values 6547 44206 44275 opes int. 42166 44275 opes int. 42166 4427331	Government Securities	48,421,175 + 300,375,000 85,901,004 - 125,981,715 57,411,204 - 421,486,948 3,770,793 - 6,085,624 173,010 - 8,979 95,677,188 - 263,188,284
is traded on APT. Clocking prices shown. D - DOLLLAR NEM EXCHANGE RATES	ISSUE DEPARTMENT LIABILITIES Notes in circulation	5,770,793 - 6,085,624
1-mil. 3-mil. 6-mil. 12-mil. 15154 19082 14990 14855	ASSETS Government Debt	90,000,000 + 40,000,000 11,015,100 94,631,846 - 11,634,967

** Nar Det Mar b 217 0 010 6 217 0 010 8 1 195 002 025 8 1 195 002 025 8 1 195 002 024 2 0.77 0 46 0 66 2 0.77 0 76 0 166 0 0 033 1 44 1 26 0 0 033 1 44 1 26 0 0 034 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CAF Maney Management Ca Ltd 48 Premary Road Control Fig. 2010 17 17 779 Calcal Depose Fine 16 71 18 Calcal Depose Fine 16 71 18 Calcal Depose Fine 16 71 18 Calcal Today 16 72 18 Calcal Charilles Depose Account 2 Fine Street London (C2v 5.46 17 2 5.00 11 17 2 Cart. Rd. of Fin. of Chartles Control
ne total Calts 8372 Pets 3873 nes let. Calts 152859 Pets 127324 STERLING OPTUNIS s of 100%	Cent, Ed. of Fin. of Church of England: 2 Fore Street Louise ECRY 546 072-56936 Deposit 7-30 -1-7-50154 Cartimore Money Management Ltd 18-18 Mosement St. Louise ECRI 600 072-26-16 15-58 Deat 070 467 279-07
Fretziengeth Puts-Actilements 6	Money Market Bank Accounts
e (stat, Calis, 3029 Pots, 1542 en int. Calis 156202 Pots 154461	Gross Not Cale to: AIB Bank High Interest Change Account
(COMBA) 109 Latest High Low Pre-	Belmora for Unbridge URB 15A 0800 2321 12 500 49 999 12 25 2 44 3 2 4 1 14 0000 4 70 3 52 4 2 9 1 Aithen Hunne Bank pic
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X (Blan) F DM Lakes High Low Pro- 1,6287 0,6254 0,6275 0,6334 1,6210 0,6224 0,6208 0,6260 1,6160 0,6160 0,6160 0,6201	Allied Trust Earth List 97-101 Casemb 1 (164 5 AD 17-101 Casemb 1 (164
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08% Litest High Low Pres 96.02 96.04 95.99 96.05	11 000-14 049 1 650 4 63 6 70 0 15 000-12 949 6 75 506 6 6 10 110 000-12 949 7 00 5 75 7 31 9 12 000-14 949 7 7 5 541 7 31 9 12 000-14 949 7 7 5 541 7 31 9 12 000-14 949 7 7 5 541 8 31 8
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Laura. High Low Prev 25 05 425.50 423.80 423.45 26 05 426.40 424.75 424.20 25 90 436.80 425.50 424.90 27 95 427 95 426.65 425.90	Basit, of Wales - Business Accounts
	Barciays Select PO See 129 Westwood Bs Ps, Cosemo C600 4301 12 000-49 999 5 60 4 20 5 60 5 60 120 110 000-124 999 6 60 4 99, 6 60 124 125 000-144 999 6 90 5 18 6 90 9 18 125 000-144 999 7 5 63 7 5 61 7 5 61
Paris Feb Mar 536 624 : 715 765 889 970 10 40 10 95 11 63 12 33	Barclays Prime Account H.I.C.A. PO Box 1.5 Horthampian 1 000-12499
8.89 9.70 10.40 10.95 11.63 12.33 13.14 13.73 14.37 15.37 15.93 16.51 17.77 18.96 18.78	Brown Shipley & Co Ltd Founders Court Leithbury London EC2
2.0	Caledonian Bank Pic 85t Andrew Square Edgenryb EH2 ZPP, 031 556 82 HICA - 1 hcs 4 8751 - 1 hcs Cater Alien Lid
Low 1 Yield 1 Opes let	25 Burchin Lane Lindon EC3V 90.1 HICA 575 4.31.25 5.90 85 Cincor LS 000 mm 6 575 4.78 6.57 87 LESSA 70 470 477
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Puls ber March June 0.17	IANTRILAGRAS JAIRI SITI 7031 MII
- 0.23 - 0.23 - 0.20 -	Investment 96 - 98 Bey Retic Savients 6.50 0.000 6.5
	Continued from page 14.
	Aston Villa Football Club PLCOrd ES(1 vote) - E30 (13No82)
Increase or decrease for week	Bardays Investment Fund(C.I.) Starting Bd Fd - 60.448 Blocure Holdings PLC Ord 1p - 20.69 0.7 (18NoS2)
- 464,267,652 + 11,154,132 + 199,925,256	Channel Islands Coms (TV) Ld Ord 5p - 00.23 Channos Charistare Charinco Distr - 1.1.748 (17No82) Conister Trust Ld Ord 25p - 20.22
- 253,188,264	(18NoS2) Gender River Resources PLCOrd Sp =
+ 300,375,000 - 125,981,715 - 421,488,948 - 6,085,624 - 8,979	Grampian Television PLC Ord 10p - £1.45 (13NoB2) Greig Fester Group Ld Ord 10p - £3% Guernsey Gan Light Co Ld Ord 10p - \$0.49 (18NoB2)
253,188,284	20.2975 0.3025 (18No92) 10elowort Begsonflott Fund Men Janenese
+ 46,085,624 - 6,085,624	Fund - \$0.56669 KB Git Fund - £14.53 (17No92) Strategic Inv Fd - £1.138 Int Equity Gwith Inc - £2.138 (16No92)
+ 40,000,000	Levrie Group PLC Ord £1 - £19 19% (17No92) Le Riche's Stores Ld Ord £1 - £2.15 2.2 Memeri 1863a PLC Ord 10p - £0.3 0.35
	(18No92)

BANK	RETURN		
IKING DEPARTMENT	Wednesday November 18, 1992		Increase or rease for week
BILITIES	£		3
121	14,563,000		
lic Deposits	1,433,022,776	-	464,267,652
kers Deposits	1,569,217,501	+	11,154,132
erve and officer Accounts	3,978,883,909	+	199,925,256
-	6,995,677,188	-	253,188,264
ETS _			
emment Securities	1,548,421,175	+	300,375,000
ance and other Accounts	3,585,901,004	-	125,981,715
nises Equipment & other Secs _	2,057,411,204	-	421,488,948
*	3,770,793	-	6,086,624
	173,010	•	8,979
-	6,995,677,188	•	253,188,284
JE DEPARTMENT			
BILMES .			
is in circulation	16,286,229,207	+	48,085,624
s in Banking Department	5,770,793	-	6,085,624
_	18,290,000,000	+	40,000,000
ETS -		_	
ernment Debt	11,015,100		
r Government Securities	6,394,631,848	-	11,634,987
or Securities	9,884,353,052	+	51.834.987

16,290,000,000

+ 40,000,000

MONEY MARKET FUNDS

Money Market Coutts & Co Trust Funds Gross Net Clair for Cr | 2 Publish 16 93 | Charities Deposit Account | September 12 | Sep | Devember 1st Pfc-Davember 500 Acc | 850 June 61 moster 61 420 | Del 632 3454 | Lia tape-62 to | 100 0 7 50 | 1 moster 100 00 1 7 50 | 1 moster 100 00 1 7 50 | 1 moster 100 00 1 1 moster 100 00 1 moster 10 Fullarly Mancy Market Account
Fullarly Mancy Server Ltz. Dathal Sour
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Gross Net Cale the Co High laterest Cheque Account abridge 088 154 GRO 752115 GRO 7521 4 79 Gr me Bank pic ECIY 2AY 14.50 14.60 16.03 0.000 | 6.03 | 10000 | 16:50 | 4879 | 6:70 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 | 16:50 agress Bank Ltd Super Hose, Burgen Hull Inner, RH15 9AW 0444 232444

Linyth Bank - Investment Account
71 Linear St. Linear ECP Ins
150 COP autom | 6.00 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
150 COP autom | 6.00 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
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150 COP | 6.00 |
1 | MatWest Crown Reserve Account | 41 Lettery Lordon ECP 739 | 3002 508 406 151 (10.28) | 10.25 (10.28) | 10.25 (10.28) | 10.25 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 4.78 | 6.75 (10.28) | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.315 | 10.3 4 23 | 5 79 | 554 4 41 | 6 64 | 900 | 17.50 | 5.61 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | picy & Co Ltd Provincial Back PLC
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Newspaper Publishing PLCOrd 1p 11.5675 (17NoS2)
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Rangers Football Club PLCOrd 10p - 20.9
1.1
B Deb Stk £1300 - £700 (13NoS2)
C Oeb Stk £1500 - £7800 (17NoS2)
Regart inns PLCOrd 225 - £0.78
Rofnschild Asset Management(Cl)Old
Court Mejor UK Co'r Fund - £0 9342
(16NoS2)
SLAussell Browery Co Ld5% 1st Cum Prf
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Schroder Europeen Bond £7.3473346
Soots Holdings PLCOrd 10p - £8.05
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Select Industries PLCOrd 2%p - £0.03
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herd Neame Ld'A' Ord E1 - £4.27 Southern Newspapers PLC Ord £1 - £2% 2.55 2.6 Tadpole Technology PLC Ord 10p - £0.65 0.67 0 67
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MONEY MARKETS

US Dollar J. 5205 J. 5154 J. 5082 J. 4990 J. 4855 D-mark 2, 4225 2, 4192 2, 4126 2, 4038 2, 3958 Fresch 57. 8, 2025 7, 9175 7, 5975 7, 0990 J. 4715 Yeb 188.75 J. 188.13 J. 187.64 J. 185.87 J. 183.38

FORWARD RATES

AGAINST STERLING

D-Mark futures rally

EUROMARK futures yesterday even more likely that there continued the strong rise of will be a 50 basis point cut in continued the strong rise of recent days as growing tensions in the European exchange rate mechanism added to speculation that there will be a further easing of Germanism

forecast by the Bank of

Swedish krona on Thursday continued to cause serious adjustments in European exchange rates and monetary policy yesterday. The Portuguese escudo was pushed 90.66. towards its floor against the D-Mark, and the Irish authori-

This prompted more intense speculation that the Bundes- interpreted the Bank of bank will cut interest rates England's Quarterly Bulletin before the end of the year to as giving slightly more cauease tensions.

said that he would not be surprised to see an easing of 25 basis points in the rate at which the Bundesbank sets its repurchase agreements in forthcoming weeks. Mr Neil Mark 1988 and 1988 and 1988 are points at the start of trading to have a low of 2005. Where months MacKinnon, chief economist at a low of 93.05. Three month citibank in London, believes money closed it per cent firmer that the week's events make it at 7% per cent offered.

in the second

the Discount rate before the end of the year.

The December Euromark contract rose 9 basis points to a close of 91.45, while the man monetary policy, writes

James Blitz.

The sterling cash market was a good deal quieter. Some period rates were slightly firmer despite the speedy removal of a large shortage forecast by the Rank of Commercial and close of 91.45, while the March contract closed up 15 basis points to a close of 92.51.

At this level, the markets are pricing in a fall of 34 basis points in the price of 3-month money before the end of the year.

Conversely, French franc England.
The ERM tensions which followed the devaluation of the lowed the lowed the lowest against the D-Mark. The December contract dropped 18 basis points to a low of 90.50, but later recovered with the currency to close unchanged at

Sterling's suspension from the ERM meant that events on ties intervened to support the the continent continued to have little effect on money rates. However, some dealers ase tensions. tious view on interest rates. "It one commercial bank dealer is vital that a steady and stable

21,00 a.m. Mor.2	10 3 paganties US dellars	é mantik	US Dollars
bu 39	offer 35	BM 313	offer 34

MONEY RATES

Treasury Bills and Bonds

Lunchtime Prime rate Broker toer rate Fed.funds	5 Sh 2 Or	e mosth ree manth r month e jear		3.10 Flux 3.23 See 5 3.49 10-7 3.75 30-70) (10	
Nov.20	Overeight.	One Month	Two Months	Three Months	Siz Mantis	Lostbard Brieffestico
Tolgo	870-8.80 91-94 51-54 8.65-8.80 313-34 131-134 88-81 131-134	8.85-8.95 912-10 64-54 8.70-8.80 38-38 14-3-14 14-14 14-14 14-14 14-14 14-14	8.85-9.00 	8.80-8.95 92-92- 67-65- 8.70-8.80 36-361 145-144 145-144	13-13%	9.10
LONDON MONEY RATES						
Nov 20	Oversight	7 days notice	One Month	Three Months	Six Mostls	One Year
Interbank Ofter Interbank Bild Sterling CDS. Local Authority Doss. Local Authority Books Discount Mika Deps Discount Mika Deps Company Deposits Plasmer House Plasmer House Plasmer Deposit P	54 7 68 -	714	7% 777 774 7% 664 - 3.56 10%	747777 7 1164 6 - 3.48 554 100	55-11116 66-156-156-156-156-156-156-156-156-156-1	\$555

Fine Trade Bills (Buy) Dollar CDs.	DOME DISE	(Buy)			64,	64	64	-
Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 6% per cent; three months 6½ per cent; sky months 6½ per cent; shree months 6½ per cent; three months 6½ per cent; freasury Bills; Ametender rate of discount 6.4477. ECGD Fixed Rate Storling Export Finance. Make up day 0ct; 30,1992. Agreed rates for period Movember 23, 1992 to December 25, 1992, Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Local Authority and Finance Houses Base Rate 9½ from Movember 1, 1992. Bask Deposit Rates of all seven days oction 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 61; Deposit ELOO,000 and all seven days notice 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 62; Deposit £100,000 and	Fine Trade	Bill? (RNA))	-	! =	3.09	3.48	3 44	1 7 64
Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 6% per cent; three months 6½ per cent; sky months 6½ per cent; shree months 6½ per cent; three months 6½ per cent; freasury Bills; Ametender rate of discount 6.4477. ECGD Fixed Rate Storling Export Finance. Make up day 0ct; 30,1992. Agreed rates for period Movember 23, 1992 to December 25, 1992, Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Local Authority and Finance Houses Base Rate 9½ from Movember 1, 1992. Bask Deposit Rates of all seven days oction 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 61; Deposit ELOO,000 and all seven days notice 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 62; Deposit £100,000 and	DOMET CUS.	Den Offer		l –	38	58	55	32
Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 6% per cent; three months 6½ per cent; sky months 6½ per cent; shree months 6½ per cent; three months 6½ per cent; freasury Bills; Ametender rate of discount 6.4477. ECGD Fixed Rate Storling Export Finance. Make up day 0ct; 30,1992. Agreed rates for period Movember 23, 1992 to December 25, 1992, Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Local Authority and Finance Houses Base Rate 9½ from Movember 1, 1992. Bask Deposit Rates of all seven days oction 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 61; Deposit ELOO,000 and all seven days notice 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 62; Deposit £100,000 and	SDR Links	Den. 8kl		I -	`5 <u>Z</u>	5%	54	37.
Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 6% per cent; three months 6½ per cent; sky months 6½ per cent; shree months 6½ per cent; three months 6½ per cent; freasury Bills; Ametender rate of discount 6.4477. ECGD Fixed Rate Storling Export Finance. Make up day 0ct; 30,1992. Agreed rates for period Movember 23, 1992 to December 25, 1992, Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Refresher rate for period December 3, 1992 to October 30, 1985. Scheme 1/4. III: 9.63 p.c. Local Authority and Finance Houses Base Rate 9½ from Movember 1, 1992. Bask Deposit Rates of all seven days oction 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 61; Deposit ELOO,000 and all seven days notice 4 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposit Steries 62; Deposit £100,000 and	ECU Linked	Dep. Offer .	- :	1		104	91	27
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BAS	E LENDING R	ATES
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Charts - Do You Look Before You Leap? Fight from 5 chaif i braries, dk., Européan and International Equiñes. (E chaifs). Quironcy and EE or Commodities and EE (1998 - that chail otossignal invaciose tragens and engenienced chart maders dithat siyou - call David Kerly or Susaa Riga for delai/s et Landon 71 - 734 7174 (c71 in UK) or lax 71 - 439 4956

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EUROPEAN FINANCE & INVESTMENT ITALY

The PT proposes to publish this survey on December 15 1992.

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Tel: 071-873 3225

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FT SURVEYS

Details of business done shown below have been taken with consent from last Thursday's Stock Exchange Official List and should not be reproduced without permission.

Details relate to those securities not included in the FT Share

Information Services.

Unless otherwise indicated prices are in pence. The prices are those at which the business was done in the 24 hours up to 5 pm on Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Talisman system, they are not in order of execution but in ascending order which denotes the day's highest and lowest dealings.
For those securities in which no business was recorded in Thursday's Official List the latest recorded business in the four previous

days is given with the relevant date.

Rule 535(2) stocks are not regulated by the International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Ltd. # Bargains at special prices. • Bargains done the previous day.

9%% Nts 1993 - \$100% /17Nn92

8*% NS 1985 - \$100% (17M682) inter-Aniencan Dévelopment Bank 11%% Bds 1995(Br £5000) - \$100 k (17M692) international Bank for Roc & Dev 9%% Bds 2007 (8/£5000) - £100 % 11% Nts 1999 (8/£5000) - £110% % 11% Nts 1994(8/£5000) - £107%

(17Nc92) 11¼% Nts 1996 – 2108¼ (17Nc92)

Hally/Republic of 10%* Sds 2014 (Br£1000085000) - £104% % (18%r Japan Dewelopment Bank 8%-Gaths 2001(8: \$5000,5000810000) - \$105.55 106.95 (16%92) Ladbroka Group PLC5%* Subord Criv Bdr 2004(Br£100085000) - £124%

(18NoS2) Ladbroke Group Finance(Jersey)Ld9% Cny Cap Bds 2005 (Br25000&100000

92% d Securities PLC9%% Bds 2007 -

5% Crw Bds 2002 - 585% 6% % 9%% Crw Bds 2004 (Br25000&5090)

Leeds Permanant Building Society 9%% Bds 1993 (8r25000) - £100.98 1.01 (13No92)

E103% 1845 1936 (Br £1000081@0000) - £108% (18No92) Lloyds Benk PLC 10K% Subord Bds 1998(Br£10000) - £108% (16No92) Lucas industries inc54% Crw Bds 2002 - \$117.0042 (17No92) Lucas industries PLC 10K% Bds 2020 (Br£100008100000) - £98% MEPC PLC95% Bds 2004 - £92Ф 10% Bds 2003 - £96% 12% Bds 2003 (Br£10000 & 100000) - £109% (13No92)

E109% (13No92) Morgan Guaranty Tet Co of New York 12% Deposit Net 1984 - 2105 (13No92) National Mutual Group Finance Ld 10% Nts 1983 - £100% (13No92)

New Zesland 99% Bdc 1995 - £104% (19No52) Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corp 101% Bdc 2001 (Br £1000.81000) -£113% (19No52) Norsk Hydro ASBX% Bds 1997 - £103 (13No52)

Norsk Hydro ASB% Bds 1997 - £103 (138092)
Norwey (Kingdom of) 10% N Ns 1894 (8£1000, 1,00006,00000) - £103% Pearson PLC 10%% Bds 2008 - £102% Pearson Staring Prinance PLC 10%% Gld Bds 2002 - £107% (18No52)
Perinsular & Oriental Steam New Co44% Crv Bds 2002 - £126 (18No52)
Pridential France BV 9%% Gld Bds 2007 (8±50008,10000) - £98.45 % % PMC Cepital Ld 8%% Crv Cap Bds 2006 (8±50008,0000) - £98.7 (18No52)
Redland Capital PLC 73% Crv Bds 2002 - £95% (17No62)
Redland Stering Funding PLC 10%% Gdd Bds 2001 (8±5006) - £100 (10%% Gdd Bds 2001 (8±5005) + £100 (10%% Gdd Bds 2001 (8±504) - £100 (10%% Gdd Bds 2001 (8±504)

(18No92) 11%% No 1998 (Br £1000&10000) -

8% **ConCapilds 2005(8r - 2151 (15No22) (15No22) (15No22) (15No22) (15No22) (17No22) (17No22)

£108% (19Nes2) Sweden(Kingdom or) 1114% Bds 1936(8r £5000) - £107 (16Ne32) TSB Group PLC 12% Subord Bds 2011 (8r £100003 100000) - £114.9 5 Tarmec Finance (Jensey) Ld3%% Cnv Cap Bds 2006 (Reg £1000) - £87 7 9%% Cnv Cap Bds 2006(8r

91% CAY (25 dos 2004er E500085000) - 289 Taisēlyle infin PLC/Taisēlyle PLC55% Tāllāfindēds 2001(Br) WWtsTallPLC - 284% (16No82) Tesco PLC 10%% Eds 2002 (Br EVar) -2105% (17No52)

2105% (17No92)
Tesco Capital Li9% Criv Cap Bds
2005(Rieg 21) - £120% .81 1 % %
9% Criv Cap Bds 2005(Br25000&10000)
-£118 (18No92)
Thames Water PLC 9%% CrivSubordBds
2006(Br25000&50000) - £1309
Thames Water PLC 9%% CrivSubordBds
2006(Br25000,850000) - £1309
Thories Water PLC 10%%
Gd Bds 2001 - £109% (18No92)
THORN EM Capital NV5 % Gd Rad Criv
Pri 2004 (Br25000) - £126 (18No92)
Tokya Electric Power Co Inc 10%% Nis
2001(Br35000,1000&100000) -

Takya Secric Power Co Inc 107% Nis 2001(8:5C100.10008.100000) -\$C107.475 107% (16No92) Toyota Motor Corp67% Bds 1997(Br Svar) - \$101.8 102 (13No92) Tralakjar House PLC 107% Bds 2006 -

E92 United Kingdom 7% 8 8ds 1997(BrOM1600&10000) - DM99.4 (17No92) 81% Treasury Nts 24/1/85 (Br ECU Var) - EC992:

9% Bds 2001(Br ECU1000.10000&100000) - EC103

ictorian Poic Athrs Fin Agency 9%% Gtd Bos 1999(Br2Vers) - £1001k**©** footwich Building Society 11% Nts 1996 805 1995(PFEVERS) - 1-10-10-7 Wootwich Building Society 11% Nts 19 £110% (18No92) 11*** Subord Nts 2001 - £110% 50np Euro-Finance BW 55m 2.5* Nts 17:11:33 - \$98.08 (17No92)

Sterling Issues by Overseas

Asian Development Bank 10%% Ln Stk 2009(Reg) - £110% % Australia(Commonwealth of)9%% Ln S&

(15No92) Bank of Greace 10*% Ln Stk 2010(Reg) £101*2 2 (16No92) Corsee Francaise De Developpement 12*4% Gtd Ln Stk 2013(Reg) - £131%

Caisse Nationale Des Autoroutes 16% (did Ln Sti 2006 - 2154% (13No92) Credit Foncier De France 10% **GRESERL/SBI2011,12,13,14(Reg)

1014-GROSentuSN2011,12,13,14(Reg) - 21111 (18No52) 144% Gtd Ln Str. 2007(Reg) - 2144% European Investment Bank 9% Ln Str. 2001 (Reg) - 21054, 91% Ln Str. 2009 - 2104% 101% Ln Str. 2009(Reg) - 2110% 111% Ln Str. 2009(Reg) - 2115% (17No52) (Friance Republic of) 11% Ln Str. 2009 (Reg) - 2110% 11% En Str. 2009 (Reg) - 2110% 11% En Str. 2009 (Reg) - 2110% Ln Str. 2009 (Reg) - 2110% Ln Str. 2009 (Reg) - 2110% Ln Str. 2009

(17Mo92)
Firshand Republic of) 11% - Ln Sit 2009
(Reg) - 2113% (19Mo92)
Gitraster (Covernment of) 11% - Ln Sit 2005
Reg) - 2141; (17Mo92)
Hydro-Cuebec 12,78% Ln Sit 2015 - 21232; A 18Mo92

E130 International Bank for Rec & Dev9% & Ln Six 2010(Reg) - £104% % 9% & Ln Six 2010(8x£5000) - £104%

(16No92) (1670-Ln Str 2003 - E(16% % 9% alaysis 187% Ln Str 2009(Reg) - E(0)

r Zealand 11'.4% Stk 2008(Reg) →

E114">
Nova Scotta(Province of) 11 11" - Ln Sik
2019 - E113" (17Ne) 2)
16 12" - Ln Sik 2011 - E155" (13Ne) 2)
Potroleon Mericanos 14" - Ln Sik 2006 E117 (17Ne) 2)
Portuga(Rep of) 9" - Ln Sik 2016 (Reg) E33" (17Ne) 2)
9" - Ln Sik 2016 (Ref) - E95
Spunjkingdom of) 11 11" - Ln Sik
2010 (Reg) - E102" - E108
Seeden(Kingdom of) 9% - Ln Sik
2010 (Reg) - E102" - E35" - Sik
2010 (Reg) - E102" - E35" - Sik

» (18No92) spublic ol) 14%% i.n Sik 2016 ~

19tho-Che-E123% % (18)

2130 £130

0957313(Commonwealm Orjer, 1-5 En 2012(Reg) - £984 (18No92) 11124 Ln Stk 2015(Reg) - £115

Borrowers

£110% Sainsbury(J) PLC 10%% Nts 1993 (Br£5000) - £100% % (13%o92) Sainsbury (J.)(Channel Islands)(Ld 8%%CnvCapBds 2005(Br - £151

Nts 1983 - £100% (13No82) tionwide Building Society Zero Con Nts 1998 (Gr £ Var) - £61% (18No92) w Zealand 9%% Bds 1995 - £104%

10%% Subord Bds 1998 (Br£5000) -10%% Subord Bds 1998 (Br25000) -£107% (16MoS2) 11%% Not 1996 (Br £5000&100000) -£109% 10% (17MoS2) Levis (John) PLC 10%% Bds 2006 -£103%

British Funds, etc ng included 3:97 Treasury 131% 5tk 2000/03 - £131 Exchequer 10% Stk 2005 - £114% Guaranteed Export Finance Corp PLC 124% Grd Ln Stk 2002(Reg) - £125%

Corporation and County Stocks No of bargains included 5 STOCKS No of bargains included 5
London County 27% Cons Six 1920(or after) - 1254; (18ko92)
Birmsogham Corp 37% Six 1946(or after) - 124 (17ko92)
Birmsogham Colorida (17ko94)
Birmsogham Cleanot Council 111/% Red Six 2012 - 1114
Birmsogham Cleanot Council 111/% Red Six 2012 - 1114
Birmsogham Cleanot Council 111/% Red Six 2012 - 1114
Croydon Corp 37% Six - 232% (16ko92)
Liverpool Corp 27% Red Six 1923(or after) - 124 (16ko92)
37% Red Six 1942(or after) - 129
[Manchester(City of) 11 5% Red Six 2007 -

er(City of) 11 5% Red Stk 2007 -116% danchester Corp3% Red Cons Stk 1928(or aher) - 529 (16No82) 1891 3% Red Stk 1841(or after) - 529 1831 3-9 Prote Service 1184092]
4% Cons Ind Sik - E39 (184092)
4% Cons Ind Sik - E39 (184092)
Norwich Corp.7% Red Sik - E29 (184092)
Nottingham Corp.3% Sik (Ind) - E29
(184092)
Gus Anns(of E3.25) - E29 (184092)

UK Public Boards Agricultural Mortgage Corp PLC5%* Deb Six 93/95 - 298 (13/052) 8 % Deb Six 92/94 - 298% (18/062) 7 % Deb Six 92/93 - 299% (17/1082) 10 % Deb Six 92/95 - 2100

Foreign Stocks, Bonds, etc-(coupons payable in LONGON) No. of bargains included 112

A.M.P.(U.K.) PLC 13% Bds 2015 [Br 950008100000] - £128W, [13Mog2]
Abbay National PLC 111% Ns 1996 (B*1000,100000) - £100%
Abbay National Sterling Capital PLC 10%%
Subord Gdd Bds 2002 (Br E Var) - \$106%

111/9 Subord Grd Bds 2017 - £112 (17No92) Abbuy National Tressury Servs PLC 104%GidNis1994(Br\$C1000,10000810 - \$C103% 104% (13No92) 101% Ged NRs 1997 (Br EVar) - £109 (184952) cer incorporated 4% 8ds 2001 (Br) -\$69% 70 (17No82) Red-Lyons PLC 10%% 8ds 1999(Br250008.100000) - £108%

(16No92) nglan Water PLC 12% Bds 2014 (Br £100808100000) - £119%, 20%, (19No92) Asda Frience Ld 10%% City Cap A4s2005f8r 250008100000) - 2101% (18No92) ASDA Group PLC 9%4 Bds 2002 - 289 % (17 nose) secialed British Ports Hidgs PLC 10%% Bds 2015(Br£100008100000) - £101 %

Associated British Ports Hidgs PLC 10%%
Bds 2016(3-2:000)63:10000] ~ 1014
Australia(Commonwealth 000) ~ 1014
Australia(Commonwealth 00) 10% Bds
1997 ~ 2:00.05 %
BAA PLC 112% Bds 2016 (Br
£10000&1000005 ~ 2116 % (18No52)
BP America Inc 91% Gdt Nts 1994 ~
£102%
BP Cepital BV 94% Gdt Nts 1993 ~ £100
(13No52)
BP Cepital BV 94% Gdt Nts 1953 ~ £100
(13No52)
BP Cepital BV 94% Gdt Nts 1953 ~ £100
(13No52)
BP Cepital BV 94% Gdt Nts 1953 ~ £100
(13No52)
British State Common Stat

1,000002)

Burdaya Overseas inv Co BV 8% Grd Bds
1996 (BrY1000000) — Y102 (18No82)

Bue Circle industries PLC 10% Bds
2013 (Br250004100000) — £103%,
8% Subord Crw Bds 2002 — £97
(18No92)

Blue Carde Industries Capital Ld 10%% Cnv Cap Bds 2005(Br550008100000) 5105% (Br8692) Sritish Aerospace PLC 102% Bds 2014 (Br510008100000) – 594 % Ф 11% Bda 2008 (Br 51000810000) – Eritish Airways PLC95/% Nts 1997 -E1049 5/4 British Airways PLC 10%% Bds 2008 -£104.45 5% British Gas Ind Finance BV 8%% Gtdbts 1999(B/\$1000,10000&100000) - \$106 1999(Br\$1000,10000&100000) - \$106 106 h (18No92) Neen Qae PLC7thto Nts 1997 (Br £ Var)

- £100 10%% 8ds 2001(Br £1000 100008 100000) - £112.05 124% Bds 1995 (8x£1000810000) -£110% 100 \$110% 100 100 PLC 12% Bds 2016 (8x£100008100000) - £1024. " (8x5100008.100000) - 5102% 1) Patish Telecommunications PLC9% 4, Mis 1993 - 5101.32 35 (13No92) 131% Nis 1993 (8x5100,1000810000) -5100% 12734600

mah Castrol Capital(Jersey) Ld9%% Cov Cap Bds 2006(Reg) - £130 % % 1

2006(Brt2500085900t) - \$127 'c.
Cable & Wrielsas hit Finance BY 10%'s
Gal Bds 2002 (Br £100008160000) £106' (18No92)
Coals Viyella Finance N.V. 7's*s Glid Red
Cre Prf 2004 (Br) - 124' ; 118No92)
Costant France N.V. 7's*s Gald Red
Cretant France NV 7's*s Gald Red
Cretant France NV 7's*s Gald CretPrf
2003 £1(Certs to Br) - 92 (13No92)
Bulle Moli & General F1C Give. Exch £107' CC Group PLC6: *• Cnv 8ds 2003 -

£38 ' . (18No92) East Midlands Electricity PLC 12". Bds 2016 (87 £10900 & 100000) - £120,4875 Ell Empronse Finance PLC81/% Gld Exch Bdo 2006 (Reg 25000) - 21031 8012-000 Exch 802 8112-000 Exch 802

(13No92) Expart-Import Bank of Japan 8% Gid 8ds 2002 - \$103 35 (03% (16No92) 10%% Gid 8ds 2001 (8r £1000810000) - \$1121a Far Eastern Tousie L.d.4% Bds 2006 -\$100 (160092) Finland(Republic ob)9%% Nis 1997 (Brc Var) - \$1051 Table 1997 - £1081; (18No52)
101% Bds 1997 - £1081; (18No52)
101% Bds 2008 - £102%
101% Bds 1998 - £107% (18No92)
Forte PLC 27% Nts 1996 (87
\$100008100000) - £101% (17No52)
General Betruc Creat Mrf 1 NV Zero Can
Gds Nts 1995 - \$38% (17No52)
Zero Cpn Gds Nts 10.796 - \$50%
(18No52)
General Motors Acceptance Corp8%4
Nts 1994 18361000,1000081000000) \$102% (17No52)

General Motors Acc Corp(UR) PLC 10"4" Nts 18/12:95 - £105": 29 (16Nts92) Granada Group PLC 11"4"> 8ds 2019 (Br£10900&100000) - £104": (17Nts92)

uaranteed Export Finance Corp PLC 9'.% Gtd Bds 2008 (Br & Ver) - £101% (171692) 101a*/ Cho Boy 2001 (BrEVar) - £112*/ % (16No92) % (16No92) kunnas Finance BV 12% Grd Nts 1996 -£110% (16No92) alfan Budding Society 9°6°s Ln Nts 1993 - £101 2 3 (16No92) 1072 3 (164692) % Subord 8d3 14(8r£100008100000) - £106 % .6

| | 104055| |ammerson Property Inv & Dev Corp | 104% 8ds 2013 (8r£10000&100000) | on PLC9". 1. Cay Subord 2008 (8: EV.n) - E107' - 1 (18N092) 103' - Bds 1997 (Br EV.n) - E106' • Hanson Trust PLC 10" - Bds 2008 nny & Crosheld PLC 7% s Subord Cnv Bds 2003 - £87 (18Ne

nce Ld 11 25% Cov nowonin Capital Finance Ld 11 25 Cap 8ds 2005 (Br£1000&10000) antal La 7% Cov Cap Bds 2004

h % 9%% Ln Stk 2014(Br) - £100% 13 5% Ln Stk 2010(Reg) - £133% United Merican States (6%% Ln Stk 2006(Reg) - £130 Listed Companies(excluding [Rogs - 122.94 3 (17Ne)92) Hydro-Oudboc 91°% Dobs Sora GY 6/8/95 - £10.4° (17Ne)92] 12°-120sSrsH8/3/2015(8/£10000\$10000\$1 investment Trusts) ABN-AMRO Hidgs N V. Ord FL5 -NG48 23 ' - 3 -35 -38 -38 4 -415 -45 -6 64 -7 -7 ' ' 9 -27 -31 176 | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/10/2) | (18/ 04 7 7 15 9.27 31 176 ADT Ld Com Ship \$6.16 - 460 60 2 ASH Capital Phance(Jersoy)(Ld 91/15 Cnv Cap Bds 2006 (Reg Units 100p) - £87% (17No92)

Aberdeen Trust PLCOrd 10p - 26
(18NoS2)
Aberforth Smaller Companies Tst PLCOrd
25p - 100 2 3
Wits to Sub Por Ord - 38 40
Aeten Melsystein Growth Fund(Cymran) Ld
Ord \$0.01 - \$8%
Airtiow Streamines PLC 10%, Cum Pri £1
- 98 8 (18NoS2)
Albert Pisher Group PLCWarrents To Sub
For Ord - 0% (18NoS2) For Ord - 0% (13No92) AOR (10:1) - \$5.9 (17No92) Wean Aluminium Lo Com Sha of NPV -\$15.7678 (16No92) \$16.7678 (16NoS2) Isxander & Alexander Services inc Shs of Cless C Com Six \$1 - \$16% (16NoS2) Ieranders Higgs PLC"A"(Rst.V)Ord 10p -

n Group PLC5% Cum Prf £1 - 46 Jexon Group PLU-79 Lurn FIT 1 - (18No92) 6.25p (Nen Cav Cum Red Prt 19p - 86 W Nippon Airway Co Ld Shs Com Sis 750 - 7984.461 7.03 91.12 .122222 3.906 1001.120 0.000 1001.120 had-Lyons PLCADR (1:1) - \$9% 7%% Cum Pri 21 - 76 6%% Red Deb Stk 88/93 - £99%

74% Red Deb Stk 88/93 - £96 9 (18N092) 11%% Deb Sik 2009 – £116% (18No92) 11% Deb Sik 2009 - £119% (18No92) 52% Uns Ln Sik - £54 64% Uns Ln Sik - £61% (18No92) 73% Uns Ln Sik 30/96 - £97% Allied Radio PLCOrd 25p - 13 (18No92) Alphament PLCOrd 25p - 17% 9 Ahis PLC5.5% Cnv Cum Non-Vng Red Pri 21 - 40 40 2 American Brands Inc Sis of Com Sik \$3.135 - \$41% (18No92) Andrews Syless Group PLC Cnv Pri 50p -63 (18No92) Andrews Syruss Street 63 (184052) Anglan Group PLCOrd Sp. - 213 4 5 8 Anglan Water PLC5%% Index-Linited LnSit 2008(6.0244%) - 2127 9

Asshi Bank LriShs of Com Stk Y60 -Y785
Aside Property Hidgs PLC 10 Sr16% 1st
Mitg Deb Six 2011 – 253% (17%652)
Associated Sritish Engineering PLC-4.0%
Cum Pri 21 – 40 (13%652)
Associated British Foods PLC71% Uns
Ln Six 87924 – 2595 (17%652)
Associated Lefeure Hidgs Ld71% % Uns Ln
Six 8994 – 2595 (17%652)
Adentic Richfeld Company Star of Com Six
\$2.50 – \$10696
Adls Copco ABA She Six25 – Six240,48
4.51 52 2 5% 43 8
Astronoids PLCADR (5:11) – \$10%

4.51 52 2 8% A3 8 Attwoods PLCADR (5:1) - \$10% Attwoods (Pinanos) NV8%p Glid Red Criv Prf 5p - 91 (18No92) Austin Red Group PLCOrd 25p - 177 90 (16NoS2)
Australia & New Zealand Banking Gp New Sha \$A1 (PP) (Reg) - 20.339 Automated Society(Holgs) PLC 8% Criv Cum Red Prf 21 - 65 8 Ayrahira Masal Products PLC Ord 25p - 35 (17NoS2)

8.A.T Industries PLCADR (1:1) - \$144/Φ

8ET PLCADR (4:1) - \$6.99976Φ

8EC PLGA:2%(Firth 6%) 1st Cum Prt Six

21 - 59 (17NoS2)

3.86%(Firth 5%) 2nd Cum Prt Six 21

-55 (16NoS2)

75% Deb Six 9095 - 299% %

(13NoS2)

(13NoS2) 3M Group PLC4.6p (Net) Criv Class Red Pri 209 - 53© 80C Group PLC ADR (1:1) - \$10% (13No92) 4.55% Cum Pri £1 - 65 (16No92) 2.5% Cum Pri £1 - 44% (13No62) 12% Una Ln Sck 2012/17 - £120% 1% B.S.G. International PLC 12%% Use Ln Sik chost - 60% B.S.G.International PLC 123/% Una Ln Stk 93/88 - 296 BTP PLC7-Sp(Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p - 134 (18No52) BTR PLC Warrarts 1985/96 to Sub for Ord ETH PLC Warraria 1993/196 to Sub for Or - SS 4 4 5 % 6 8 % 7 ADR (4:1) - S30.52 (18No92) Balloy(C.H.) PLC"B* Ord 10p - 17 (18No82) Bark of Instanci@overnor & Co of)Units NCP SK Srs A 21 & 29 Liquidation -£10.85

£10.95
Bank of Wales PLC131/4% Subord Uns Ln
Sk 95/97 - £107 (17No92)
Berdays PLCADR (4:1) - \$21%
Berdays Bank PLC8K% Uns Cap Ln Sk
85/93 - £98% 9
12% Uns Cap Ln Sik 2010 - £120% %
16% Uns Cap Ln Sik 2002/07 - £138%
{18No92} 1707052) Barbort PLCOrd 20p - 85 (18No82) Barbor Chrysalis Fund Ld Ord \$0.01 - \$7% (13No82)

(13/062)

Beringa PLC6% Curr 2nd Prf 21 - 97

(18/062)

94% Non-Curr Prf 21 - 114% 5%

Bard Group PLC6rd 120.10 - 120.43

Bass PLCADR (21) - 516.49

16% Deb 58, 2016 - 2106%

75% Ures Ln Stx 9297 - 299%

Bass investments PLC77% Ure Ln Stx - 3297 - 237

Betwey PLC9.5% Curr Red Prf 2014 21 - 102 4 % (18/062)

Bennett 8 Fountain Group PLCWarrants

10 54 % 10 Vod - 0 % (16/062) Sentent & Polintain Group PL/Warnins to sub for Ord - 0 % (16No82) sengesen d-y AS*A* Vig She NK2.5 - NK89 % % 5 % 91 2.72 "B Non Vig She NK2.5 - NK89% % .72 1.18 273 .775 4.28 5 % 7% Backwood Hodge PLC9% Cum Red Pri 21 - 39 (17No82) **Cum Red Pri 21 - 39 (17No82) **Cum Red Pri 21 - 39 (17No82) **Cum Red Pri 21 - 50 (17No82) **Cum Red P

Stockbuster Emerzerment Corp She Corn Sit \$0.10 - 211.51 \$ 17% (17No82) Blue Circle Industries PLC5K% 2nd Deb Sit 1984/2009 - 271© St. 1964/2009 - 271®
Boddington Group PLC99/% Cnv Une Ln
St. 2000/05 - 2170 (18NoS2)
Boddilenny) & Sons PLCOrd 10p - 200 5
10 (17NoS2)
Bodd Co PLCADR (2:1) - \$15.09
7 % Une Ln St. 88/63 - 238 (18NoS2)
Bodd PLCOrd 50p - 428 9 9 % 30 30 1
2 3 3 216 4 4 217 5 5 217 % 6 7
Franctord & Relative Relation Society 11%%

% % 13% Pents Int Bearing She £10000 -£118% % 9% ETION 4 9% Bradford Property Trust PLC 10%% Cum Prf \$1 - 110 (16No62) Braine(T.F.&J.H.)(Hidgs) PLC Ord 25p -

Pri £1 - 110 (16No92)
Praints(F.F.A.J.H.)(Hidgs) PLCOrd 250 180 (18No22)
Brent Chemicals Internetional PLC3%,
Curr Red Pri £1 - 103% % (16No92)
Brent Weiter Group PLCWte to Sub for
Ord - 3 (16No92)
8.5% 3rd Non-Curr Cnv Red 2007/10
9.1 - 0% 12 % 2% (16No92)
9.1000 PLC7%% Urs Ln 5% 2002/07 033
9.15tol Scotts PLC0rd Six 5p - 60
(16No92)
9.15tol Weiter PLC8%% Gurn Ind Pri £1 1111% X 4% Cons Deb Stk trrd - £38 (16No92) Bristol Water Hidge PLCOrd £1 - 790 (18NoS2) 6 75% Cum Criv Red Pri 1998 Shs £1 -

6 75% Cure Crit Head PT 1 1000 Cure 142 (17MOS2)
Bristol & West Building Scotely (15%)
Perth Intl Bearing She £1000 – £107 ½
% % 8 8
Britannika Building Society 13% Perm Int
Bearing She £1000 – £113 % %
New 13% Perm Int Bearing She £1000
P113 ½ ½ % 4 - £113 % % % 4 Wish Airways PLCADR (10:1) - \$40 ,03 %
British Alcan Aturninkum PLC 10%% Deb
Sik 2011 – 298% [184692]
British-American Tobacco Co Ld 5% 2nd
Cum Pri Sik 21 – 610 British Blo-Technology Group PLCOrd Sp

British Con-technings - 438
British Fittings Group PLC5.5% Cnv Red
Pri E1 - 47% 8 51
British Land Co PLC 11% First Mtg Deb
Set 2019/24 - 2110 (164/62)
British Petroleum Co PLC6% Curn 1st Pri
E1 - 82 (184/62)
9% Curn 2nd Pri E1 - 94 (184/62)
British Polythere Industries PLC9-25% British Polythene Industries PLC9:25% Curn Red Pri 21 - 108 8 (188032) British Shoe Corp Hidgs PLC 4.55% (Pmly 61%) Curn 3rd Pri C 1 - 63 British Stoel PLC0rd 50p - 47 % 8 8 % % 9 8 5 48 % % 52 .73 % % 7.7 .837 .98 50 50 % % (18NoS2) titsh Sugar PLC 16%% Red Deb Stk 2013 - £110% 1%

2013 - 21 (0% 1/5 British Telenosmirun/cations PLCOrd 25p (Regd Int Cert-105p To Pay) - 284 5 5 36 % % .84 6 6 .14 .356 % % 7 7 .14 36 % 8 6 .14 .85 % 9 8 9 00 ADR (10:1) 2nd Instalment - \$43% 44 ih Thomton Hidge PLC Ord 5p - 8 Nune2h Britton Group PLCOrd 1p - 5% 6% % Britton Estate PLC9-50% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2026 - £95 (16NoSZ) rown & Jackson PLC Ord 1p - 9% 10 % Buigh(A.F.) & Co PLC Ord Shs Sp - 42 (13No92) Butmer(H.P.)Hidge PLG8%% 2nd Cum Pri £1 - 106 (17No92) 9%% Cum Pri £1 - 117 (17No92) Bund PLC 7% Criv Uns Lin Sik 95/97 291 (16Hc92) amah Castrol PLC6% Cum 1st Pri Stk

E1 - 55 (18No92)
71% Cum Red Pri 21 - 74
8% Cum Pri 21 - 85 (18No92)
8% Uns Ln Sti 91,986 - 299% &
Burn Stewart Distillers PLC Ord 10p - 140 O Burndene Investments PLC 15% Une La Str. 2007/12 – £110 (13Ne\$2) Burton Group PLC 8% Cev Uns La Sec 1998/2001 – exp 1996/2001 - 237 CRT Group PLCOrd 10p - 79% 80 1 4 Caird Group PLCOrd 10p - 79% 80 1 4 Caird Group PLC 7p Curn Cnr Red Pri 2009 10p - 65 % 8 Calabreed Robey & Ca PLC Ord 10p - 37 /1884-021 (16No92) California Energy Co inc 8hs of Com Stk 80,0875 - £9,914078 9,996895 \$ 15,046 (NoS2) Idian Overs Pack Industr Ld Com Hov

- 485 5 (17No92) Capital & Counties FLC9%% 1st Mig Deb Six 2027 - 299% (13No92) 9%% Ling Lin Six 9196 - 200 5 Capital Industries & COunting - 29 Carcio Engineering Group PLC 10K% Cum Red Pri 21 - 110 (16No92) Cartion Communications PLC7%% Cre Subord Bde 2007(Reg 25000) - 120

(16NoS2)
Charmel Holdings PLC Ord 5p - 18
Charter Consolidated PLC 2p(Br) (Cpn 56)
- 543 (16NoS2)
Chellanham & Gloucester Build Soc 11% %
Perp Int Bearing She 250000 - \$104%
% 2
Chellanham & Gloucester Build Soc 11% %
Perp Int Bearing She 250000 - \$104%

% 12 Chillington Corporation PLC 81/16 Cum Red Pri 21 - 73 (18NoS2) 9% Criv Uns Ln Sits 1999 - 655‡ (17NoS2) Chulch Security PLC Ord 5p - \$2.96 p 194 5 % 6 6 7 % 8 8 .4367 .9 9 9 200 200 1 1
City Sile Estates PLC5.25% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 - 27 (18Ne92)
Claremont Cerments(Holdings)PLCOrd 16p - 259 62 (18Ne92)
Clayhithe PLCOrd 16p - 35 (17Ne92)
9.5% Subord Cnv Uns Ln Stx 2000/61 - 252 \$22
Cleveland Place Holdings PLC10%% Red
Deb Stk 9095 - 2100% (18No82)
12%% Red Deb Stk 2008 - 2121%
Clyb Red Deb Stk 2008 - 2121%
Clyde Blowers PLC04259 - 290
Co-Operative Bank PLC9.25% Non-Cum
Int Pri I - 108% 7
Costs Patons PLC6%% Uns Ln Stk
2009/07 - 284
75% Une Ln Stk 90/95 - 288%
(17No80)

7%% Une Lr Six 90/95 - £98% (17No92)
Costs Viyella PLC 4.9% Curn Pri £1 - 67 (17No92)
Cohen(A.) & Co PLC Non.V "A" Ord 20p - 200
Colorvision PLC Ord 5p - 83 (18No92)
Commanded Union PLC 9.5% Curn Red Pri £1 - 62 (17No92)
8%% Curn Irrd Pri £1 - 100 % 1% % % % 2 2 % % % 8%% Curn Irrd Pri £1 - 106% % 7 13; % ookson Group PLC4.9% Cum Pri 21 -70 (13No92) Cookson Group PLC4.9% Cum PH 21 - 70 (138692)
Cooper (Frederick) PLC8.5p (Net) Cnr Red Cum Ptg Ptf 10p - 68 (18N682)
Coronation Syndicate Ld RQ.26 - 28 (Country Casuale Hidge PLCOrd 5p - 138 (13N682)
7% Dato Six 8994 - 299 (18N682)
5% Uns Ln Six 8994 - 299 (18N682)
5% Uns Ln Six 8996 - 295
7% Uns Ln Six 8998 - 295
7% Uns Ln Six 8998 - 295
7% Uns Ln Six 8996 - 295

(18NoS2) 7%% Uris Lin Stk 2000/05 - £88 90 Coventry Building Society 12%% Undated/AsocialorityChySubNta Reg ding Society 12%% indatorityCreSubNta Reg E105Y, % 6 K

DAB investments Ld Ord RIQ.01 - 130
Daily Mail & General Trust PLC Ord S0p - 059Y (18NoS2)
Dairy Farm International Hidge Ld Ord S0.055/blong Kong Register) - 20.89 0.91
SH10.91 1.15113
Osigoty PLC 4.85% Cum P1 21 - 65
(18NoS2) (16No92) 6%% Red Deb Sik 85/95 - £96 ares Estates PLC7.75% Cm/ Curl Red

Prf £1 - 1% De Beers Corasidated Mines Lt.40% Cum Prf R5 (Sr) (Cpn 167) - 300 (17NoS2) Debenhams PLC5%% 2nd Deb Stk 90/95 - 236 (13NoS2) - 1380 (13909)2] 7%% 2nd Deb Stk 91/96 - 136% 7%% Uns Ln Sgk 2002/07 - 1276 (17No92) 7%% Uns La Sik 2002/07 *- 27*8 (18No92) Picore PLC6,25% Cum Cny Red Prf 21 ~ 50 - 50
Dewfurst PLCOrd 10p - 32 (18NoS2)
Dover Corp Com Sik \$1 - \$43.741533
(13NoS2)
Dusked Group PLCOrd 1p - 39
BiAP PLC5% Cust Pri £1 - 62 (17NoS2)
East Midsards Electricity PLCOrd 50p - 422 3 3 4 6 29 % 6 6 7 7 8 8
Eastern Security PLCOrd 50p - 421 2 %
.79 3 .79 4 4 .21 % % .71 5 5 .21 .22 6 6

7
9 Oro Mining&Exploration Co PLCOrd 10p - 410 (18No82)
Section House PLC7.5% Chy Cum Red Pri St - 60
Eminer Co Ld6% Oum Pri Sts 21 - 68

(13No92) Euro Disney S.C.A. She FR10 (Depositury Receipts) - \$13% 13% p 840 5 50 5 8 60 5 8 70 80 90 5 905 10 10 5 20 5 30

Eurotunnel PLC/Eurotunnel SA Units (Sicovern Inscribed) - FR28.85 .9 9.1 (Sicovam ! .18 .4 .47 .18 A A7 Fadr Wis(1EPLC & 1ESA WritoSub 10 Units) - 220% 21% Fadr Wis (Scoven Inscribed) - £159 160 161 165 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 175.2 175 175.2 1991Wis(1EPLC/ESAWisub EPLC/ESAUIs(S.L) - PR20 20.05 20.1 20% 21 Evered Bardon PLC7.25p (Net) Cnv Red Pri 25p - 68© 11.25p Cum Red Pri 2006 10p - 96

(18No92) xealibur Group PLC 11.5% Cum Prf £1 -88 95 (13No92) Excessor Group PLC 11.5% Cum Prt St. 88 95 (13No52)

Exploration Co PLC Ord Six 5p - 208 (17No52)

Farmingtont PLC Ord 5p - 4 (18No52)

Farmingtont PLC Ord 5p - 4 (18No52)

Farst Debenture Finance PLC 11.125%

Soveraby Gid Deb Six 2018 - 2114%

(17No52)

Fisons PLC ADR (4:1) - \$13%

Six 4 Uns Ln 5ix 2004/09 - 273%

Flegatione Holdings PLC Ord 1p - 0%49

Floor Corp Com 50.625 - \$43.5639

Foliass Group PLC Ord 5p - 38

Forminater PLC 11% Cum Prt 21 - 119

Forte PLC 10.5% Aftg Deb Six 91/96 - 2100%

9.1% Una Ln Sik 95/2000 - \$100 (13No82) Forth Ports PLC Ont 50p - 205 8 8 8 Fortnum & Mason PLC 7% Cum Prf Sek £1 Forim Purc PLC Ont 500 - 205 6 8 8 8 Fortum 8 Maston PLC 7% Cum Prf 9st £1 - 83 (13No82) PLC 7% Cum Prf 9st £1 - 83 (13No82) Prisendly Hotels PLC 43% Cnv Cum Red Prf £1 - 83 (15No82) 7% Cnv Cum Red Prf £1 - 83 (16No82) 6NN PLCADR (1:1) - 83.13 DK288.14 (13No92) G.R.(Hidgs) PLC 10%% 2nd Cum Prf £1

90
ST. Chile Growth Fund Ld Ord \$0.01 \$16,589 (17NoS2)
GTE Corporation She of Com Sik \$0.05 \$33.46 -3993789
General Accident PLC5%% Curn Into Pri
£1 - 109% 10
General Accident PLC5%% Curn Into Pri
£7 - 109% 10
General Accident Assec Corp PLC
71% Urea Ln Sik 67/92 - \$28%
(13NoS2) 71% Une Ln Six 67/54 - 106% (13M652)
74% Une Ln Six 62/97 - 258
69neral Becthe Co PLC-ADR (1:1) - \$3.97
71% Une Ln Six 63/63 - 259 (18M652)
Gestyner Hidge PLC-Ord Cep 25p - 146
(13M652)
Obbe & Deney PLC-Ord 10p - 73
(13M652)

(13M092)
Glazo Group Ld 6%% Lins Lin Sek 85/95
50p - 49 (17No92)
7%% Uns Lin Sek 85/95 50p - 49%
Gymeed International PLC 10%% Uns Lin
Six 94/90 - \$1031/40 Goodwin PLCOM 16p - 25 (18No82) Grace (W.R.) & CoCom Six \$1 - \$35% Grand Metropolitan PLC5% Cum Pri £1 -56 (16No82) Moszą nalis Group PLC8% Cum Pri 21 –

(17NoS2) 8% Ind Uns Ln Str. - 280 (13NoS2) 8%% Ind Uns Ln Str. - 288 (13NoS2) Greencore PLCOrd In21,00 - 2.29 2.3 p 9.5% Çıv Una 1.n Sik 1995 - IC104 105 Guinness Flight Global Strategy Fd Ptg Red Prf \$0.01(Global Bond Fund) -534.99 (13No92) HSSC Hdgs PLCOrd 75p - 510 % % 1 1 % 2 2 % % % \$ 3 3 % % 4 % % .56 6 5 % % % \$ 6 6 % % % 7 7 % % % 8 8 %

9 9 20 20 Ord \$H10 - 510 1 2 % % 3 4 5 % % %

11%% Deb Stk 2014 - £115% %

6 6 7 % 8 9 % Ord 75p (Hong Kong Reg) ~ \$H59.067857 5H50.087857 Ord \$H10 (Hong Kong Reg) -SH58.795925 9.050775 ,199462 28795 90.023693 ,42908 7 7 7 739375 8 ,8 .905524 9 9 1 .1 .2 .3 ,4 ,4 % 5,012 1.69% Subord Bds 2002 (Reg) 2108% 9 % % % % 10 % 11.69% Subord 8ds 2002 (Sr EVer) -

2357

lational Westminster Bank PLC7% Cum

Pri £1 = 70% (18No92) 8% Subord Uns Ln Stk 1988 - 209%

87% Slabord Uns Lin Sib. 1983 - 1387% 12%% Subord Uns Lin Sib. 2004 - 12120 astio SA Sha SF10 (Reg) - 1452.8 459.3275 SF1006.97 7.576 ,619 8 9 10 1

1 2 2 3 3 4.53 .82 5 5 .019 .028 8 % 7 8

5.85 9 38 20 FR3688.36 Shs SF10 (Br) - SF999 354 % 1004 % 5 5 % 6 6 8.95

lewcaste Building Society 12%% Penn Interest Bearing She £1000 - £109% 10 % %

News International PLC7% 1st Cum Pri E1 - 590

(13No92) 10%'S Curn Pri 50p - 44 (16No92) North East Weler PLC 8.25% Red Deb Stit 199294 - 537 (16No92) 8.5% Red Deb Stit 1992/94 - 239

8.5% Red Deb Str. 1982/94 - E89 (18No32)
North Housing Association Lid Zero Cpn Ln Str. 2027 - 280 (18No82)
81% Gad Ln Str. 2037 - 285% (17No82)
North Mildend Construction PLC-Ord 10p - 27 (17No82)
North of England Building Society 125% Perm Int Bearing (17000) - 2108% 9 % Perm Int Bearing (17000) - 2108% 9 % Northern Electric PLC-Ord 50p - 465 6 7 8 9 23 70 3 4 % Northern Engineering Industries PLC 5.375% Cum Ptf 21 - 70 70 85% Uns Ln Str. 895/3 - 299 NORWES PLC-Ord 50p - 456 60 2 3 .008 4 5 6 7 8 9 70 1 24 2 Nova Group PLC-Ord 50p - 28 (16No82) Cosen Wilsons Hidge Lid Ord 20p - 35 Oceonics Group PLC-Warrants to sub for Ord - 0% (13No82)
Old Court Currency Fund Ld Ptg Red Ptf \$0.0710-bustschammerk) - DM40.151 (16No82)

(16NoS2)
Ontario & Quabec Railway Co 5% Perm
Des Stighat Gad by C.P.) - 245 (13NoS2)
Ossory Estates PLCOrd 25p - 7 % % %
8%
Pacific Gas & Ejectric Co Sits of Com 84:
55 - \$31% %

ss - s31 % % Paramount Communications inc Com Six \$1 - 227.8 \$ 42% Park Food Group PLCOrd 2p - 155% 6 8

Paterson Zochonia PLC7%% Cum Prf \$1

10% Cum Pri £1 - 120% (13No92) sarson PLC5.675% Uns Lri 8tk 88/93

LS/576 Life Ln Std. 68/65 - 2597 (18NoS2) 8.25% Lins Ln Std. 68/93 - 2100Φ 13.825% Lins Ln Std. 2007 - 2125% ¼ (17NoS2) Peel Heigs PLC8%% 1st Mig Deb Std 2011 - 257% % % (17NoS2) 5.25% (Nei) Cnv Cum Non-Vig Pri 21 -53% 6 7

5.25% (Net) Criv Cum Non-Vig Pri 21 53% 6 7
Ped South East List% line Ln Sik 67/97
- 285
Perinsular & Oriental Steem Nav Co5%
Cum Prid Sik - 250
Perinsular & Oriental Steem Nav Co5%
Cum Prid Sik - 250
Perinsular & Oriental Steem Nav Co5%
Cum Prid Sik - 250
Perinsular & Oriental Steem Nav Com Pred
Pri 10p - 70% 2
Petroting S.A. Ord Sits NPV (Br in Denom
1,5 & 10) - BE7640,6387 6100
Pittard Germar PLC9% Cum Pri 51 - 88
95 (13/4092)
Perinsulariok Group PLC6,75% Cnv Pri
91/2001 10p - 72 (18/4082)
Petrotinario PLC9d 10p - 34 8 7 8
Polohtand (C.P.) Co Lid Sits 90.06 (Hong
Kong Registered) - 34/2-88889
Polipherarust Plashnums Ld Ord R0.025 86 (13/4082)
Practical Investment Co PLCOrd 10p -

Practical investment Co PLCOrd 10p -

Pressac Holdings PLC 10.5% Cum Pri 21

Pressac Hotorigs PLC 10.5% Curn Pri 1:

- 98
Process Systems Inc.Sts. of Com Six 50.025(UK Reg) - 3½ (13No82)
Property Trust PLC Ord 25p - 23
New Ord 25p pW Pd-25/11/82) - 0% ½ (18No82)
Proviting PLC 8.8% Curn Red Pri 2: - 55% 6 (17No92)
Purmigen Hidgs PLC Ord 12½p - 6 ½ (18No82)
Cuedrant Intercontinental Fund Ld Shs \$0.10(European Shs) - \$2.51
Cuedes More Houses PLC 10½% 1st Mag Deb Six 2020 - 595% 9½ ½ (18No92) 12% 1st Mag Deb Six 2020 - 595% 9½ ½ (18No92) 12% 1st Mag Deb Six 2020 - 513% 4 (18No92)
Cuelcia Group PLC 10% Curn Pri 2: - 100 (18No82)

(18%62)
R.E.A.Hadge PLC 10% Cum Prf 21 - 100
(18%62)
R.E.A.Hadge PLC 9% Cum Prf 21 - 80
12% Cnv Ums Ln Stk 2000 - 283
(18%62)
RPH Ld 2.5% (Pmly 4%) Cum Prf 21 - 86

(17NoS2) 8% Deb Sit 92/96 - 259% (13NoS2) 4%% Uns Ln Sit 2004/06 - 230

1104064) RTZ Corporation PLC3.325% "A" Cum Prf £1 = 49% (134052)

56 (18No92) anold PLG6% Cum Pri Sok 21 - 45 60

(1774092) 9% Una Lii Siik 99/2004 — £102

595 (13No92) 6.975% Uns La Stk 88/93 - 599

- 3879 8% 2nd Cum Pri 21 - 65 (16No92) Next PLC7%'A" Cum Pri 21 - 60

C110% Salahri Bell 2002 (pr 2787) — C110% Lattax Bulking Society 12% Perm Int Bearing Sha C1 (Reg 250000) — 2114% % 5

(17No82) iszlewood Foods PLC7.5% Cum Pig Pri £1 - 96 (17No92) Savigne Browery PLC 11%% Cum Pri 21 - 127 (17NoS2) - 127 (17NoS2)
Henningwey Properties PLCOrd 25p - 21% (13NoS2)
Hepmorth Capital Finance 1.611 25% Chv
Cap Bde 2005 (Feg) - 119 9 .19 ¼ .44
½ 20
Higgs 6 Hat PLC8% Una Ln Str 89/94 - 286 (17NoS2) Highcroft investment Trust PLCOrd 25p - 145 55 ao Ny fisiana PLCADRI4:1) = \$8% Hilladown Hidgs PLCADR(4:1) - \$6% (17MeS2) Honds Motor Co Ld She of Com Sek Y50 - Y1207.5744 10 3.59 .690 125 6% .31 30 Hong Kong Reg Ld Ord \$0.10 (Hong Kong Reg) - \$H13.33213 .415 .5194 .52120 % House of Fraser PLC8%% Uns Ln Sek \$3988 - 297 Housing France Corporation Ld 5% Deb Sek 2027 - £47 (17MeS2) 11 1% Deb Sek 2026 - £107% (18MeS2)

(18NoS2)
Huntarphit Group PLC Ord 5p - 5% 8 %
Huntarphit Group PLC Ord 160.25 - 180.4
MM Group PLC 'A' Ord 180.25 - 180.4
MM PLC 5% W Uns Ln Six 200/106 - 271%
Si Himstayen Fund NV Ord FL0.01 - \$7.15
(17NoS2)
Letiand Frozen Foods Hidgs PLC Cnv Cum
Red Pri 20p - 196
inchaspe PLC 12%% Uns Ln Six 93/96 £103 (18NoS2)
inchaste? Control Services Grp PLC Ord
10p - 127 10p - 127 ntl Stock Exchange of UKERep of IrLd 71/4 Mtg Deb Stk 90/85 - 295 (181468) NVESCO NMA PLCWts To Subscribe for Ord - 20 INVESCO MIM Jersey Gilt Fd Ld Pig Red Pri 1p - 18.560 Irish Life PLCOrd #20.10 - £1,4 1.41 p

152
JF Pacific Wernent Co SA Was to Sub for Cro(Reg) - 15 (17No92)
JIB Group PLC Ord 10p - 152 (18No92)
Jerdine Matheson Hddgs Ld Ord 50.25
(Hong Rog Registar) - 24.28 4.32 4.38
44. SHSD.3347 .5431 1.239858 .28265 1/2 4% strott2347 2431 1,23365 2,2605 %
55 2 4 %
Jardine Strategic Hödga Ld Ord \$0.05
(Bermuds Register) - \$128,890902
(1314082)
Ord \$0.05 (Hong Kong Register) \$123,2336 487385 5,80852,8035 8,85
DR1's (Bg) - \$120% (1084082)
ersey Bactricity Co Ld'A' Ord 21 - 211%
(1714082) Jersey Bactricky Co Ld*A* Ord 21 - 211% (17/1082) Jeseups PLC7:3p (Net) Crw Cum Red Pri 50p - 22 (18/1082) Jerse Group PLC Ord 5p - 480 (18/1082) Johannesburg Conti Invest Co Ld #0.10 finson & Firth Brown PLC 11.05% Cum

Johnson & Fifth growth PLC11,55% Cum
Pri St - 110 (18)kcg2
11% Uns Ln Sik 8398 - 296
Johnson Group Cleaners PLC7-5g (Net)
Chr Cum Red Pri 10p - 128
Johnson, Matthay PLC5% Chr Cum Pri St
- 730 (18)kog2)
85% Mg Deb Sik 85/85 - 259%
Kajima Comp Sik 95/85 - 259 X
Kgman Comp Sik 95/85 - 258 4
Kerwatod Applances PLCCrd 10p - 280 4
Kerwatod Applances PLCCrd 10p - 280 4
Kerwatod Composition Ld Ont Six 1 - 558 687 Keppel Corporation Ld Ord \$81 - \$58.087 ,078 (18No92) "ITR (18NG32) Kleinwort Endowment Policy Tat PLCOrd 10p - 99 % 100 1 2 Korsa-Europe Fund Ld Shs \$0.10 - \$2650 ShajiDR to Br) \$0.10 (Cpn 5) - \$2850 ner A.S. Free A Shs NK12.50 -P127.38 128.68 129.1 6 Sha NK12.60 - NK124 (18No82) Kyrsteine Corporation Sha FM20 (Unrestricted) - FM68 9 Land Securities PLC6% 1st Mtg Dab Stk

00100 - 1,0071 7%% 1et Mig Deb Silk 91/96 - 597% (138682) 9% 1st Mtg Deb 38 95/2001 - 2101 10% 1st Mtg Deb 38 2027 - 2103% 4% 5%% Uns Ln Stk 92/97 - 292 (138692) 8%% Uns Ln Stk 92/97 - 293 (138692) 8%% Uns Ln Stk 92/97 - 298 (138692) on PLC8% Date 8tk Legarte Amalgemation PLC 8% Deb Sti 83/88 - 2100% (16Mo82) LASMO PLC 10K% Deb Sti 2009 -2104% (18Mo82) Latin American Extra Yield Fund Units -

Rectal Security L.0% Uns Ln 3lit 32/95 - 598/96
Rank Korgenisettion P.L.G.ADR (1:1) - 59.88
Ranks Howis McDougell P.L.G.8K% Uns Ln 5kt 90/94 - 297
8/% Uns Ln 5kt 91/95 - 297 9 %
Randomse P.L.G.25p (Net) Curn Cnv Prf 12.5p - 38 8 9 % 40 Curn Cnv Prf 12.5p - 38 8 9 % 40 Curn Cnv Prf 12.5p - 38 6 7 9 % 6 Mill 50 Curn Prf 50p - 27 (18No52) 55% 2nd Curn Prf 51 - 50 (18No52) 55% 2nd Curn Prf 57 - 50 (18No52) Rectal to Softman P.L.G.7k Curn Prf 51 - 50 (18No52) Rectal to Softman P.L.G.7k Curn Prf 51 - 50 (18No52) Rectal to Softman P.L.G.7k Curn Prf 51 - 51 (18No52) P.L.G.7k Curn Red Prf 21 - 43/9 3.85% (Prnly 5/%) Curn Red Prf 21 - 55 (18No52) va Pletinum Mines Ld Ord R0.01 – 15 Leeds & Holbeck Building Society 13%% Perm Int Beering Shs \$1000 - \$111% 2 Perm int Beering Shs \$1000 - 2111% 2 % % Leads Permanent Building Society 13%% Perm Int Bearing 650000 - 2122% 3 Lewist-John) PLC5% 1st Cum Prf Sik 21 - 82 (17No82) Lewist-John)Partnersing PLC5% Cum Prf Sik 21 - 70 2 (18No82) Lewist-John)Partnersing PLC5% Cum Prf Sik 21 - 70 2 (18No82) Lewist-John)Properties PLC5% Mig Oeb Sik 9297 - 2100% (18No82) Lax Service PLC5% Secured Ln Sik 1992 - 236 (13No82) Lay (29) 2 Co Sha of Com Sik MPV - 562% % (18No92) Lombsurf PLC6W Cum Red Prf 20p - 50 (18No82) Lombsurf PLC6W Cum Red Prf 2p - 10 (18No82) Lockheed Corporation Sha of Com Sik \$1 (19Ne82) 7% 2nd Deb St. 92/97 - 297% 6% 1st Deb St. 91/96 - 295 (19Ne/92) Remarkt Group PLC Ord 2p - 185 7 7 8 438 9 9 Repols Ld Free Shs FM10 - FM43.2929 % d Corporation She of Com Stik \$1

S.D.

Noctwere Group PLC5% Uns Ln Six 96789 – 597 (18No22)
Rosebys PLCCfrd 25p – 102 (18No82)
Rose Group PLC0rd 5p – 234
Roshmins international PLC B Ord 6.25p – 591 2/x 3 4 5 6 8 9 7 8 9 9 Lockheid Corporation Shs of Com Six \$1 - 3471/,
Lomberd North Central PLC6% Cum 1st Pri \$1 - 57 (16No92)
London Bectricky PLC Ord 50p - 450 50 1 .77 2 3 % 4 5 6 7 8 9 23 60 60 .23 1 London International Group PLC ADR [6:1) - \$17% (17No82)
London PLC ADR (1:1) - \$1.1
10% 1st Mig Deb Six 97/2002 - £99 100 (18No82)
Lockers PLC6% Cnv Cum Red Pri \$1 - 88 (18No82) Cum Pri 21 - 105 deigon Group PLCOnt 10p - 95 7%% Uns Ln Stk 93/98 - £94% (17No92) Santchi & Saakchi Co PLCOrd 25p - 138 9 40 2

£102% 14% Subord Une Ln S& 2002/07 -

Mitel Corporation Corn She of NPV -\$C1,7149

Mitaublehi Electric Corporation Sits of Com Sit 1760 Hectric Corporation Sits of Com Sit 1760 - 17446.488 .656 53.5676 89.140045 Mitaublehi Trust & Banking Corp Sits of Com Sit 1750 - 1780,051 90 Monstanto CoCom Sit 52 - 556% (16NoS2) Morgan Crucible Co PLC94% Deb Sit 95/2000 - 2101 (13NoS2) Mount Charlotte Investments PLC 10%%

nan nds Electricity PLC Ord 50g - 466 fi

2126%

7 8 9 70 70 1 2 3

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Lowelflobert H, 18 Co PLC87.5% (Net)
Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p - 6 (17%62)

Luces Industries PLC 10% the Ln Set
8297 - 2100 (18%62)

MEPC PLC95% 1st Mig Deb Set 87/2002
- 2104 (17%62)
10%% 1st Mig Deb Sc 2024 - 2109%
8% Uns Ln Set 200906 - 285
10%% Uns Ln Set 200906 - 285
10%% Uns Ln Set 2032 - 294%

MFI Puriture Group PLC Ord 10p - 117 7
34 8 J 8 5 8 9 20 20 X 1 J 4 4 7 2%

MIM Britannia Pioneer Markets Fundiud
Pg Red Pri 1p - 104 (18%682) 40 2 ADR (3:1) - \$6.48 % (18NoS2) 5% Cnv Uns Ln Sck 2015 - £44 (18NoS2) Sainsburyki) PLC ADR (1:1) - \$7.6 [13NoS2] | 1.5mc52| anderson Murray&Eder(Hage)PLCOrd 10p - 80 (18No92) 10p — 80 (18No82) Scansronic Hidge PLC7.25p (Net) Cnv Curr Red Pri 20p — 69 k; 70; (17No82) Scans Group PLC8% Una Ln Six 88:53 — 238 (17No92) Scholl PLC8/% Curr Red Pri 2001/05 £1 — 105 (16No82) MIM Britannia Pioneer Markets Fundi.d Pig Red Pri 1p - 104 (188082) McAlpholAlined) PLC9% Cum Pri 21 -85% (138082) McCarthy & Street - 105 (197032) 5% Ghr Cum Red Prf 2006/11 £1 - 88 138to82) Ichroders PLC8% Une Ln Stk 97/2002 - 139% (179/032) Icothsh Aslen Investment Co Ld Warrants to stok for Pig She - 22.45 Icothsh Hydro-Geotric PLC0rd 50p (Pagd Int Cert-170p Pd) - 239 9 .38 ½ 40.40 .12 % % .88 11 % % 2.2.3 Scotish Metropolitan Property PLC10%% a6% (13Nos2) McCarrhy & Stone PLC8.75% Cum Red Pri 2003 £1 - 45 (17Nos2) 7% Cw Uns Ln Six 9804 - 242 McKay Securities PLCCap 20p - 66 (16NoS2) Manchester Ship Canal Co5% Perp Pri 21 - 215 (18Nos2) cottlish Metropolitan Property PLC 10%% 1st Mg Deb Stk 2016 - 290 1% 2% (18No62) cottish & Newcastie PLC 6.425% Cum Pri

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(194 21 - 94 (18No92) 7% Cav Cum Pai 21 - 182 (18No92) Cort-170p Pd - 223 3 39 % % 4 4 .11 5 .64 % 5 5 .11 % 6 6 .11 % % .61 7 8 (Juniciae) Seegram Distillers PLC 12%% Deb S&: 2012 - £120% (18No92) Sears PLC5.25% (Fmly 7%%) Cum Pri £1 - 65 (189092) 8.75% (Fmly 121/%) Cum Prf £1 - 108 7%% Ums Ln Ssk 92/97 - 298% BNOSZ) Irlear Group PLC4.65% Cum Phy Pri £1 - £120 (18No92) SEEBQARD PLCOrd 50p - 458 9 .77 60 60 1,77 2 .23 % % .77 3 4 4 .23 5 Shell Transport&TradingCo PLCOrd Shell Midland Bank PLC7%% Subord Uns Ln Stk 8393 - 198% 9 (18Nd92) 10%% Subord Uns Ln Sik 83/98 -

Shell Transport&TradingCo PLC Ord Shell (25) (Con 189) = 535
Sheld Group PLC Ord 59 = 5%
Sheld Group PLC Ord 59 = 5%
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Shoprite Group Ld Ord 59 = 523 6
Shoprite Group PLC 77% time Ln Skt
2003/08 = 280 (18846)2]
Sime Darty Barthad M 0.50 = 109
Simon Engineering PLC 8.35% Cum Red
Pf 91/98 21 = 38 (13846)2]
Sindaf (Water) PLC 5.25% Cum Cum Red
Pf 21 = 49 (18846)2)
Sindar PLC 77% Cum Prf 21 = 55
(13846)2) (13Md2) Standla Group Insurance Co Ld She SK5 - SK74.02 Skipton Building Society 12%% Perm Int Beering She £1000 - £107% 8 % % % 9 Smith & Nephew PLC Ord 10p - 160 1 1 % % 56 -92 2 2 .08 .2256 % .33 .42 %

% 56 3 3 % % 4 %; Smith New Court PLC 12% Subord Une (A Std: 2001 - 595 (16Ng62)

1st Mrg Deb Sis, 2014 - £102%
MSC Finance PLC 13%% Deb Sis 2016 - £132% (17NoS2)
NMC Group PLC Warmints to suiz for Shs - 17 (17NoS2)
7.75p Neth Cum Red Chv Pri 10p - 54
NSM PLC Ond 25p - 42 4 5 8 9 50 50 % 1
2 3 8 7 Smith (W.H.) Group PLCTB* Ord 10p - 91 2 (18No82) 5%% Red Uns Ln 8% - 551% 74% Red Uns Ln 8% 88/93 - 299 (13No92) SmithKine Beechem PLCA Ord 12.5p ~ 525 6 7 8 8 9 % % 30 30 % 1 1 2 2 .04

% % 3 3 % 4 4 5 ADR (5:1) - \$40% .99 1 mittelline Beechum PLC/S nithkine Beschum PLC/Smithkine Beckman Corp Equity Units - 467% 8 .77 9 .23 % .77 70 70 1 2 2 3 3 ADR (5:1) - 536 8 % 2 Smartit/Jelferson/Group PLC6% Cum Pri k£1 - 46 (13No82) South America Fund N.V. She Com Six South America Rund N.V. She Com St \$0.01 - \$1.83 Was to Sub She Com S& \$0.01 -

Wis to Sub She Corn Sis \$0.01 - \$0.459
South East Asian Warrant Pund Ld Was to sub for Shs - 30% (18Ne32)
South Saxhordshire Waster PLC9K% Red Deb Sis \$92001 - \$103K\$
South Wales Electricity PLC Ord 50p - 525 6 7 8 8 9 % 30 1
South Wasserm Electricity PLC Ord 50p - 483 4 5 .77 6 7 7 % 8 9 9 % 70 70
Southern Electric PLC Ord 50p - 431 3 3 4 .76 5 6 8 .22 7 7 8 9 9 40 40 .22 % 1 .22 % 2 Speytrewk PLC Ord 10p - 13 Speyhawk PLCOrd 10p = 13 9.79% Cum Red Pri 2014 £1 = 6% (1304-92) (13No92) Stag Furnibure Hidgs PLC 11% Cum Pri £1 - 107 10 (18No92) Standard Chartered PLC 12%% Subord Uns. Ln Stit 2002/07 - £118% %

(18No92) Stoneill Hidge PLC10%% Cum Prf £1 – 55 (18No92) Subdiffe, Speekman PLC9%% Red Cum Prf £1 – 62 Prf St = 62 SwanLiotra) & Sons PLG Ord 25p = 395 (17ko52) SwinLiotra) & Sons Ld 6.3% Cum Prf 21 = 80 (13ko52) T & N PLC 10.1% Mtg Deb Stk 90/95 = 2101 (17ko52) 11 %% Mtg Deb Stk 95/2000 = 2103 (18ko62) (18No92) Ti Group PLCOrd 25p - 283 4 5 % .96 6 6

Thompson Citye Investments PLCOrd 50p = 120 - 120 Thornton Oriental Income Fund Ld Capital She \$0.19 - \$20.18 (TBN682) PLC7X% "A" Deb Six \$9/92 - 299% (17N682) (17No82)
31 PLC71% "A" Deb Sit 91/84 - 298%
9% "A" Deb Sit 91/84 - 298% (18No82)
100tat Group PLC77% Uns Ln Sit 99/84
- 298% (17No92)
100ronto Grey & Bruce Railway Co-4% 1st
Mtp Bds (2889) (Con 216) - 299
1rafetper House PLC5-575% Cum Prf £1
- 73 (18No82)
7% Uns Deb Sit £1 - 85 (13No82)
915% Uns Ln Sit 2000/05 - £95
(18No82)

(18No92) 10% % Uns Ln Skk 2001/06 – 287 10% to URB LI GAR AND THE LI (18NoS2)
Fress-Natial Coal Corp Ld R0.50 - 974
Fress-Natial Coal Corp Ld R0.50 - 974
Fress-Natial Coal Corp Ld R0.50 - 215
A Criv Pri 50p - 22.7 (18NoS2)
B 6% Criv Pri 50p - 22.7 (18NoS2)
B 6% Criv Pri 51 - 77
Transfer Technology Group PLC Ord 50p
- 280 2 4 6 7 8
Transfer Technology Group PLC Ord 50p - 200 2 9 7 8 Transport Development Group PLC8%% Uns Ln Sik 93/98 - 297 (174692) 9%% Uns Ln Sik 95/2000 - 2101

(18NoS2) Trinity Holdings PLCOrd 10p - 148 50 2 3 Tronch Mines Melayala Barhad \$47 - 260 (13No92) (13No92) nigate PLC6% (Ins Ln Six 91/96 - 591 (13No92) (15NoS2) 6%% Uns Ln Sik 91/96 - 293 Unilever PLCADR (4:1) - \$101.7 (15NoS2) 5%% Uns Ln Sik 91/2006 - 277 (13NoS2) (1970022) 67% Uns Lin-Sak 91/2006. – 295 % % 6 6‡ Unilever NVOrd FLA (Cpn'14) -NG18243

Unliner NV Ord FLA (Cpri 14) - NN11824-3 (18NGS2) Union international Co PLC6% Curn Pri Sit E1 - 24 (17NGS2) 7% Curn Pri Sit E1 - 24 (16NGS2) Unitaya Corp Com Sit \$0.01 - 25.528846 (17NGS2) United Biscatta(Hidge) PLC8% Deb Sit 63/86 - 296 (13NGS2) United Drug PLC0rd Ir20.25 - 198 9 United Priendy Group PLC7% (Rest-Vig) Sha 100 - 430 1 2 7 8 Shs 10p - 430 1 2 7 8 Upton & Southern Holdings PLCOrd 25p -4 (10NoS2) Visch Holdings Ld Ord \$0.05 (London Reg) Vardon PLC Ord 25p - 47 (18No92) Vaux Group PLC 9.875% Deb Stk 2015 -21024 Vickers PLC5% Cum(Tax Free To 30p)Prf Skt 21 - 83 (17No92) Vodelone Group PLCADR(10:1) - \$58% 9% %
Waddington(John) PLC5.8% Cum Pri 21 79 82 (17No82)
Wagon Industrial Hidgs PLC7.25p (Net)
Cin Pig Pri 10p - 1189 79
Walfer & Staff Hidgs PLCOrd 5p - 90
(18No82)
Wartung (S.G.) Group PLC7%% Cum Pri
S1 - 989
Crn Did 25n - 210 (18No92)

51 - 364 C70 Did 25p - 210 (18No92) Warner-Lambert Co Com Sit. 51 - \$88% (18No92) (16No52)
Waste Management International PLC Ord
10p - 778 80 80 1% 2 % 3 6 7
Wastegleds international Hidge PLC 7.75%
Chr Cure Red Prf S1 - 7 % 8 % 9 10
Welcome PLC AUR (1:1) - \$18% % .3 .35
% .38 .4 .45 .47 % 14 .39 A. 45 A7 ½
Weth Fergo & Company Shs of Com Stic S5 - \$73140
Western Selection PLC 10p - 10½ (139082)
Westland Group PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 92

Ord - 32 7% Criv Cum Pri 21 - 130 Whiteread PLCS Ord 25p - 211.3 (17NoS2) 45% let Cum Pyl Stir 21 – 45 (16PloS2) 45% 2nd Cum Pyl Stir 21 – 49 47% 270 Claim Pri Str. 21 - 49 (13No82) 5%% 3rd Claim Pri Str. 21 - 59 (13No82) 5% 3rd Claim Pri Str. 21 - 64 (13No82) 7% 3rd Claim Pri Str. 21 - 73 7%% Bed Deb Str. 89/94 - 299 K (1671092) 5%% fird Uns Ln Stk - 253 7%% Uns Ln Stk 96/99 - 296 % 7 7%% Uns Ln Stk 96/2000 - 299

(18NoS2) 9% Uns Un Sit 97/2001 - 2102 Miscroft PLC 4.1% Cum Prf 21 - 38 idney PLC7% Cum Pri E1 - 35 (16No92) 8.76% Chy Cum Red 2nd Pri 2000 E1 -Wiggins Group PLC Ord 10p - 4 (16No92)
Williams Hidgs PLC 10K% Cure Pri 21 -Willis Cornor Group PLC ADR (5:1) ~ 2134 (18NoS2) Willis Cornor Group PLC ADR (5:1) ~ 213% Tortishire-Tyrie Tees TV Hidgs PLC Wits to sub for Ord - 8

Young & Co's Browery PLC9% Cum Pri 21 - 112 (18NoS2) Zamble Consolidated Copper Mines Ld 9 Ord K10 - 85.8 Investment Trusts

Abtrust Preferred Inc Inv Tst PLCOrd Inc 10p = 72 4 Banco Trust PLC5% Pri Sik = 250% (13NoS2) 4%% Deb Sdx Red After 15/5/56 - £42 48% Dob Sck Red after 15/5/56 - 542
(13/4/52)
Amicable SmallerEnterprises Tet PLCOrd
259 - 69 70
Baille Gifford Japon Trust PLC Was to Sub
Ord Site - 40%
Baille Gifford Shin Nippon PLC Warrents
to sub for Ord - 45 (18/4/52)
Banker's Investment Trust PLC 10%% Deb
Six 2016 - 21/0%
Berning Tribune Investment Trust PLC 9K%
Oab Six 2016 - 2006
Brazilien Investment Trust PLC Ord 50.10
- 50.58 .53
Wis to Sub for Ord - 50.26 .38
British Assets Trust PLC "A" 5% Prf
Sa(Cum) - 2/7 (13/4/6/2)
Equitises Index U.S. 2005 10p - 127
(13/4/6/2) (104092) rideh Empire See & General Truet 1094% Deb Stk 2011 – £106 (17No82) ridsh Investment Trust PLCOrd Sp – 161 8
Proedgate Investment Trust PLCOrd 21 –
106 (18No82)
Wis to Sub let Ord – 93% (16No82)
Wis to Sub let Ord – 93% (16No82)
CS.C.Investment Trust PLCOrd 25p – 63
(17No82)
Capital Gearing Trust PLC Ord 25p – 315
(18No82)
Gry Merchants High Yald Tet St.Coxt

City Merchanta High Yield Tst PLC Ord 25p - 85

Conselletted Venture Trust PLC Series 120 Was to sub for Ord - 85 (18NoS2) Contra-Cyclical life Tet PLC inc Sha 1p -80 ov Cap Shs 25p - 6% 7% (16%682) Zaro DN Pid 50p - 60 % ounty Smaller Co's Inv Tst PLC Ord 25p

Wis to Sub for Ord - 10 Wits to Sub for Ord - 10
Dertmoor Investment Trest PLC Was to
Sub for Ord - 12 (18No82)
Drayton Blue Chip Trest PLC Ord 25p - 62
Zero Div Pri £1 - 130
Drayton Korsa Trest PLC Ord 25p - 89
(18No82)
Wits to Sub for Ord - 19 22 (18No82)
Wits to Sub for Ord - 19 22 (18No82) rva to sto not ure - 19 22 (199692)
Dunedin Income Growth lav Tet PLC
11.5% Deb Six 2016 - £116 (174692)
EFM Income Trust PLC Zero Div Ld Vig
Right Pt 25p - 47%
EFM Japan Trust PLC Ord 25p - 98
(1884-694) (184682)
Wis to Sub for Ord - 40 (18N692)
East German investment Tet PLCOrd 25p
- 96 (17N692)
Edinburgh investment Trust PLC 113%
Dab Six 2014 - 2119% (18N692)
European Assets Trust NV Br P1 (Opn 14)
- NGS.85 (17N692)
Euster Preferrd Capital Inv Tist PLCOrd
25p - 46K & 8 beter Preferrd Capital Inv Tst PLCOrd 95p - 95% 6 8 Zero Cpn Oab Stk 2002 - 843 (16Ne92) Idelly European Values PLCOrd 25p -

Fidelity European Values PLCOrd 25p - 92

Wha to Sub for Ord - 25 (18No92)
Equity Linked Uns Ln Sek 2001 - 111
(18No92)
Fish Throggnoriton Co PLC7:25% Criv Uns Ln Sek 2003 - 2111% (17No92)
Fish Throggnoriton Co PLC7:25% Criv Uns Ln Sek 2003 - 2111% (17No92)
Fishing Claverhouse Inv Trust PLC 20ro Div Pri 25p - 165
Flaming Claverhouse Inv Trust PLC Ord 25p - 109 % 10% 1% 2
Fishing Emerging Mikts Inv Tst PLCOrd 25p - 109 % 10% 1% 2
Fishing Inc & Cap Inv Trust PLC Ord Inc 25p - 45% 6
Flaming Japaneses Inv Trust PLC Wis to Sub for Ord - 25 7
Flaming Overseas Inv Trust PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (13No92)
Foreign & Coloriel Eurotrust PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (13No92)
Foreign & Coloriel Eurotrust PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (13No92)
Foreign & Coloriel Eurotrust PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (13No92)
Foreign & Coloriel Eurotrust PLC5% Cum Pri £2 - 101 Function Investment Ple Inv Tst PLC Zero Dividend Pri £1 - 114%

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259 - 101
Futorum investment Trust PLC Zero
Dividend Prf S1 - 114%
Gertmore Value Investments PLC Zero
Ointdend Prf 10p - 80% 1% % 2%
12.34% Deb Sit 1955 - 2107 %
1384682)
Geard inc investment Trust PLC Ord 25p
- 80 - ou Giaggow Income Trust PLC Warrents to sub for Ord - 0% (138092) Govett American Sneather Co's TetPLC Ord 25p - 98 9 100 1 3 (181092) Govett Strategic Int Trust PLC9%% Deb Six 2017 - £102% (18No82) 11%% Deb Six 2014 - £115% (17No82) lenderson Eurotrust PLCOrd Sp - 74 Units(Comp 1 Ord & 1 Zero Div Pri) -108 (18No92) Units(Comp 1 Ord & 1 Zero Div Pri) — 108 (18Nds2)
Zero Div Pri 20p – 35% (18Nds2)
Henderson Strata Investments PLC
Warrants to sub for Ord – 51Φ
ISS UK Smaller Companies Trust PLCOrd
50p – 66 6 70 (18Nds2)
Was to Sub tor Ord – 17 (13Nds2)
Jos Hidge PLC Cap 10p – 31
inc 20p – 91
Jupiter European Invest Trust PLC Zero
Div Pri 1p – 44% 5 5
Lazard Select Investment Trust LoPtg Red
Pri 0.1p Globel Active Fund – 211.32
Ptg Red Pri 0.1p U.K. Liquid Assets
Prind – 210 (13Nds2)
Liquid Smeller Co's Inv Tst PLC Package
Units (Comp 10Ms1CapShere) – 75
Dividend Sirs 1p – 28% (13Nds2)
Capital Shs 1p – 48 (13Nds2)
Martin Int Green Inv Tst PLC Ord 25p – 78
80 1

80 1
corgate Smeller Co's Inc Trust PLCOnt
25p - 97 7
Wits to Sub for Ord - 33 5 (18NoS2)
togen Greatell Equity Inc Tat PLCOnt wits to sub for Crit - 33 5 (1900sc); Morgan Grantal Equity Inc Tat PLCOrd 25p - 95 5 Was to Sub for Ord - 18 (18No92) Minthust PLCOrd 25p - 32 3 (17No92) New Guerraey Securities Trust LdOrd 25p - 57 (13No92) - 87 (13NoS2)
New Terogramica Trust(1963; PLC Zero
Cpn Deb Six 1988 - D33 (17NoS2)
Parbas French Investment Trust PLC Sers
"A" Werrants to sub for Ord - 12
Sers "5" Werrants to sub for Ord - 8
flights end lasues for Trust PLC 5%"
Curn Pri 21 - 75
S. Opvid" invastment Trust PLC 5%"

Cum Pri 21 - 75
St. David's investment Trust PLC Zero Div.
Pri 100p - 132 4
Schroder Karee Fund PLCWte to Sub for Ord (Reg) - \$3
What to Sub for Ord (Br) - \$3
Socitish Essern inv Trust PLC 9%% Deb Sit 2020 - 2103% (13NoS2)
Socitish Mortgage & Trust PLC 9-12%,
Stepped int Deb Sit 2026 - 2123% (17NoS2)
Socitish National Trust Care Care Second ish National Trust PLC6% Cura Pri E1 - 65 10% Deb Set 2011 - E103% (18NoSE) Second Allience Trust PLC4%% Deb Set(1958) - 267 (13NoSE) Shires High-Yisiding Smitr Co's Tst PLC
Ord 50p - 100 (18No2)
Shires Investment PLCWarrants to sub for
Ord - 32 3
Sonsess Trust PLCOrd \$1 - 112%.
School Investment Trust PLCOrd \$2 - 112%.

Scherzet Trust PLC Cro Scheed Sphere kneshent Trust PLC Revised Warrants to sub for Ord - 0% TR CRy of London Trust PLC 10%% Deb Stx 2020 - £104% 5 % (18N652) Smaller Compenies inv Trust PLC 101/% Deb St. 2016 - £108% (13No Tringmonton 1000Smallest Co'sTat PLC Ord 25p - 78 Was to Sub for Ord - 10 (16NoS2) Witso Sub for Ord - 10 (16NoS2) Witso Investment Co PLCSH% Dab Sta 2016 - 532% (16NoS2) Miscellaneous Warrants

No. of bergains included ni Australia & New Zealand Banking Gp Ld Was Ring to Coles Myer Ond 26/9/94 -\$A1.7 (17NoS2) en1.7 (17NoS2) hardeys Da Zoele Wedd Wta Ld Put Wts (Srs O) Ritig FTSE 100 30/3/83 - £0.16 (13NoS2) 13N082) Put Wis (Srs C) Filig DAX Index 15/3/83 - DM25 (13N082)

USM Appendix No. of bargal BLP Group PLC Ord 50p - \$0.37 p 25 (17No92) (17NoS2)
Bedford(Wilsem) PLCOrd 5p - 16
(17NoS2)
CAW Group PLCOrd 5p - 21 ½
CAP Listuar PLCOrd 5p - 10 (13NoS2)
Chistoxic International PLCOrd 1p - 2½ Sik %
ETT Group PLC Ord 5p - 13 (18No92)
Was to sub for Ord - 2%
Embassy Property Group PLC Ord 5p - 8
7 (18No92)
Flastech PLC Ord 10p - 72 4% (18No92)
Globs Mer PLC Ord 25p - 145
Great Southern Group PLC 6.75p Cum Cnv
Ped Prt 5p - 102 (16No92)
Grosvenor irras PLC Ord 10p - 79
Guardian Group PLC Ord 5p - 8 8
(13No92)
Hughes (T-L) PLC Ord 10p - 89% 9 (134032) Hughes (T.J.) PLC Ord 10p - 88% 9 Mid-States PLC Ord 10p - 30 Midland & Sconish Resources PLC Ord 10p - 19% 20 Other Resources PLCOrd IEO.01 - 1% % Porth Group PLCOrd 20p - 4% 5 % %

Rhino Group PLC Ord 5p - 25% 6 % 7 % % 8 6 % % 30 Savage Group PLC 6.5% (Net) Cam Red Criv Pf 21 - 63 Seatisk Resources PLC Ord 18p - 50 Sheldon Jones PLC Ord 25p - 50 (13No22) (13NoS2)
Simpsons of Cornhal PLCOrd Sp = 34
(18NoS2)
Tepnel Disgnossics PLCOrd 1p = 178
Total Systems PLCOrd 5p = 55 (18NoS2)
URS International Inc Sits of Corn Set
39.01 = 50
Union Square PLCOrd 1p = 3 (16NoS2)
Verity Group PLCOrd 5p = 10%

Rule 535(2) Adness & Co PLC'S Ord E1 - £16% (18Nos2) African Gold PLC Ord 1p - 90.11 0.115 Airedale Hidga PLC"A" Non-Vig Crv 1p -20.00002 20.00002 All England Lawn Tentia Ground Ld Deb 91/85 £2000 – £12250 13000 (18N.023)

Prior Equip - 212250 13000 (18NoS2)
Armigemented Metal Coop PLC6% Cum Pri
£1 - 50.385 (13NoS2)
Ann Street Francisco Co Ld Crd £1 - 23.05 (18NoS2)
Arrectal Football Club PLC Ord £1 - £250
Assett Global Punic International Bond - 25.7567 (18NoS2) Continued on page 13. RULE 535 (4) (a)

HULE 535 (4) (a)
Bargains marked in securities
where principle market is outside
the UK and Republic of Ireland.
Quotation has not been granted in
London and dealings are not
recorded in the Official List. Rodest Published Control of S24,0 (18,11) (Ceptions International \$24,0 (18,11) Kulim Malaysia Ord 30,0 (18,11) Kulim Malaysia Ord (Malay Ord) M51,494 Jun easters on these ord mas. (13.11) If Search ASO.65 labor Emergers 53.75 (17.11) logaport and SS3.85 (16.11) torer Communications SK205.0 inited Overseas Land SS1.398 (18.11)

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

FT-SE Index peak attacked again

By Terry Byland, **UK Stock Market Editor**

H. D. C. S. A. Mileton

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ONCE AGAIN, the UK stock market bounced successfully off its support level, moving ahead strongly towards the close on news of favourable progress at the GATT talks in Washington, to close within a whisker of the all-time peak reached in May. Trading volume remained high, underlining the return to profitable levels of activity recorded since . Britain quit the European exchange rate mechanism in September. Reports of a GATT deal

inspired sharp rises in food and brewery stocks which were threatened by the pros-pect of an international clash on agricultural product pric-

Account	Dealing	Dates
First Dealings: Nov 2	Nov 18	Nov 20
Option Declaration Nov 12	Nov 26	Dec 10
Last Dealings: Nov 13	Nov 27	Dec 11
Account Day: Nov 23	Dec 7	Dec 21

ing. Among the internationals, Unilever stood out well and firmness in the US dollar helped the rest of the blue chip sector. Equities opened cautiously.

discouraged by confirmation overnight of savage workforce cutbacks at British Rail and in the UK building industry. An early rally was not held

and the FT-SE index repeated Thursday's initial trend to slip to within two points of 2,700 might come sooner than

But this level again brought out buying support and when stock index futures began to move higher - following news that the GATT talks had successfully achieved agreement on an agricultural trade agreement - share prices rose very sharply. At best the FT-SE Index touched 2,732.9 before closing

at 2,732.4, a net rise of 26.2 on the day. Traders sounded ebullient at the close and hoped that, as the GATT news is absorbed, the Footsie will shortly challenge the closing peak of 2,737.8 and trading peak of 2,744.5, both reached on

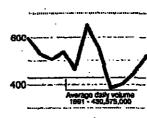
tion of Mr John Major's Conservative government.

This week, the Footsie has gained nearly 2 per cent, helped both by more favourable views on the GATT talks and also by news of unexpectedly better UK retail sales in October. Trading volume has also recovered after a brief pause at the beginning of the week. Yesterday's Seaq total of 545.7m shares traded compared with 659.3m on Thursday, when retail business was

UK government bonds, about la easier for most of the session as investors continued to worry about public funding prospects, steadled on reports from the GATT talks.

as doubt was cast over May 11 when the market was • After falling away briefly Thursday's hints that still responding to the re-electrates cuts in German rates tion of Mr John Major's Conretall business has recovered to regain the average levels of the past two months.

> London SE volume Turnover by volume (milion)



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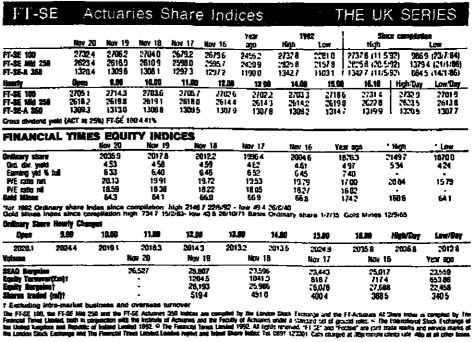
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Retailers busy on bid hopes

ACQUISITION rumours swirled around retailer Kingfisher yesterday, sending the shares into reverse as investors worried about the potentially diluting effects of any funding requirements. Early talk centred on Kwik Fit, sending shares in the automotive parts group racing forward and forcing its board to issue a statement saying it knew of no reason for the price movement. The shares had jumped 10.5p on Thursday and a further 8.5p yesterday to close at 97p.

Analysts were mostly scentical about the Kwik Fit speculation, arguing that Kingfisher's earlier attempts to break into the automotive parts market had not been a great success. Also the company had privately said on a number of occasions it would not bid for Kwik Fit, one of the market's bid favourites.

However, the rise in Kwik Fit's shares was offset by a stronger rumour that Kingfisher was considering buying a 32 per cent stake in the leading French DIY group, Castorama. Carrefour, which owns the shares, was said to have confirmed to analysts yesterday that its holding was up for sale. Castorama, which is capi-talised at around £700m, furned over FFr5.7bn in the first half of this year making pre-tax profits of FFr88.9m. It holds 13 per cent of the French DIY market. A potential buyer

would have to pay in the region of £250m if it were to buy the Carrefore stake.

A full bid for Castorama is thought unlikely. One fifth of the shares are family-controlled and a further 5 per cent owned by employees. King-fisher, which owns the UK's leading DIY group, B&Q, is known to want to expand its European operations. However, the takeover talk unsettled investors with worries over the

cost of particularly the Kwik Fit venture, and Kingfisher shares fell 8 to 558p.

Rolls-Royce weak

A substantial downgrading of its profit forecast for Rolls-Royce by the company's own brokerage house drove neering group to a post-privatisation low. The new estimates

from broker Hoare Govett are believed to be at the lower end of the market's range and the shares fell 9 before closing a net 41/2 lower at 961/4p. Turnover of 16m shares was among the heaviest in the London market and Rolls was also the most actively traded stock option in the derivatives mar-

Hoare has cut its forecast for the current year by £20m to £50m and for 1993 by £35m to £80m. It has also raised ques-tions about the fate of the dividend. The house believes that R&D costs will remain high while the outlook for spares sales, civil engine orders military orders and overall turnover in the aerospace industry continues to prompt concern. BZW was said to have cut its dividend forecast to 5.1p per share from 7.25p.

Fisons trimmed

Pharmaceutical group Fisons dropped 10 to 200p on turnover of 8.8m shares with a forecast review from Japanese securi-ties house Nomura contributing to weakness in the stock. A new pharmaceuticals team at Nomura has decided that estimates for Fisons were lagging the market view. While unwilling to comment yesterday, the

of £130m to £100m, around the bottom of the range. There was also talk that Goldman Sachs had been a seller but the US house said it had not changed its recommendation or its fore-

The Gatt agreement reversed an early decline in the shares of drinks stocks with international exposure. Allied Lyons, closed 14 ahead at 655p, Grand Metropolitan added 6 to 414p. and Guinness jumped 7 to

newspaper industry by integrated securities house S.G. Warburg benefited United Newspapers. The shares lifted reinforced its buy stance on the stock as part of a sector review discussed with clients yesterday. The house also liked Daily Telegraph, which added

Various rumours of increased competition gave some dealers the chance to offload an overhang of Carlton Communications and sell the shares down 16 to 709p. Fullyear profits on December 8 are expected to be impressive but some analysts were arguing that after Wellcome and Glaxo Carlton had the highest price/ earnings ratio in the FT-SE 100 index and the rating was not



AMERICANS (1) BM, CAMADIANS (1) Bras-can, Brewess & DETELLES (2) Macdonald Martin A, Maghaw Cark, BHJ, DBMG MATERI-ALS (1) CRH, BUSSNESS SERVICES (3) Bridg-TÖI, EMGINEERING AEROSPÄCE (1) ROIS-ROOS, ENGINEERING GENERAL (2) Bullough, Hall, FOOD RETALBER (1) Appleby Westwork, HEALTH & HOUSENDOIL (3) Seedaloyes, BISURANCE LIFE (1) Irish Life, MYESTRERNT TRUSTS (2) I & S UK SMIT. CO'L. SPLIT No. MEDIA (3) Metor Radio, Trans World Comma, Yorks. Tyme-Tess IV, MRSCELLANEOUS (1) EFG, GE & GAS (1) Crossroads, PACKAGENG, PAPER & PRIST-REG (2) Prinyach, Stat-Pas, PROPERTY (2) Bollou, YNN, STORES (1) Dunhill, TEXTRES (3) Cumary, Foster (4), Martin Int., TRANS-PORT (1) Seafield, SOUTH AFRICANS (1) Barlo Rand, MINES (3) Gencor, Renison, Zandper.

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

	Rises	Falls	Same	Rises	Falls	Same
British Funds	4	58	17	113	205	77
Other Fixed Interest	0	15	Ō	14	40	21
Commercial, Industrial	30Ž	15 220	899	1.332	1.247	4.528
Financial & Property	224	. 71	508	713	748	2,550 250
0ii & Gas.,	21	` 1ā	49	86	84	250
Plantations	2	Ō	7	3	1	41
Mines	33	2Õ	91	111	154	459
Others	35	43	38	178	154 221	180
Tarab	421	441	1 600	2 550	2 700	9 104

team is believed to have justified. Meanwhile Wellcome lifted 18 to 1024p and Glaxo reduced its 1992 profit forecast

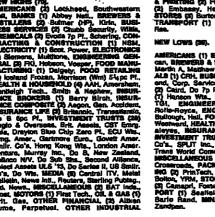
British Funds. Other Fixed Interest. Commercial, Industrial. Financial & Property. Dil & Gas. Plantations. Mines. Others.	302 224 21 2 33 35	58 15 220 71 14 0 20 43	17 0 899 508 49 7 91 38	113 14 1,332 713 86 3 111 178	205 40 1,247 748 84 1 154 221	77 21 4,528 2,550 250 41 459 180
Totals	621	441	1,609	2,550	2,700	8,106

231p after UBS Phillips & Drew issued a sell recommendation,

in-depth research of the UK

4 at 317p.

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1992



British Funds. Other Fixed Interest. Commercial, Industrial. Financial & Property. Oil & Gas. Plamiations. Mines. Others.	302 224 21 2 33 35	58 15 220 71 14 0 20	17 0 899 508 49 7 91 38	113 14 1,332 713 86 3 111 178	205 40 1,247 748 84 1 154 221	77 21 4,528 2,550 250 41 459 180
Totals	621	441	1,609	2,550	2,700	8,106

rose 12 to 825p, both on a stron-FT~A Ali~Share Index ger US dollar. Retailer Dixons fell back 5 to

highlighting worries over the effects of devaluation of sterling on the company's costs. Albert Fisher was the biggest traded stock in the market, turning over 17m shares, the shares rising 4 to 57p. SG Warburg was again said to be

pushing the stock. British Gas shrugged off the debilitating effects of higher than expected third-quarter numbers announced on Thursday and raced higher in the wake of determined buying said to have emanated from

Continental institutions. At the close Gas shares were 7 higher at 2861/2p. Energy specialists said the shares were viewed by European investors as offering an exceptionally attractive prospective yield.

BP edged up 2½ to 232p on 4.2m traded and Shell 7 to 545p on 2.6m, helped by an upturn in crude oil prices. Enterprise Oil jumped 9 to 449p, also stimulated by hints of strong Euro-

pean buying. Aitken Hame, the banking and investment management group, surprised the market by announcing it was involved in talks that could lead to a bid for the company. Aitken shares rocketed 14 to 49p on the news.

An agency cross of 4.7m shares at 245p a share had little impact on London & Manchester which eased 2 to 248p.

Hints that about 2m shares were on offer early in the day upset Blue Circle Industries. The shares dipped to 171p but later picked up to close only 3 easier at 174p with dealers convinced that a bid for the group

may well appear. Simon Engineering jumped 20 to 99p amid speculation of a possible bid or that the group has found a buyer for one of its businesses. However, some analysts said the stock was higher because it had been oversold.

The price of Caird Group halved after the environmental services company warned of lower results in the second half. Caird added that it was unlikely to pay a final dividend, after a first half 1.33p per share payout. The shares simmed 16 to 17p.

The Caird profits warning unsettled water stocks with waste disposal interests Among these Severn Trent, which owns the Biffa waste disposal business, ran back 4 to 472p. Yorkshire Water eased 2 to 529p and Wessex eased to

1,100 IV **Equity Shares Traded** Turnover by volume (million) Excluding: Intra-market 1200

Container leasing group Tiphook rebounded 19 to 239p after US investment bank Lehman Brothers raised its rating on the company to a buy from outperform.

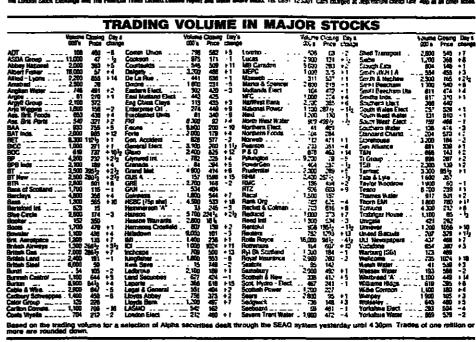
MARKET REPORTERS: Steve Thompson, Christopher Price.

Other market statistics,

Peter John.

AUSTRALIA

BELGIUM



EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

NEWS from the Gatt talks gave a quiet session in the derivatives market a positive and lively flourish, writes Christopher Price.

The December contract opened firm at 2,719, before drifting back as the 10.30am deadline for expiry of the November index options approached, hitting its low of 2,710 at around 10am.

7.39

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

8.000 07/02 104.1000 +0.010

10.300 06/02 88.4250 -0.025

8.375 08/02 97-04 -3/32 7.625 11/22 101-01 -12/32

ECU (French Govt) 8.500 03/02 99.1050 - 8.84 8.72 8.91
London closing, "denotes New York morning session Yields: Local market standard f Gross annual yield (including withholding tax at 12.5 per cent psyable by non-resi-

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12,000 05/02 94,8450 +0,070 13,381 13,23 14,22

4.800 08/99 101.4489 + 0.102 4.51 4.58 4.72 5.500 03/02 105.7737 + 0.343 4.61 4.63 4.84

8.250 08/02 104.8600 + 0.130 7.51 7.48 7.56

10,000 11/98 109-20 -5/32 7.17 7.07 7.32 9,750 08/02 108-00 -3/32 8.58 8.19 8.51 9,000 10/08 102-04 -11/32 8.75 8.61 9.03

8.500 03/97 101.5813 -0.215 8.02 7.23 8.500 11/02 102.7550 -0.160 8.08 8.03

7.35

6.78 6.91 6.80 7.57 7.68 7.62

Techniqui DataiATLAS Price Sourcei

A positive opening on Wall Street lightened the mood which turned to something approaching euphoria when news on the Gatt negotiations came into the market at around 3.30pm. December raced forward as buyers rushed in and some traders were caught short, reaching its high of the day of 2,757

It finally finished at 2,751, 25 points ahead of the previous session and around an 11-point premium to its fair value level of nine. Volume was 7,496 contracts.

A busy day in the options market saw 34,231 trades. Rolls-Royce was the top stock option, with 2,281 contracts, including a seller of 1,000 of the December 90 calls at 10p.

FT-A INDICES LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

Percentage changes since January 2 1992 based on

Friday	y Nover	mber 20 1992	
Water+	52,03	Capital Goods +	5.1
Banks +		Merchant Banks+	4.0
Electricity +	30.53	Conglomerates +	3.6
Electronics +		Brewers & Distillers +	3.0
Food Retailing +	22.19	Packaging, Paper & Printing +	2.8
Other Industrials +	19.34	Business Services +	26
Media +	18.69	Food Manufacturing +	1.5
Textiles+	18.04	Health & Household+	0.0
Insurance (Composite)+	17,91	Engineering-General	0.5
Financial Group+	17.45	OH & Gas	2.5
Other Groups +	16.54	Hotels & Leisure	3.9
Telephone Networks+	15.98	Chemicats	4.1
Motors +	13.45	Electricals	5.2
Insurance (Life)+	13.32	Metals & Metal Forming	0.4
Stores+	10.81		10.5
Transport +	9.51		21.6
Industrial Group+	9.04		22.9
All-Sharp Index+	8 92		29.5
Investment Trusts +	7.84		26.5
500 Share Index+	7.66		53.3
Consumer Group +	5.71		

COMMODITIES

WEEK IN THE MARKETS

Coffee retreats from 9-month highs

LONDON COFFEE futures retreated from nine-month highs reached early in the week as traders played down the prospects of significant progress being made at next week's London talks on renego-tiating the International Coffee

African coffee producers are ready to compromise with consumer countries on export controls in a new world pact, the Reuter news agency reported yesterday from Abidian, capital of the Ivory Coast. After a four-day meeting, delegates to the 25-member Inter-African Coffee Organisation said it would recommend that producers take the main responsibility for stopping illegal exports at the London talks. Producers had been pushing for the burden of policing export controls to be shared.

But London traders expected decisions on a new price-support pact to be delayed until the new US and Brazilian administrations had settled

The January robusta contract at the London Futures and Options Exchange, which on Tuesday had peaked at \$990 a tonne, fell back to \$942 before closing yesterday at \$968 a tonne, up \$9 on the week. Traders said this reflected pressure from hedging sales and profittaking following the recent

highs and was further influ-enced by signs of producer sel-ing, notably from Uganda and Indonesia. A forecast that the 1992-93

coffee crop in Colombia, the world's second-biggest producer, would fall by between 2m and 2.5m bags (60 kg each) from 1991-92's 17.5m bags failed to buoy sentiment, "It would seem as if comments from Colombia (the forecast was made by the head of the country's exporters' association] are counter productive," said GNI, the London trade house, in its daily Commodity Report yesterday. "If they are bullish the market thinks it is trying to talk the market up - if so, then what does it have to hide?"

- Base metals prices were mostly firmer at the London Metal Exchange as markets continued to consolidate following recent falls. The rally was led by copper, which closed £19.50 up on the week in the cash position, at £1,404.50 a tonne, though the market was again aided by sterling's

weakness. Zinc also moved higher in a thin market, the cash position gaining \$27.50 to \$1,046.50 a tonne, and aluminium prices built on last week's rally, helped by concern about a pos-sible strike at Pechiney, the French producer.

reaching the lowest levels for five months in sterling terms and for six years in dollar terms. As the market responded to bullish chart patterns, good recent trade interest and sterling weakness, the cash price rose to £306.50 a tonne and closed yesterday at £305.50 a tonne, up £12.50 on

the week.

One metal that did not join LME WARRINGUSE STOCKS

+1,000 to 324,100 -150 to 194,100 +648 to 80,870 -3,475 to 376,726

in with the upturn was nickel,

which closed yesterday at \$5,405 a tonne, down \$22.50 on the week. The market was not in the mood to respond positively to news early in the week that Cuban nickel output was expected to to fall 15,000 tonnes short of the 50,000-tonne target for this year. It remained more concerned about the continuing flood of metal from the former Soviet Union. The Commonwealth of Independent States, as it is now called, is expected to export 120,000 tonnes of nickel in 1992, up from 100,000 in 1991. the interfax news agency said this week, quoting officials

CIS producer.
The precious metals market

livened up yesterday after a generally downbeat week. Dealers said gold was supported by expectations of a realignment of the weaker currencies within the European Community's Exchange Rate Mechanism and rumours of a Bundesbank rate cut next week. The price rose to \$336.35 a troy ounce, up \$2.20 on the day but down 10 cents on the week. The earlier fall to \$334.15 an ounce had been influenced by Australian selling induced by the weakness of the national currency. "If Australian producers are willing to sell at \$335, then how much upside does the market have?" asked the GNI report... Very little we

Platinum moved up with gold to \$356.25 an ounce at yesterday's afternoon fixing, up \$2.60 on the week. Dealers said the white metal was also boosted by Japanese buying as hopes of a government boost to the economy lifted the Nikkei stock index.

Silver was also influenced by gold's upturn and the London market's cash position regained 2.5 cents vesterday to close I cent down on the week

LEGAL NOTICES

Prices: US, UK in 32nds, others in decimal

In the High Court of Judice Chaptery Division No. 0016967 of 1992 IN THE MATTER OF BURNFIELD PLC

and IN THE MATTER OF THE IN THE MATTER OF THE
COMPANIES ACT 1985
Notice is hereby given that a Petation was on
2nd November 1992 presented to Her
Majesty's High Court of Justice for the
confirmation of the emochation of the Share
Premium Account of the above-named
Company. And notice is further given that the
said Petation is directed to be heard before the
Honourable Mr. Registers Buckley at the
Royal Courts of Justice Strand London
WCZA 2LL, on Wednesday the 2nd day of
December 1992. Any creditor or shareholder
of the said Company deciring to oppose the
making of an Order for the confirmation of
the said cancellation of Share Premium
Account should appear at the time of bearing
in person or by Counsel for that purpose, A
copy of the said Petation will be furnished to
any such person requiring the same by the
undermentlaned Solicitors on payment of the
regulated charge for the same.

regulated charge for the same.
Dated this 20th day of November 1992
Simplier and May, 35 Basinghall Street
London, EC2V 5DB.

SCOTLAND

The FT proposes to publish this survey on

December II 1992
from its print centres in
Tokyo, New York, Frankfurt,
Roubaix and London, it will be read by senior businessmen and government officials in 160 countries worldwide. It will also be of particular int

est to the 130,000 directors and managers in the UK who read the weekday FT.* If you want to reach this important audience with your services, expertise or products whilst maintaining a high profile in connection with Scotland, call Kenneth Swan

Tel: 031-220 1199 or Fax: 031-220 1578 37 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 2HN

Opto suurce:" BM RC Bu Survey 1990 FT SURVEYS

Barclays Bank PLC

The following reductions in lending interest rates are effective from the start of business on 23rd November 1992.

LOANS

	New Rate	Old Rate
Barchays Short Term Loan rate	1.46% per month (17.5% p.a.)	1,54% per month (18,45% p.a.)
Barclays Consolidation Loan rate	20.95% p.a.	21.95% p.a.
Barclays Executive Loan rate	14% p.a.	15% p.a.
Barclays Executive	13.25% p.a.	14.25% p.a.



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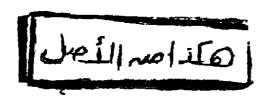
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Farm subsidy accord boost for Dow

Wall Street

US SHARE prices climbed steadily, lifted by news that a trade war with Europe had been avoided. Trading was exceptionally heavy because of the monthly expiration of options contracts, writes Pat-rick Harverson in New York.

By 1 pm the Dow Jones industrial Average was up 16.75 at 3,226.28, near its high for the morning. The more broadly based Stan-dard & Poor's 500 was also notably firmer at the halfway stage, up 2.66 at 426.27, while the Amex composite put on 1.84 at 391.18. The Nasdaq com-posite firmed 3.27 to 641.84,

644.92 in February this year. Turnover on the NYSE was extremely high at 152m shares by 1 pm, while rises outpaced

declines by 1,005 to 637.

After posting only modest gains in the first two hours of trading, stocks began to climb higher as news came out of Brussels that the EC and the US had reached an accord to cut farm subsidies which would clear the way for a conclusion to the Uruguay Round of Gatt trade talks.

The news that the EC-US talks had been successful was welcomed by investors, who had feared that a combination of a weak domestic economy, even weaker European marcould wreak havoc on the world economy.

Prices were also affected by the monthly expiration of ontions on stock indices and individual stocks and were aided by a firm bond market, where the benchmark 30-year government bond was up & at 1014, yielding 7.522 per cent. Motor stocks were one of the

beneficiaries of options-related trading. Ford rose \$1/2 to \$39%, Chrysler put on \$% at \$29 and General Motors climbed \$1/4 to \$30%. Both Chrysler and GM confirmed yesterday that they had temporarily shut down a total of six assembly lines because of slow sales. Monsanto edged \$1/2 lower to announced that it was initiating a series of cost-cutting measures which would leave the company with an after-tax charge in the fourth quarter of \$425m. Monsanto hopes to realise savings of about \$200m a year from 1994 onwards.

Damon Corp rose \$11/4 to

\$221/4 on speculation that the financier Mr Ron Perelman and a European drug company had approached Damon about a merger or acquisition. On an otherwise mostly

buoyant Nasdaq market, Dell Computer, which posted strong gains on Thursday following its earnings release, slumped personal computer company. Dell denied reports that the Securities and Exchange Commission was investigating the currency hedging.

Canada

TORONTO was sharply higher at midday, led by gains in the gold sector. The TSE-300 composite rose 21.67 to 3,255.2 in volume of 26m shares, Advances led declines by 233 to 201 with 229 unchanged.

Northern Telecom jumped C\$1% to C\$53% on the launch of a wireless private branch exchange (PBX) system in Hong Kong, the first such sys-

tem to use the CT2 CAI radio

Bourses influenced by Swedish krona float

BOURSES took their cue from the Swedish krona float as renewed currency tension moved from Scandinavia to the rest of Europe, writes Our Mar-

STOCKHOLM rose another 8.8 per cent in record turnover of SKr2.7bn, fuelled by the positive impact of devaluation. According to Goldman Sachs, past historical experience in Sweden suggested that, on average, a 15 per cent devaluation increased share prices by 35 per cent to 40 per cent. The Affārsvārlden General

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index closed 66.3 higher at 821.1, up 13.9 per cent on a week during which the krona was effectively devalued by 11 per cent against the dollar. Forestry shares were the out-

standing winners on their sharp increase in competitiveness. Modo B put on SKr35 or 30 per cent to SKr150 and Stora B-frees gained SKr44 to SKr256. Mr Peter Lawrence at Kleinwort Benson said that investors were buying into Sweden for its big international blue chips and their sensitivity to reduced costs and higher

export margins.

Among other Nordic markets, OSLO rose 4.1 per cent on speculation that Norway would also be forced to devalue. The all-share index closed 14.14 higher at 356.27.

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices Hourly changes Open 10,30 11,06 12,00 13,69 14,00 15,90 Close Nov 18 Nov 17 Nov 16 Nov 13 1056.32 1058.27 1059.26 1109.66 1110.19 1114.93

HELSINKI retreated from morning highs on the failure of income settlement talks between the government and trade unions, although the Hex index rose 9.3 to 794.2.

COPENHAGEN, more associated with the bard-currency bloc in mid-Europe, was affected by rising short-term interest rates, writes Hilary Barnes. The all-share index fell 3.38 to 265.82, 2.7 per cent lower on the week. Danisco closed DKr20 down at DKr641 after forecasting lower-than-expected current year profits as a result of devaluations in Britain and Sweden.

PARIS steadied after its recent fall on hopes of a Gatt trade deal between the US and Europe. This helped to offset a rise in overnight rates to defend the franc, which weak-ened on Sweden's decision to float the krona. Position-squar-

Basa value 1000 (25/10/99) High/day; 100 - 1051 S1, 200 - 1118,61 Low/day; 100 - 1043,17 200 - 1167,63 account on Monday also supported share prices. The CAC-10 index added 1.85 to

1,724.18, down 4 per cent on the week, in turnover of FFr2.4bn. Euro Disney continued to drop after its annual results, closing FFr2.30 or 3.4 per cent down at FFr65.70. Elf fell FFr8.20 to FFr323 as an analyst at. Kidder Peabody in New York downgraded the oil com-pany from "buy" to "hold" and lowered his 1992 and 1993 earnings estimates. One of the big UK brokers is about to lower its forecasts for Elf following a

visit to the company.

Havas dropped FFr6.2 to
FFr419 following news late on Thursday that it owned 3.06 per cent of its media rival, Hachette, Last month Havas denied that it had any interest in buying shares in Hachette.
MILAN ended lower but a late recovery led by Credito Italiano trimmed earlier losses.

The Comit index fell 5.65 to 459.07, down 0.4 per cent on the week, in turnover estimated at around Thursday's L263.5bn.

Credito rose L156 or 5.8 per cent to L2,830 on rumours that its shares would be valued at as much as L5,000 for the forthcoming sale of Iri's 67 per cent stake in the bank. Banca Com-merciale Italiana followed suit,

dding L184 to L4,615. Sme remained suspended but Consob said that trading in the shares could resume on Monday, provided that Iri gave a clear indication of its plans for the state-controlled food group at a board meeting scheduled

for today.
FRANKFURT was soured by a cut in the Metallgesellschaft dividend and only slightly appeased by better-than-expec-ted profits from Hoechst. The DAX index closed 6.89 lower at 1,544.76, fractionally down on the week in turnover of DM4.4bn after DM5.5bn.

The metals company fell DM4.80 to DM323 and the chemicals group rose DM1.40 to DM241.90. BASF fell another DM2.30 to DM207.70 after seriously disappointing figures on

Thursday.

Carmakers fell, with VW losing DM2.80 to DM287.50 following its Audi unit's announcement of plans to cut its

BRUSSELS rose on hopes that further interest rate cuts were on the way. The Bel-20 index added 7.62 to 1,142.82, up 0.4 per cent on the week.

Shares in Banque Bruxelles Lambert remained suspended after news that Internationale Nederlanden Groep was with-drawing its bid for BBL. But the shares were quoted 12 per cent down at BFr2,900 in the pre-bourse. BBL's shareholder, Groupe Bruxelles Lambert, fell BFr100 or 3.6 per cent to

AMSTERDAM was mixed to easier as the CBS Tendency Index fell 0.3 to 103.4, down 1.3 per cent on the week. ING jumped F11.60 or 3.3 per cent on news that it had decided against taking over BBL

MADRID saw profit-taking and the general index fell 2.73 to 212.75, but it still came out 5 per cent ahead on the week, lifted by better-than-expected inflation figures last Friday.

SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG ended mixed after drifting sideways in quiet trading. Gains in selected index-linked industrial shares boosted the index 12 to 4.077 and the all-share index rose 8 to 3,047. The gold index added 3 to 768.

Adjusting to life under President Bill Clinton

Patrick Harverson on Wall Street's election tactics

year, the stock market got its retaliation in first. Instead of waiting until after polling day, investors responded to what they thought would happen - a win

for the Democrats - well before November 3. Investors imagined what life

would be like if Governor Bill Clinton became president and re-positioned their portfolios accordingly. The beneficiaries were stocks closely tied to the economic cycle, especially those which would benefit from heavy expenditure on infrastructure projects.

The biggest losers were pharmaceutical companies, on fears that a Clinton administration would impose controls on drug prices to slow the pace of healthcare inflation.

activity in a few individual sectors and stocks, there was no discernible pattern to trading in the months before the election. From early July, when the Democratic challenger first began to build a solid lead in the polls, to the campaign's final day, the Dow Jones Industrial Average fell 3 per cent to just over 3,250, and the Standard & Poor's 500 rose 1.7 per

Secondary stocks, however, fared much better. Between composite index rose more than 7 per cent to around 600, a to do with the oversold nature of this market in the spring and early summer than it did

Once the pre-election manoeuvres were completed, the result was an anti-climax. Any one who had looked for a big sell-off immediately after the Clinton landslide - sparked by a pro-Republican Wall Street fearful of what the new administration would do to the deficit and to top-bracket taxpayers - was disappointed.

Similarly, anyone who thought that equities might stage a big rally in anticipation of a massive boost to capital been decidedly mixed. The

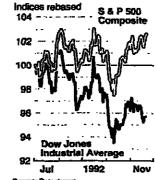
While there was plenty of cent to around 420.

July and November the Nasdaq move that probably had more with the likely outcome of the presidential vote.

n this tumultuous election also saw their hopes dashed. Since polling day, the market has lacked a firm direction. and stock performance has Dow has fallen just over one per cent in the past two-and-ahalf weeks, while the S&P 500 has posted a small gain of just

under one per cent. Once again, secondary stocks have made a much more detercomposite index rose 5.6 per cent between November 3 and November 19 in extremely heavy trading. Although much of that rise was concentrated

in a few big names such as



Microsoft, Apple Computer and Intel, demand was reasonably

The gains here, however, have had little to do with the election result. Part of the explanation is technical - secondary issues were heavily sold in the first half of the year, led by depressed technology and healthcare stocks. It was not long before many began to look cheap again, attracting the attention of bargain-hunters and speculators.

The fundamentals were also moving in the right direction. A recent analysis of corporate earnings shows that small companies reported better profits during the second and third quarters of this year than their larger counterparts. Smaller companies have also benefited from their relative lack of exposure to overseas markets or stuck in recession One factor can be tied to the election result and that is Mr Clinton's campaign pledge to cut taxes on the capital gains which small- and medium sized companies carn from long-term investment holdings, levestors have not been slow to act on the implications.

Secondary stocks aside, there are several reasons why the broader market has failed to make a decisive move since election day. One is the economy. Although there have been signs of life in the last week or so, they were insufficient to convince investors that the hoped-for robust recovery is around the corner

Another is the lack of a lead from the president-elect and his transition team. Both have taken great pains not to raise expectations too high about what will be accomplished during the first months of the new presidency.

Specifics about which poli-cies will be introduced first have been notable for their absence. Reports have placed the size of an early 1993 economic stimulus package as high as 850bn but Democrat advisers are refusing to offer anything other than vague assurances that they will concentrate their efforts on job growth and the economy.

₹he time Mr Clinton is taking over cabinet appointments has also left the market in limbo. The question of who fills the top economic posts is especially important. Investors would love to see Mr Paul Volcker. the former Federal Reserve chairman, installed as Treasury secretary or perhaps Mr Robert Rubin, currently co-chairman of Goldman Sachs. Either man would bring much-needed credibility to the new administration.

Mr Clinton is unlikely to announce any appointments before next weekend's Thanksprobably until the new president is inaugurated on January 20, the stock market is

Nikkei rises on hopes of political pact BRITISH FUNDS

Tokyo

REPORTS that the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) and opposition parties were ready to strike an agreement over parliamentary testimonies by leading LDP politicians bolstered sentiment, and the Nikkei average closed above the 17.000 level for the first time since November 5. writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The 225-issue average gained 162,29 to 17,033.60, a rise of 4.3 per cent on the week. The index fell to the day's low of 16,679,64 in the morning on profit-taking, but gathered upward momentum on indexlinked arbitrage buying, set-ting a day's high of 17,188.37 in the afternoon.

Volume fell marginally from

319m to 300m shares ahead of the long weekend. The market is closed on Monday for a pub-Advances led declines by 544 to 434 with 149 unchanged. The Topix index of all first-section

stocks rose 2.38 to 1,276.91 and

in London, the ISE/Nikkei 50

conclusion of the current political stalemate prompted investors to place buy orders. Mr Kozo Watanabe, minister of international trade and industry, said that the government's supplementary budget package would be approved in parlia-

ment early in December. Bank shares were higher on short-covering. Industrial Bank of Japan gained Y40 to Y2,410 and Fuji Bank gained Y10 to

Dealers actively traded spec-ulative theme stocks. Mitsui Mining and Smelting, which previously attracted buying on reports that gold veins were found in the company's mining area, was the most active issue of the day, rising Y9 to Y481, while SS Pharmaceutical advanced Y20 to Y1,230.

Trading companies lost ground on reports of large hid-den losses on tokkin, specified money trusts. Nichimen fell Y12 to Y345 and Marubeni lost

In Osaka, the OSE average gained 68.84 to 18.280.46 in volume of 27.1m shares. Nintendo. the video game maker, rose Y100 to Y10,100 on bargain-

Roundup

ADVANCES led the declines among the region's markets at the end of a volatile week. BANGKOK ended 4.5 per

cent higher on the day, but 4.1 per cent lower after a topsyturvy week, as the finance ministry began to use a Bt5bn fund to buy up shares. The market had plunged in the previous two days on legal action by the Securities and Exchange Commission against a major investor and his associates.

The SET index rose 37.55 to 871.72 in turnover of Bt10.64bn. The central bank also encouraged investors back into the market and said that it was making unlimited amounts of cash available to banks and finance companies to help

the All Ordinaries index rose 17.3 to 1,410.1, up 2.1 per cent

Westpac and ANZ rose 6 cents to A\$2.73 and 9 to A\$2.79 after reporting 1991-92 losses within expectations this week. TAIWAN climbed on strong buying of financial shares and on news that Oung Ta-ming, head of the Hualon Group and a major market player, had decided to be a candidate in the December legislative elec-tion. The weighted index rose

higher on the week.
HONG KONG rose for the second day, the Hang Seng index ending 23.38 higher at 5,878.79 but 7.7 per cent lower on a week during which the apparent Sino-British rift widened. Turnover shrank from HK\$4 57hn to HK\$2 75hn

41.95 to at 3,724.83, 4.7 per cent

BOMBAY recovered from a sharp two-day fall after the BSE authorities tightened curbs on sales. The BSE index rose 56.30 to 2,479.56 but fell 4.1 per cent on the week.

which are either entering index added 0.07 to 1,026.00. on corporate and foreign sellindex added 0.07 to 1,026.00. on corporate and foreign selling. Hitachi fell Y16 to Y710. AUSTRALIA was underpincians suggesting an imminent and Toshiba fell Y3 to Y609. ned by a recommend to be suggested as imminent and Toshiba fell Y3 to Y609. 676 3pc 2000±4 651 Tiese 13pc 2000 643 Tiese 13pc 2001 643 10pc 2001 645 14pc 98-01 655 14pc 2002 655 17pc 2002 655 17pc 2003 655 17pc 2003 655 17pc 2003 656 17pc 2003 656 17pc 2003 657 17pc 2003 658 17pc 2003 658 17pc 2003 659 17pc 2003 65 Five to Fitteen Years Exch 15pc 1997 93 pc 1998 Tress 7 % pc 1998 Tress 63 pc 1995 1512 pc 1992 Exch 12pc 1992 Tress 91 pc 1999 Tress 1012 pc 1999 Tress 1012 pc 1999

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

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(ATTONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS			THURSI	DAY NO	EMBER	19 1992			WE	DNESDA	HOVEN	BER 18	1992	DOL	LAR INC	EX
Tigures in parentheses thow number of lines of stock	US Dollar Index	Day's Change	Pound Sterling Index	Yan Index	DM Index	Local Currency index	Local % chg on day	Gross Div. Yleid	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Yan Index	DM Index	Local Currency Index	1992 High	1982 Low	Year ago (approx)
Lustralia (68)	110.70	+0.9	107.09	86,38	90.87	107.57	+ 1,4	4.52	109.76	106.99	86.28	91.16	106,11	153.68	108.18	156.59
ustria (19)		+1.5	138.32	111.57	117,37	117.24	+ 0.8	2.41	140.89	137.34	110.75	117.02	116,34	188.70	138.51	175.31
elgium (42)	137.05	+1.3	132.59	106,94	112,51	109.68	+0.2	5.62	135.34	131.93	106.38	112.41	109.48	152.27	134.41	138.47
anada (114)	111.98	+0.2	108.33	87.38	91,92	103,26	+0.1	. 3.38	111.76	108.93	87.84	92.81	103,18	142.12 273.94	111.36	139.19
enmark (34)	198.28	~1.2	189.89	153.17	161.13	162.91	-1.7	1.68	198.82 66.99	193.61 65.30	156.13 52.66	164.96 55.84	165,73 71,58	89.80	184.18 52.84	81.87
nland (15)	66.08	- 1.4	63.93	51.57	54.25	70.52	- 1.5	2.00 3.77	144.20	140.56	113.34	119,75	121.92	168.75	142.74	142.73
ance (99)	142,74	~ 1.0	138.09	111.38	117.16	119.51	-20	2.61	105.87	103.20	83.23	87.93	87.93	129.69	102.51	114.18
ermany (64)	107.44	+1,5	103.94	83.85	88.20	88.20	+0.3 -0.3	3.82	237.36	231,37	186.57	197.15	235.82	262.28	176.36	175.03
ong Kong (53)		~0.3	229.05	184.75	194,37	235.18	-0.3	5.27	123.48	120.36	97.06	102.55	104.34	173.71	122.98	161.74
eland (16)	123.43	+ 0.0	119.41	96.32	101.33	104.02 61.33	-us -23	3.39	61.50	59.95	48.34	51,07	82.74	80.86	47.47	71.60
aly (77)	60.53	- 1.6	58.56	47.24	49.69 85.04	80.83	+0.3	1.04	102.53	99.94	80.59	85.17	80.59	140.95	87.27	134.41
pan (472)		+1.D -0.6	100.20 264.16	80.83 213.07	224.15	265.48	-0.6	247	274.71	267.78	215,93	228.15	267,04	282.42	- 212.49	206.10
alaysia (69)	273.06			1185.29	1246.91	5167.30	+ 1.3	1.16	1499.35	1461 49	1178.54	1245.27	5101.54	1789,77	1185.84	1302.06
exico (18)	1010.82		145.89		123.80	122.17	-0.2	4.66	149.36	145.59	117.40	124.05	122.47	169.70	147.88	147.2
therland (25)	150.80	+1.0	38.44	117.67	32.82	40.77	+1.0	5.58	39.31	38.32	30.90	32.65	40.35	48.52	37.39	48.1
w Zealand (13)	39.73	+1.1	126.72	31.01 102.21	107.53	114.54	+1.3	211	128.05	124.82	100.66	106.35	113.02	192.96	128.05	178.11
orway (22)	130.98 193.26		186.97	150.81	158.65	145.52	-1.1	2.26	195.45	190.52	153.63	162.33	147.17	229,63	179.85	207.70
ngapore (38)	136.02	-1,1 -0.4	131.59	106.14	111.66	145.91	-0.5	3.52	136.61	133,16	107,38	113.46	146,70	263.60	138.02	263.9
outh Africa (60)	118.89	+29	115.02	92.78	97.60	101.82	+1.8	5.90	115.57	112.65	90.84	95.98	99.98	161.72	107.10	148.7
ein (48)		-24	145.52	117,38	123.48	. 145.46	+4.7	270	154.11	150.22	121.14	128.00	138.88	200.28	149.69	173.5
reden (31)	104.73	+2.3	101.37	81:76	86.03	93.06	+0.7	230	102.40	29.82	80.50	85.06	92.44	122.37	95.99	97.0
vitzeriand (60)	164.90	+0.9	159.53	128.67	135.36	159.53	+0.1	4.60	163,48	159,36	128.49	135,77	159.36	200,07	161.86	177.3
ited Kingdom (228)		+0.2	167,57	135.17	142.20	173,21	+0.2	2.93	172.91	188.54	135.92	143,62	172.91	173.39	160.92	154.6
SA (522),,,	1/3.21	TUZ	10, 101	130.17	144.20	(10.2)	T U.2						146.44	455.84		
rope (780)	133.20	+0.7	128.87	103.95	109.35	119,31	-0.1	3.94	132.32	128.98	104.01	109.90	119,39	156.88	131.85	141.7
rdic (102),	141.49	<-1.7	136.88	110.41	116.15	124.62	+24	232	143.87	140.24	113.09	119.49	121,74	188.52	141,24	178.8
cific Basin (713)	108.12	+0.9	104,80	-84.37	88.76	88.20	+0.3	1.40	107.17	104.48	84.24	89.01	85.98	141,97	93.70	135.9
ro - Pacific (1493)	118.27	+0.8	114,42	92.28	97.08	99.50	+0.1	2.58	117.34	114.38	92.23	97.45	99.38	145.21	113.80	138.5
rth America (636)	169,41	+0.2	163,90	132.22	139:10	168,46	+0.2	2.95	169.12	184,85	132.95	140.48	168.18	170.49	158.70	153.5
rope Ex. UK (552)	113.95	+0.5	110.24	88.94	93,57	97.38	-0.2	3,48	113.35	110.49	89.12	94.16	97.58	132.98	112.24	120.3
cific Ex. Japan (241)	152.74	. +0.0	147.77	119.21	125,40	140.83	+0.2	. 3,77	152.72	148.87	120.07	125.88	140.59	175,31	149.00	150.7
orld Ex. US (1685)	119,10	+0.8	115.22	92,94	. 97.77	101.38	- +0.1	2.58	118.20	115.22	92,92	98.17	101.28	146.91	115.99	140.6
rid Ex. UK (1979)	133.71	+0.5	129.35	104.34	109.77	119.88	+0.1	2.52	133.08	129.72	104,82	110.54	119.70	150.58	127.21	141.3
orld Ex. So. Al. (2147)	135.54	+0.5	132.09	106.56	112.10	123.14.	+0.1	273	135.84	132,41	106.79	112.83	122.96	153,05	130.04	143.50
orld Ex. Japan (1735)	155.04	+0.3	149.99	121.00	127,30	148.18	+0.1	5.31	154.53	150.63	121.48	128.36	148.05	165.40	151.93	150,91
		105	404.00	100.40	440.00	123.39	+0.1	2.73	135,73	132.30	106.69	112.74	123.22	153.70	130.66	144.30
e World Index (2207)	136.42	+0.5	131.98		112.00											
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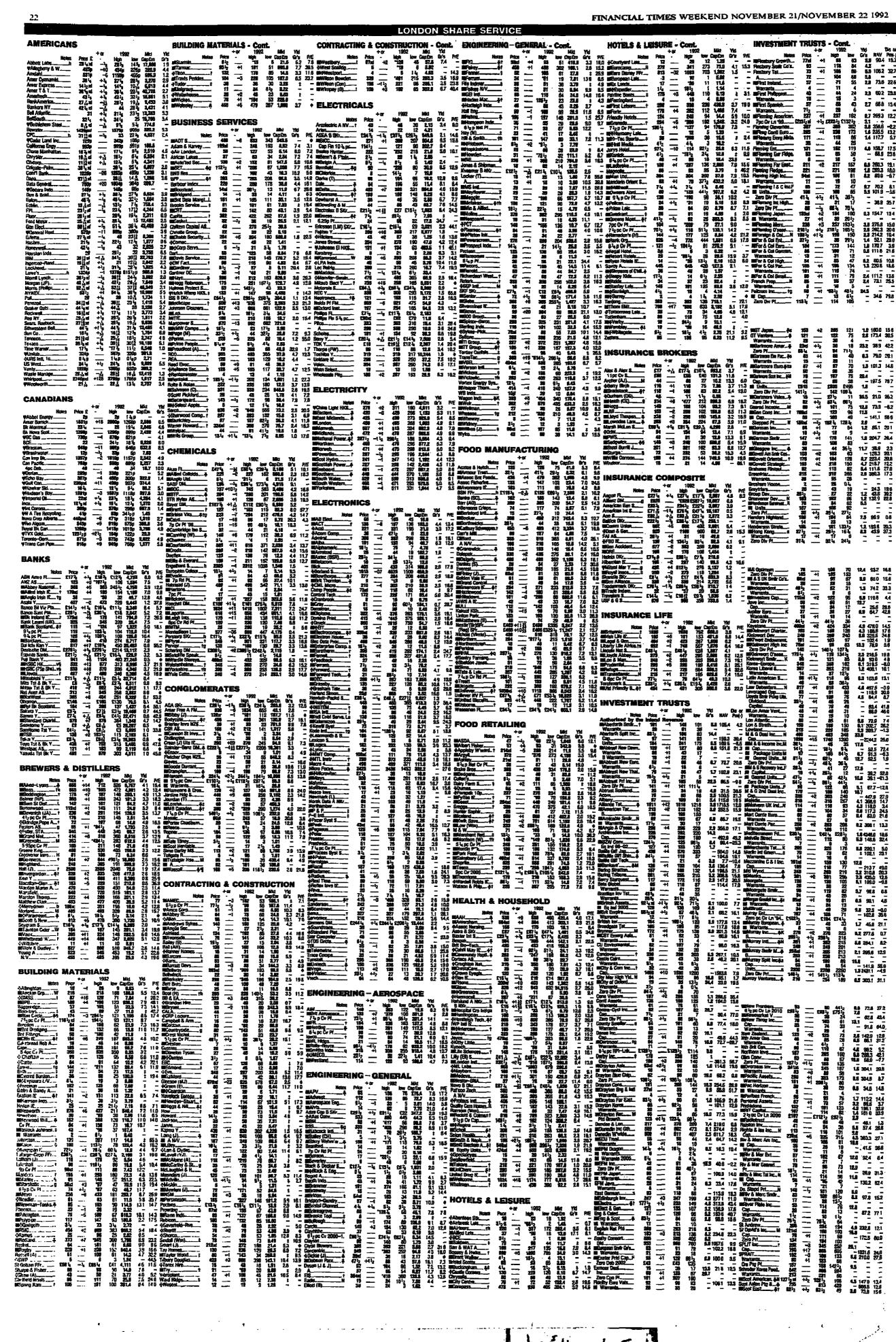
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March Charles

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FINANCIAL TIMES WEEKEND NOVEMBER 21/NOVEMBE	ER 22 1992 LONDON SHARE SERVICE	23
INVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont.	OIL & CAS Value Management Management	### PART - CONT. ### PART - C
MEDIA	19 152 Streetween	267 +2 277 200 211 5.2 6.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1



Flickering fortunes: Firefighters believed they had the fire under control yesterday until it burst through the roof of the Brunswick Tower

Art works threatened as blaze sweeps through Windsor Castle

By Richard Evans

FIRE swept through the north-east wing of Windsor Cas-tle yesterday causing millions of pounds of damage and threatening priceless paintings and other art treasures

The blaze broke out shortly before midday in the basement of the Brunswick Tower overlooking Windsor Great Park. It rapidly spread to St George's Hall where many of the Queen's most valuable paintings hang below the vaulted wooden roof.

Twenty-five fire engines and more than 150 firefighters from four counties struggled to bring the blaze under control, but after nearly four hours the flames burst through the roof of Bruns-

Many of the most valuable art works were saved by teams of firemen, soldiers and castle employees, but the final cost of lost pictures and other valuables. as well as the damage to the cas-

siderable A Buckingham Palace spokesman said first assessments were that "only a handful" of works of art had been lost. "It is certainly



The Queen watches the Windsor blaze from a safe distance

too early to say how much damage has been done, but we can say a great deal has been saved." Sir Roy Strong, former director of the Victoria and Albert museum, said the Queen had one of the world's greatest art collections, much of it held at Windsor. "If the fire spreads it could turn out to be one of the greatest heritage disasters ever suffered by this country," he said. The area of the castle affected was an "on a spectacular scale".

Like most government build-

ings, royal palaces are not insured because premiums would be too high. The repair bill, likely to run into millions, will probably be the responsibility of Mr Peter Brooke, national heritage secretary. A heritage department sible for financing the repair and maintenance of occupied royal palaces. If it turns out there is a significant repair bill the royal household will come to us and we

Neither the Queen nor the Duke of Edinburgh, who celebrated their 45th wedding anniversary yesterday, were at the castle when the fire broke out, although the Queen later went to

The Duke of York, who was at the castle doing research work, said many valuables had been saved because the fire had started in daylight when many

people were about. The immediate cause of the blaze was unknown, but the fire broke out in an area of the castle closed for renovation, including rewiring, at a cost of more than

One man who suffered hurns was treated at Wexham Park hospital, Slough, but was not badly Windsor Castle ranks sixth

among historic properties as a tourist attraction, with 630,000 visitors last year. It was founded by William the

Conqueror but has subsequently been greatly altered and extended

The blaze comes just six years after fire destroyed part of Hampton Court palace which cost £10m

THE LEX COLUMN

That strain again

At least sterling is on the sidelines this time. Otherwise, the unrest in the ERM looks like a re-run of last September when one currency after another came under attack. Norway may now end up having to float and at some stage an ERM realignment involving the Spanish peseta, Portuguese escudo and Irish punt looks inevitable. That much would simply settle business left unfinished from the last bout of trouble; the three weakest currencies in the system were clearly overvalued after the depreciation sustained by sterling and the lira.

The harder questions are whether the French franc is vulnerable and, if so, whether Germany can be persuaded to calm the markets down with a rate cut. The Bundesbank is still worried about government's lack of grip on the budget, not to mention the effect of January's VAT increase and the level of wage increases. Short of a sustained attack on the French franc – which is still showing no sign of strain within the system – it would probably still be reluctant to relax fur-

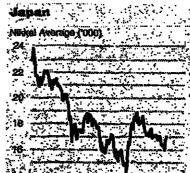
ther for the time being. Yet Sweden's decision to float its currency has again highlighted the absurdity of running a tight money policy in the face of recession. Ger-many's problems are not nearly as bad, but the weakness of the D-Mark against both the dollar and the Swiss franc suggests the foreign exchange markets are less convinced than before about how long a tight money policy can be sustained. One must be wary of premature celebration, but the day may not be too far off when monetary policy across Europe as a whole shifts towards growth. That prospect, and the hope that the French can be finally persuaded to sign up to a Gatt agreement, amply justify yesterday's 26 point gain in the FT-SE.

Privatised debt

If the government is pleased with its auction of privatised company debt it should tell the market why. The competition in the bidding process certainly suggests the bonds were not sold at bargain-basement prices. In this respect the auction could be something of an improvement over the original privatisations. Even so, the total lack of price data makes the auction uniquely opaque for a sale of public

Given the size of the PSBR, the Treasury will probably come back for more next year. By then covenants stopping it from offering electricity

FT-SE Index: 2732.4 (+26.2)



have expired. That might encourage those electricity companies which declined to put in a bid this time to take part. After all, BT can hardly be pleased to see £410m of its debt passing from the Treasury vaults into the hands of investment bankers.

In theory the government, too, might have preferred to see BT buy back all its own debt. One can hardly imagine UBS Phillips & Drew and Goldman Sachs bought the bonds as an investment. The risk is that the Bank of England may face competition for its gilts auction next week as BT debt, with the same maturity, is hawked around the City. But BT bonds are by no means a direct substi-tute for gilts and the banks will ckage some of the bonds before selling them on. With a bit of luck, most will find their way overseas. With 10-year gilt yields little more than 1 per cent higher than German bunds, there is little immediate hope of foreign investors buying gilts.

Building materials

This week's announcement that Blue Circle is closing or mothballing 15 per cent of its UK cement capacity is depressing news for investors in the UK building materials sector. It is the most striking admission to date that cost cutting alone is not enough. Output remains excessive given the low levels of demand expected by the industry for another couple of years.

Blue Circle, at least, has a suffi-ciently robust balance sheet to be able to absorb an 8 per cent hit to shareholders' funds (including the planned property write down also revealed on over, is concentrated into just three big players, which not only makes capacity cuts easier to manage but helps maintain price discipline and thus the chance of an early payback. Elsewhere, things are less happy. Redland is playing a longer game but so far its efforts to cut brick capacity in the wake of the Steetley takeover have

had little effect on prices. In aggregates Tarmac is making some cuts, but progress towards a bet-ter balance is hindered by the fragmented nature of the market and com panies' need to run for cash. With construction output expected to be down 5 per cent in 1993 - on top of this year's likely 10 per cent - it is hard to be enthusiastic about any shares in this sector.

Japan

This week's sharp rise in the Nikkei index had the feel of an orchestrated move and was in marked contrast to yesterday's 21 per cent fall in NTT's half-year profits. The government does not want the market to slip back below the 16,000 level and released public savings for investment in equi-ties to halt the slide. In the short-term government support may keep the market in a trading range, but longer term problems remain.

The government's supplementary budget was designed to reflate the economy and support land prices, thus easing pressure on the financial sys-tem and industrial companies. That package is currently bogged down in parliament and public money will not be available to help fund the banks' bad debt lifeboat. Some tax relief may be allowed on such debts, but with land prices continuing to fall and regional banks under pressure as their industrial loans start to turn sour, the financial system is still rickety.

Ironically, industrial companies may not benefit much if the emergency package is eventually passed, because they may be tempted to avoid tackling their underlying problems. Costs in Japanese manufacturing grew far too quickly in the boom years. The ratio of costs to total sales increased from 76 per cent in 1979 to 88 per cent last year. That left companies vulnerable to the slightest downturn in sales. Tackling those costs is a long term structural problem which will take almost as long to resolve as the bank fiasco. Companies which manage to attack their cost bases quickly stand the best chance of outperforming.

EC job losses to pass 40,000 mark

By David Goodhart and our Foreign Staff

NEARLY 40,000 redundancies were announced throughout the European Community this week. about a quarter of them in the UK. Britain has been leading the upturn in EC-wide unemployment, which began in early 1991, and accounted for more than 50 per cent of the increase in the year to August 1992.

Continued from Page 1

agreed that any new entrants to

the Community would also have limit their oilseeds

Under the accord, EC oilseeds

production will be restricted to

the 5.125m hectares sown area contained in the EC's reform of

the Common Agricultural Policy

(CAP), instead of being subject to

a formal tonnage limit as had

This suggests an output limit

Much worse is likely to come in

Henning Christophersen, the EC economics commissioner, predicted that EC unemployment would rise from its present rate of 9.6 per cent to 11 per cent next year. That would be higher than in the last economic cycle when EC unemployment peaked at 10.9 per cent in early 1986.

the latest increase has been more gradual but it started from a much higher base, with unem-

of 9.7m tonnes on this year's crop

yields, or 11m tonnes on the basis

The CAP implies taking 15 per

cent of land out of production,

but the agreement reached yes-terday obliges the EC to "set

The overall volume of EC subsidised farm exports will be cut

by 21 per cent, rather than the 24

per cent prescribed in the Uru-

MacSharry said this was "well

only 10 per cent of oilseeds

Trade war averted by EC-US deal

of last year's yields.

low of 5.7 per cent in 1979. After Britain, this week's heaviest job losses were recorded in Germany. Daimler-Benz confirmed a cut of 40,000 in total by the end of 1994 most of which had already been announced, BASF

will be expected to pay it."

Compared with the early 1980s, ployment rising from a low of 8.4 per cent in 1990 compared with a

announced another 2,000 jobs to go, Audi about 3,500. Separately. post office workers warned that 30,000 to 40,000 jobs are threatened by rationalisation plans. many, compulsory redundancies

In the Netherlands, as in Gerare rare and much discussion

within, with a good margin to

spare", the projections on output and exports of the CAP.

in compensation for CAP price

and production cuts will be

exempt from Gatt cuts. The US

will also undertake to monitor

exports to the EC of its cheap

cereals substitutes such as corn

gluten in exchange for EC export

restraint. This is the so-called "rebalancing" demand, which had been made by both France

and Germany.

Direct payments to EC farmers

this week has centred on whether to freeze wage rises in order to secure jobs. Philips, however, announced another 250 job losses and PTT Telecom about 230. In Italy, the impact of recession

on employment continues to be cushioned by complex labour leg-islation which makes cutting jobs costly for employers. Fiat, the bellwether of industrial employment in the north, has 35,000 workers laid off until the end of the month because of falling car demand. But the main alarm this week has been over estimates by the three main union confederations that the government's privatisation programme could cost

150,000 jobs. In Portugal, which has the second lowest unemployment rate in the EC at 4.5 per cent, 1,300 workers are expected to take voluntary redundancy from TAP-Air Portugal. In the Republic of Ireland, the EC country with the highest rate at 18 per cent. unusually, virtually no redun-dancies were announced. A general election campaign is under way and unemployment is a key issue. Aer Lingus, the national airline, has put off a restructur ing announcement.

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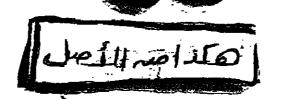
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CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

نهكذاصر الأصل



The FT goes shopping

Couture – the sizzle not the sausage

Young blood is being selected for top fashion houses. Brenda Polan reports

USTOMERS for Parisian couture clothes are variously estimated to number comewhere between 2,000 and 3,000 women. The biggest spenders come from the US and the Gulf states.

The Americans, very thin and very rich, fill the front row at the twice-yearly press showings. Women from the Gulf wait for the show to reach the Dubai Intercontinental where the proprieties of modesty can be properly observed.

Whether those women buy two or 20 outfits a season it is obvious that, even at prices which range from £5,000 to £10,000 for a daytime suit to as much as £50,600 for a beaded, embroidered evening gown, the economics do not work.

What this small number of women pays for its clothes cannot begin to even chip away at the design house's investment in its couture collection: the rich materials, the perfectionist in-house labour, the subcontracted specialist labour of embroiderers, button-makers, milliners, jewellery-makers. shoe-makers and furriers, the maintenance of premises, the salaries of sales staff, promotional staff, the fees of models, hairdressers, make-up artists, fitters, design assistants, parties for the press, the designer's palazzo.

Couture, the business of making extraordinarily beautiful clothes to the exact measurements of the customer, is the sizzle, not the sausage.

Its glamour sells a meaty mixture of ready-to-wear clothing (often encompassing many price points down to jeans and T-shirts), scarves, tights, costume jewellery, handbags, sunglasses, cosmetics and scent. Scent is the really chewy

part of the recipe. Chanel, for instance, is estimated to have excess of \$500m. Probably no one but the Wertheimer family, the company's reticent owners knows the true figure. The company blithely pays an annual fine to the French government as a penalty for its steadfast refusal to come clean. It is clear, however, that a very small percentage comes from frocks or even quilted handbags and ropes of gobstopper sized pearls. The earner is the perfume: Chanel No 5, No 19, Crystalle and Coco.

When Yves Saint Laurent, who, together with Karl Lagerfeld at Chanel, probably sells more couture clothes than any one else, went public in 1989, priced at \$500m (£322.5m) its prospectus revealed that, in 1988, 86 per cent of its sales (FFr 2.6bn) and 73 per cent of its operating profits (FFr 439m) came from its perfumes.

Arguably it is on figures such as these that various entrepreneurs have based their moves, over the last few years

isolation, the business of the custom-built frock is a shock-ing anachronism, impractical in economic terms and atavistic in moral ones.
Indeed, its almost total

demise was an acknowledged fact in the 1960s. Elderly houses may have marched staidly on servicing a core of equally elderly customers, but fashion, glamour, excitement, the future, all lay elsewhere, in the ready-to-wear youth and mass markets.

The late-1980s revival of couture, when the high-gloss occu-pants of the fashion-show front designers begged to join - Val-entino from Rome, Versace

designer could follow his muse. A new and now-monied clientele began to buy couture, welcoming a chance to flaunt its wealth and get its picture taken.

The rest of the couture houses, galvanised by all the attention, took a fresh pencil to their sketchpads and hired new, hot, ready to-wear designers: Gianfranco Ferre at Dior, Claude Montana at Lanvin. And, as the hype mushroomed from season to season and the column inches stretched, other

Give us the luxuries of life and we will dispense with its necessities'

Oliver Wendell Holmes (1809-1894)

row, women such as Ivana Trump, Lynn Wyatt, Paloma Picasso, Joan Collins, Marisa Berenson and Carole Bouquet, became household names, was not, however, exclusively a marketing ploy. It was equally a media-generated phenome-

The resuscitation of the moribund is always a good story. In 1983, Alain Wertheimer, grandson of Coco Chanel's original backer, appointed Karl Lagerfeld to the post of chief designer at the house. Chanel couture became the

only story in Paris. Fashion commentators began to write of couture as the experimental laboratory of fashion, a crucible of creativity where, freed of economic restraints, the from Milan. Bernard Arnault, financial games-player, corporate predator and, as of this year, undisputed monarch of the luxury brands conglomerate, Louis Vuitton Moet Hennessy

(LVMH), even started a new house. In 1987 he wooed Patou's chief designer, Christian Lacroix, and gave him his head and his own label. Doubtless, Arnault had pondered Chanel's and YSL's fragrance Probably, he had taken into account the fact that launching

a non-couture-associated scent with adequate promotion and a suitable advertising campaign costs around £30m.

Lacrolx was a controversial

success. Yet, when Bernard

Arnault, with eye watering alacrity, launched Lacroix's first perfume, C'est la Vie, it

Arguably, Arnault, a man generally in a terrible hurry, had not given the name enough time to establish an identity away from the pages of Vogue, down at the sturdy base of the market where mass sales are made, where working girls cruise Printemps, Harrods or Maceys in their lunch hour, courting temptation, and everyone gets their full dutyfree allowance once a year.

Since C'est la Vie's failure, Arnault has grumbled publicly about the rising costs and falling sales of Lacroix's couture and de luxe ready to wear busi-

Similarly anxiety plagues the 30-year-old house of Yves Saint Laurent where Saint Laurent's partner and business brain. Pierre Bergé, has told *Le Fig*are that 15 per cent of the company is up for sale. Arnault, labelled by Serge "a bird of prey," is, allegedly, extremely He probably should not be.

Last year Yves Saint Laurent decided to buy back its perfume interest from the licensee, Charles of the Ritz. Carlo de Benedetti, the Italian industrialist, backed the move, to the tune of \$630m. When he ran into cashflow troubles soon afterwards, Bergé was forced to buy the 15 per cent share the investment had bought. It is these shares he is seeking to sell. New finance is necessary, he told Figaro, because of sharply declining sales.

YSL's published pre-tax prof-

its for the first half of 1990 were £309,000, a sharp fall from the previous six month peri-od's £4.9m. He blamed the

Other factors are also arous ing anxiety. The Single Euro-pean Market, effective in two years, may undermine the duty-free market within Europe. Challenges to exclu-siveness and price control by retailers such as Superdrug may ultimately devalue the glamour factor of couture perfumes. Protectionism by new administration in the US may render French imports prohibitively expensive compared with almost equally

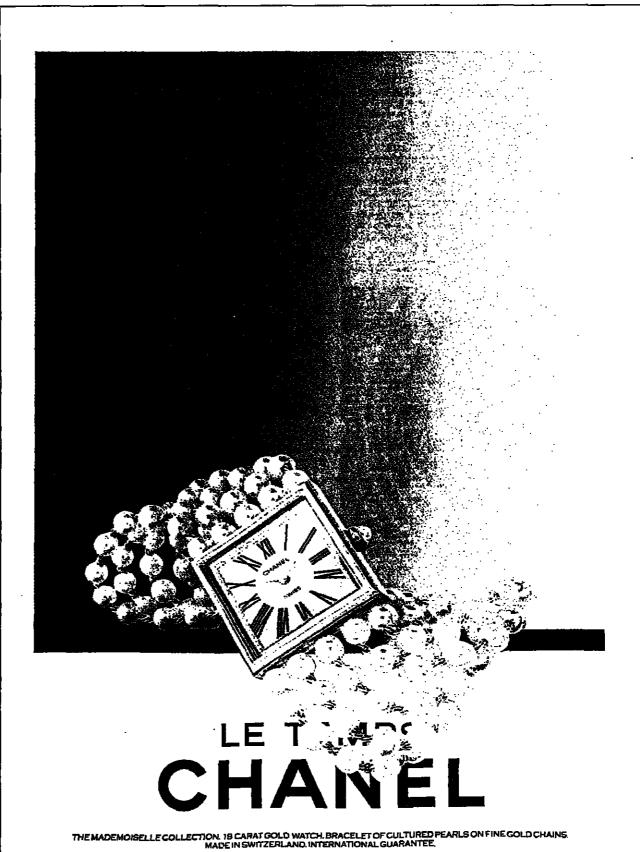
glamorous domestic products.

A sharp fall in fragrance sales need not kill off couture. Arguably, the smaller the cake, the harder you have to try. But there is a new mood abroad in the world, one which rejects excess and conspicuous consumption. Arab women may see no reason to stop spending but they do not go out much. Once the high-profile US cus-tomers have heeded the call to the flag and learned to shop American, the front row may

lose its glamour. Alert to this danger, the Chambre Syndicale de la Couture, which regulates the couture industry, is revising its strict rules to permit more, newer, younger, design houses to qualify as couturiers.

Its aim is partly to increase the sizzle factor, partly to ensure that when the sausage pops, there is something sustaining left in the pan. A future for the couture business and its great names will do.





CHANEL BOUTIQUE 31 SLOANE STREET LONDON SWI CHANEL BOUTIQUE: 26 OLD SOND STREET LONDON WI PIN ANDWEBS: REGENT STREET LÖNDÖN WIT MAPPIN ANDWEBS SELFR GEORGE PRAGNELL LYD JEWELLERS STRATFORD-UPON-AVON MAPPIN AND WEBB SELFRIDGES-LONDONWI

Hey, big spenders – please come back

cannot stop spending money. The other day, a wealthy Arab commandeered no fewer than 64 rooms at the Hôtel Bristoi in Paris and set off on a shopping spree with his female friends. The bill came to \$500,000 - and that was just for Giorgio Armani.

Unfortunately for Armani and his fellow fashion designers, the shopsholic Arab is the exception rather than the rule. The luxury goods industry is in the doldrums.

The smart shopping streets of New York, London and Milan are scarred by boarded-up windows. Some businesses have gone bust. Others are struggling for survival. The recession is the biggest prob-

lem, of course. Not only has it left consumers with less money to spend - it has contributed to the backlash against the conspicuous consumption of the 1980s by creating a new climate in which splashing out on status symbols is not quite the thing to do.

But the effect of the recession has been aggravated by the internal

breed of groups dealing in luxury goods invested in fashion during the 1980s – Dunhill with Chloe and Karl Lagerfeld; Orcofi, which owns Lanvin; and Bernard Arnault's interests, which include Christian Dior, Givenchy and Christian Lacroix

These companies have raised the cost of competing in the luxury sector, thereby intensifying the pres-sure on smaller players. The probiems were apparent even before the recession and now seem set to worsen in the chilly climate of the early 1990s.

When the new investors first appeared, their influence was almost purely positive. They brought new capital into the industry together with the management skills that (they hoped) would mod-ernise the old-established fashion

These groups all adopted similar strategies, generally following the precedent set by Alain Wertheimer, who took over Chanel late in the 1970s. They rationalised their new-ly-acquired companies by weeding

They harnessed the publicity generated by these designers to launch new perfumes and licenced lines. Then, they invested heavily to maintain the high profiles of their fashion houses. There were lavish

the use of the collections as publicity vehicles to generate press coverage for the scents, sunglasses and licenced lines that really made

It was, thus, in the financial interest of the new investors to

and retail outlets. They also promise its creativity. This was brought in new, younger designers to revitalise the creative side of the themes of fashion in the 1980s was list emphasis on reinterpreting historical imagery — were compatible with the aims of the new investors. They wanted their designers to create luxurious images for the fashion houses - preferably laced with an air of European "authenticity" to appeal to the fast-growing Japanese market.

As a result, the new investors

Alice Rawsthorn reports on the mounting problems of the luxury goods industry, which is facing both recession and a backlash against the conspicuous consumption of the 1980s

fragrance launch parties, soaring advertising budgets and extrava-gant catwaik collections.

of the super-models, with their fees of up to \$10,000 a show, came at the same time as the expansion of the

seem more exciting. The new investors even managed to allay initial fears that transforming fashion

allow their designers to be as wild and wacky as they wished. The sig-nature Y-fronts sported by the super-models at last month's Chanel show might not ammount to much in sales terms - Chanel will be selling them this spring at £100 a pair - but they produced hundreds of thousands of pounds in

free publicity. Moreover, the stylistic trends of the 1980s - reflecting the opulence

benefited from a happy confluence hetween their own commercial needs and the creative direction of fashion design. But all that has

The new themes in fashion, the hippy nouvelle styles in the latest Paris and Milan collections, and the "grunge" look that surfaced in New York, are not suited nearly as well to the needs of the luxnry goods groups as the glossy fashions of the 1980s.

Many established houses have reverted to their old roles of creating glamorous looks for the middleaged customers who make up the bulk of their market. This is the strategy that Lanvin has chosen by replacing the flamboyant Claude Montana, with the more muted Dominique Moriotti.

The hitch is that this approach is neither creatively in tune with the times, nor is it exciting enough to produce photo opportunities for the

In addition, the growth of the luxury goods groups is now posing serious problems for the rest of the industry. The gap between the large and small designers, who cannot afford to spend \$200,000 on a catwalk show or \$50m to launch a new perfume is wider than ever. It is now much more costly and mplex for small companies to build up their businesses,

particularly during a recession. The new investors also are suffering. They put money into luxury goods when the market was buoyant, and are now attempting to recoup their investments in a very different environment.

Yves Saint-Laurent reported a sharp fall in profits recently. Lanvin had to cut back on the renovation of its Paris shops because of problems in Japan. Arnault has not yet recovered a penny of the £20m he spent on Lacroix, or of the £17.5m he sank into C'est La Vie!, its ill-fated fragrance.

he lit

The industry is trapped in a vicious cycle, with the big groups squeezing out their smaller competitors without achieving any real improvement in their own interests. This scenario shows no sign of stopping.

The recession might be making it more difficult for the luxury goods groups to develop their existing interests, but it is also creating new opportunities for expansion by destabilising other companies.

A stake in Yves Saint-Laurent is said to be up for sale, as is a chunk of shares in Gucci. So far, there is no sign of a deal on either front although the prospect of a few more shopaholic Arabs *might* hurry them along.

For fashion or fling, a scarf's just the thing



VERY SCARF shop will tell you the story of the woman who meets a friend wearing a particularly luscious silk square and asks: "Is it real?"

'Real" generally means one of the classic equestrian or Baroque styles from Hermès which have become the muchcopled pinnacle of aspiration. Yet, this is misleading. There are thousands of exquisite designs and fabrics from other illustrious labels, and Hermès

itself does a huge range of less

classic motifs. plain outfit. The true aficio-

So, wearing a scarf can be an act of public status-display or private comfort. You can choose one with a designer label in a prominent position or you can throw on the plainest slip of cashmere and silk that feels wonderful or lifts a nado knows a stylish scarf instantly. If you have to ask if it is real, then you are not up

> cated marketplace, there are 15 more gentle varieties of that check, plus 30 other designs where the check-as-logo might be just the ribbon on a bunch of flowers. Made in Italy, they cost from £85 to £105. There are aspirational scarves at all levels of the market. For top fashion houses, a scarf can be the point of entry that lures you on to more expensive things. Chanel's Bernadette Rendalls says: "Lipsticks are the basic introduc-tion to the world of Chanel but a scarf or a pair of earrings often comes next, before the handbags or clothes.'

Designs vary from the clas-sic, incorporating the famous double C logo, to the specials that Karl Lagerfeld designs for each clothes collection. Next spring's, in fashionably 1940s style, feature his witty sketches of house symbols camellias, quilted bags and so on - on faded pastel back-grounds. They cost from £115. Céline is more classic: its main growth areas are the large wraps, stoles and throws which high designer fashion now takes for granted. Its range is from £90 to £200.

involve up to 36 colours, each of which needs its own printscreen - attracted a top-line clientèle, emphasised later by

other products, scarves, made

in France and costing £129

each, now constitute the main

Each company connected

loosely with fashion feels it

needs a signature scarf as part

of its corporate image. Through the 1980s, this was a

great marketing ploy which

played on the customer's need for confidence through labels.

Some designs were less than

subtle, though. Burberry used

its rather dominant house check on its first silk scarf in

1980. Now, in a more sophisti-

part of its business.

Even in the mass market, there is an element of exclusiveness. Tie Rack uses much thinner silk and designs with only 10 colours (although often overprinted to make more) and, by turning to high-tech methods in Japan, can sell at a maximum of £25. Art school graduates design limited edition ranges which change every month and disappear quickly to regular customers. The designs may be heavily influenced by the likes of Versace and English Eccentrics, but if you want a scarf for every outfit this is the reasonable way to do it.

There is, however, another

approach to scarves which is

growing as the market

about almost by accident - it was first with a brilliant idea. Having diversified from equestrian to motor age accessories, it launched scarves in 1937. The first big success, Entente Cordiale, was kept under wraps during the German ecupation of France. After the liberation, the windows of the Paris store were filled with the new design, which was snapped up.

The scarves' quality designs take 2% years from concept to shop and can

the patronage of such celebri-ties as Grace Kelly. When fashion went back to damour and formality in the Here, choice depends totally on 1980s. Hermès went into overdesign, either its beauty or the drive, boosted by the newly exquisite quality of fabric or ket. Despite a big range of

fit from the same house. Gucci, for instance, says its scarves are "bought as the finishing touch with an outfit. Sales are increasing as our clothes in general become more high profile." Made in Italy, the scarves are £120. At Yves St Laurent, a plain silk scarf often adds an mexpected but totally appropriate colour

> Avril Groom looks at the evolution of a top accessory

note to an outfit, and there is also a tradition of a different animal-print scarf each season. Loewe's beautiful scarves on Spanish themes - often historical - also are collectors' pieces, the latest being inspired by Velasquez and the Madrid botanic gardens. And Louis Vuitton's scarves, commis-sioned from well-known contemporary designers such as Gae Aulenti and Philippe Starck, could almost be used as wall hangings and go from £130

Jewellery houses have dis-covered that their designs translate very well into classic scarves of the pearl-swag and chain variety. Cartier's newest designs, based on the Duchess of Windsor's famous flamingo brooch and on Egyptian-in-

spired jewels, cost £110. route this year as part of its expanding product range, with designs at £150 based on famous Art Nouveau pieces

from René Lalique's archives. Classic scarves come mostly from Europe but British designers are in the vanguard of a new direction. Georgina von Etzdorf started as a screen printer, but scarves now make up 73 per cent of her turnover, which increased by 15 per cent

last year. She is known best for Art Deco-inspired prints on silk or velvet but is now trying matt linen, sheeny panné velvet and metallic organza, all in the pale, muted shades of fashion's new light and fluid mood. Prices go from £69.

English Eccentrics' forte is the rich baroque motif with which it has experimented since 1987 in all colourways, from the most vivid to strict monochrome. It is now working also with more delicate colours and fabrics and with the newly fashionable long, rather than square, scarf (from £81).

Young designer Jackie Campbell, whose fragile watered chiffons, priced from \$25.50 are acquiring a cult following, sums up the new approach.
"I am not competing with

the Hermès silk twill status symbol," she says. "Chiffon is much softer and subtler, an enhancement of clothes rather than a designer afterthought." As women increasingly for-sake the prop of the label, the great scarf houses may have to take note.



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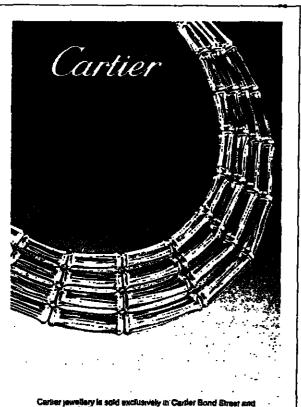
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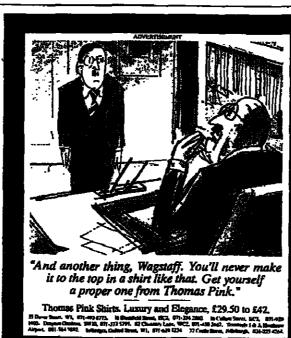
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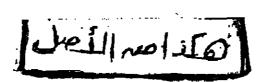
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The Fine Jewellery Room

Tel: 071-730 1234. Harvey Nichols, Tel: 071-235 2629.

and The International Room of Luxury at Harrods,





The FT goes shopping

The finest of jewels to bewitch and bedazzle

Customers are becoming more discerning, reports Vivienne Becker

HERE IS nothing to beat the sumptuous jewel: the ultimate icon of wealth, status and femininity, which at its best combines natural beauty with the artistry of man.

Jewellery has existed since time immemorial. In turbulent times it became a convenient source of portable wealth, 18th century aristocrats fled Paris with their jewel encrusted snuff boxes, and during the Russian Revolution pocketfuls of Fabergé trinkets were smuggled across Europe.

However, the intrinsic value of the precious metals and gems that makes jewels so special also means it is hard to admire them for their beauty alone - somewhere along the way the investment element inevitably creeps in.

Unlike a Versace dress of the same price, a jewel can still be turned into ready cash even if the days of expecting a large profit are over. But in these depressed times jewellery investment is a dangerous game – too many diamondaden fingers were burned stone market fell in 1982 after a long period of rising prices. The lesson has not been forgotten and the attitude towards jewellery has changed. Buyers are more realistic about the investment possibilities and have come to take a greater interest in the intrinsic appeal

While the 1970s were an investment-crazy time, the 1980s saw the development of a marketing and image. Happily, the early 1990s sees a different mood. It is no longer possible to sell jewellery on name alone. Customers are becoming more discerning and are looking for good value rather than investment, and value in terms of lasting style, work-

manship and materials. One reason for the change in attitude was the 1980s boom in costume jewellery, during which women became used to buying decorative, glamorous and exciting jewels that flat-tered and changed their image in an instant. The intrinsic really matter. Now they look at real jewels with a different eye, demanding more than just a label, searching for lasting modern classics or for fantasy jewels in precious materials.

Cartier, Boucheron, Tiffany, Chaumet, Bulgari etc. Then come the smaller companies that are privately owned and run by artistic designers, the most exclusive being JAR of Paris and Verdura in New York, followed by shops such

The fine jewellery trade is still dominated by the great international jewel-houses -

as Marina B in Geneva and the jewellery houses keeps its precious gems and diamonds.

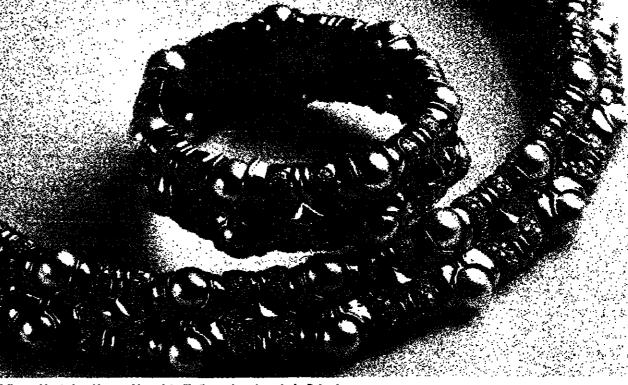
> and the like - are still there.
> Once, the great jewel houses were also privately owned by talented, artistic and dedicated individuals and their families, who ran their businesses in a highly personal way. Now

became subservient to clever worth of the materials did not Elizabeth Gage in London, all dedicated to individuality and

Ward Landrigan, of Verdura in New York, finds that there is a "much, much stronger consciousness of style today. Generic jewels - jewellery without a strong design element - are the orphans in the market today." Joel Rosenthal of JAR, also thinks that: "A new eve is being developed. little by little. Many of our customers are becoming much more discerning."

The very top end of the business, dealing in ravishing jewels in the \$500,000 to \$1m (£331,000 to £600,000) range, is relatively little affected, so specialised is its appeal. Bach of own corner of classic "high jewellery," usually the more conventional, formal sets of London-based Laurence

Graff, which is opening a new shop in Bond Street next spring, has cornered the market in magnificent stones, se<u>ll</u>ing fine and rare gems to the world's most important buyers, who are, he points out, still buying. He finds that internationally there are fewer people in the market for the world's most precious stones but the top clients - kings, sultans, sheikhs, princes and potentates



Yellow gold set of necklace and bracelet with diamonds and pearls, by Bulgari

nesses, run to a great extent from the board room. Tiffany, which expanded its very successful London shop a year ago, is a public company, after a management buyout from Avon in 1984. Bulgari is still 93 per cent family-owned, while Boucheron is privately owned.

The mighty Cartier group ranks number one worldwide in the luxury goods market in terms of figures and market share. In 1991 the group's turnover was well over SFr1,800m (£829m). Although those olden, creative years of Cartier died with the family, customers today buy a slice of the Cartier magic and history along with the name.

M. Bamberger, managing director of Cartier UK, said: "To say that we are not hit by the recession would be ridicu-

sories, watches, high jewellery to perfume, that we are coping well. Figures are up on last

During the boom years of the 1980s many houses started promoting more accessible "boutique" ranges to reach a wider market. The first of these was the successful concept "Les Must de Cartier" launched in 1973 to break down intimidating barriers associated with fine jewellery and to attract a new, younger clientele. These boutique jewels, along with watches, became sought-after status symbols.

The Gulf War hit the top end of the jewellery market hard. The Middle Eastern customers who formed the backbone of many jewellery businesses stopped buying completely while other jet-setting customers, especially Americans, stopped travelling and therefore shopping. The US market is now showing some signs of picking up. In Japan and the are suffering. Middle Eastern buyers have now cautiously resumed buying. The UK, even in the good times, has never had an uninhibited home market, Britons being temperamentally disinclined to spend money on such conspicuous

For Italian women, mid-way in culture and mentality between Europe and the Middle East, jewels are an essential part of their femininity and so inventive designers, such as Damiani, have flourished by catering to their needs with extravagant, fearless designs. Bulgari epitomises the classic side of Italian style and has

grown in stature since the 1970s. Nicola and Paolo Bulgari believe that making jewellery is a creative business, its real raison d'être, and that constantly reworking old themes is not the way ahead. They introduced the rich Renaissance "cabochon" look, an unconventional mix of uncut stones mixed with gold and steel which established a debonair, modern style that has an avid international following.

Chaumet was one of the grand old Paris jewellers with a fine shop in the Place Ven-

landed the Chaumet brothers in prison it was bought by Investcorp in 1987. The new owners worked hard to estab-lish a "look", principally through a range called Anneau. At the same time they went back to basics, promoting the most classic piece of jewel lery, the diamond ring, which continues to be their most

important product. Chaumet has made a point of actively launching new products and constantly renewing itself: next month, Chaumet London is launching a range of exciting semi-precious jewels designed by interior decorator David Hicks. It is an enterprising venture offering quite different fare from the sort nor-mally to be found in the grand

Of the old established houses, Boucheron alone is owned and run by its original family: Alain Boucheron is the fourth generation of this jewellery dynasty. Daniel Reveyron, director of Boucheron in London, believes it is important to take a long term view of the jewellery business, which, although buffeted by recession, is very much a survivor: "Jewellery answers one of the most ancient and basic instincts. The need for it will always be

Cost-conscious gems

Vivienne Becker considers baubles that won't break the bank

PART FROM the spectacular arrival Christian Lacroix, the great fashion phenomenon of the 1980s was surely the rise in sta-tus of costume jewellery. Reflecting the glamour and power of the post-feminist years, it entirely changed the way women presented them-selves and broke through enormous social and fashion

From a lowly position as declassé poor relation to diamonds and pearls, costume jewellery suddenly became the single most important fashion sory of the decade, worn in the highest echelons of society, at all times of day, from the boardroom to the ballroom. The 1960s paved the way with its beads and baubles and

plastic anti-jewellery. The lead

came both from street fashion, from pop-star rebels wearing antique "junk" jeweilery and from the great conture houses, encouraged by the growth of the designer-accessories mar-ket. Dallas and Dynasty power dressing and the Princess of Wales spurred things on and, since the mid-1980s, the costume jewellery industry has been booming worldwide. Today the market is saturated with costume jewels from costly couture to cheaper-than-

cheap copies of copies. The success of the 1980s has been toned down by recession. But, it appears that the cos-tume jewellery market has been less badly affected than the fashion trade. People prefer to spend money on lasting accessories rather than on seasonal new clothes.

Jewellery is now an impor-

tant money-spinning and marketing aspect of couture. A piece of designer jewellery, a pair of Chanel earrings, for example, has been the ideal and affordable way for women to wallow in the designer identity parade. Just how much of the original designer's genius they actually end up with is debatable and varies from

house to house. Costume jewellery is the jewellery women buy for themselves. But, as with fine jewellery, there are signs that women no longer wish to be dictated to by names and are slowly beginning to look further afield at the huge feast of faux treasures on offer. There are also signs that the barriers between real and costume jewellery are breaking down as more and more silver, gold plated and semi-precious

> In 1989 Swarovski, the world's leading producer of cut crystal stones (all those gems in costume jewels all over the world) launched its Daniel Swarovski range of exclusive, conture accessories aimed at the very top of the market and selling at the sort of prices that some real jewellery used to command – anything from \$700 (£463.50) to \$5,000. Masterminded in Paris by Rosemarie Le Callais, the accessories, including a high profile range of costume jewellery, are designed by

ewellery creeps onto the

Herve Leger. They quickly gathered high-profile fans. Ivana Trump and Catherine Deneuve are

Christian Lacroix produces genuinely exciting and original couture jewellery. It is a true reflection of his spirit and style and seems to have more integrity than some because Lacroix himself is passionate Upmarket Teddy bears from Cobra & Bellamy

about jewels and has done a great deal to bring fashion and ornament closer together, creating belewelled and embroidered dresses and couture jewels that look like

Haute Couture jewels are

normally ordered by couture customers as part of the total look, and are rarely sold separately. His distinctive ready to wear range, priced from about £30 to £600 also bears the Lacroix stamp: lots of rich gilt metal, ritualistic emblems like crosses, crescents and pyramids, huge ethnic chokers and of course vibrant colours in the form of glass beads. At the London boutique opened some three months ago, the jewellery has a steady following among Lacroix fans, particularly from fashion students hankering after a little piece of his wild magic

Karl Lagerfeld, the King of Whimsy, was largely responsible for introducing wit fantasy into couture jewellery in the 1980s, first at Chloe then at Chanel, where courageous jewellery, totally in the spirit of Coco Chanel, plays a vital part. His haute couture jewels are inspired.

The Yves Saint Laurent couture range is under the Falaise, whose jewels fill a



boutique on the rue Saint Honoré in Paris. The diffusion range, part of the YSL collection, including pens, lighters, leather goods, is designed and distributed by Cartier as licensee, although everything is approved by Saint Laurent himself and Pierre Berge. Designs play up Saint Laurent's signature motifs like the heart and strong colours like his vibrant deep blue. Since Cartier took

over eight years ago, more than 1m pieces have been sold worldwide. The Dior collection, made under licence in Germany, is a mass-market product today. Fior, the London retailer of fine quality "real look jewellery" stopped stocking Dior jewellery a few years ago because it was too widely available.

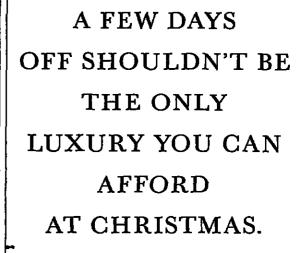
Several of today's shining stars of costume jewellery began anonymously making couture jewellery for big names. Some of the most successful are Herve van der Liberty and who made for Mugler and Lacroix, Dinny Hall who produced ranges for Rifat Ozbek, and Migeon et Migeon resin specialists who also made ornaments for Lacroix and YSL.

Cobra and Bellamy, with a successful shop in Liberty and another in Sloane Street, do a roaring trade in Chanel lookalike pearls. Cobra and pearls sell for around £100 to £200 and a ravishing three-row collar for about £250.

Butler and Wilson, Britain's best, and world leaders in up-market costume jewellery. have always offered a couture look at reasonable prices, but they sell to jewellery addicts rather than to fashion

Although business is undoubtedly tougher, Butler and Wilson is selling classics and outrageous designs, and Simon Wilson says he is always amazed at how well the "mad" and expensive pieces sell - usually the designs he creates as a strong image for the shops. Huge chokers at around £200, although hardly a recessionary look, are just walking out.

Perhaps it is the escapism, the freedom and fantasy of costume jewellery that we need to pierce the gloom and lift our spirits and confidence this



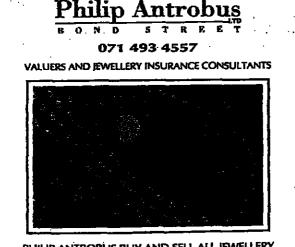


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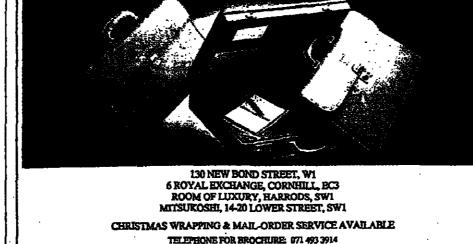
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Luxury – a dated concept in the 90s

Meretricious displays of wealth are completely passé now, says Stephen Bayley in his philosophical view of what the rich buy



UXURY, at least as defined many of the goods people accumulate, is vulgar and venal. Luxury, in my observation, is not necessarily about pleasure, but more likely about

Other than a meretricious and crass display of wealth, there is no good reason, for example, why taps should be gold. In a sense, luxury is the opposite of design. Industrial civilisation has the potential to provide the best goods and services to the entire population at a modest cost and, miserable as we may be in this fin-desiècle, it is a fact that for many western citizens this paradise has been achieved.

Modernist Bauhaus theory was concerned with. Now stigmatised by those who would often wilfully aim to misunderstand them, Modernist architects and designers were not trying to impose an austere machine aesthetic on the glum and downtrodden people of Europe. Rather, the metal furniture and concrete houses were just making the best of materials available, making the most of contemporary possibilities. The classics of modern design made

a popular form of luxury commonplace in that for the first time in history efficient, safe and beautiful furniture and appliances became universal. That the word "luxury" now connotes something more vulgar and expensive than a Breuer chair or a Citroen 2cv is both a repudiation of the Modernist adventure and a reaction

The rot set into the meaning of "luxury" in Britain when some time in the 1950s a hotshot marketeer working for Ford, the motor company, decided that a premium priced model of the Ford Anglia might be ennobled with the name "de luxe". In the poetics of car specifications, de luxe ant the addition of external chrome strips, elaborated mouldings around the rear light clusters and two-tone upholstery. It was hard for words to recover from such

In America, where the achievement of status has long been measured in terms of accumulated possessions, the idea of luxury has acquired a fetishistic quality. It can be defined by a powerful and evocative list of artefacts. In her autobiography, Ali

McGraw, the actress, describes her astonishment on arrival in Hollywood. The house was mock Georgian on a huge plot, with an artificially fed 300year-old sycamore. There were scented candles (a sure definition of luxury at work) and in the linen cabinets hundreds of bars of Guerlain soap. She cannot have been under anything other than a very clear impres sion that this was a luxury

Ithough Flaubert, in his sardonic Dictionnaire des Idées homme serieux and defined lux-ury as "the ruin of nations," the French are more confidant than the English or the

There is something marvellous about French culture which allows intellectual rigour to go hand-in-hand with intense sensual delight. The best French cooking or wine is a challenge to the intellect as much as to the palate: and while the German Modernists of the 1920s were doggedly making severe and honourable metal furniture out of disLe Corbusier's "Grand Confort" armchair kept the Modernist faith, but was also a supremely elegant, comfortable and luxurious artefact.

The tradition continues: Andrée Putman is perhaps the leading European interior designer. She is rigidly mod-ernist, but sensible of her clients' and their customers' needs. She says: "To God and to artists all materials are the same." This is a sophisticated belief that unites the purist ethics of modern design with the sensitivity of a mondaine sensualist. No gold taps here. But, if in general luxury and

modern design are at variance, then in the past decade they have been at war. London and tradesman-craftsmen houses specialising in luxury goods, whether Lobb shoes, Purdey shotguns, Swaine Adeney & Brigg saddlery, Cartier watches, Christofle silver or Baccarat glass.

So influential are these makers of exclusive premiumpriced personal-ware that entire personalities are defined m, In France, a certain type of woman is known by the deadly accurate acronym "FHCP": Foulard Hermès, Collier de Perles. In this way, lux-ury goods define their customers in a process which anthropologists would recognise.

In France the luxury goods

business is taken seriously. With typical French panache for bureaucracy, 71 luxury goods makers (including Louis Vuitton, Hermès, Cartier, Dior and Chanel) have formed the the portentously titled Comité Colbert, as if to suggest malettiers, vignerous and joailliers are providing the continuity of French artistic culture. Despite the recession, the Comité Colbert reports rising sales.

One explanation of this may be psychological. A Paris psychiatrist called Michel Lejoyeux says he has identified a form of obsessive-compulsive disorder which seeks gratification from buying things, as if the act of purchasing (irrespective of eventual use) establishes power and authority over a harrowing world.

ut the real explanation of the continued demand for luxury goods is social and aesthetic rather than psychological. The 20th century has made the major western econo-mies rich in that most own, or have access to, a range of machines - from the car through the video to the cellphone to the occasional use of a Boeing 747. Marinetti's dream of motorways and aircraft is part of our daily routine. As soon as those things - which by their familiarity and accessibility are a triumph of our civilisation - become everyday, the insecure or the greedy will seek specialist treatment. This is where the taste for gold

taps comes from.
It is why Donald Trump sends out morocco-bound invi-tations to his latest pleasure palace. It explains the astonishing demand for the S-class Mercedes-Benz, a car of boastfulness and arrogance three times more expensive than other cars

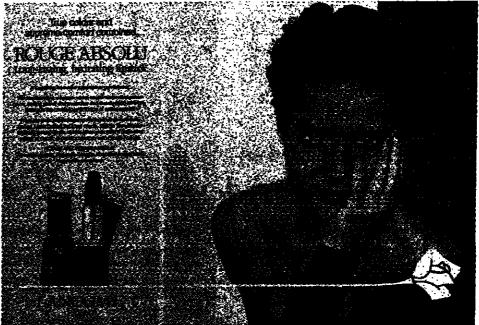
The greedy and insecure take refuge in this limited definition of luxury. They can find another version of it in the immature, brackish splendour of, say, London's new Lanes-borough Hotel. But in truth is there not something inadequate about definitions of luxury which entail exclusiveness, expense and rarity? Are not luxury goods consumers living in a costly fantasy world? Of course, but maybe that is the source of the pleasure.

In times of excess, real pleasure is defined by experience rather than merchandise. Only the most curmudgeonly would deny that lunch in Paris's Crillon Hotel is a life-enhancing

experience.
But then I look around and taps. In a crowded world the great challenge is to make life more simple and less complicated. Real luxury is the ability to choose how to spend your

time and arrange your space.
"Luxury" goods may be of supreme quality and may confer a certain cachet in the village long-but of the interna-tional rich, but the concept is dated and limited.

Sixty years ago, in *The Price*of *Things*, Rimor Glyn had a
character say: "If one consciously and deliberately desires happiness...one must have sufficient strength of will to banish all thought." Writing today, she would banish lux-



Brutal game behind the painted smile

Alice Rawsthorn looks at the cosmetics industry

always been a brutal business. It was, after all, Elizabeth Arden, one of the grandes dames of the beauty industry, who called it "the most vicious...in the world".

But the cosmetics industry of the early 1990s is more brutal than ever before. The domi-nant theme in its development during the 1980s was the wave of mergers and acquisitions that swept across the US and Europe. This has left the market in the hands of a small number of powerful players – Unilever, with Elizabeth Arden and Calvin Klein Cosmetics; L'Oréal, which owns Helena Rubenstein and Lancôme; and Procter & Gamble, with Max Factor and Cover Girl.

These multinationals have already raised the stakes in the industry by putting pressure on the smaller companies which cannot afford to sign up celebrities or super-models for extravagant advertising campaigns, as Lancôme have done with Isabella Rossellini, and Revion by paying \$6m (£3.9m) to Claudia Schiffer for a four year contract and \$3m to Cindy Crawford for three

The level of competition is now intensifying thanks to the Japanese cosmetics companies - Shiseido, Kao and Shu Uemtheir expansion into the West Shu Uemera is opening its glossy boutiques all over Europe and Shiseido this summer launched a \$2m Haute Parfumerie in the 17th century arcades of the Palais Royal in Paris. Meanwhile, the entire cosmetics industry is threatened by the depressed state of some markets, notably the UK, and by the spectre of legisla-tive intervention in areas such

as product testing Where does all this leave the consumer and how will the changes in the cosmetics industry affect the kind of products which will come on to the market in the 1990s? The short answer is that, while the

OSMETICS has new global cosmetics groups are struggling for sales in an increasingly competitive marbe able to look forward to a stream of new and increasingly

sophisticated products.

The leitmotif of cosmetics in the 1990s will be innovation. This is partly because the cus-tomer base will be increasingly fragmented, with more older sumers and greater emphasis on the ethnic market. It also reflects the more sophisticated research and development activities of the multina-tional manufacturers. L'Oréal, Unilever and Procter & Gamble operate across dozens of different product sectors so can apply the technological advances achieved in one area.

he effects are already apparent. Définicils, the "High Definition" mascara launched last year by Lancôme really does make eyelashes look longer and sleeker thanks to the years of research that L'Oréal has invested in its haircare companies. Other new products, such as Chanel's foundation, which moistens at the touch of the fingers, are the legacy of complex research pro-

All you have to do is to glance at the names of the latwhere the market is going. Helena Rubenstein's Skin Life TPA Eye Contour Cream (antiwrinkle cream) and Clinique's Turnaround Cream with sali-cylic-filled liposomes (tonic cream) sound like complex chemical formulae rather than skin creams.

The cosmetics companies are also harnessing their research resources to areas of the market they had neglected. Coloured and black women have a far wider range of skin tones than their Caucasian counterparts, 37 as opposed to seven. This means that manufacturers need to devise more shades, making product development

more costly and complex. As a result darker-skinned women have had to mix their own shades from conventional cosmetics, or buy products from specialist companies. Mainstream US makers are using their improved technology to move into this market. Maybelline last year intro-duced a Shades of You line while Clinique introduced Colour Deeps and Almay brought out Darker Tones.

The emphasis on technological innovation is accompanied by the parallel trend towards more natural cosmetics such as those of Clarins and Body Shop. One of the fastest growing cosmetics ranges in the US is Origins Natural Resources, the botanically-based products from Estée Lauder.

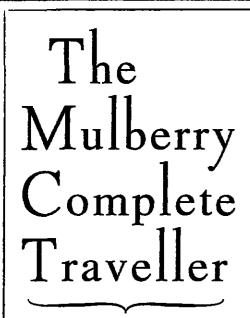
This trend is likely to be accelerated by legislative pressure such as the recent recommendation by the European Parliament to ban animal testing of cosmetics. All the big cosmetics companies have long been preparing for such an initiative by developing alternative forms of testing by comstructures.

Almost all the recent innovations in make-up have been achieved without recourse to animal testing. However, the ban could affect research into skin products such as anti-ageing creams and sun screens raising the cost of innovation and making the beauty business even more complex and competitive in the 1990s.

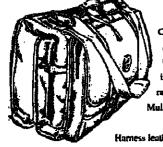
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The FT goes shopping

Fountain pens make a big comeback with the smart set

Stephen Bayley considers the merits of a small but relatively affordable status symbol

HE FOUNTAIN pen has never been so popular. For manufacturers, designers, buyers, consumers and sociologists brought up with a belief in technical progress, this is a daunting reversal.

There is no good reason why leaky, expensive, fragile and unreliable fountain pens, temperamental ghosts from the past, should be in demand

Except that people demand them. They are a sure and rela-tively affordable status symbol. The choice and use of a foun-tain pen speaks volumes not only for discretionary spending, but about your respect for

writing.
While ten or 15 years ago
you would have had to look hard in dusty specialist stationers to satisfy a perverse whim to buy a fountain pen, nowa-days they are one of the fixed currencies in the language of luxury goods.

In airport duty free shops, in full-page advertisements in glossy magazines big names such as Parker, Sheaffer, Waterman and Montblanc take space and demand attention.

Ever more expensive, ever more luxurious pens regularly appear. Manufacturers in the US, Germany, France and Britain are trawling the archives to find yet more obscure antique prototypes to revive. It is as if a telecommunications expert was wanting to restore Marconi's telegraph. History is in reverse, but why is it happening?

Memories of awful, scratchy things, delivering too much or too little - ink, haunt the imaginations of anyone born before 1960. For the fountain pen, familiarity bred neglect. Those born later have never known the miseries of a rapid disgorgement of permanent blue all the way across their homework, and subsequently over the cuff and up the fore-

Instead, the current generation has become flabby in its discriminations, numbed to the niceties of bandwriting and blotting paper by the mass availability of cheap ballpoints and felt tip pens, often technically excellent. We tend to believe that progress and technology lead to perfection. Maybe, but the evidence is that technical perfection bores con-

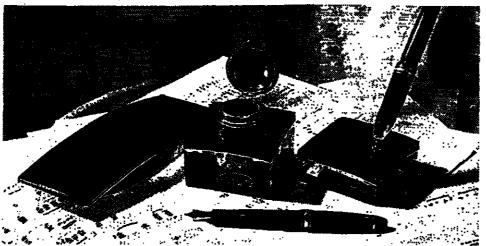
The technical problem with creating a pen is (a) storage of the ink and (b) delivery of the ink and (c) the ink itself.

Broadly speaking this means: (a) external dip or internal reservoir; (b) whether you get no ink at all, or all the ink at once and (c) does the ink have density and dry immediately, but rot the nib, or is it thin stuff with long-term wet-ness which rots the paper?

The answers to these questions involved rubber sacs. ancient valves, pistons or levers and some of the patents which define the history of technology in its most hucksterish phase.

Their appearance was not rapid: it was, for instance, quite a long time after the discovery of rubber that someone developed the rubber sac.

Lewis E. Waterman's technical achievement was to develop a simple capillary valve (comprising three



extremely thin slits at the working end of the barrel interior) which allowed air to enter the reservoir as the ink escaped, obviating rushing blobs, scratches, and facilita-

ting easy handwriting. Waterman, of New York, was followed as a pioneer of the popular fountain pen by George S. Parker of Janesville, Wisconsin, whose Duofold of 1921 was a breakthrough in product design. In 1937 Parker introduced the

"51" to celebrate the company's 51st birthday. Technically, it evolved from the Parker Company's experiments with fast-drying inks. Eventually, the "51", a masterpiece of streamlined styling, became a totem of the industrial design movement. The popular appeal of the "51" brought production into the millions every year but, just as the fountain pen appeared to reach its anotheosis, it was sabotaged by two fundamental developments in the proletarianisation of the pen – felt-tip. - the ball-point and the

in 1943 a Hungarian called Lasso Biro, working in Argentina, patented a design for a ball-point pen with quick dry-ing ink which did not blot. By 1945 it was being manufactured in Europe. Crucially, by 1953, a Frenchman called Marcel Bich made it disposable.

When he dropped his "h" Bio became synonymous with ball-point. In a similar mood of post-War endeavour in 1946, a Japanese called Yokio Horie founded a company called Pentel (a Japanese-English word combining the sense of pencil and pastel). Pentel's innovation was to adapt traditional Japanese practice to industrial production. Using the principles of bamboo-based techniques (where the fibrous core scaked up and delivered the ink to a chiselled point by duced the felt-tip marker in 1960. In 1963 came the sign pen and in, 1970 came the famous green-barrelled R50 roller ball.

And all the rest was graffiti. Of all new technology, mass-produced, inexpensive pens, the R50 Ball Pentel, has been outstanding. It replaced the Bic as the universal, global writing instrument. It seemed another example of Japanese ingenuity taking advantage of Western

At about the same time as the bright green Pentel (about 50p) was becoming ubiquitous, the fat, shiny expensive Mont blanc Meisterstuck (two to three hundred times more

expensive) was becoming familiar in well-heeled pockets. The massive, reactionary, archaic, intensely desirable Montblanc is the paradigm of the pen, not as a functional tool, but as luxury product. Luxury is the opposite of

lacks utility. It is a marvellous testament to our civilisation that a functionally perfect pen can be bought for a matter of pence. But that is the problem. The consumer is capricious. As soon as his basic needs are sat-isfied, he seeks more obscure function, which is not to say it

he wants the unpredictable. An individual's pen has always been an expression of self-es-teem because the act of writing is so intensely personal. Our own word "style" derives from the Latin stylus. Lewis E. Waterman recognised this: his great commercial innovation was to sit in a New York shop window demonstrating his pens to a sceptical public. Consumers are once again enjoy-ing the same sense of show-

Bored with sterile perfection,

The massive interest in foun-The massive interest in countain pens is not simply a taste for nostalgia, although for the time being this may be the expression favoured by most manufacturers with their evocative lacquers, finishes and

It is also an expression of a growing interest in the process of owning and using everyday things, of taking serious plea-sure in small details. People who want to own a decent fountain pen want to do it right, whichever way you spell



Taking serious pleasure in small details: from a 19th century painting



LADIES

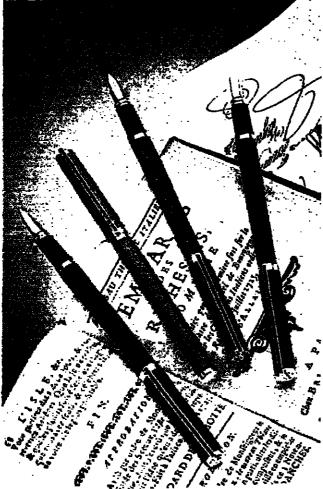
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18 carat gale nıb with

Green & Black

heard in the Santa Claas is a soot black

Numbered and surred om hand Priskon Taleda M900 Lanuted Edition Fountain Pen

with 18ct Gold Nib.

Soon-to-beasieen dreamina: Hid in the dark there are golden

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Christmas drinks. nest in soft pouches of leather, pen, rollerball, balipoint or pencil togethe

unwrapping, uncapping, delighting, Then what elegant, curlicued Thank You

calf leather pouch in black

Selikan 🖰

The FT goes shopping

Conspicuous wealth is out, Grunge (sleaze to you) is in

The fashion excesses of the 1980s must be atoned for, says Brenda Polan

of luxury goods soared and the labels with classrelated cachet soared highest.Loewe's hunting collection in green suede and brown leather, the aristocrat of huntin', shootin' and fishin' gear, was snapped up by the upwardly mobile to be sported together with the Barbour, the Hermès silk square with stirrup motif, Vuitton cases, the Gucci moccasins with horsebit trim, the quilted Chanel handbag, the Cartier watch, the Dunhill document case and the Porsche for town, the blond Labrador and the Range Rover for the If we aspire to be what we buy.

then, as Ralph Lauren and Roger Saul of Mulberry so sharply intuited back in the 1970s, for several years many of us wanted to be rich. We seemed to crave a lifestyle which divided its time between the stress of the City boardroom and the tedium of competitive rural pursuits. If we could not have what we craved, we dressed for it anyway. But a profound change has occurred in the fashionable person's consciousness. The psychological long term, going to be more important than the simple belt-tightening dictated by economic necessity. There is a sense, particularly among those aged between 20 and 30, of crime and punishment. The excesses of the 1980s must be atoned for. A

wealth must be rejected and replaced by something more spiri-Fashion is always an early indica-tor of shifts in cultural direction, so the current revival of the styles of the late 1960s and early 1970s, the era of love, peace and hippy idealism, indicates parallel preoccupa-tions. It is, put simply, a more outward-looking and generous mood. The squandering of resources is over. We must save and conserve.

selfishness and the flaunting of

In the hands of Karl Lagerfeld or Ralph Lauren the look is romantically nostalgic, but younger designers in Paris, London and New York handle it more aggressively, applying overtones of late 1970s Punk. The most apocalyptic version of the look, espoused last month by New York's hottest young designers, Marc Jacobs and Christian Francis Roth, is called "Grunge," after the sleaze-celebrating, anti-materialistic music movement which started in Seattle.

"Grungy" clothes, as affected by young music fans, are ill-fitting, droopy, decayed, inside-out, charityideally, repulsively stained and malodorous. The designer version is, of course, cleaner, co-ordinated - and

It is unlikely that "grunge" will be embraced by the core consumers of Vuitton, Gucci, Perragamo, Hermès, Cartier et al, but the enormous growth in sales which the status-defining brands enjoyed in the 1980s was fuelled by fashion. It was fashionable to appear wealthy and an army of the fashion-aware would break the bank to own the correct accessories, to signal that they



and taste. Now, for these people status-dressing is history. Arguably, boredom would eventually have

done for it anyway.

The traditional Vultton travel goods. Gucci's shoes, belts and bags, Hermès scarves and bags, Cartier watches and Chanel costume jewellery are the most copied and counterfeited artefacts in the world. Val-ued initially for the craftsmanship with which they were made, price made them exclusive and exclusive Such was the boom of the 1980s

that, even without copies on the market, the goods sold by Vuitton, Hermes etc themselves flooded it. There is a danger of the product becoming too widely owned," warned Jonathan Falkner, managing director of Louis Vuitton UK, nearly two years ago. "Then it becomes a cliche and it loses its exclusiveness."

The frantic expansion of the great accessory brands was triggered in 1986 by the relaxation in France of regulations governing takeovers and mergers which, in turn, attracted new investment. Bernard Arnault, owner of the Christion Dior couture



Leather shirt bag by Alfred Dunhill, £860

business, exploited the situation to acquire Céline from its founders and owners, Richard and Céline Viplana, and then set his sights first on Parluxury goods conglomerate, Moet-Hennessy, and eventually on dominating the expanded group which, having acquired Louis Vuitton, became LVMH.

Even the public power struggle between Arnault and LVMH's Henry Racamier, also an imaginative entre preneur, did not appear to dissipate the products' glamour for the consumer. Arnault's strategy was to strengthen his "grandes marques" by licensees and franchisees, strictly controlling products to which the great names were applied. He was watched by rivals in France, Italy and Britain. All recognised the need to protect their most important et: their name.

Since quality, classicism and longevity were their stock in trade, they could not, as the fashion designer does, bring out a startling new style to supplant the old one every season. But they could expand their product bases, spread the cachet a little wider without undermining the traditional lines which sold so well in Japan and the rest of the Far East.

At Vuitton it is Françoise Jollant Kneebone, erstwhile director of the Centre Pompidou and now design director at Louis Vuitton, who, in commissioning some of the great names of design - Philippe Starck, Gae Aulenti, Andrée Putman - has ited, among others, the dashing Epi range. At Hermès, Claude Brouet fulfills

the some function, as does Dawn Mello at the dynastically strife-torn Gucci. These women are all design managers. Jollant Kneebone was an academic. Brouet a journalist/stylist, Mello a merchandiser, former president of Bergdorf Goodman. Their brief is to restore to the great labels the quality which made them great: invention, innovation and a style which expresses their present, not their past. It is likely that surviving the recession will depend on new products rather than on the currently discredited classic clichès.

In Britain the cash-rich Dunhill (lighters, watches, luggage, accessories, fragrance) group has, in a shop ping spree which started in the mid-1980s, acquired Mont Blanc pens, the Hackett menswear chain and the French fashion houses, Chloe and Karl Lagerfeld. Interim results announced this month show a dip in profits from £30.8m to £30.1m. When the last acquisition was made, in June this year, Lord Douro, the he was putting his money on fashion rather than status hedging his bets.

The more solid of the great accessory companies have always looked forward and embraced change, maintaining their identity not in aggressive logos and instantly recognisable forms but in reassuringly high standards of quality and creativity. Loewe in Spain or Ferragamo in Italy are companies which have expanded slowly, an eye always on the first principles of their founders who were, above all, supremely inno-



The late 1980s saw the creation of several pre-aged brands. Arnault himself attempted, in Christian Lacroix, to create a couture house. Hackett, the august-looking menswear chain now owned by Dunhill, is hardly a decade old. In Italy, Gir-

an oak-panelled Victorian ambiance. gave an illusion of antiquity. As Françoise Jollant Kneebone of Vuitton says: "A culture is its collective memory and its artefacts are significant definers of its cultural identity. What we made and used tells an archaeologist who we were What we, today, buy and use pro-vides information about who we aspire to be and how we wish to be

almo Etro, the fabric manufacturer

turned his passion for paisley and all

things nostalgically British into a

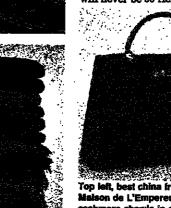
range of scarves, shawls, ties, bags

cushions and those expensive little

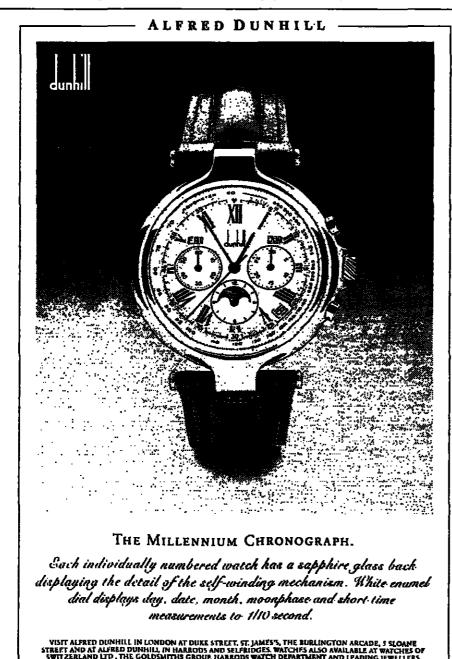
indispensibles known as small

leather goods which, when sold in

While there are people with money to spend, they will buy and use beautiful and clever things. What the accessory companies seen to be facing up to - some faster than others - is that in the future different criteria are likely to apply. Pickings



Maison de L'Empereur range. Left, are shawls in every hue from Hermès. Above: Kelly bag from Hermès



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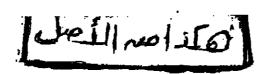
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Pelikan pen to its nest,

you must think of those names that sell only

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snobbery is as diverse, as sub-

tle, as exclusive, as any other

- at about £8,000 each?

joined that great band of per-

sonal appurtenances that tell

the world as much about you

Watch-buying has not come

to a full stop even in this grim recession. Sales of women's watches have failen off

when a woman needs a

pick-me-up, or what a friend

calls some "retail therapy", she

may buy a lipstick or a designer jacket - but a chap is

very likely to cheer himself up

Chaps have become very

knowledgeable, too. At Watches of Switzerland, Tania

Foster-Brown says that they

can almost spot the watch-

buyer as he walks through the

door. He knows exactly what he wants and what he wants is

a full explanation of every

knob, bezel, catch and fancy

function the watch has to offer.

Men, it seems, do not buy on

look alone - image and func-

into three categories. First,

Today watch-buying falls

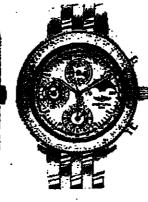
tion count.

as you want it to know.

But once you pay more than











sports watches, worldwide sales increased nine times

Tania Foster Brown says

Watches of Switzerland cus-tomers see a Tag-Heuer as the

ultimate sporting watch.
"Don't crack under pressure"

is the company's marketing

line and the real skier,

deep-sea diver or racing driver

wants a watch that performs.

Whereas Tag-Heuer may be the watch for the real action-

man, Breitling has captured a

large slice of the lucrative mar-

ket for those who merely want

to look like action-man - and

woman. Many of the fashions

in watches come from Italy

between 1985 and 1992.

Giorgio Armani – Hublot



Who wears (or wore) which watch?









Avrton Senna -Tag-Heuer

Nigel Havers -

Gary Lineker – Cartier



The Pope - gold





Churchill - IWC pocket watch and



the sort you buy on impulse and wear on the beach, doing

the washing-up, looking after the children. Then there is the

style-watch - the watch that

exists for what it conveys, the

Tag-Heuer or Ebel for the

sportsman, the Omega or Lon-gines for the classicist, the

Dunhill or the Gucci for the

fashion-conscious. You choose

your image and you take your

choice, and the price would

Finally, there is the classic watch, the hand-crafted piece with a mechanical movement made in Switzerland by a skilled watchmaker - Blancpain (which survives nicely by just making a few hundred watches a year), Patek Philippe, IWC, Jaeger-LeCoultre, Vacherin Constantin, Ulysse-Nardin. They offer the wearer character, craftsmanship, tradition, exclusivity - and the

in the late 1970s and early 1980s, when Tokyo was ticking ahead producing inexpensive, technically perfect watches, quartz models looked as if they might largely replace mechanical movements. These days those fears have gone, as more and more people seem to want real mechanisms. Given that even the finest mechanical movement cannot compete with the precision of a quartz crystal for accuracy - the best mechanical movement can be

to four seconds out a day, there is the disposable watch, whereas quartz is accurate to within three to four seconds a month - it is yet more proof that technical precision alone is not what watch-buying is

The good times are back

Watch snobbery is an art almost as exacting as

that of watch-making, says Lucia van der Post

about. The man who rescued the Swiss watch industry and transformed the market is Nicholas Hayek who, when he developed the low-cost, designdriven Swatch, took on and beat the Japanese at their own game: the low-margin, price-sensitive mass market. Until he came up with Swatch, exports of Swiss watches and watch movements had crashed from 91m units in 1974 to just

43m in 1983. The supreme irony of the Swatch is that although it was meant to be cheap and dispos-able, it has ended up a collec-tors' item, a cult product. Some of the more esoteric designs now sell for many times their original face value in the world's auction rooms.

More than that, Swatch changed the whole industry. It became a catalyst for change. The first models were relatively sober and proficient, many with plain matt black straps and classic faces, all selling at less than £20. However, SMH (producer of Swatch) quickly began to behave much more like a fashion house and to produce two collections a year - the fact that once a line was sold out and those models were no lon-

ger available only increased eir desirability. Word began to get around and people rushed to buy the latest design. Well-known artists were recruited to design them - some Swatches looked like demented sea urchins, others sported flaky faeries, yet another was bedecked with golden tulle, others swathed in net, embellished with crystal. .. wild, witty and fun, they attracted attention everywhere. Today some of the most sought-after models, such as Hocus-Pocus, the jelly-fish, and Alfred Hofkunst's kitsch vegetables, have buyers queueing to pay huge sums for them -

if only they can be found. The innovation goes on. This

innovation - a fully automatic watch for just \$42. But the remarkable thing is that the success of Swatch does not seem to have been at the expense of the rest of the trade. Last year Swiss watch and movement exports surpassed their 1974 peak level and the Swiss watch industry

designs, including Vivienne

Westwood's in romantic post-

modernist mood (but naturally;

Swatch is never one to be left

out of a trend) and - a real

...end the look of Dunhill

seems back in confident form. Top-quality gold watches have ridden out the recession more successfully than most and the fad for sports watches has brought in lots of new customers. Today, there are watches that stand up to all manner of macho tests - they can survive being submerged hundreds of feet under water and come with such "necessities" as luminous dials, breathingtank measuring attachments and pressure resistance to a depth of thousands of feet. They will survive being hit on the face by a polo stick, they have climbed Alps, crossed Tundras...but most are worn by those who only battle with

the office files. Rado, too, homes in on a rug-ged, futuristic image - it makes much play of the fact that its bracelets and cases are made from high-tech ceramic, said to be rugged enough to survive a journey to the moon next time you buy a day

Cults develop around certain watches which are not always easy to explain. Anybody lucky enough, for instance, to lay their hands on a The Rolex Daytona Chronograph (chronographs - models with built-in stop-watches - are a current rage), would be able to sell it lmost immediately for twice the price. At Garrards they tell me some eight or ten people come in every day asking for it, but the shop only gets one

every six months. Chronographs - awesomely chunky, aggressively functional - are one of the huge successes of the watch market, in tune with our sports-obsessed times. It has become the new executive toy. According to Count Franz La Rosée, the director of The Watch Gallery:

"It is a way of saying, I'm young, fit and healthy." At Tag-Heuer (formed in 1985 when Tag bought into Heuer),

and a saunter down Milan's Monte Napoleone will quickly Jason Donovan reveal that Breitling is a Breitling Alfred Dunhill, which was making pocket watches back in 1906 and by the mid 1920s was putting timepleces into lighters (the Unique), silver belt buckles (the Reversible) and travelling cases (the Captive), seems to see two strong trends in watches: nostalgia and sports. In time for Christmas Alfred Dunhill will be selling a Nick Faldo few carefully made small Audemars Piguet editions of some of these old

Its Millennium Sports watch range is water-resistant to withstand depths of up to 200 metres, has a strengthened case reinforced with screws on the case back, a strong sapphire glass and luminous markings - vital, of course, to survive the rigours of a chic

metropolitan lunch. A quieter cult watch is the Jaeger-LeCoultre Reverso. Originally designed in the 1930s for polo players whose watch-glasses kept being broken, it sports an ingenious design with a hinge which allows the wearer to turn the watch face over so it is protected. It is made to the same design today and, it goes without saying, is worn by those who could not tell a polo stick from a croquet mallet.

Finally, if you are interested in the nuances of which watches carry real clout, you may be interested to know that when The Watch Gallery in Jermyn Street was hurgled recently only two makes were taken - Breguet and Breitling. Philippe, Patek Jaeger-LeCoultre, IWC - all were left ignominiously on the

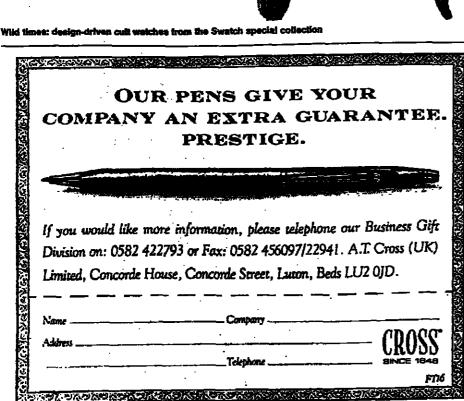


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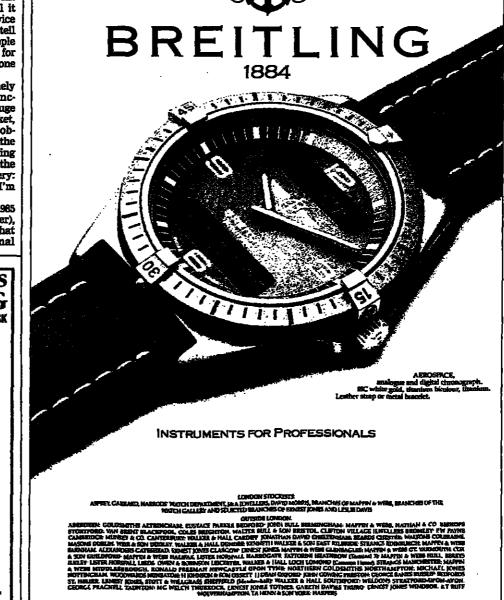
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On the elusive scent of profit

What makes a classic perfume? Lucia van der Post unbottles the secrets behind a potent image

madeleines, scent works at a powerful level in us all. Smell is the most acute of our senses and the scent we dab on transmits as potent an image as the clothes we wear and the make up we apply. And for that image women, it seems,

will pay whatever it costs. With a small bottle of fine perfume costing around £50 the price may seem high for a bot-tled smell – but they are not too high if the customer can be persuaded that she is buying a little magic.

With her head she knows that the contents of the bottle account for a small fraction of the total cost, lost in the overall expenses of a top "nose", expensive packaging, glossy

Voulou Boucheron

IKE PROUST and his bution and finally the retail mark-up of some 45 per cent. But with her heart she is seduced. She may not be able to afford one of Chanel's signaherself with Chanel No. 5. issey Miyake may be beyond her reach but there, no further away than a crystal bottle, is a little of his genius. The allure

is compelling Though the market in the UK is huge and growing (worth some £330m at wholesale) the fine fragrance people still wish that we would become more "European" in our attitudes to scent. According to Peter Norman, managing director of Parfums Givenchy UK, we use half . as much fine fragrance as the average French woman. Though there are some who would, perhaps unkindly, attri-

bute this to their apparent habit of bathing half as often, this cannot be the whole story. Deep in our culture is the tendency still to regard fragrance as a wanton indulgence. Our European cousins accord it a much deeper respect, recognising its powerful psychology, cer of day-to-day living, an

expression of self, of style. What everybody knows is how important perfume sales are to France's haute couture fashion houses. Due to French accounting laws and to the fact that some of the houses are still privately owned, just how important it is is a not-so-wellguarded secret. All those delicious frocks float on oceans of scent. When put together with cosmetics, they are estimated to account for 80 per cent of the revenue of most houses.

It was Coco Chanel who first explored the idea of attaching when she dreamed up Chanel. No. 5 back in 1925. Nobody has yet thought of a better way of expanding the customer base, of retaining an air of exclusivity whilst at the same time selling to thousands of women. Today companies invest mil-

lions of dollars in the hope that they will find the Chanel No. 5 of the day. The world's two longest lasting great classics – Chanel No. 5 and Guerlain's Shalimar - are each rumoured to do £50m worth of business a year. At Chanel, where the fragrance business accounts for 60 per cent of sales, Chanel No. 5 alone makes up for 40 per cent of that.

Whereas 15 years ago there were about 100 fragrances to choose from, today there are nearer 1,000. But the cost of launching them is vast and the failure rate high. Each year sees somewhere between 50 and 100 new perfumes, and well over half of them eventually disappear quietly from the shelves. Only one in five has a chance of real success. But still

the houses keep trying.
Fashion in perfumes change
as much as in anything else but it does not change at whim. Like all the arts – and creating a great perfume IS an art - it anticipates the ready unconscious. So fashions in scents change in mood with

The 1970s saw the heyday of the so-called Life-Style perfumes - remember Charlie? Smitty? Stevie B? Jaunty. vouthful, exuberant, they conjured up visions of a newly fashionable modern woman. Today, it is hard even to recall their names. They were seen off by the bold, racy, power perfumes of the 1980s, the years when women wheeled and dealed with the best of them as the consumer boom took off. Opium, Giorgio, Poison, Obsession, redolent with imagery from the video/rock/ Hollywood cultures, were the olfactory hallmarks of the

decade. The 1990s has seen a real change. Subtlety and sophistication have taken over from the boldly obvious. Calvin Klein, for instance, whose Obsession claimed the provocative high ground in the 80s, launched Eternity at the beginning of the '90s and the orginatic writhings deemed appropriate to convey Obsession were replaced with archivalence of replaced with angelic visions of a mother and child.

Out, too, with the eighties have gone the celebrity perfumes. Cher and Omar Sharif, Sophia Loren and Linda Evans, all tried to capitalise on their names but most failed within a year. This week saw the announcement of the withdrawal of the last of the survivors -- Liz Taylor's Passion But we should not mourn their passing. It marks the end of the cynical marketing ploy. Many were launched in tacky bottles and most smelt dreadful. It only proved what most have always believed - that somehow integrity, authentic-

As Bernard Aloy, general manager of Nina Ricci, which in L'Air du Temps has one of the great perfumes of all time, puts it: "We are still familyowned and so the house still has a family spirit. When we create a fragrance we try to create something which we think is nice. It is still a creation, an artistic venture. We do not believe in 'doing a

ity and heart do matter.

marketing"."
LVMH's launch of C'est la Vie is a vivid example of a house getting it wrong. Christian Lacroix is a delightful man, but, as style guru Peter York puts it: "He was too new on the scene, too little known in the wider world, he tried to invent his own history too fast." It was, to be brutally truthful, a not very attractive

Louis Urvois, managing

director of Loewe, which has just launched its new fragrance, Gala, in the UK with great success (it has more than beaten its first year budget), believes that for a new perfume to succeed what is essential is great coherence between the name, the packaging, the product, the advertising, and the distribution. "If, for instance, we had launched a perfume called Gala, which we believe conveys evening, glamour, complexity, but which was made with light, green notes, it would have been a great inconsistency. It could not have succeeded."

Coming back, and one can see why, are the great classic perfumes. Their history is solid and intact. They offer the magic of nostalgia, visions of a past rich with pleasures, secure in its luxuries. Lanvin's Arpège, in its day a heady conveyor of sumptuous glamour, is being newly successful. Miss Dior is being repackaged and relaunched. Meanwhile, Chanel No. 5., its bottle subtly updated over the years, and

Shalimar go on and on.
But also succeeding are the best of the new. The best truly capture the spirit of the times and can do stunning business whilst their moment lasts.

In Harrods perfumery hall a showcase for new exclusive launches ~ of the ten best-sellets last year all except Chanel No. 5 were new or nearly-new. In no particular order they

were Safari by Ralph Lauren, Eternity by Calvin Klein, Cabotine by Gres, L'Eau d'Issey from Issey Miyake, Volupte by Oscar de la Renta, Gala by Loewe, Oleg Cassini, Escada by Margaretha Ley, Beautiful by Estee Lauder, and, but of course, Chanel No. 5.

But what has done most for the perfume giants is that whereas once a woman remained faithful to her one true love, the perfume of her choice, today she plays around, she flirts a little, trying one and then another.

Look on the fashionable woman's dressing-table today and you will find at least three scents on top and three tucked away. She will go for light,

Today companies invest millions in the hope that they will find the Chanel No. 5 of the day

fresh green notes for a sporty summer week-end, a mix of tuberose and bergamot, of musk and jasmine for her winter satins and velvets: a classic to go with her twinset and pearls; and something crisp and not too heady for the boardroom. And, not content with buying the perfume, today's woman (alas, she still has to buy most of it herself) will go for the bath oils and gels as well.

All of which explains why the cash tills are still ringing not quite as frenetically as they did in the consumer boom but, as Peter Norman puts it, holding their own in a pretty grotty retailing environment." Certainly enough, at any rate, to keep the big couture houses in frills and furbelows, giving them time to reassess the future and plan their strategies for the years ahead.

Finally, if what you are really bothered about is which is the one for you, I leave you with the words of Karl Lagerfeld, the designer who revamped and revitalised the Chanel label. "There are no rules...it's not like a bottle of medicine. It's all about fantasy and dreams and each woman has to make her own." In other words ... choose your dream. Ultimately, Like all the arts, it is still a mysterious business - and one person's Poison is another's life-long addiction.



Anne Heseltli

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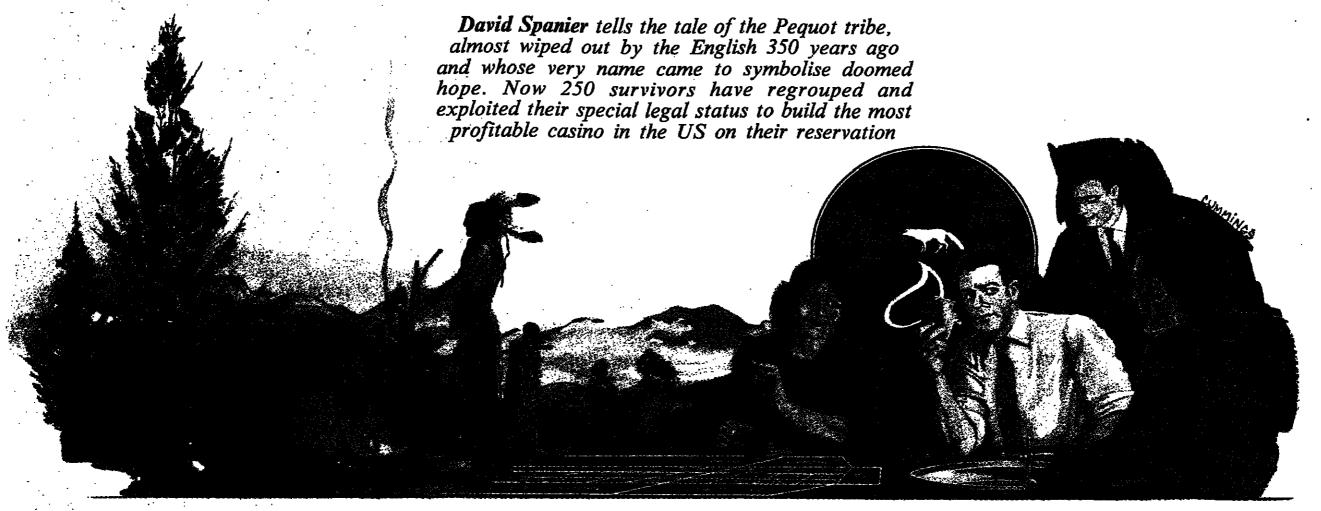
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SECTION II

Weekend November 21/November 22 1992



Pequot turn tables on their conquerors

N 1637, English soldiers acting in the name of Charles I attacked the tribe of Pequot Indians on the east coast of America, burned their fort cassacred everyone they could

An Englishman who saw the slaughter wrote: "...the fire burnt their very bowstrings...down fell men, women and children...great and doleful was the bloody sight." After ressing Christian remorse, he concluded: "We had sufficient light from the word of God for our proceedings.

Now, more than three and a half centuries later, a small group descended from survivors of the Pequo' massacre are taking a spectacular economic revenge.

They have exploited their status as a "defeated nation" under the US constitution to avoid the puritan traditions - and laws - which restrict gambling in Connecticut. A casino on their reservation is making huge profits for the Pequots who are using the money to reclaim land they lost so many years ago. This extraordinary renaissance of

tribal fortune is based on the Pequots' ancestral love for their land which they never forgot and never lost hope of F. aining.

This land, rising in gentle slopes of forest from the coast, east of the Connecticut River, has been inhabited for 10,000 years by the distant forebears of the present tribe before the Pequots were almost wiped out. Herman Melville chose the name Pequod v- "now, extinct as the ancient Medes," so he wrote - for his doorned ship in Moby Dick.

Even now the tribe numbers barely 250 people living on the Mas-hantucket Pequot Indian Reserva-tion in the backwoods of Connecticut, a few miles from the town of

This is no dusty, dispiriting stretch of empty land, like so many Indian, reservations out west. Mas-hantucket means wooded land. And her in the colonial heartland, an ance sign, in red and green on a store pillar, proclaims: Foxwoods High Stakes Bingo & Casino.

Cvernight, Foxwoods has become the most profitable casino in the US. It is likely to make the tribe a profit this year of around a \$100m. Every day, in the nine months since the casino opened, 10,000-12,000 people have poured in. They come from Boston, two hours away, and Rhode Island and all the little towns

around with English names such as Oxford and Norwich and they love to gamble. Foxwoods is coining money faster than any casino in Las Vegas, even though it is not at all like Vegas. First, there are no slot machines. Secondly there is no

A long low building, with outstretched wings, in brown and grey

brick, curving round in welcome,

greets the visitor. The surface is

motifs. Beyond the acres of car

The casino floor is vast. Under glass

roofs, it stretches into the distance

youthful exuberance. The atmo-

sphere is noisy, friendly and

unthreatening (no security men

with guns and handcuffs). The

The players are buzzing with

In the entrance, a fountain

shes down over a rocky outcrop.

parking, trees ring the horizon.

3,300 strong. The Indian presence is reflected in touches of green and red colour and ornament. The Pequot logo - on gaming

chips and table mats and match books - is everywhere. It contains a bare branched tree, a white fox beneath it looks out over a dark curving hill, whose centre displays the mysterious mark of a former

"For 350 years, there was no Pequot life and no

Pequot history. There was nothing here,"

Terry Bell, Pequot tribal affairs co-ordinator

The main games played are rou-

poker parlour on a lower floor.

There are over 200 tables in play,

which exceeds by far any US or

European casino. Bingo is catered

Bingo has long been a staple of

Indian reservations. At Foxwoods it

attracts upwards of 2.500 people a

night. It is the casino gambling

which is new, made possible by the

Indian Gaming Regulatory Act,

for in a separate wing.

tribal leader.

lightly decorated with Indian lette and blackjack, with a non-stop

Indian tribes are not generally subject to state laws: they have the status of defeated nations, recognised by Washington as sovereign authorities in their own lands. It took a series of court actions in Connecticut, culminating in a ruling by the US Supreme Court, before the Mashantucket Pequot's right to regulate gaming was

unheld; and the tribe set to it with a

will, starting in February this year.

a cedar swamp, which was the

Indians' refuge and hiding place,

called the owl's nest. A unique spe-

cles of rhododendron, with a blood-

red centre in a white flower, said to

represent the blood of the Pequot,

By the 1950s there were only two

blooms there

In the centre of the reservation is

*For 350 years, there was no Pequot life and no Pequot history, says Terry Bell, a grand-daughter of George, and tribal affairs co-ordinator. "There was nothing here." In 1983, a few surviving Pequots,

who had been scattered over New England, secured federal recognition and a grant big enough to build half a dozen houses. An effort to find local employment led to the opening of a bingo hall.

It was only a small beginning but the Pequots were back on their land

once more. They now own just under 2,000 acres. The band of survivors re-organised themselves and elected Richard "Skip" Hayward, a grandson of Elizabeth George, as leader of their tribal council. He had formerly been employed as a fitter in a local shipyard; but he has shown sound commercial judgment.

Permission for a casino was secured only after a long wrangle with the State of Connecticut, which on the whole disapproves of gambling. Now the state gains substantial taxes and must screen and licence gaming staff and suppliers. to prevent criminal infiltration - a danger common to all US gaming.

old women living on the reserva-tion, then reduced to 250 acres. One of them was Elizabeth George who vowed: "Hold on to your land." The casino proved an immediate success. Not simply because it was

the first in the region - there are about 30 casinos on Indian reservations, mostly in the mid-West - but in the Pequots' style of management. After all, how could a tribal council, gathered together from humdrum occupations in inner cities, with no experience in business find the expertise to run a modern casino? The explanation seems to be that the tribal council had the imagination to recruit good people and, even more important, the maturity to allow them to run

the place on professional lines. "Of course it's based on trust. We meet every week and we argue things out," says Foxwood's chief operating officer, Al Luciani. Sometimes they are very conservative in their decisions. But we thrash things out together." Lucihe has worked both in Atlantic City and Nevada and was one of the drafters of the New Jersey casino legislation. Most recently, a decision by Luciani to resign his job, after a difference of opinion with the tribe, suggests that problems of control may prove serious. Like the Pequots themselves the

Turn to Page VII

CONTE.ITS

Far-lly finance: How to invest your savings for income

Drink: Really rather nice: the £3,743-a-bottle cognac

Arts: Oh no, it's the Turner prize again, says William Packer

Travel: Budapest - lost in the XHI mists of freedom

Sport : Teresa McLean visits cricket grounds in autumn

Interview: Antony Thorncroft on an Establishment hard man



Weekend FT goes shopping: best of everything from haute couture to pens to Jewellery (above) Separate Section

Finance & the Family

casino is run by American staff, passed by Congress in 1988.

Victim of M4 slowdown

The Long View/Barry Riley



ONE OF the most drachanges during the past few years has been the slowdown in the growth of the money supply. For 20 years until 1991 the broadly-defined version of money, M4, which includes all bank and building

age of 14% per cent a year, reaching a peak expansion rate of 19 per cent at the beginning of 1990. Now, that growth has collapsed to a mere 5 per cent over the past 12 months. It is a sign that, whatever happens to the British economy in the immediate future, we would be unwise to look for any clues from what has happened dur-

society deposits, had grown by an aver-

ing the years since monetary growth first accelerated into double digits back in 1971. Since M4 represents, largely, the liability (or deposit) side of bank and building society balance sheets, the slowdown simply reflects the crisis of the banking system. Proud Barclays may now be heading for a trading loss in 1992 arc. as its gleaming new build-ing emerges above Lombard Street, we are reminded of the time-honoured investment rule, sell the shares when a company builds itself a new bead office. Barclays is not the only one of the big clearers to face tough decisions over dividends. The bankers will remember that Midland, which fell from grace and

kost its independence. The axe hangs over thousands of employees. The English Big Four raised staff numbers from 229,000 to 280,000 during the 1980s but they are now turnbling. This week's news on the labourshedding front came from the Royal Bank of Scotland which is to cut 3,500

cut its dividend earlier, has this year

jobs over five years. The banking contraction could go much further. The great expansion went hand-in-hand with the creation of the financial bubble in housing and, to some extent, a lesser bubble in the small business sector. There was a huge lending boom on the basis that custom-

ers need never repay their debts, except to the extent that they would eventu-ally be liquidated painlessly out of the sale of the assets (to buyers who would, of course, be financed by more loans). How different it is now, when prices

are falling; home owners feel under pressure to reduce their debts, and when the houses are eventually sold the new owners may be able to buy them on smaller loans and at much lower interest rates. For them, at least,

all this is thoroughly good news.

During the 1980s it worked like this. Borrowing was strong, largely because of demand for homes which were rap-idly rising in price all the time. The authorities kept interest rates high, often between 12 and 14 per cent, in order to keep some sort of lid on mone-tary growth. But these high interest charges themselves tended to be rolled up as higher and higher debt.

y 1989 the housing bubble started to burst and small businesses began to collapse. Within the ERM interest rates could not be brought down quickly and the debt interest roll-up has continued. Now, at last, rates are lower. But this has exposed other distortions at the banks. High interest rates generated all sorts of opportunities for cross-subsidising customers and services, but these opportunities are now disappearing.

There was scope for offering interest

on current accounts, but this is now being squeezed out. All sorts of charges are being slapped on to fill the revenue gap. More importantly, the banks and building societies are being forced to widen the margins between their borrowing and lending rates in order to pay for their bad debts. The good customers pay for the defaulters, something which the politicians find embarrassing in public but no doubt in private regard as an entirely satisfactory way in which the financial system can recover from the mess: better, certainly, than bailouts by the taxpayer.

Extreme conditions provide grand

opportunities for niche players, but the

stories do not always have a happy end-

openings for the so-called centralised mortgage lenders, which raised money market funds to finance mortgage propositions brought to them by brokers often for large and risky loans. Many of these centralised lenders are now in financial trouble and are closed for new

owever, they have on their books thousands of existing borrowers who are mostly trapped by the fall in value of their property: according to the Bank of England this week as many as one in five mortgaged home owners in London and south-east England now has "negative equity". Sitting ducks, they are often being charged the high mortgage rates of a year ago.

On the other side of the banking sys-tem's balance sheet, there is now scope for money market funds and cash unit trusts to cream off the liquid investments of investors. Banks and building societies are announcing "revised" or 'adjusted" savings rates (they are never reduced, a word apparently only applied by marketing men to lending rates). Word from the Building Societies Association is that the societies have a difficult task in balancing the interests of borrowers and savers, to which you might reply, why not simply bring both savers' and borrowers' rates down in line with money market rates?

In fact the average pre-tax retail deposit rate being paid by building soci-eties was much in line with bank base rates until about two years ago but is now more than a percentage point below. The deal has become worse for savers because the societies are not lending much, so do not need new money, and in any case are trying to widen their margins in order to pay for bad debts.

The answer, as far as the saver is concerned, is not to complain at the injustice of this but to switch to money market funds if substantial sums are involved. Do not be a victim of the M4

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MARKETS

London Markets An elusive glimpse of a silver lining

By Peter Martin, Financial Editor

N Friday morning, this newspaper's headlines were as gloomy as any in recent memory. "Industry sheds 10,000 jobs"; "Recession maintains its grip for ninth quarter": "Sweden floats krona after outflow threatens reserves". And so on the sense of unease.

Yet on Friday afternoon, the FT-SE 100 index was racing ahead, closing at 2,732.4, up 26 points on the day and within six points of its record close of 2.737.8. reached in May.

[] WEEKEND FT

Such a contrast is not unusual, of course. Looking out into the future for anything up to 18 months, the market has traditionally been able to peer through the cloud to find the silver lining. This time, however, the con-

trast seems particularly marked. The long-lasting nature of the recession has made it hard to see an end; and the experience of the US has been that even after interest rates are cut sharply, a healthy recovery cannot be guaranteed

FT-SE 100 Index

Abbey National

Euro Dienes

Mirror Group

Rolls-Royce

Union Discoun

Usher-Walker

Willis Corroon

Evode

FT-SE Mid 250 Index

Price y'day

2737.4

2623.4

813

189

28712

961-

368

161

+39.9

+14.5

+ 19

+57

-13

-160

+33

+ 16

+17

-17¹2

+24

+28

+81

-15

pounded by the growing sense that continental Europe especially Germany – is running into more serious economic problems than seemed likely even two months ago. The long-drawn out crisis over the Gatt and oilseeds issues, raising the possibility of a world trade war, have added to

It was the news, on Thursday afternoon, that a Gatt deal had been clinched that led to the market's surge. The market had earlier shown a marked ability to shrug off the worst of the trade fears, however: by Thursday's close it had already recovered all but five points of its loss since the Gatt talks between the EC and the US broke down in early

Behind the week's stock market optimism, another force was at work: signs that even though the international outlook seemed bleaker and job losses continued to mount, the British economy is - at worst avoiding a further downward slide. The volume of

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

1992 High

2737.8

2825.0

363

315

1693

94

267

125

176

385

200

185

274

245¹2

Indices rebased				
40e	ilk Fami	No.		
def	lated by Tax and	Prices Index		1990/92
106				**************************************
102				initiation of the same in the
			1979/81	
100				
				
.98		-		
			1990/9	Z
35	UK GDP			
**				

steady upward path of effective

earnings has been more

marked than a decade ago.

Against that background, the

upturn in the trend of retail

sales since the summer

appears less surprising.
Though the stock market

was cheerful this week, the gilt

and money markets were more

apprehensive. Three month money stayed resolutely above

the 7 per cent level of base

rates for most of the week,

closing around 7% per cent on Friday. The market clearly felt

that the latest cut in base

rates, a week ago, is the last

for some time - a view

reinforced by the latest edition

of the Bank of England Quar-

terly Bulletin, which empha-

sised the government's com-

mitment to low inflation.

retail sales for October, published on Wednesday, showed a seasonally adjusted rise of 0.1 per cent: perhaps more signifia cant, in the three months to the end of October, retail volumes rose by 0.9 per cent compared with the previous three

One factor behind those rises has undoubtedly been the steady gain in effective earnings of those who have managed to keep their jobs. Robin Asninall of Panmure Gordon drew attention to the numbers shown in the chart: average earnings deflated by the tax and price index, a measure of inflation which adds in the In the last recession, it was a truism that those people who stayed in jobs did well. In this

recession, though the air of

gloom is shared a lot more

evenly between north and

south, and between service sec-

tor and manufacturing, the

2157.8 Continued underlying suppor

43 Bld by Wassall

Poor figures/Paribas *sail*

Smith New Ct raises recomme

76 Agreed bid by Sun Chemica

144 Third quarter figures disappoint

126 UBS upgrade/County "buy

That commitment is still much in doubt, if the gilt market is to be believed. The drop in short-term rates as a result of last week's base-rate cuts has not been reflected in bond yields, which are up to a quar-ter of a percentage point higher than their pre-Autumn Statement levels. The announcement of another gilt auction for December 2 did not please the market, which is still jumpy about the level of issuance likely next year.

One step to ease that burden was Wednesday's announce nent that the government plans to sell more of its remaining stake in British Telecom, currently worth comething over £5bn. Details of the sale, to take place in the financial year starting in April 1993, are not yet available. BT's shares were trading at 403p before the announcement: they closed on Friday at 395½p, up

Two other privatised companies. National Power and PowerGen, were among the Tuesday, National Power company reported a 10 per cent increase in pre-tax profits, and a 10 per cent increase in the dividend - despite a slight fall in total electricity demand, the first for over a decade. Power-Gen's figures, published the next day, were not quite so

The difference between the two generators is still more cosmetic than real, however: timing of investment and slightly different accounting policies explain the gap between the results. Both rose on the week: National Power closed at 287%p, up 17p; Power-Gen at 287, up 14 %p.

For two company chairmen, the week brought some unwelcome comments. Sir Denys Henderson, the chairman of ICI, found little enthusiasm for his announcement that the group's bio-sciences division, once demerged, would bear the name of Zeneca. "Sounds like a foot infection, not a company. said one City wit. Analysts have also started to question just how much shareholders will benefit from the spin-off.

The other man on the end of unfavourable comment was Alan Sugar, chairman of Amst-rad, the computer and consumer electronics business. The offer document detailing his plan to take the company private again, at 30p per share, was greeted with marked lack of enthusiasm by City commentators. Some idea of the mood of shareholders will be given by next Tuesday's AGM, which may give some pointers to the outcome of the vote on the bid on December 10. In the meantime, Amstrad shares closed the week at 28,

Serious Money

Make bonds find the balance

by Philip Coggan, Personal Finance Editor

OND FUNDS are the Investors will be aware of one flavour of the month in the world of personal finance.

Many fund management groups will be hoping that the public gets the message. They have been battling for years to get British savers to move their funds from cash into equity products. Persuading investors to buy bonds, which allow a greater degree of security and certainty of return, might be an easier task.

British savers are not stupid. The reasons they have been so reluctant to move into bonds are twofold. The first is inflation; the high rate prevailing in the British economy since the 1960s has taken a big dent out of capital invested in fixedinterest securities.

Secondly, during the late have been higher than the returns on long term bonds (an inverted yield curve in the jargon). Thus, there was little incentive for investors to remove cash from building

The situation has changed drastically over the past year. Short-term interest rates have fallen substantially, with the result that the yield curve has a traditional upward-sloping shape. In other words, the yields on long-dated gilts are

Private investors have thus been piling into the gilts causing problems in the market. with a back-log in settlement, because of volume of business. In addition, there has been a steady stream of bond fund launches in the unit trust sector. Some of these funds have grown substantially – Mercu-ry's Global Bond fund, launched in early 1991, has almost £200m under manage-

Suddenly everyone seems to be in favour of the fixed-inter est market. Five out of the six financial advisers polled on Page III this week picked bonds, or bond funds, in their income-producing portfolios.

of the golden rules of personal finance; when everybody in the industry is plugging a particular product, that is the worst

time to buy it. There is a possibility that the rule could apply to the enthusiasm for bonds. in the UK, devaluation and the recent rapid reductions in base rates could cause inflation to rise; and the government's deterior ating financial position means that the Treasury will have a lot of gilts to sell over the next few years. Both factors would normally be bad news for gilt

On the other hand, institutional fund managers, such as pension funds and insurance companies, have plenty of scope to buy more gilts. Only 3

The services of fund managers do not always come cheap'

per cent of the average pension fund was invested in gilts at the end of 1991, according to Combined Actuarial Performance Services; in 1982, that proportion was 19 per cent. So it is possible that the extra supply of gilts could be

Given that so many complex factors affect the bond market, should the private investor deal on his own behalf or opt for the management skills of a bond fund?

Fund managers claim, unsur prisingly, that their expertise is vital. According to Whitting dale, its short-dated gilts fund has outperformed the FT's short dated gilt index over the nast one three and five years. The services of a fund manager do not always come cheap. Initial charges can be 5

per cent and annual charges 1 per cent. That takes quite a yields are only 8-9 per cent.

The good news is that competition has helped reduce these fees, with no initial charge at all on two recent Abtrust fund launches.

A further potential problem with bond funds is that gains are subject to capital gains tax. unlike profits on direct hold ings in gilts. However, since most investors do not use up their annual £5,800 CGT threshold, this is only a significant factor for a few.

There is no "right" answer to the question of bond funds versus direct investment. If you are buying just one or two gilts, and you intend to hold them to redemption, it is probably alright to deal on your own. But if you intend to have a large proportion of your savings in bonds, and you are not financially sophisticated, then it is probably worth pay-ing for the manager's services. It is almost certainly best to

opt for a fund if you are thinking of investing in overseas bonds. There are sound arguments for doing so as, again on Page III, some advisers state. Many other countries are

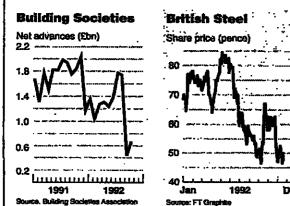
going through the same recessionary problems as the UK. In Europe, particularly, the high Bundesbank have proved a drag on economic activity.

The hope is that interest

rates will fall (and bond prices rise) across Europe once the Germans decide to loosen the deflationary grip on their economy. Given that the record of European countries on infla-tion is generally better than that of the UK, Continental bond yields may be able to fall further than those in the UK. There is of course an

exchange rate risk, namely that the pound will rise against other currencies. That might seem an unlikely prospect, but some believe sterling could est rates start to fall. The answer is probably that over-seas bond funds, like gilts, should form part of, rather

AT A GLANCE



Mortgage lending picks up a little

Building societies reported a small increase in mortgage lending activity last month. Net advances increased to £663m in October, up from £446m the month before. But the new figure is still less than half the amount lent by building societies in most still less than hair the amount tent by building societies in mo-months during the first two-thirds of the year. Mark Boleat, director-general of the Building Societies Association, said that the pick up "although very modest, occurred against the backdrop of considerable uncertainty in the financial markets and extinguished household confidence. Meanwhile, a large number of banks and building societies cut their mortgage rates to about 8.5 per cent this week.
Cheltenham & Gloucester, which had undercut the market with
its 9.05 mortgage rate when the standard rate was 9.25 per

cent, also dropped its rate to 8.5 per cent. Gloom for British Steel

British Steel shares slumped to an all-time low this week after it declared a first half loss of £51m and omitted its Interim dividend. When the company was privatised in 1988, it was perceived as an income stock. Its shares were trading at around 50p yesterday, compared with 125p on flotation

Savings scheme for Services

The Ministry of Defence has launched the Services Home Savings Scheme for members of the Armed Forces. Those who save between £50 and £200 a month for 60 months will be entitled to an additional payment, called the Home Savings Allowance (HSA), when they buy a home. The HSA will be paid at a rate of £1 for every £3 saved in the account, including

Fidelity launches balanced fund

Fidelity has launched a new money management service called Asset Manager which will alm to provide a better long term return than a building society. The service will balance portfolios between cash, bonds and Fidelity's new futures funds, which alm to provide exposure to equities at reduced risk. The initial asset mix will be 30 per cent cash, 30 per cent bonds and 40 per cent futures funds. Minimum investment will be £10,000 (minimum withdrawal is £1,000) and the expected gross yield will be 5 per cent. Initial charge is 4 per cent plus VAT, with an annual charge of 0.5 per cent plus VAT.

New monthly income fund

Foster & Braithwaite, the private client stockbroker, is launching a monthly income fund based on investment trusts. To stabilise the income flow F&B will pay a level amount each month for a year. The fund will initially pay 90 per cent of the net dividend yield at the time of purchase, with the remaining 10 per cent credited to an interest-earning account. The minimum investment is £10,000; initial charge is 3 per cent plus VAT, annual charge is 1.25 per cent and there is a dealing

Setback for smaller companies

Smaller company shares suffered a setback this week, ending their recent rally. The Hoare Govett Index (capital gains version) fell 0.6 per cent from 1111.5 to 1104.34 over the week to November 19, while the County Index dropped 0.3 per cent from 857.9 to 854.99 over the same period.

Wall Street Market tires of Clintonomics guessing game

F INVESTORS were hop-ing to use the immediate post-election period to pass judgment on President-elect Clinton's policies to revitalise the economy, they have been sorely disappointed. In the nearly three weeks since polling day more has been learned about Socks the best part of the last two years. cat, the soon-to-be First Pet,

than about Clintonomics. The Democrats' decision to keep their presidential plans under wraps has left the stock market somewhat adrift. Investors have not even been able to indulge in a favourite post-election game - giving the thumbs up, or down, to new cabinet appointments.

Even trying to guess the names of the cabinet is no longer fun. The market has ceased caring whether Paul Volcker, the former Federal Reserve chief, or Robert Rubin, the Goldman Sachs supremo. gets the top job at the Treasury, or whether Harvard scholar Robert Reich becomes the new White House

economic adviser. To make matters worse, the market has also lost interest in monetary policy. Since 1990 the direction of interest rates has been one of the most important factors influencing corporate profitability and economic performance. Speculation about whether, when, and by how much, the Fed might cut interest rates has kept investors busy for the

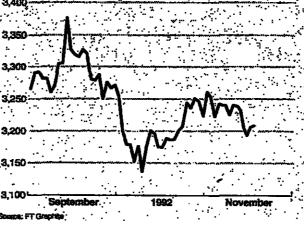
Today, however, interest rate policy appears locked in neutral. Although the rash of positive economic statistics after the election has since been undermined by fresh gloomy news about the state of the recovery (just this week housing starts were reported to be down sharply and unemployment insurance claims up sharply), the Fed appears to be in no mood to touch the monetary accelerator again.

This week's meeting of the Fed's key Open Market Committee, normally an occasion keenly watched by both stock and bond markets for signs of changes in policy, passed almost unnoticed

Operating in a political and monetary policy vacuum, the market has been forced to look elsewhere for inspiration. Tax issues have been unusually

Dow Jones Industrial Average

prominent this week. President-elect Clinton's campaign pledge to increase taxes on the wealthy has raised fears that he may put up the capital gains tax as well, and a desire to book profits now rather than later may have been partly behind



some of the recent profit-taking.

Investors may also have been indulging in some

loss-taking, Late November is

usually the time when investors begin to sell stocks that have performed badly in their portfolio as part of a seasonal plan to maximise the tax benefits from their investment loss

This tax-related trading is thought to have played a large part in the fall in IBM's share price. On Thursday IBM fell to \$61%, its lowest level since

concern that the weakness of European economies will hit overseas orders for IBM the selling of the stock. Corporate tax issues have

also been at play in the wider market. Stocks of small and medium-sized companies traded over the counter on the Nasdaq market have been much in favour recently (the Nasdag composite index has risen almost 6 per cent since November 3, poiling day), and one of the explanations put forward by analysts for the buying is that investors are focusing on the Democrats' proposal during the election to cut taxes on capital gains from long-term investment holdings of small and mid-sized companies.

Among individual corporate news, the news that telecommunications giant AT&T and financial services combine Transamerica, are planning to take parts of their operations public in 1993, suggested that some large companies are confident the market will be in reasonably good shape next year. Of the two deals, AT&T's

cent of its equipment leasing and finance subsidiary, AT&T Capital. The subsidiary earned revenues of over \$1bn last year, and has assets of over \$7bn, and while the idea behind the move is to give AT&T Capital a large measure of financial independence, the interesting point about the partial spin-off is that it leaves AT&T free to concentrate on its core businesses of telecommunications and

computing. Transamerica is also getting rid of non-core assets to focus on what it does best. It plans to sell its property and casualty insurance business next spring through an initial public offering of stock. The demerger will enable Transamerica to apply all of its energies to its life insurance and finance

Patrick Harverson

1 1417 14	N IIW	PE130
Monday	3205.74	- 27.2
Tuesday	3193.32	- 12,4
Wednesday	3207.37	+ 14.0
Thursday	3209.53	
Friday		

The Bottom Line

BOC pre-tax profits: before and after

New rules bring companies to account

changing British accounting standards became starkly apparent to investors last week with preliminary results from BOC, the UK industrial gases and healthcare group. BOC reported pre-tax profits down 31 per cent to £215m in the 12 months to September 30, well below market expectations. Without accounting changes, this year's figure would instead have been up by 10 per cent to £341.9m.

The company is one of the first among many likely to be altering their figures substantially as a result of the new regime for financial reporting being introduced by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB). BOC said the culprit was FRS 3, the new financial reporting standard on the profit and loss account launched by the ASB at the ing extraordinary items. This business - is changed. Previ-

HE EFFECT of end of last month, which becomes mandatory for yearends after June 22 next year. A number of other companies are beginning to change already. In the past few days, Courtaulds and De La Rue both have published interim results in compliance with FRS 3. It alters the shape of the accounts radically, particularly for those companies with active acquisition and disposal programmes. Among the principal changes are:

■ The virtual abolition of the extraordinary item. Only extremely rare and unpredictable events outside the normal course of business activities will be allowed. That might include expropriation of a company's assets following a political revolution in the UK, but not in Iraq. ■ Calculation of earnings per

share will include any remain-

will make earnings far more "lumpy" year by year and will discourage readers of accounts from relying so exclusively on this single published figure and the price/earnings ratio based on it - which has been subject to considerable manipulation in the past. ■ Gains or losses on the dis-

Source: BOC annual reports

posal of revalued assets must be shown in the profit and loss account at their carrying value given in the balance sheet, not at historical cost. ■ The treatment of goodwill the difference between the net

assets and purchase price of a

ously, goodwill could be written off to reserves and companies could make a "profit" on the sale of a business without taking account of the goodwill. Now, any stated profit or loss on resale must reflect the original purchase price. Any good-will written off must be written back.

1988 1989 1990 1991 1992

287.1 324.8 350.2 310.1 341.9

324.8 350,2 310.1 215

For BOC, most of the impact on profits came from this final item. Its disposal of subsidiaries during the year - principally Glasrock, its domestic medical gases business resulted, in a loss of £117.1m which it had written off previ-

will also find other revelations required by FRS 3. Companies must continue to disclose separately three types of exceptional item: profits or losses on the disposal of fixed assets or businesses, and the costs of fundamental restructuring. In BOC's case, these items include the £117.1m goodwill write-off and a £25.4m provision for reorganising its health care division. As the table shows. FRS 3 would not have had a significant impact for BOC in the past five years except in 1988, when there was a loss on disposals of businesses of £17m and £24.5m written off as goodwill.

Companies must also show turnover and profit, divided for the first time between continuing and discontinued operations and those acquired during the year. That should help those trying to make esti-

Readers of future accounts mates of underlying and future maintainable performance.

The danger of creating these pigeon-holes for profits and losses is that numbers shown previously in a single extraordinary or exceptional item may now be concealed in a variety of figures.

The ASB hopes to force investors to sift through more information and make their own calculations and judgments rather than relying on published earnings alone. Its rationale for FRS 3 has been to make accounts more transparent, allowing in sunshine by providing additional financial

But the effect might be more like a prism, scattering considerable information over a wide area. That could prove confusing and intimidating initially for many readers of accounts.

Andrew Jack

Fidelit.

How to invest your savings for income

Philip Coggan asks financial advisers to construct a portfolio of £100,000 to produce earnings for a single person

saver invest for income, now that the rates available from building societies have

The graph shows how the net income from £100,000 invested in a Halifax Building Society 90-day account has fluctuated over the last 10 years. Some years, such as 1990, have been great times to be invested in cash.

But anyone who had kept all their money in a building society account for the past decade, drawing income as they went, would now be earning less than they had earned in 1983, even in nominal terms. Ten years of inflation would have done serious damage to their standard of living. So the Weekend FT asked

expert financial advisers to construct a portfolio of £100,000, with the aim of producing income for a single person. We outline their recommendations below. Most seem to have opted for a plan which produces a growing income, rather than the maximum income immediately. (We have deducted basic rate tax to give readers a rough means of comparison but, in some cases. advisers have chosen instruments which pay income gross. Yields given reflect those available earlier this week.)

Cole's portfolio

John Cole, of Berry, Birch & Noble, in London, says: "The danger with interest rates continuing to decline is that investors are tempted to stretch the income returns by introducing more risk. It is essential that investors are realistic about the potential income returns and we would prefer to take a marginally lower income to allow a little emphasis for capital appreciation and rising income in the years ahead."

"I am particularly keen to balance the Providence Capitol Building Society Bond, which provides a premium depositbased rate of return, with a solid backbone provided through gilts and the Hill Sam-uel Guaranteed Income Bond. The latter is particularly important in building up the monthly income which is

likely to be required."
"Moving into the non-guaranteed investment areas, we do favour investment in international bonds and providing a hedge against currency fluctu-EMMA Managed Fund. This has a good yield and a solid track record. Rather than invest directly into Permanent Interest Bearing Shares (PIBS), we prefer the Exeter Balanced Fund which combines investment in PIBS with zero coupon shares in investment trusts. It achieves a lower overall ncome return but does provide the prospect of income and capital growth. A Personal Equity Plan is an essential ingredient and we would favour a high yielding fund." His suggestions are:

■ Providence Capitol Building

Society Bond. Amount £15,000. Annual Income £876 (net).

Northern Rock TESSA.
Amount £3,000. Annual income

■ Treasury 10 per cent 2003. Amount £10,000. Annual income £680. Treasury 2 per cent indexlinked 2006. Amount £10,000. Annual income £254. ■ Hill Samuel Guaranteed

Income Bond. Amount £25,000. ■ Hambros EMMA Managed Fund. Amount £15,000. Annual income £693.

Exeter Balanced Fund. Amount £16,000. Annual income £739. ■ Murray Income Trust PEP. Amount £6,000. Annual income ■ Total income (net of basic

Kauders' portfolio

rate tax) £5,234.

David Kauders, Taunton-based fee-charging financial adviser, is a long-term fan of fixed-interest investments. "In our opinion, the dollar is cheap at the moment and likely to rise against the pound," he says.
"Therefore investments based in dollars and arising in dollars will be worth more in sterling in the future. We would therefore recommend purchasing long maturity US Treasury

"In addition, we would purchase two gilts on the Bank of England Register. We would suggest the Treasury 8% per cent 2007 and the 8 per cent 2009. This will give you a further income of around £4,000 per annum gross." Sugges-

■ US Treasury 7½ per cent 2022. Amount \$80,000. Annual income \$6,100 (£3,965 gross, or £2,974 after basic rate tax.)

■ Treasury 8½ per cent 2007. Amount £23,000. ■ Treasury 8 per cent 2009.

Amount £25,000. Combined annual income on gilts £4,000 gross (£3,000 after basic rate ■ Total income on this portfolio would be around £7,965

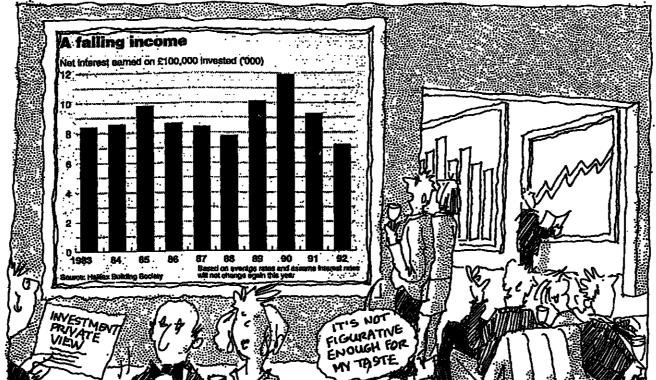
gross at present exchange rates

Higgins' portfolio

(\$5,974 net).

James Higgins, of the Lon-Broe, disagrees with Kanders on this point. "We think gilts might be more attractive in a little while, particularly if the government decides to wade in with a new issue."

Higgins says of his portfolio. "It is designed for a five year term. It is silly for anyone to go near equities unless they are prepared to look at five years at least. The portfolio



vields just over 7 per cent net to a 40 per cent taxpayer, and slightly more to those on basic

The deposit can be either a straightforward one or the Hambros EMMA managed currency fund: the opportunity cost of the latter is not high in terms of deposit interest fore-

The next element of Higgins' portfolio is a back-to-back "generator" plan involving an annuity, which provides high income (but loss of capital) and some tax-efficient non-income providers. "Our objective is to generate a fixed basic income the investor can use each month" he says. "A five year temporary annuity provides a tax efficient income. We back this up with a combination of national savings index-linked certificates, investment trust zeros and a cash-backed Busi-

ness Expansion Scheme." For the zeros, Higgins suggests the Kleinwort High income Trust, where the zeros are fully covered and offer a redemption yield of more than 8.5 per cent. Although the Bank of Scotland Linen Bank BES has sold out, Higgins thinks similar schemes will be

A further big chunk of the £6,000 would be held within a PEP and more to be transferred-in next year. Jove. River & Mercantile or River Plate look good," he says. He adds £3,000 in a single company PEP, suggesting Bristol Water on a gross yield of 8.75 per

Finally, Higgins includes a with-profits bond, "I usually

hate these" says Higgins "but Royal's bond clearly spells out the dangers of a market value adjustment. It carries no 5 per cent initial charge but it does impose penalties if the client pulls out early. I like the penalty - it protects longer term investors and makes potential investors aware that investment in any equity product cannot be short term. Royal

tions: aged fund. Amount £20,000. Annual income £750 for basic rate payer, assuming 5 per cent

guarantees return of capital

after five years and a first year

9.25 per cent bonus. Sugges-

■ Generator, consisting of fiveyear temporary annuity from Standard Life (amount £15,000) 6th issue index-lined national savings (amount £5,000). investment trust zeros (amount £10,000) and a cashbacked BES. Annual income £3,440 for basic rate payer. Investment trusts. Amount

£32,000. Annual income £2,805. ■ Single company PEP in Bristol Water. Amount £3,000. Annual income £262. ■ With-profit bond from Royal. Amount invested £5,000. Annual income £400.

Scott-Hopkins' portfolio

■ Total income (net of basic

Clive Scott-Hopkins, of Towry Law in Windsor, Berks, suggests a broad range of investments, starting with £19,000 in Barclays Jerseybased sterling bond fund, which invests in UK gilts and corporate bonds. Another \$10,000 would be invested in Perpetual's International Bond unit trust.

Another unit trust which Scott-Hopkins chooses is the ExBal fund, managed by Exeter, which invests in zeros and PIBS. ExBal has a gross yield of 6.5 per cent, which converts into an income of £500 on his proposed investment of £10,000. Scott-Hopkins then selects three with-profits bonds (from the Prudential, Commercial Union and General Accident) which he says offer yields of between 9.5 and 10.5 per cent, converting into an annual income of £2,250.

Two equity investments follow - £6,000 in Foster & Braithwaite's PEP (investing in splits and other investment trusts) and £10,000 in Foreign & Colonial's Jersey-based protected equity scheme. This locks in the bulk of the growth of the FT-SE 100 Index on a quarter-by-quarter basis.

Finally, Scott-Hopkins opts for £15,000 in the Generali Lifetime Income Bond, which is based on war loan and pays a fixed income for life. Sugges-

■ Barclays sterling bond Fund. Amount £19,000. Annual income £1,300 (after basic rate

■ Perpetual International Bond Fund. Amount £10,000. Annual income £500.

■ Prudential/Commercial Union and General Accident with profits bonds. Amount invested £30,000. Annual

ExBal unit trust. Amount £10,000. Annual income £500. ■ Foster & Braithwaite PEP. Amount invested £6,000. Annual income £500.

Foreign & Colonial Protected Equity fund. Amount invested ■ Generali Lifetime Income Bond. Amount invested £15,000. Annual income £1,200. ■ Total income £6,250, net of basic rate tax, plus any gains from the F&C fund.

Noble-Warren's portfolio

The portfolio chosen by Rob-ert Noble-Warren, of London-based Murray Noble, has a distinctly international flavour. His cash holding is in French franc deposits, via one of Rothschild's offshore currency funds, yielding 9.3 per cent.

Noble-Warren would invest a further £60,000 in European bonds, which he says "are very good value at present." He feels interest rates will have to start coming down again because the German economy is slowing and needs stimulus. The two funds he chooses are offshore, CMI German Bond, yielding 6.4 per cent and Hambro Continental European Bond, yielding 7.5 per cent.

"We believe UK gilts are not a good buy compared to Ger-man, Swiss or French bonds" says Noble-Warren. The exception is the index-linked sector, where Noble-Warren suggests investing £10,000 via Guinness Flight's offshore index-linked gilt fund, yielding 2.2 per cent.

Finally, Noble-Warren suggests an investment of £10,000 for capital growth, choosing a combination of Latin American Investment Trust, and Templeton Emerging Markets Invest-ment Trust. Suggestions: ■ Rothschild Old Court French

franc fund. Amount invested £20,000. Annual income £1,395. McMi German Bond Fund. Amount invested £30,000. Annual income £1.440. ■ Hambro EMMA Continental European Bond fund. Amount £30,000. Annual income £1.687.50.

■ Guinness Flight Index-linked gilt fund. Amount £10,000. Annual income £165. ■ Latin American Investment

Trust. Amount £5,000. Annual income £11.25. Templeton Emerging Markets Investment Trust. Amount £5,000. Annual income

■ Total income, after basic

Boyton's portfolio

Rather than construct a single portfolio, Richard Boyton of the Halstead, Essex-based Boy-ton Financial Services suggests a series of options. The first would be a portfolio of zero preference shares (for example, Sphere, Gartmore American, Fleming International High Income, Ivory & Sime Optimum Income and Drayton Blue Chip), with the investor steadily selling the zeros and using the capital gains as tax-

Option two would be traditional preference shares, issued by institutions such as Bank of Ireland, Bank of Scotland, Nat West, Co-op Bank or Comme cial Union. Further possibilities include:

PIBS. A slightly higher risk, but yielding approximately 11 per cent gross (8.25 per cent

■ International bond funds. such as Baring's or GT's offshore funds, yielding around 6 and 7 per cent gross respec-tively (4.5-5.25 per cent net) ■ Income and growth unit trusts, such as Newton Income (yielding 4.78 per cent gross, or 3.59 per cent net) and James Capel Income (yielding 5.55 per cent gross, or 4.16 per cent

■ Income and growth investment trusts such as Investors Capital UK Blue Chip, TR City of London, Murray International, Value and Income and TR Far East. Gross yields on the above vary between 5.3 per cent and 6.8 per cent (3.98 per cent and 5.1 per cent net).

NEXT WEEK: saving for cap-

BES launches

HE WIND of change continued to blow through the Business Expansion Scheme

Some very speedy investment decisions came in its On Monday, the British

Linen Bank launched a series of BES companies which would invest in assured tenancy rental accommodation. But, like schemes launched in September by Johson Fry in association with TSB, and by Close Brothers in association with Barclays, it came with a

six months. This loan facility proved so popular that the entire £15m offer had been snapped up by Thursday – even though the scheme had had little chance to gain any publicity.

Another scheme, without a non-recourse loan, also managed to sell out this week. The "non-recourse" loan changes all the ground rules of BES investment. The extensive tax advantages of owning BES shares are sacrificed if you dispose of the shares within

This made the investment somewhat inflexible and inappropriate for those who needed their money soons However, the Inland Revenue has decided that it will permit banks to leud money to BES shareholders with only the value of the BES

The lenders have no recourse to any other of the shareholders' funds apart from the BES shares.

That means that the shareholders can effectively walk away from the investment as soon as they have taken the loan.

The tax reliefs on offer make it possible to offer high after six months.

that means that before expenses each investor has

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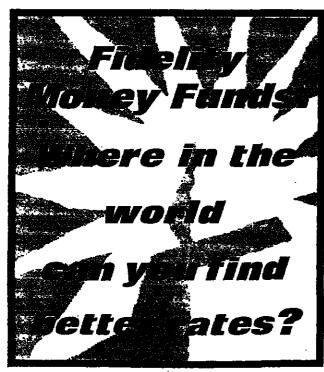
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shares themselves as security. The distributor of Fidelity Money Funds is

returns - for example, for every £1 invested, the British Linen Bank was offering 72p Once tax relief of 40p in every £1 is taken into account,

managed to convert 60p into 72p in the space of six months. None of this works for basic rate tax payers, who will have paid 75p after tax for each share.

John Authers

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MANAGEMENT BUYOUTS

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source-* Chief Executives in Faran- 1991

FT SURVEYS

FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

Mortgages: fixed as low as they can go?

yesterday withdrew its 6.99 per cent mortgage fixed until the end of January 1995 launched just five weeks ago, because of the level of demand. After a period in which borrowers have opted for variable rates, the Abbey sell-out indicates that borrowers are begin-

ning to feel that the new fixed and capped rates on the market are about as low as they

are going to get.

The main benefit of a fixed rate is to enable mortgage-holders to budget with confidence, since monthly payments will be fixed for a guaranteed period. This argument will be of little comfort to those who took out one of the many fixedrate mortgages of more than 10

per cent a year ago. The main drawback of these loans is that you are taking a gamble on the direction of interest rates. The standard variable mortgage rate a year ago at Halifax, the largest lender, was 11.5 per cent. So, a fixed 10 per cent

had been above 15 per cent for most of 1990. People flocked to take advantage. Yet, despite fixed rates of 7 per cent, few lenders had

appeared an excellent deal,

especially since mortgage rates

reported a rush, although interest has picked up lately, as the Abbey offer shows. "Peo-ple have short memories," said David Duncan, of mortgage broker Chase de Vere. "When

that they will fall further." Walter Avrili, of mortgage broker John Charcol, also believes it would be a mistake

to hold off in the hope of lower rates. "People will wait for another base rate cut but they will be disappointed," he said. Lenders arguing in favour of taking a fixed rate now say they have not been this low for the past 15 years. But a year ago, they were saying a 10 per cent fixed rate was the lowest

for a decade.

'The drawback is that you are taking a gamble'

In any case, borrowers may be wrong to assume that mortgage rates will follow base rates down to the same degree. In recent years, the standard variable mortgage rate has been about 1.5 percentage points above the base rate (although in November 1971, when base rates were 4.5 per cent, Halifax's standard variable rate was 8 per cent - a full 3.5 percentage points higher). And, as Halifax's Mark Hemingway said this week: " We still have to maintain rates

The money markets play an important role in determining mortgage rates. Lenders fund a

for our savers."

rates are falling, they think ing a tranche of funds on the money markets; Abbey National, for example, borrowed funds at 6.45 per cent to offer a fixed rate of 6.99 per cent to homeowners.

But sterling money market rates changed direction this week by charging interest above the 7 per cent base rate, with dealers taking the view that the next base rate cut might not happen this year.

If this mood persists, lenders might be unable to offer lower fixed-rate mortgages for the time being than the ones now

The table shows a number of fixed and capped rates on the market. John Charcol recom-mends the Halifax's 9.29 capped rate until the end of January 2000 as an outstanding scheme. This is because it runs for a relatively long period and gives borrowers the benefits of lower variable rates while setting a ceiling of only 9.29 per cent if base rates increase.

But borrowers should know that fixed and canned rates carry a fee, and that they impose early redemption penal ties of three months or more.

Finally, do not be lured into a short fix with a lender which does not have a competitive standard variable rate. You might get a good rate for a year or two - but what about the next 20?

Scheherazade
Daneshkhu
- W-1001W

Lender	Rate (per cent)	Min Adv	Max Adv (per cent)	Duration	Type"	Fee
Fixed						
Abbey National	6.99	none	95	30/11/95	E/P/R	£199 4**
Brm'ham Midshires	7.25	none	90	2 years	E/P/Pep	£195
Portman	7.5	£15,500	85	2 years	E/P/R/IO	No fee**
Alliance & Leic	7.5	€30,000	80	2 years	E/P	12 %, max £300
	7.75	£30,000	95	2 years	E/P	12%, max £300
Scarborough	7.75	попе	90	3 years	E/P/R	£175 on app or £225 on comp
TSB	7.85	£15,000	95	28/2/96	E/P/R	2195
Halifax	8.25	€15,001	95	31/1/97	E/P/R/Pep	€250
Capped						
Halifax	9.29	£15,001	95	31/1/2000	E/P/R/IO	0.5% on app
Bank of Ireland	5.99	€15,001	95	1/3/94	E/P/IQ/R	£260
TSB	7.5	£15,000	95	31/1/95	E/P/R	£250
Brm'ham Midshires	7.99	none	90	2 years	E/P/Pep	£225
John Charcol	10.99	£20,000	95	1/9/95	E/P/IQ	£245

Health debut by insurance giant

HE MARKET for permanent health insurance (PHI) got a boost this week when the UK's largest mutual life insurer, Standard Life, offered a product for the first time. And the Life Association of Scotland (LAS), which entered the market last year,

PHI is named awkwardly and might better be described as "sick pay insurance" or "income replacement." It pays ont an income while you are unable to work, and tends to be of most use to those who are self-employed or in the professions. (Those employed by large companies may well have adequate cover in place

already). State provision is unlikely to be adequate for anyone with extensive financial commitments as it offers sickness benefit of only £66.70 a week for the first 28 weeks of disability, and an invalidity pension of £108.40 thereafter.

The industry standard is to pay a maximum of 75 per cent

of your income. Insurers will not pay a whole salary because they feel this could encourage people not to return to work.

Premiums are cheaper the longer you are prepared to an income. The new Standard Life policy offers deferred periods of 13, 26, 52 and 104 weeks. LAS also offers a deferred period of only four weeks, which will interest those who might need a quickly.

Premiums will also be affected by your age when you start the policy, and your job. Standard Life will charge a 30year-old male accountant a monthly premium of £15.23 for benefit payments of £12,000 a year, payable once he has been out of work for 13 weeks. This drops to £12.18 if he is prepared to wait 26 weeks for replacement income.

For cover of £20,000 a year, these figures rise to £23.98 and £18.90 respectively.

John Authers

The Week Ahead

COMPETITIVE pressures in the food industry have worsened over the summer period and will be commented on this week by both food manufacturers and retailers. Argyll, the Safeway supermarket group, should still show a good increase in interim pre-tax profits when it reports on

Tuesday. Estimates are for a rise from £177.8m recorded a year ago to £200m or so this time. Argyll is expected to have achieved better sales growth than its main competitors and margins are

the sugar and sweeteners group, will reveal the damage caused in the US from overcapacity in the sweetener market and the delay in getting approval for Sucralose, its calorie-free sugar substitute. Provisions, redundancy costs and the start-up costs for Sucralose will cut profits for the year to end September from £234.6m to around £190m.

Northern Foods by contrast, will on Thursday announce higher interim profits of £67 to £68m against £55.2m, despite higher interest and depreciation charges and a competitive

squeeze on some divisions. Earnings per share growth will be limited after last year's

Express acquisition.

Kwik Save is expected on Wednesday to report an increase of about 10 per cent in pre-tax profits for the year ended August to about £112m from £101.7m. Its market share is thought to have increased from 7.6 per cent a year ago to around 9 per cent.

Interim results from Thorn-EMI on Tuesday are expected to provide little excitement as rising as well. the music business has been in On Wednesday Tate & Lyie, the doldrums. Thorn itself has the music business has been in warned the City not to expect much while the newly acquired Virgin music business will will have made virtually no contribution in the first half.

The rental business, however, has remained fairly resilient and forecasts for the interim are for around £95m (£94.9m). Earnings are likely to be diluted by about 17 per cent to 15p due to the Virgin acqui-

Thorn is likely to face questioning from analysts about the impact of the slowdown in the music market, particularly

	MPANY				
Т	AKE-OVER	BIDS	AND	MERG	ER\$
Company bld for	Yatus of bid per share**	Market price**	Price before bid	Value of bid Ema**	Bidder
	Prices in pen	e unioss	otherwi	se Indica	ted .
Disconnection	5.4	2	412	7.50	Abbot Hidgs
Biyetedi	94	84	54	1524.92	AAH HEdgs
Cahill May Rob.	40"	38	34	6.80	Prontaprint
Continuous Stat.‡	80"55	91	72		Wassall
Evrode	46"	47	44		Broadland Pro
lew Cavendish		257 ¹ 2	2517		Tomkins
KHM		35	82		Baldwin
Simpsons Comhili	35 ¹ 2		18³4†		Int Family Ent
TVS Entertainmen	1 25	29 ½			Int Family Ent
Do. Pref.	45	52	381	already	

Company	Year to		x profit 100)	Earnings* per share (p)		Divideads* per share (p)	
Balley (CH)	Маг	1,090 L	(664 L)		(-)		(-
BOC Group	Sept	215,000	(310,000)		(41.1)		
Capital Radio	Sept	8,840	(9,840)	8.7	(9.4)	5.25	
Ctydesdale Bank	Sept	59,000	(54,000)	-	(−)	-	- (-
Cossit	Aug	1,880	(2,470)			10.75	
Currie (M)	Octob	174	(153)		(0.66)		- (-
Glasgow Income Tat	Sept	994	(964)		(3.3)		
Henderson Strate	Oct	324	(332)	1.45	(1.56)		(1.4
ICI Australia	Sept#	91,000#	(68,400‡)	-	(-)	16.0	(15.0
Navan Resources	Mar	31 L	(19)	-	(0.2)	-	{-
Nesco Inv	Jun	222	(139)	2.97	(0.83)	-	(-
Ranks Hovis McDoug.		92,600	(150,200)	-	(-)	-	(-
	Sept§5	1.690	(22,400 L)	8.0	(-)	-	(-
Shani Group	Jul	1,960	(1,950)	9.2	(8.9)		(4.0
Sheriti	Sept	686	(312)	6.7	(3.4)		(1.5
Sidlaw	Sept	10.500	(8,270)	22.0	(18.1)	10.0	(9.0
Yorkshire Bank	Sept	64,600	(107,000)	-	(-)	-	(-)
	NTER	IM ST	ATEME	NTS			
_	Half-year Pre-tex profit chyldenda (ada"

1			Pre-tex profit		dividends"			
1	Company	Half-year to		(£900)		re (p)		
١	ACT	Sept	9,540	(7,600)	4,0	(3.75		
١	Anglian Group	Sept	10,300	(8,860)	3.7	{-		
1	Baring Stratton	Sept	395	(196)	-	(-		
- 1	Bimec Industries	Sept	7,870 L	(3,000)	-	(0.67		
- 1	Stack Arrow	Sept	1,550	(538)	1.0	(0.5		
- 1	Bristol Evng. Post	Sept2	2,800	(2,000)	4.0	(3.75		
1	British Airways	Sept	227,000	(185,000)	3.06	(2.94)		
ı	British Gas	Sept.	633,000	(989,000)	-	(-		
ı	British Steel	Oct	51,000 L	(19,000)		(3.0		
ı	Cable & Wireless	Sept	378,000	(351,000)	4.75	(4.25		
ŀ	Caler Allen	Oct	-	-	7.0	(6.0		
1	CML Microsystems	Sept	1,510	(2,370)	-	(-		
1	Commercial Union	Sept	6,100	(42,400L)				
1	Courtauids .	Sept	88,800	(97,700)	3.8	(3.65		
ŀ	European Motor	Sept	1,520	(735 L)	1.5	-		
ŀ	Flictex	Sept	950	(274)	0.5	. (-		
1	Forward Group	Jul	491	(203)	1.3	(1.1		
1	GPG.	Jun♥	3,150	(-)	•	. (
Į	Great Portland Est	Sept	16,200	(17,500)	3.4	(3.4		
ŀ	Harmony Leisure	Sept	344 L	(445 L)		(2.2		
1	Hazlewood Foods	Sept	24,700	(23,100)	2.3 5.0	(7.5		
1	Heath CE	Sept	8,900	(12,200)	1.35	(1.2		
1	Hicking Pentecost	Sept	1,650 10,100	(1,140) (10,900)	26	(2.6		
ı	Hogg Robinson Jarvis Porter	Sept	1,850	(1,010)	1.5	(1.4		
ì	Jerome (S)	Aug Oct	9 L	(576 L)		,,,,		
ı	Land Securities	Sep	116,000	(112,000)	6.3	(6.0		
ı	Locker (Thomas)	Sept	188	(217)	0.35	(0.35		
ı	Meyer int'l	Sept	8,500	(18,500)	4.2	(4.2		
ı	National Power	Sept	201,000	(182,000)	3.3	(3.0		
ı	Ogleeby & Butler	Sept	74	(164)		(-		
ı	Penna	Sept	1.030	(251 L)	3.0	(1.0		
1	Platignum	Sept	329	(192)	0.25	. (-		
ı	Powergen	Sept	98,000	(97,000)	3.35	(3.05		
ł	Property Partnership	Sept	1,010	(925)	2.55	(2.50		
ı	Readicut Infil	Sept	6,010	(5,670)	0.63	(0.63		
ı	Sedgwick Group	Sept♥	55,800	(74,000)	-	(-		
1	Shires investment	Sept	2,750	(2,820)	8.3	(8.3		
١	Storehouse	Oct	3,100	(13,900L)	25	(2.5		
ł	Towles	Aug	537 L	(644 L)		(-		
ı	Unigate	Seo	42,000	(43,300)	5.7	(5.7		
ſ	Vibroplant	Sept	2,030	(2,680)	1,22	(1.22		
ı	Yolex Group	Sept	3,210	(1,480)	6.5	(6.5		
ı	Vesper Thoraycroft	Sept	8,300	(7,100)	4.7	(4.1		
I	Wasie Management Whithread	Septi	40,100 143.000	(24,700) (143 E00)	4 7E	(-) (4.55)		
ı	Whitegate Leigure	Aug Jun	1,400 L	(142,500) (54)	4.75			
ı	Willis Corroon	Sept♥	60,900	(89,000)	3.3	(3.3)		
ı	Wilshaw	Sept Sept	809	(463)	0.15	(0.1)		
ı	Yorks Weterworks	Sept	1.280	(1,170)	3.05	(2.8)		
ı	Young & Co's Brewery	Sept	2,450	(3,070)	7.0	(7.0)		
ı						,		
į	(Figures in parentheses are for the corresponding period.)							

(Figures in parennesse are for the corresponding person)
"Dividends are shown net pence per share, except where otherwise in
loss.

" = Figures for inline months, † = Figures for three months, 4

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OFFERS FOR SALE, P				TION	
Critchiey is to join the stock mari at 220p	ket via a placing	of 6.7m :	shares		
RE	SULTS DU	E .			
•	Dividenc			j (b),	
Company . A	nnouncement		year	This ye	
FINAL DIVIDUADS	due	int	Final	int.	
ABI Lelaure Group	Wednesday	1.57	3.13	1,57	
ngio Irish Bank	Monday	. 1.36	20		
polic Metals	Tuesday Friday	1.16	28	1.16	
88 Design Group	Tuesday	0.5	•		
6mez m²	Monday	-	-	-	
oncentric	Thursday	3.54	7.63	3.54	
unedin Worldwide Inv	Monday Wednesday	2.25 2.4	6.5	2.75	
itios Boats	Tuesday	7.15	7.1 13.85	2.4 3.57	
enesis Chile Fund	Monday	3.45	5,1	1.7	
enesis Chile Fund	Tuesday Wednesday				
orland & Co	Thursday	4.3 2.17	10,4 4.99	4,7	
STDefuel	Friday	0.8	2.4	245 1.2	
odish kev Tst	Thursday	1.5	2.9	1.6	
nkineons	Wednesday	3.7	7.5	4.0	
liegate Loisure	Thursday Monday	3.5	8.0	3.5	
ung (H) Hidge	Tuesday	2.0	4.0	2.0	
TERIM DIVIDENDS	-				
W Holdings	Thursday				
flow StreemHoes	Thursday	5.4	10.95 0.1	1.0	
A	Monday	1.65	3,35	1.0	
semeric	Thursday	-	-		
plied Holographics	Tuesday Wednesday	4.5	12.5	-	
vii Group	Tuesday	3.2		-	
ľ	Monday	4.25	6.55 2.26		
B industries	Thursday	4.0	7.25	_	
filish kny Tst	Monday	9.5	13.0	=	
own & Tawee	Thursday Thursday	1.65 2.85	3.3	-	
bedonia htv	Wednesday	4.8	1.85 9.6	-	
mbridge Water Co	Thursday	45.0	70.0	_	
ikorida Group	Thursday Thursday	1.3	2.77		
y of London PR Group	Wednesday	1.04		-	
inte Husiness Systems	Monday	1.25	1.04 2.5	-	
t Group	Thursday	1.3	2.0		
reson Int's	Tuesday	2.9	6.1	-	
LAP	Wednesday Monday			-	
ans of Leeds	Tuesday	20 13	5.5	-	
inti ,	Tuesday	2.47	2.85 4.85	-	
emplen TV	Thursday	1.0	4.5	-	
rtetone Group	Wednesday	1.87	3.0		
lemezoo	Monday	1.6	1.0	•	
umdes i emberi	Tuesday Tuesday	0.52	0.87	-	
TMXT	Monday	4.2 0.3	8.4	-	
ention Thompson & Evershed	Wednesday	1.34	3.57	-	
d Kent Hidae	Wednesday	4.5	5.0	-	
_ HOIGINGS	Wednesday	0.85	1.0	:	
nks lov Tst	Tuesday	2.0	4.7		
	Monday	-	-		
IORBI GING Khirilians	Mondale				
fional Grid Holdings	Monday Thursday	1.12	1.12	-	

6.0 7.5 0.79 10.9 7.1 4.9 0.5

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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

Planning Your Pension/Eric Short

If you think you can do it better yourself...

NDIVIDUALS who think that they, or their stockbrokers, can make a better job of investing their contributions into a personal pension than the investment departments of life companies have, for the last three years, had the chance to find out if they are right.

Individuals can control their investments on a personal pension through a self-administered arrangement. They can decide on where their money goes, what equities to buy and sell and when, just like their personal investment portfolios.

One main difference between a self-invested personal pension and a private portfolio is that the assets have to stay within the overall pension arrangement until the individual takes the benefits in the usual form, or dies prior to retirement. And the usual procedures apply when benefits are taken: only one quarter of the fund can be taken as tax-free cash, the rest must be used to buy an annuity.

A self-invested personal pension still has to be launched by an approved personal pension provider, usually a life company and the contract remains under the control of the provider. Individuals, or their advisers, cannot set up their own personal pension contract.

The investments under the contract are registered in the name of the provider. The individual or his investment adviser is the investment manager of the assets of that particular contract.

The life company will provide administration services according to individual requirements — including record keeping, periodic valuations and reclaiming tax. Equity dividends are paid net of advance corporation tax which can be reclaimed by gross funds such as personal pensions.

ndividuals are permitted to manage their own investments without authorisation under the financial Services Act. But if the individual uses a professional adviser, that person needs to be authorised.

Problems arise if individuals want to manage the self-invested personal pension portfolios of family members. SIB is unclear on this point.

Life companies generally play safe by retaining the right to veto the appointment of an investment manager. If an IFA wants to manage the portfolio, the life company wishes to be sure that the IFA is experienced in managing a self-invested portfolio rather than a

series of life company funds.

The industry has been slow to design and market self-invested personal pensions. In the first place, the administration procedures are complex and secondly, intermediaries did not actively market the product because effectively it is a one-off operation, with no consequences of generating

further contracts.

However, enough life companies are offering self-invested personal pensions to give interested individuals a choice over the type of contracts and the charges attached to them.

Investments which can be

made by the individual include:

Stocks and shares such as equities, gilts and other fixed interest securities, quoted on the UK stock market

USM securities.

■ Securities traded on recognised overseas stock markets
■ Unit and investment trusts
■ Life company unit-linked funds
■ Deposit accounts

On this last permitted investment, a self-invested personal pension offers investors, especially the self-employed, the opportunity to buy property which can then be leased to a business or partnership connected with the investor sub-

ject to the lease and the rent being on commercial terms.

If a partnership moves, the new building can be bought as an asset of the pension contract from contributions of one or more partners - that is coming effectively from the gross income of the partnership - and then leased to the business, with the pension fund able to reclaim the tax while the rent paid by the partnership is allowable as a busi-

However, any such property must be bought on the open market — so it is not possible to transfer property already owned by the business into his personal pension contract.

ness expense.

Care will be needed when the individual is nearing the time to take the pension benefits and the property has somehow to be converted into cash.

There are a few categories of

assets not permitted as investments in a self-invested personal pension – the main ones are residential property, works of art and chattels (loans to the individual are not permitted

even for business purposes).

There are three basic formats on the market for self-invested pensions. The first is an execution-only plus basic administration contract. This is suitable for a portfolio of quoted securities but unsuit.



able for investing in property.

The second type is a full self-invested contract but providing the full range of services including handling property

and other types of investment. The third type is a hybrid contract with a minimum insured element, that is a normal personal pension with a life company, with a self-invested contract on top, plus

This hybrid arrangement is intended to ensure that the individual has a safety net of benefit through the normal personal pension should the self-investment turn sour. It also enables intermediaries to collect their commission making it attractive to market.

The hybrid allows employees changing jobs to self-invest their transfer money into a protected rights contract, with the insured element providing the required guarantees.

The minimum contributions required to set up a self-invested personal pension are high - £10,000 appears to be the lowest contribution that certain life companies will accept. So such schemes are only available for higher net

worth individuals. Charges on self-invested personal pensions are levied on a percentage of the contributions or fund. These can vary from £500-£1,500 (plus VAT) to set up the plan and £300-£500 (plus VAT) annual fee thereafter. In addition, there are usually transaction charges. With a hybrid, the usual charges apply to the insured element. Of course, the individual may have to pay an adviser's

money basis, rather than as a

DIRECTORS' SHARE TRANSACTIONS IN THEIR OWN COMPANIES (LISTED & USM)					
Company	Sector	Shares	Value	No of directors	
SALES		-			
Alumasc	Misc	18,000	73	1*	
Botterware	Stor	437,500	700	2	
Blenheim	Med	10,443	50	1	
Delta	Elts	5,500	21	1	
Dixons Group	Stor	40,800	96	1 -	
Goneral Accident .	InsC	16,118	88	1.	
Kleinwort Benson .	Merc	4,523	13	1	
Marks & Spencer .	Stor	50,000	163	1	
Sainsbury (J) ,		16,333	79	1.	
St ives		8,000	17	· 1	
Staveley Ind	Oth(251,996	512	4.	
VSEL Consortium.	EngG	4,500	22	1	
Warburg (SG)	Merc	80,000	369	1	
PURCHASES		 			
ASDA Property		275,000	110	1	
Bellcrware		947.500	1,516		
City Site Estates		500,000	· - 60	1	
Densitron		325,000	51	1-	
Downiebrae		60,000	15	. 1	
Expedier		5,000,000	25	1	
Hali Engineering		50,000	. 50	1	
invesco MIM		20,000	18	. 1	
Jupiter Tyndall Grp		12,000	14	1	
Menzies (John)	Stor	5,488	22	- 1	

Value expressed in 1900s. Companies must notify the Stock Exchange within 5 working days of a share transaction by a director. This list contains all fransactions, including the exercise of options (*) if 100% subsequently sold, with a value over £10,000 information released by the Sock Exchange 9-13 November

115,838

Source: Orrectus Ltd, Edinburgh

DEALING by directors remains at a relatively low cbb, but we are starting to see a pick-up in option-related activity which indicates that normal trading conditions are about to be

Mercury Asset Mgmt Oth

Waterman Ptnrship Misc

Marks and Spencer is very much the giant in the stores sector. The recent interlm results further enhanced its reputation but Simon Sacher has sold 50,000 shares at 326p, still near their 1992 high of

348p.

The sales in Betterware should be taken in context with purchases made by other directors at the same time. Managing director Andrew

Cohen disposed of 372,500 shares but Robert Thornton acquired 937,500. Since Cohen continues to hold almost 60m jointly, this sale is relatively insignificant. Betterware has proved one of the success stories of the '90s so far, and recent interim results were again much better than analysts' expectation.

Louis Goodman, managing director of City Site Estates has proved a keen supporter of his own shares. The latest purchases were made at 12p, since when the shares have bounced quite sharply.

Angus MacDonald, Directus Ltd

An ethical question

Scheherazade Daneshkhu asks if ethical funds are a good thing

THICAL and environmental funds, which restrict their investments to companies that meet their strict criteria, are growing steadily although they remain a "niche" market. Most are unit trusts but there are also ethical investment trusts, insurance and pension funds.

The amount invested in ethical and environmental funds has been rising - reaching £321.1m in July from £278.9m a year earlier - according to figures from the Ethical Investment Research Service (Eiris), which researches companies to see if they meet the criteria. By contrast, the amount invested in unit trusts in general grew by only 3 per cent over the

same period.

Increased demand for ethical funds has prompted one banking group, Mercury Provident, to launch two occupational pension schemes aimed at the ethical market, and it will be introducing an ethical private pension scheme in the new year. Mercury Provident's Christian Nunhofer said the schemes were launched because of the many enquiries

made by depositors.

The cash holdings of the pension funds – amounting to about 10 per cent of the total – will be held by Mercury Provident, which lends to projects involved in ethical or environmental issues. Borrowers include charities, businesses run for the benefit of the community, and environmental projects such as organic agriculture or re-usable energy

Sun Life this month launched an ecological fund within its Luxembourg-based Global Portfolio range, but with an eye to attracting funds from Germany rather than the

Ian Sampson, managing director of Sun Life portfolio counselling services, said it was an international portfolio of companies which would allow investors to satisfy their consciences without damaging their wealth. He added, however, that while the British regarded environmental funds as a good thing, Germans were more likely to provide the

One concern for interested investors is the performance of ethical and environmental funds. Buckmaster, a subsidiary of Credit Suisse Asset Management, has turned in a consistently poor performance from its Fellowship trust.

Recently it widened its ethi-

cal criteria to try to improve performance. A spokesman said: "We had excluded Sainsbury and Tesco because they sold alcohol. We now say that if alcohol forms only a small proportion of total sales, the company can qualify."

The fund had been restricted

to 35 per cent of the companies in the FT-SE 100 index, but now it can invest in about 60 per cent of them.

The table shows the performance of ethical and environmental funds to November 1. Most have been launched only within the past three years, which makes a judgment about long-term performance impossible (although the largest ethical fund, Friends Provident's Stewardship, launched in 1984 is also the oldest).

of the eight funds listed in the UK Growth sector, half matched or outperformed the average UK Growth unit trust in the year to November 1 and more than half did better than the average in the two, three and five years to November 1.

Results are more mixed for those in the international growth sector. Half showed better performance than the

those in the international growth sector. Half showed better performance than the average international growth unit trust in the year to November 1, but only two of seven funds did so over two years. Three of five beat the average over three years; over five years, performance is polarised starkly between the poor performance of Buckmaster Fellowship and Framilington Health, which came top of its sector and owed much of its success to growth in the US biotechnology sector.

On balance, therefore, ethical and environmental funds have matched or bettered the performance of other unit trusts. It is important for them to maintain this performance edge, as ethical investors are unlikely to accept their investments going down the drain in order to support their ideals.

Another area of concern is the ethical criteria used to select companies. British Telecom has been dropped from the companies in which Friends Provident invests because it supplies equipment to the Royal Air Force, and has other defence links. But NM's Conscience fund is still investing in BT because it has decided the defence supplies account for only a small proportion of

the overall business.

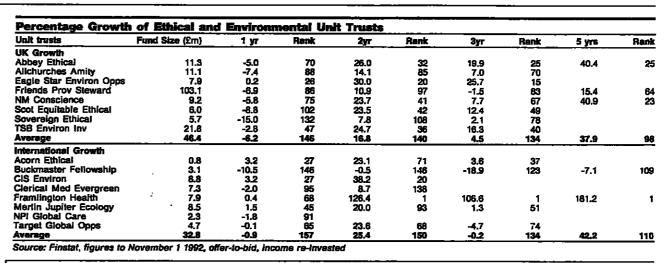
Nunhofer added: "We've had objections from vegetarians with our lending to organic farms because the farms have animals on them."

NM met unitholders in its Conscience fund this month and found many were upset about investing in retailers who break Sunday trading laws. A vote ensured that, until the laws are clarified, NM will not disinvest and will lobby retailers instead.

Ethical investors are, therefore, limited to the criteria applied by fund managers (unless they want to build and manage their own portfolio).

About half the collective

funds use research provided by Eiris, which categorises stock according to the level of involvement a company has in such areas as alcohol, tohacco, gambling, pollution, oppressive regimes, armaments and animal testing. It also produces Choosing on Ethical Fund for independent financial advisers. This analyses the ethical and environmental criteria used by the funds.



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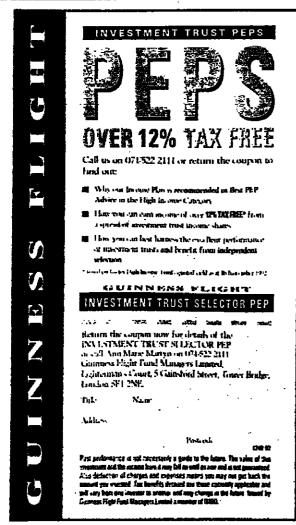
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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

How to stay abreast of school fees

As base rates fall, John Authers suggests ways to adjust planning

are making it harder to save for school fees. This area of financial planning has always been more risk-averse than others - parents want to make sure that they can at least afford to pay the fees when their children go to school, and do not mind going without any up-side beyond that. That usually means investment prod-ucts based on deposits or fixedinterest securities.

But recent changes in rates make this harder to sustain. As Martin Jones, of accountant Coopers & Lybrand, puts it: "It's time to reassess invest-ment policy. Basically, we've just followed base rates down from 15 per cent. I'm beginning to wonder how much longer this will go on.

That means a slight shift from fixed interest and traditional school fees' planning products to equity investments - particularly, unit and investment trust personal equity plans (Peps) which are tax-efficient and allow diversi-

fication of risk. Planning for education costs remains a cautious business, so deposits cannot be banished altogether. Anthony Murrell, of school fee adviser Fraser Marr. said his company's philosophy had not altered, but added: "Where our view has changed is that we might now be closer to Peps than ever before for 40 per cent taxpavers. L personally, am not that keen on locking into fixed interest rates at this low level."

The two crucial variables in choosing a plan are the time you must wait before your child starts at school, and your household's tax position. If you have time on your side, and a large tax bill, you can afford to make moves which would be too risky for someone whose

ALLING base rates children are about to go to So what products now make

> These tax-exempt special and usually still offer a better return than the top gross rates available. The maximum amount which can be invested in the first year is £3,000 a person, falling to £1,800 in the second year. But Tessas must be held for five years to maintain their tax advantages, so they are less useful for people whose children are about to go

> ■ High interest deposit When one parent does not

pay income tax, it is still worth using up their personal allow-ance in a high interest deposit account. This pays interest gross, which will continue to keep you respectably ahead of inflation. It also makes sense to transfer assets if one parent pays top rate (40 per cent) tax and the other pays basic rate. Murrell suggests this as the limit of adventure for those whose child starts school within three or four years - equity-derived products are too risky over this time scale.

■ Capital gains tax (CGT) It is good to use up the annual CGT allowance of £5,800. This can be done using the zero-dividend preference shares of investment trusts. which deliver a fixed level of interest taxed as gain rather than income. They are offering growth of around 9.5 per cent a year, which is tax-free for anyone who does not pay CGT. Richard Boyton, of Boyton Financial Services, believes these can form the basis of a school fees plan, and offer secure growth.

Higher-rate taxpayers might

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now move on to Peps, which invest in equities, and can accumulate free of both income tax and CGT. But the charges associated with the plans mean that the tax advantages have a chance to become significant only after several years.

Educational trust schemes For 40 per cent taxpayers who have used up both their personal income tax allowances, and their annual CGT allowance, Murrell suggests educational trust schemes. These allow funds for children to be invested in a tax-free environment, provided they are used for educational fees. Educational trusts work typically by taking a large lump sum and buying annuities with it. They then pay out income three times a year while the child is at school to meet the

been damaged by base rate cuts, as they are invested

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term gilts (UK government not start at school until Sepbonds), on which the yields tember 1996, and then stays for tend to be very sensitive to 21 terms, Ecclesiastical will pay £759 a term - a total of £15,939. Annuity rates cannot be

renegotiated once they have been bought, so people invest-ing in such a scheme now will Many advisers also recommend with-profits endowments effectively lock themselves into for parents who are able to plan a long way ahead. They are less volatile than Peps but they are inflexible and provide historically low interest rates. One scheme on the market does offer some improvement on this, though. Ecclesiastical Insurance's school fees capital poor value if cashed-in early. Also, they are loaded heavily plan is available until November 30, and is funded using with commission and are less

while base rates were still at 9 The rates involved are guaranteed, but unspectacular. As is usual, you get a better deal you plan further ahead. For an investment of £10,000.

annuities which were bought

Ecclesiastical will pay £1,237 a term for nine terms starting in September 1993 - which means you will get only £11,113 from your initial investment of £10,000. But if your child does than a saver be

the government for not saving enough. Now, it would appear they are at fault for not spending enough. Chancellor Norman Lamont's autumn statement, which was really a mini-Budget, was designed partly to give people confi-dence enough to spend. But

long ago that Britons

were being criticised by

will they?
Abolishing the special car tax should reduce the average price of a new car by around 4 per cent. But cars are still overpriced compared with, say, the US where I could buy a beautiful, luxurious Lincoln Continental, complete with air-conditioning, for less than the cost of a rather ordinary car sold in Britain. People with money to spend still feel they are being ripped off, and the product range available in the UK is rather limited.

As a private investor, I shall be keeping a close watch on companies which may suffer (or benefit) from the chancellor's actions in 1993. But he is unlikely to want to increase tax on too many items for fear of producing increases in the retail prices index, which would have a big impact on his wish to keep pay claims low and inflation under control.

The chancellor's injection of £750m, to be used before the end of the financial year to help remove "the overhang of empty properties in the owner occupied sector," is unlikely to halt the fall in house prices. This sum is equivalent only to 20,000 homes at £37,500 each - part of their income on interest not much help to the middle payments - find it painful.

where prices are likely to remain depressed due to record levels of unemployment in the managerial-sector and continuing problems for many Lloyd's underwriters.

Diary of a Private Investor

Better a spender

Housing Corporation and other public spending on exist-ing homes could even, in some areas, reduce the demand from the private sector. After all, a housing estate or apartment block loses its attractions to many private buyers if they think their neighbours might be council tenants

If interest rates were to fall further, say to 3 or 4 per cent. perhaps the chancellor could announce in his next Budget a phased ending of mortgage interest tax relief. This could be spread over 10 years and would help to balance the government's books.

It is also worth pointing out that, quite often, one person's pain is another person's plea-sure (and vice versa). Rather like cars, house prices in the UK remain at rather high levels compared with those in many other countries.

While people with hefty mortgages and "negative value" homes obviously will resent further falls in the value of their properties, the situa-tion would be very helpful for first-time buyers.

A further cut in interest rates is expected widely. Again, this is double-edged. People with mortgages and other borrowings welcome such cuts but savers - particularly those who depend for

Savers have less to spend, and many borrowers use an interest rate reduction not to increase their spending but to reduce further their debts.

Thus, I shall continue to avoid investing in stores groups, as I cannot envisage much increase in people's spending. I will also keep an eye on items which might attract new taxes next year and I am reconsidering my investment in premium bonds. From March 1, the prize fund is being reduced from 6.5 to 5 per cent, thus increasing the odds of any £1 bond unit winning a prize in each draw from 11,000-1 to 15,000-1.

Increasing the minimum purchase of bonds for children from £10 to £100 from February l seems particularly mean. I thought the government needed to borrow as much as possible from the British pub-lic – including children's pocket money – in order to afford all its spending plans and its vast armies of civil ser-

The chancellor also announced the establishment of a "new panel of independent forecasters" to be in operation in time for next year's Budget. As my youngest daughter (now eight) and I have predicted economic events consistently with more accuracy than the Treasury, we await eagerly our summons to 11 Downing Street. We can then also tell the chancellor what he can do with premium bonds...

Kevin Goldstein-Jackson

So who gets the house?

MY WIFE and I own our house jointly and we should like to arrange our affairs so that, if she dies before me, she could leave her half to our children. It appears to be easy to do this in England by substituting a tenancy in common for a joint tenancy. But what about Scot-

tax-efficient.

■ The Scottish legal system does not recognise the con-cepts of a tenancy in common or joint tenancies. But it is possible to incorporate a survivorship destination in the disposition (ie. deed) of the property. If the disposition says it is in favour of you both equally, and to the survivor, then the half share of the person who dies

first goes automatically to the surviving spouse. If however, the disposition is to you both without any reference to survivorship, then either is entitled to leave their half share to whoever they

If there is no reference to survivorship, then you both are entitled to leave your half share to whoever you wish by drawing up individual wills. If you find there is a survivorship destination, this can be evacuated if it is the wish of both parties. You should con-sult a solicitor in that regard.

Refund on a Tessa

I AM unemployed and have a Tessa which I propose cashing in to supplement funds and which will, therefore, earn net interest only from inception. As my earnings last tax year (and most likely this as well) fall short of my individual tax allowance, will I be able to obtain a refund from the Revenue after April 5 which will effectively restore the status quo and give me gross interest, even though I am only two years into the contract? ■ If your total income for 1992-93 is below the tax limit, the tax on your Tessa interest will be refunded. Ask your tax office for the free pamphlets IR41 (Income Tax and the Unemployed), IR111 (How to Claim a Repayment of Tax on Bank and Building Society Interest), and IR114 (Tessa -Tax-free Interest for Taxpayers).

Write to your MP

OVER THE past four/five years, I have paid about £500 in extra accountants' fees due entirely to repeated errors by the Inland Revenue. I wrote to them recently requesting compensation and was informed that my request did not fall within their "statement of practice." But the errors and consequent expenses are continuing. Is there anything fur-

■ If you ask your tax office, or your accountants, for a copy of the Taxpayer's Charter (2nd version, August 1991) you will see that your next move under the heading "If you are not satisfied" - is to write to your MP and ask him or her to BRIEFCASE refer your complaint of maladministration to the parliamen-

the net

tary commissioner (the

RECENTLY, I bought some Bradford & Bingley PIBS (Permanent Interest-Bearing
Shares) halfway through the dividend period. I paid my bromanent Interest-Bearing on the interest adjusted?

■ It all depends on what you mean by "some." If this indi-

interest accrued from the pre-When I receive my dividend in three months' time, it will be paid net. How do I recover the tax deducted for the period when I was not the holder of the shares? And how is the tax

hinges on whether, on at least one day in 1991-92 or 1992-93, your total nominal holdings of securities covered by the accrued income scheme (AIS) amounted to at least £5,000.01 (using the London closing rate of exchange for each day to translate nominal amounts expressed in a foreign currency.) The AIS is outlined in a free pamphlet, IR68 (Accrued Income Scheme: Taxing Securities on Transfer), which is obtainable from your office.

But if "some" means an amount less than £5,000.01, and you do not meet the overall £5,000.01 test at any time between April 6 1991 and April 5 1993 (inclusive), then you are not entitled to the benefit of

Н	IQHEST RATES FO	R YOUR MO	NEY		
	Account	Telsphone	Notice/ term	Minimum i deposit	Rate In
INVESTMENT A/C's and BOI	IDS (Gross)				
Scarborough BS	First Post	0800 590578	Instant	£250 7.9	0% YI
Northern Rock BS	Go Direct	0500 505000	Instant		50° YI
					.75° YI
Scarborough BS	Scarbgh Ninety 2	0723 368155	00 Des	£20,000 10.	
Cheshire BS	Premium 100	0800 243 278	90 Day 100 Day	2500 8.2 250,000 10.	
Manchester BS	3 year income	061 834 9465	3 Year	£10,000 9.5	
(ESSAs (Tax Free)					7 76 MI
Oudley BS		0384 231414	5 Year	040 40 0	004 34
National Countles BS		0372 742211	5 Year	£10 10.0	
West Bromwich BS		021 525 7070	5 Year	£3,000 9.6 £150 9.5	
Aliled Trust Bank		071 626 0879	5 Year	£9.000 9.4	
HIGH INTEREST CHEQUE A	Cs (Gross)				
Saledonian Bank	HICA	031 556 8235	instant	£1 6.5	09/ V/
American Express	High Perform C/A	0444 230230	Instant	£5,000 6.7	
Chelsea BS	Classic Postal	0800 717515	Instant		80# Y
	:				10# YI
OFFSHORE ACCOUNTS (Gro	92)				
Portman CI Ltd	Channel Islands	0481 822747	Instant	£500 7,0	0% YI
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orkshire Guernsey Orkshire Guernsey	Key Extra Key Term Share	0481 719898 0481 719898	180 Day	\$25,000 9.4	
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	na (untr)			<u> </u>	
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iberty Life FN		0800 521546 081 440 8210	2 Year 3 Year	\$25,000 5.5	
o-op Bank Fin Adv FN		061 829 5582	4 Year	£50,000 8.40	
Inancial Assurance FN		081 367 6000	5 Year	\$2,000 6.30 \$5,000 6.50	
IATIONAL SAVINGS A/Cs &	BONDS (Gross)				5% YI
6.25% wef 26.11.92)	Investment A/C	 	1 Month		
7.00% wef 26.12.92)	Income Bonds		3 Month	£5 7.2	
on sale from 7.12.92)	Capital Bonds G		5 Year	\$2,000 8.00	
LAT SAVINGS CERTIFICATE			2 (64)	£1007.759	%F ON
					
on sale from 7.12.92)	40th Issue 8th Index Linked		5 Year	£100 5.759	
on sale from 7.12,92)	On INGEX CUKED		5 Year	£100 3.2	
on sale from 7.12.92)	Childrens Bond E		5 Year	+ in £25 7.859	

are shown Gross, Fixed — Fixed Rate (All other rates are variable) OM = interest paid on maturity. N = N Rate. B = Bond. #= Rate guaranteed to 12.2.93. * = Rate fixed until 1.1.93.

Source: MONEYFACTS, The Monthly Guide to Investment and Mortgage Rates, Laundry Loke, North Walsham, Nortolk, NR28 0BD. Readers can obtain a complimentary copy by phoning 0892 500677.

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ALLIED TRUST ... putting your interest first

HE YEAR 1992 has been a bad one for many small businesses. But for David and Noreen Kiss who run The Rocking Horse Workshop from a Victorian farmhouse near the small town of Wem in rural Shropshire it has been little short of disastrous.

As Christmas approaches there will be ample presents for the couple's three young sons. But just as those will be bought with borrowed money, so the Kisses are increasingly wondering whether they are running their business on borrowed time. Something drastic has to be done if they are to rescue their busi-

ness from the ravages of recession.
"When we moved here from Kent and set up the business five years ago we didn't expect to make much of a profit for the first two or three years. We bought this house and 12 acres plus the large outbuildings for £90.000 and had ample loans from the bank to tide us over." said David, 38 and worked in the motor trade before the move to Wem.

"By 1990 however we were turning over £31,000 and were poised to go into profit. We had taken on our first employee – although only on a casual basis – and people were beginning to discover us in our rather remote rural surroundings and bring us work." Then came the disaster of 1991.

"I daren't think what sort of a loss we made. I'll know when we pay the accountant." Kiss said. The order book for the 15 styles of traditional wooden rocking horse made by the Kisses just dried up. Restoration work - usually a good fallback - also took a nose dive. Fortunately Paul Hamblet, the

jack-of-all-trades employee, was able to turn his hand to agricultural work when not working for the The only thing that kept them

afloat last year was the nursery school they had opened in late 1990 at the end of the long brick built building at the rear of their house that also houses the rocking horse

"We were lucky," said Noreen. "The word had got around, and we managed to fill all 20 places quite fast. But even then by the time we had paid the full-time qualified supervisor our turnover in 1991 of £24.500 still registered a loss of £4,000." To meet all the health and safety requirements the Kisses had been obliged to find £15,000 to convert the end of the building into the school. They did this by extending their mortgage a second time to a

total of £130,000. In spite of selling five acres for £13,000 last year they are still run-ning an overdraft and struggling to keep up with their mortgage



Rocked by the recession

Clive Fewins on a couple fighting through bad times with a heavy load of debt

"The beginning of 1992 was more promising, with a lot of restoration work," David said. "But by mid-summer I had nothing to do that would earn me money. In a deep recession people tend leave the old family rocking horse that they have intended to have re-stored in the roof until times get better." With Christmas fast approaching there

has been a definite upturn. David has been able to get back to hand carving of some of the top range English oak rocking horses that sell at £2,225 and upwards. Paul has been rehired and Noreen has got back to paining the horses, as well as overseeing the nursery. However with the bank continually asking awkward questions the ses reckon business will have to remain at the present level continuously for at least two years if their

enterprise is to survive. All this is set against the background of a splendid range of products that includes some cheaper wooden rocking horses named after the three Kiss boys and priced £500-£900, and a high degree of skill and determination.

David is an excellent carftsman. His designer wife takes a pattern off every historic rocking horse that comes into the workshop. They now have 29 patterns that they could make, in addition to their standard

range.
They do nearly all the work in-house to save money, and this includes some quite advanced leatherwork for the high quality bridles and tack. They also trade in and restore period toys and take individual commissions for wooden toys. They have a first class workshop, an excellently presented showroom, and literature to match.

All the qualities of a successful

business are there. But in a recession as deep as the present one it seems these are just not enough.

"It's hard to see where we've gone wrong," David said. "Why blame the bank for lending us money freely when we asked for it in the first place? But I really do think they let us have a large overdraft too easily.

"We spent too freely - particularly on restoring the property - as the money was there and we allowed ourselves to be sidetracked into doing that rather than concentrating on getting the business

"However there was a lot to do, and five years ago we were both energetic 33 year-olds, with two young sons and another on the way. "I have to admit that I am better

at creating things than running a business." The property is currently on the market at £200,000, together with the nursery school, which is for sale as a going concern. The Kisses are hoping they will be able to stay, but if a suitable buyer is found they have alternative smaller premises in mind in a neighbouring village. There they would aim to concentrate on their first love the rocking horses. Noreen said: "Something has got

to happen. We are at the stage where the bank could foreclose at any moment. It's not a nice thought, with Christmas just round the corner and all those lovely unfinished wooden beasts with their flowing manes and rolling eyes waiting to be completed in order to bring happiness to chil-

"Like David, I'd love the opportunity to create a dozen horses from scratch between now and Christmas. I'd welcome the pressure and we'd work round the clock to finish

■ The Rocking Horse Workshop, Ashfield House, The Foxholes, Wem, Shropshire SY4 5UJ. Tel. 0939As they say in Europe

Women and sin

HAD thought the British fuss over supplying arms-making equipment to a valued customer like Iraq would have hit the European headlines. But it did not; instead, it was women priests who created the real stir. There was front-page comment right across Catholic Europe, not only in Rome and Madrid but also Brussels, Paris and Vienna. But not Munich. The Protestants, meanwhile, found women priests a bit of a bore except, for some reason, in Geneva.

I had always thought the Church of England occupied such an odd position in the spectrum of Euro-pean religious observance that it would be too esoteric an institution to interest foreigners. It is, after all, only one of the many strands in the fabric of Anglo-Saxon devotion. General de Gaulle observed (pre-

sumably after a particularly bruis-ing Sunday dinner in wartime London) that "les Anglais ont beaucoup de réligions mais seulement une sauce. [The English have many religions but only one sauce]. But, the Church of England possesses considerable charms for continental newspapers. Not only is it a part of the always newsy aspects of English quirkiness, it also represents a sort of unleaded Catholicism which such sophisticated liberals prefer.

Thus, El Pais devoted two pages to the story and there were days of comment in Italy. The Spanish paper managed to start a useful row in domestic religious circles: it quoted the secretary of the Episcopal Commission for Interconfessional Relations, Julian Garcia Hernando, as saying that the incorporation of women as priests "is an open question since, from the doctrinal point of view, there is no dogmatic definition." But he added that the step should not have been taken in isolation.

The article continued much to my surprise: "Theologians and Chris tian communities have expressed satisfaction at the Anglican position and have seen it as proof of its sensitivity to secular society.

This went to the heart of the matter. What are Catholics coming to if they can talk about "sensitivity to secular society?" Fortunately, the auxiliary bishop of Madrid, Javier Martinez, was there to underline why the the Reformation had been such a ghastly mistake: "It is a tendency of the great Protestant churches to dissolve themselves into the dominant culture."

The other religious story was the

publication of the new catechism, the Church's list of dos and, more importantly, don'ts. The press revelled in the new areas of sin. The latest additions seem to reflect the increasing weight of Latin Americans among the faithful. It is now possible to indulge that old Brazilian pastime of escaping the clutches of the taxman by driving blind drunk through the rain forest and commit three sins at once.

Traditionalists who were disappointed by the pardoning of Galileo for his subversive notions regarding the motion of the planets will be reassured by the inflexibility of this first catechism in four centuries. The Archbishop of Tours, Mgr Jean Honoré wrote in *La Croix*, this latest edition "which hopes to be a clear affirmation of faith" also risked "accentuating a sort of rupture with the modern world."

Thus masturbation continues to be right up there with mass-murder as a bad thing and delights those reporters whose job it is to summarise catechisms. Libération even managed to produce a comparative analysis of policy on such sins today and yesterday, creating what is known in the trade as a "box" devoted solely to prostitution, sod-omy, lasciviousness, and impure thoughts as well as what is also known as "solitary vice," at least until Madonna came along.

But there was one voice that objected to the levity that the subject of religion seems to inspire in certain quarters. Writing under the one-word headline "Priestesses" in Die Presse of Vienna, Thomas Chorherr castigated the "scurrility" of certain kinds of religious reporting which at best sees a church as a cultural monument. "Only Christendom enjoys religious voyeurism. Perhaps because there there is so much transparency. Sometimes it emerges as exhibitionism."

Most people know the old Jewish story of what happened when the Rabbi was asked why Jews always answered a question with a question. He said, "And why shouldn't a Jew answer a question with a question?" Now as it happens the Cardinal-Archbishop of Paris, Mgr Jean-Marie Lustiger, born a Jew, was asked why it was that the new catechism appeared first in French. "Would you rather it had been in English?" he replied.

James Morgan ■ James Morgan is diplomatic correspondent of BBC World Service.

Computing

The facts about databases

ELECTING a database programme can be confusing. The two other common software pack-- word processing and spreadsheet - are well charted territory, but databases are tricky. There are "flat file" and "relational" databases, menudriven and programmable databases, specialised databases for text retrieval and for personal information management.

In its original meaning, a database is simply a mass of data. You might talk of a database of names and addresses or a database of membership records. Different types of database demand different types of database package. At the simplest level, a list of client names and addresses can be handled by a single file (or "flat file") database. At the other extreme the package might need to be "relational". that is, able to accommodate several related files which pass information between (update) one another. For example, a sales order database will generate a sales invoice which in turn updates the sales ledger file, the nominal ledger file,

and the stock file. To write complex business packages such as sales order processing, developers use "database development packages" such as dBase IV, Foxpro, Clipper, DataEase, Parador and R:Base 3.1. These are called "programmable" data-

senior staff, who were per-

suaded to come out to Connec-

ticut, are making a new life,

which explains perhaps why

Foxwoods seems so country

fresh - "gaming in its natural state", is its motto.

is making is a secret. The origi-

nal estimate for the first year was high, a 20 per cent "hold"

(money won) on a "drop" (money gambled) of \$500m.

Results to date suggest the lat-

ter figure was too low. The

drop is likely to be around

Sibn in the first year. If so, the

Pequots can look forward to a

net profit this year, after run-

ning expenses (\$350,000 a day),

So what will a tribe of 250

· ...

Indians do with such a huge

approaching \$100m.

How much money Foxwoods

m From page I

bases because they use programme-like instructions. Complex applications demand the flexibility of a programmable database. These top of the range packages cost 2500 plus and their power and sophistication really make them suitable only for professionals.

For non-technical users who want to perform simpler tasks database packages are available which are entirely "menudriven". Without having to learn any programming lan-

originally designed for the professional and employ a formal, classical approach. This takes some getting used to and Personal R.Base, for example, is simply too powerful and complex to be given to the novice. But database users who think they have outgrown their first package and want something

more sophisticated will love it. This leaves packages designed ab initio for the amatenr rather than cut-down versions of professional packages. guage you can design your Examples are Q & A, Reflex,

David Carter on how to pick from a bewildering range of software

The Pequot tribe turns the tables

own database, enter data, edit it and print out reports. Menudriven databases are the nearest you or I will get to writing our own computer programs. Most of the top-range packages use menus for simple tasks. Some come in cut-down versions for the amateur where the underlying programming language has been removed so that they are entirely menudriven. Examples are Paradox Special Edition (£80 from retailers like Dixons or Wildings) or Personal R:Base (about £80 by mail order in PC magazines) In terms of price/performance these are probably the best

value database packages on the

market. However, they were

doubt. Not for them the extrav-

agances of the consumer soci-

ety. The score or so houses on

the reservation, dotted round

the hill behind the casino, are

simple two or three-bedroom

structures, the cars on the driveways family saloons. A

community centre is being

built, tennis courts are being

asphalted. There are child and

medical care and scholarships. The aim of the Pequots is first

and foremost to replant them-

selves on their land. There are

possibly another couple of hun-

dred tribal members scattered

around the country, if they can

be traced and persuaded to

continuing economic self-suffi-

ciency. But Hayward has a

more ambitious aim. A Native

American Museum is planned,

The casino is the means to

come bome.

sum? The Pequots have no at a cost of \$65m, to promote

Masterfile, Cardbox Plus, Professional File, Rapidfile. Which do you choose? There is one fundamental question - is your database primarily made up of text or numbers? Each

requires different functions. in the case of a text application such as address lists or membership records you need to be able to query the file in order to extract, say, prospec-tive customers who live in Wales and have expressed an interest in antique furniture. The important thing is to be able to search through 5,000 records, retrieve the half-dozen that meet your criteria, then print them out in a list. Maintaining contact name and

Indian studies and research. It

will also be a popular attrac-

tion. The Pequot land is to

become a focus for Indian life

entertainment complex, includ-

ing a second casino. (if Connec-

ticut ever approves slot

machines, which the US public

finds irresistible, Foxwoods'

turnover will double, or even

treble.) The expansion includes

a 300-room hotel, three theatres

and a performance centre, a

shopping concourse and a huge

underground car park. All this

will be completed by the sum-

will include still more gaming space, a convention centre and

another hotel off the reserva-

tion. Employment at the casino

will rise to over 5,000. "We are

trying to create an overall des-

A second phase of expansion

Work has started on a \$142m

and culture.

mer of 1993.

application for a database. Every package on the market can do this, and do not forget the databases within integrated packages such as Microsoft Works, Smartware, Eightin-One Gold, PFS First Choice. They are more than adequate and have the added advantage that they are designed to work with the integrated word pro-cessor to produce mailshots.

addresses is the most common

These are textual databases. The other type is a numeric database, for example, a database of sales invoices. In this case you are not interested in retrieving individual sales invoices but in data analysis and reporting analysing which products have been sold to which customers by which salesmen, producing summary reports and identifying trends. Here you must be careful.

All databases can handle text applications; few can handle numeric. For data analysis the key requirement is "crosstab reporting which enables you to summarise data in different ways rather than simply listing individual records within the database. A database package without cross-tab reporting is useless for analysis of numeric data.

Few packages excel in data analysis and reporting, but one that does is Borland's Reflex which is a easy to use and can be recommended even to beginners.

tination resort as part of our economic base," says Hayward. Hardly surprising that Fox-woods, so unlike Vegas but on

Vegas-type of roll, has

attracted the notice of other

casino operators. Steve Wynn,

president of Mirage Resorts in

Las Vegas, has been eyeing the

prospects of opening a casino

in downtown Hartford. Other

Indians may try their luck. The

attractions of the area, draw-

ing on a regional population of

some 25m, are obvious: the

Pequots' intention is to be

firmly established before any

are rebuilding their tribal life

with the gambling losses of the

descendants of the colonists

who dispossessed them. There

is a Pequot saying in every-

thing you do, think of the sev-

enth generation ahead.

The Mashantucket Pequots

rivals follow suit.

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General Mocting of the Members of the above
insmed Company will be held at the officer of
Single & Company, Chanced Accounting, 49
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Describer 1992 at 2 pm to be followed at 215
pm at a General Meeting of the Croffons for the
purpose of recalving an account of the
Lispidence's acts and deslines and of the conduct
of the winding-up for the preceding year.
Deted the 18th day of November 1992

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CHRISTMAS FOOD AND DRINK

Top-class venues on the cheap

Nicholas Lander on how to take advantage of expensive hotels

advantages to cater for par-ties - space, extra staff to make you, the customer, feel special and financial resources, evident for example in impressive flower displays, beyond the reach of individual restaura-

In keeping with the straitened circumstances of the 1990s, Weekend FT sent Nicholas Lander around the less expensive dining rooms of some of London's top hotels. Le Meridien, The Terrace Restaurant, Piccadilly, WIV OB8 (Tel: Piccadilly,

This hotel faces some of the most imposing architecture on Piccadilly, including St James' Church. Such views, however, are not on offer in the Oak Room, the hotel's main dining room - dark wood panelling and chandeliers - but they are freely available in the Terrace on the second floor. The Terrace is all windows and ceiling with hanging plants and can offer welcome

sunshine. Its menu has drawn on the cooking of Jacques Manière for its inspiration. He pioneered the philosophy that French cooking could excel without lashings of

Dishes which are vegetarian are marked with an asterisk. A double asterisk denotes lightly cooked, caloriecontrolled dishes. In the former category, a lasagne with spinach pasta, or a Mediterranean sandwich with fetta cheese, are included. In the latter, white tuna on a bed of couscous, and chicken with a spicy Thai sauce. The wine list smacks of a big hotel but the service is attentive and friendly.

There are three pre-Christmas party menus, £20.50, £25 and £28.50. The Savoy, The Upstairs Bar, WC2. Tel:

If your company outing is for no more than four this is the place to go. The Upstairs Bar looks down on the hotel's main entrance which can provide better visual entertainment than television. After the theatre one night we watched as a horde of photographers pursued first Princess Margaret and then, in even greater numbers, the actress Joan

The Upstairs Bar's specialities are seafood and shellfish - oysters, lobster and king prawns - and caviar should you choose. But the highlight of my last meal, only spoiled by vegetables

T CHRISTMAS large hotels are call on certain built-in from tureens, they are sufficient for at least two healthy portions and my bar-ley, potato and clam soup showed just how big hotel kitchens, with their continuous production of all the necessary stocks, can offer dishes no longer to be

found in most smaller restaurants. The bar's other major attraction is a well stocked Cruvinet which dispenses large glasses of 10 well-chosen wines. We drank two glasses of different 1989 Chablis from Durup. Price of lunch and dinner from £25.

The Lanesborough, The Conservatory, Lanesborough Place, SW1. Tel:

If you want to explore what was St George's Hospital, and is now the newest London luxury hotel, the Conservatory Restaurant is the place to do it.
To get there you will have to walk
through the lobby of the hotel past a dull and misplaced dining room. The

conservatory is light, airy and full of greenery. My major reservation about the design is that if your table is close to the plano and the waterfall, conversation can be a little difficult. The conservatory also seems to excite Paul Gaylor, the Lanesborough's chef,

more than the restaurant and the menu would certainly appeal to those who want to leave meat, and in particular turkey, well alone. There is a strong emphasis on fish -Thai mussels with minted peanut sauce, sea bream with basil and tuna

with balsamic vinegar - and a noticeable influence from the East in dishes such as a first course of Cantonese steamed quail and a main course of Chinese-style duckling with cumin noodles. Gaylor has also gone out of his way to excite the taste buds of of vegetarians with specialities from which an oriental black mushroom risotto with coriander was excellent.

Service is formal and efficient and the wine list enterprising with some very good selections from France, Lebanon, Israel, the US and New Zealand. Pre-Christmas lunch, December 1-24,

£21.50, Dinner £27.50. Hotel Inter-Continental, Hyde Park Corner, W1. Tel: 071-409-3131, Coffee

The first American style coffee shop when it opened in the early 1970s. It still has an American blas with a range of big sandwiches, burgers and pasta and an extensive buffet. Lunch £19, din-



Street, W1. Tel: 071-629-8860. One of this stylish hotel's best kept secrets is the smorgasbord at lunch-time. Priced to include the first drink, from £16 with a Dubonnet to £18.50 with

The Park Lane Hotel, Brasserie on the Park, London W1. Tel: 071-499-6321 A bright, airy room that takes full dvantage of its position directly oppo-

more expensive Bracewell's restaurant, it aims to promote the best of British produce. Pre-Christmas lunch £19.75, Hyatt Cariton Tower, The Rib Room, Cadogan Place, SWI. Tel: 071-235-5411. This used to be the place to eat Scottish beef and although carnivores are not

site Green Park. Here, and in the hotel's

£14.50), the menu now includes a large shellfish and fish section. Pre-Christmas lunch £21, dinner £29. Grosvenor House, The Pavilion, Park

Lane, W1. Tel: 071-499-6363. Newly refurbished in a light, airy and for a large hotel, most unpretentious style. The food has an Italian emphasis and the wine list is an international one with unusual, keenly-priced bottles from Long Island, US, and Australia. Pre-Christmas lunch and dinner £19.50. Inn on the Park, The Lanes, W1. Tel: 071-499-0888.

A windowless room that could be in any international hotel but this restaurant's distinguishing features are very prompt service, an array of different menus from £17 - buffets, specials and an à la carte - and eight different wine? Forth Worth's Marvin C

Overton III MD, and his ilk, have a solution. The problem is, you see, that we are all just too slow on the draw; our corkscrews spend too long in the holster. If only we would loosen up, get popping and match Overton's opening rate of nearly 20 bot-Overton is unmistakeably tles an hour, the planet's fine wine backlog could be cleared

OW many times have you heard it

said that there is a

world giut of fine

within months. I could not believe the program he faxed me of a tasting I co-hosted at the Four Seaso restaurant in New York last May. We were to begin at 9.30 am, apparently with "Lillet over ice with a slice of orange", a glass of vermouth being just what you feel like after breakfast, especially with a total of

87 clarets in prospect. Between 10 am and an early lunch we were to taste 24 vintages of Ch Gloria plus 19 of Ch St Pierre. After lunch corks were nulled on no fewer than 40 vintages of Ch Ducru-Beaucaillou, three of them from the

last century. In the months before the event I had protested vigorously, twice, at this unseemly acre. Do we really have to taste every vintage of the 1970s and 1980s, I bleated from my fax machine. Overton insisted: "The poor vintages are now not likely to show that well and are simply there for completeness to accentuate the true beauty of the better years. Don't be concerned. I've done this on any number of occa-

sions and have it down pat." And he did. By 12.15 pm we had raced through 43 red bor-deaux - most of us having given the Lillet a miss, however much it may assist the fortunes of the Borie family of Ducru-Beaucaillou. At lunch a mere four wines were on offer with the consomme and wild mushroom risotto. The visiting Bordeaux château owners were somewhat mystified by this flesh-free midday snack, one of

LONDON WINE LTD

"porridge".)

St Julien roadshow

This gaggle of proprietors had one more thing in common: their properties are all in the same Bordeaux parish of which Dr Overton is a devotee. As he put to the assembled wine collectors and writers: We're not here to critique the wines, we're here to celebrate God's glorious place. St

Texan, not just for his bowlegged drawl but for his height, his apple cheeks, his resolute beam and his extraordinary taste in suits. I have to say that I found his jacket, sculpted by a famous Italian tailor from finest pinstripe to Dr Overton's own design incorporating a pointed cowboy

Jancis Robinson tests her palate and her stamina on 100 clarets

yoke, almost as riveting as the Ducru 1867.

But perhaps what most dis-tinguishes him as a Lone Star statesman is the sheer scale of his ambition. All those bottles emptied, followed by a 15-wine dinner that night illuminated, naturally, by his 20-minute home movie about St Julien -"and don't none of you laugh at ma French accent" - and this was just the start of his five-city, 10-château tour of the US putting God's glorious place on the American wine

He is quite right to bring to their often blinkered view the fact that there is life beyond the first growths (St Julien has no first growth but is stuffed with exceptionally good seconds and others), but who else could have imagined that they would be happy to board a 9 am plane to Chicago the next day with 102 wines still sloshing around the bloodstream? Overton, a neurological sur-

them dismissing the risotto as geon, clearly has heartening faith in the human body's ability to withstand the ravages of alcohol. "I find I have to let it all wash down man throat. But it's just a liddle pour, it doesn't affect me," he confided, just before trying to wind up the event 13 vintages too early.

I spent the afternoon, doggedly trying to spit and write notes, flanked by the non-spitting Overton and the non-notetaking Jean-Eugene Borie whose grin became increasingly bemused.

I never had such a tasting. Marvin is always so active, beamed the proprietor of Ch Ducru-Beaucaillou. "At the château we have four bottles or so of the very old vintages, but none of this marvellous 1924. I'm going to try and buy some." As we tasted his surprisingly delightful 1969 he looked at it dolefully. "I never taste the 1969. I thought it wasn't very interesting to keep

The wines had come from a variety of sources - Overton's own cellar and those of fellow American collectors in particular - although importers helped with newer vintages and the Ducru 1929 had been air freighted in from a London trader only that morning.

Overton, who loves organising these tasting marathons, is not only long on wine, but long on wine homilies, as in, "Ah always say that for the first 10 years of its life you have to work at a wine. For the second 10 years you marvel at it, and for the third 10 years you just let it float over you like yer ol' flannel jammie

All over New York that week I kept bumping into wine folk asking "Why is he doing it?" I suppose it might have been to hear someone like Jean-Eugène Borie stand up after dinner at the Four Seasons and say: "Marvin, you are very, very fantastic." But I think it was probably just oi' Marv doing his bit to deplete stocks, fast. ■ Best buy: St Pierre 1986 at Ribendum, 071-722-5577.

En Primēurs the shelf

Those au fait with En Primeurs premium wines, bought pre-bottling, at pre-premium prices - will recall they used to be the province of only the most dedicated devotees. Not only was payment extracted years in advance of Jelivery but numerous extraneous expenses - insurance, duty, VAT - also detained the unwary.

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1990 was "another outstanding vintage for Bordeaux", according to "The Wine Speciator: With 1991's and 1992's pickings looking not a patch on these, our off the shelf En Primeurs sadly may be shelved next year. Our current crop won't stay on the shelf for long, so catch them wbile you still can.



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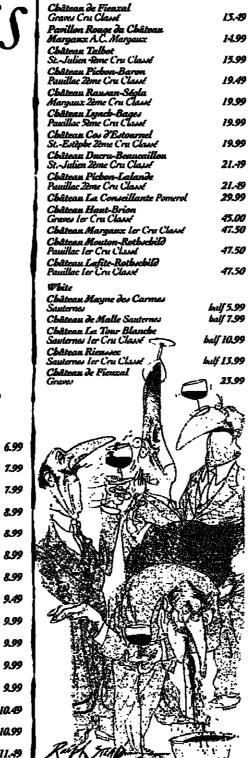
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Marlborough. Wilts, does not sell Christmas hampers. It is not that Nigel Mackintosh is against the giv-ing of food and drink as presents. Far from it. But he believes in the personalised rather than the pre-packaged

approach.
"Why don't you," he suggests, "look round our shop, choose what you know the recipient will like, then nip next door (next door, very conveniently, is a kitchenware shop), buy a basket and we can

Alternatively you could buy a board or platter and load it with some of Mackintosh's fine cheeses. "Or," adds Georgina, the catering half of the hus-band and wife partnership, you might like to buy a lasagne, pie or pâté dish to give as a gift and I will cook something in it for you". Thus many a Christmas, house-warming,

or birthday present is solved. Mackintosh is a remarkably small shop, just 300 sq ft, with the same space again in a basement kitchen area. The owners reckon the smallness of the place is a virtue in disguise, enforcing a disciplined selec-

tion of stock. There is no room here for run-of-the-mill products. It does not attempt to compete with supermarkets or to stock lines carried by other shops in the area, but concentrate instead on selling quality foods from small producers, much of it artisan or hand-made, and its own foods cooked on the

It is not a cheap place to shop but it is a miniature Aladdin's cave for the greedy. Nigel served his apprentice-

ship with Asda, spent four sub-sequent years with Justin de Blank and two with Duff &

His wife is cordon bleu trained and cooked for direc-tors' lunch parties in London before they married, moved to this west country market town

shop. Up to 50 sorts may be on sale, probably half of them British. Nigel loves the seasonality of cheeses and is presently excited by the return of vacherin Mont d'Or after three years unavailability, and the arrival of a torte with basil and pine nuts. "the latest taste sensation in the shop".

Cheese tastings and discussions are encouraged. Labels are intelligently detailed, often specifying the cheesemaker's

Here you will find not any old Caerphilly, Cheshire, Lan-cashire and Double Gloucester but those by the Ducketts, the Appelbys, Mrs Kirkham of Goosnargh and Diana Smart respectively, names as important to lovers of good cheese as the names of chefs to serious eaters at restaurants.

lives and olive oils are treated to the same devotion as cheese. The charcuterie section is small but well chosen. Alderton ham cooked on the bone (brine-cured Wiltshire style, finished with marmalade) and carved to order is a best seller.

Other provisions come from me of the best names in the food business, British and foreign: classy French soups in glass jars, Baxter's potted shrimps, Cipriani pasta, Mill-ers Damsel biscuits, Ackerman and Valrohna chocolate, Cellier cider from Brittany, Whittard's teas, chestnut honey from Coltibuono, English honey by Vivian, Dorothy Carter jams, panettone by Le Tre Marie, turron Alicante and fingers crossed – Elvas plums in time for Christmas.

These are the sort of elitist names one would hope and expect to find in the best delicatessens countrywide. Pleas ingly, Mackintosh also offers some up and coming discoveries", thus allowing customers to be ahead of the game. Chutneys and pickles by Hotshop - Tuscan Lemon and Kashmiri Apricot – loganberry vinegar by Womersley Hall, raised pies by Tilbec. House of Edinburgh shortbread, Orkney oatcakes and thick flaky water biscuits, all these may become well-established names in foodie circles

The shop acts as a showcas and marketplace for the produce of local farm kitchens and cottage industries. A culinary snapshot of the region, so to speak. They offer the shopper a rare chance to enjoy a taste of the best of the region.

From Eastbrook Farm, near Swindon, Glos, come free-range eggs, organic bacon and sausages; from Wroughton glori-ous Guernsey cream and slabs of rich yellow farm butter. There is runny and set honey and honey in the comb from an apiary in Oare; local wild mushroom in oil, pickled walnuts, apple and elderberry fruit cheese and other preserves by Louisa Maskell of Chisbury; organic apple juice from Pewsey; breads from Rushall made with organic stone ground flour, and sponges and fruit cakes baked by two women wisely commissioned when the local Women's Insti-

tute market closed.

done on the premises, which tends more towards comforting country house classics than haute cuisine. It is essentially good honest home cooking without the chore of having to do it yourself.

There is always a selection of fresh pátés available, and a variety of sandiches, mini quiches, flapjacks and brown sugar meringues for the lunch-time trade. The freezer usually boasts a range of soups, main courses and puddings.

Pies of the shepherd's vari-ety, vegetarian, steak and kidney, and chicken or game and ham are all popular. These are normally made in foil contain ers though the kitchen willingly makes them - and other recipes to order - in customer's dishes. A fish pie topped with pastry fish swimming across the lid was carried up from the kitchen to the shop for collection during our inter-

Georgina particularly enjoys catering for shooting lunches, when the menu might include Lancashire hotpot, or Irish or Oxtail stew with dumplings and all the trimmings, followed by apple pie or treacle tart,



luncheon cakes and a splendid 0672-514069 cheeseboard. But more than anything else

the shop kitchen is kept busy cooking roulades (mostly sweet, some savoury) and tiddlewink size Parmesan shortbreads for nibbling with preprandial drinks. Marlborough's appetite for them seems never

■ Mackintosh of Marlborough is at 42a High Street, Marlborough, Wiltshire. Tel:

SAVOURY PUFF PINWHEELS Another popular Mackintosh

party piece: 1 x 8 oz packet puff pastry; 1 x 50 g tin of anchovies, drained of oil and sliced in half length-ways; 1 large onion, finely chopped, cooked until soft in the anchovy oil, drained and cooled; 4 tablespoons tapenade paste; 2 teaspoons tomato puree; 4 oz grated Cheddar

Cut the pastry in half and roll out each piece to a 6 x 8 inch oblong. Spread each piece with tapenade, scatter with onion, dot with tomato puree and lay the anchovies on top. Sprinkle evenly with the cheese and add a grinding of

Roll up each piece of pastry as tightly as possible, rolling from one short end to the other. Wrap in foil and freeze if

preparing ahead. Or cut into % inch slices straight away.

To cook, lay the pinwheels on non-stick baking trays, spacing them a little apart, and bake at 400°F (200°C) gas mark 6 for 10-15 minutes until golden

Cool on a rack and eat while still warm or within 24 hours or the pastry will spoil.

Philippa Davenport

Cognac at £280 a snort

T IS not a question of etiquette, it is simply unwise to ask how old the cognac is: you are unlikely to get a straight answer. The simple answer is as old as it was when it went into "glass." That means when it was bottled, or when it was transferred from the cask to the demi-johns which reside in the innermost sanctum of the cognac house known as "Paradis".

According to this simplification of the age issue we have only 10, 20, 30, 50 and 100 year old cognacs corresponding to the length of time they spent in Limousin oak casks.

On the other hand there are vintages in the Charente region - good years and bad for the sharp little white wines which are distilled to make the famous brandy.

A small amount of cognac is sold with a vintage date. This is the "early landed cognac" which used to be a speciality of the British wine trade. In Cognac most spirits are blended to create the house styles of the big names.

The resulting brandies are sold with the vaguest indica-tions of age: VS "very special" or three-star must be three years old; VSOP "very special old pale" four years old; Napoleon, five; and so on. In reality the famous firms market far older brandies within these brackets so that the youngest brandy in a VS will be four years old; the most junior in a VSOP, six; while an XO might contain large amounts of brandy more than 25 years old. The small firm of A.E. Dor is

in the old Protestant enclave of Jarnac, a few miles upstream from Cognac, on the Charente river. Dor is one of a very few nouses which specialises in releasing small batches of very old cognacs: "Hors d'age" Reserves, which spent anything from 30 to 50 years in cask: and the "Tres vieilles grandes champagnes" which are ancient vintage spirits released in minute quantities.

Last month I tasted a range of these cognacs at the Four Seasons restaurant In London's Inn on the Park with the sommelier, Erik Bequemont and the importer: David Baker of Classic Cognacs. At the cheaper end of the list there was an honourable VSOP or "Rare Fine Champagne" (£28.45 inc. VAT) with an aristocratic bouquet of apricots and incense and a rather more concentrated Napoleon (£48.20 inc. VAT) The former is basically

eight years old, the Napoleon 15. Both receive small additions of caramel to give them

contains additives. The XO is the most popular with the res-taurant trade, and Dor has dressed it up in a rather vulgar bottle to make it appeal to the Duty Free shopper. The cognac here is 25 years old and exudes an attractive baked apple bouquet (£80.35 inc VAT).

Only now begins the range of "Hors d'Age" Reserves. The 30-year-old No 6 (£119.95 inc VAT) is a mite fiery with a slightly catty aroma. Baker tells me that it is extremely popular in Germany. The 40-year-old No 7 was much more exciting (£159.95 inc VAT) with its bouquet, length of finish and com-

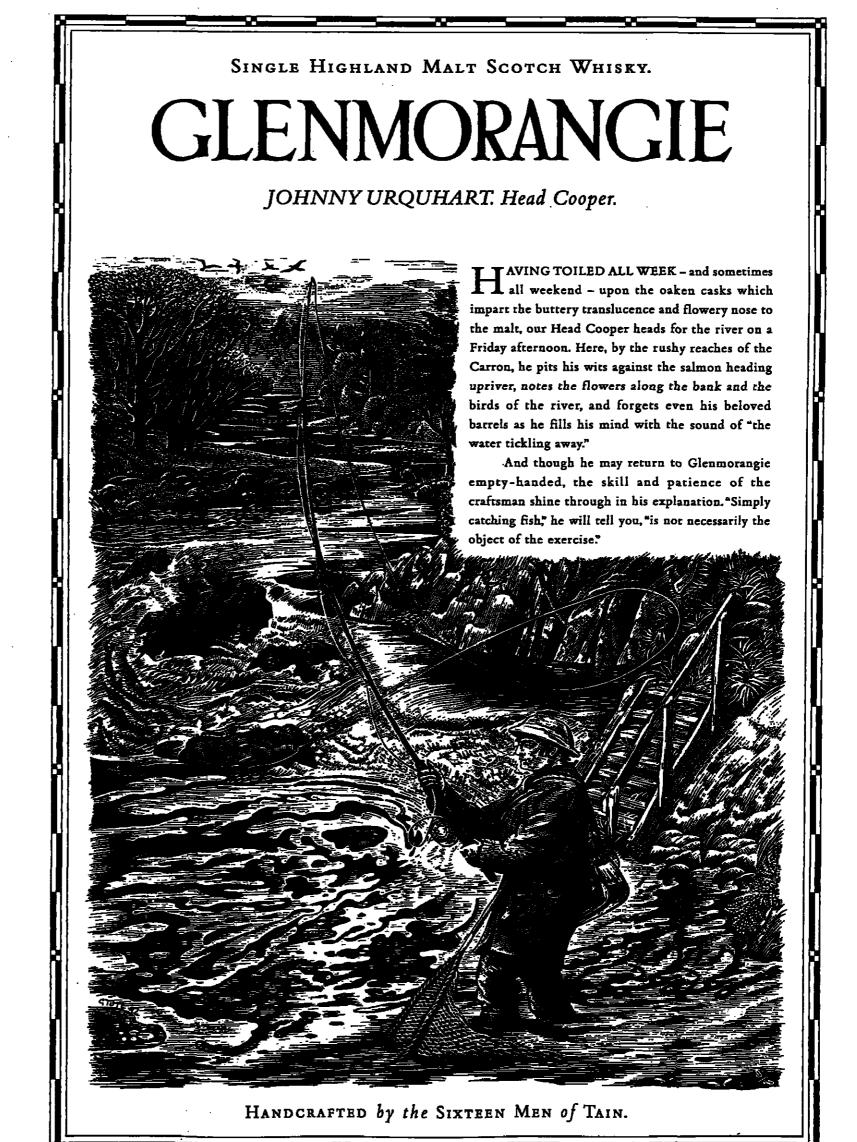
in a hotel or restaurant the No 7 would cost you between £12 and £14 a shot, the 45-year-old No 8 (£233.00 inc. VAT) nearer £18. The delicacy of this spirit belies its high (47 per cent) alcohol content. Bequemont enjoyed the aromas of oranges and apricots, I found the elusive bouquet of irises.

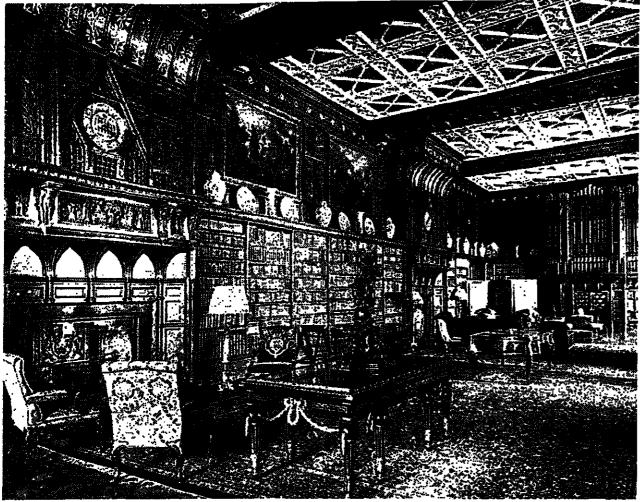
Both the Nos 9 and 10 are really vintage cognacs No. 9 (£699 inc. VAT) was harvested in 1914 and run off 50 years later. Cognacs which spend more than 50 years in cask are often said to go flat. This brandy, however, is full of life. The No 10 (£1,202 inc. VAT) has more of the character known as "rancio" in Cognac: a nutty aroma combined with the smell of wild mushrooms. not unlike old solera sherry. This cognac was harvested in 1922 and run off into glass in

Our final treat was one of the very old reserves: Louis Philippe, harvested in 1840. Baker believes this was decanted into demi-johns in 1910. In more than 70 years in cask its strength had gone down to 34 per cent by volume. Not surprisingly, the spirit was a deep russet with a complex bouquet of coffee, iris and orange combined with almonds and vanilla - rather like some wonderfully special nougat. A bottle of this suitably packaged in crystal will set you back £3,743 inc. VAT, or about £280

Information: Classic Cognacs. PO Box 1171 Melksham, Wiltshire SNI2 8RX. Tel: 0225-791007. Fax 0225 791321.

Giles MacDonogh





The Library at Eaton Hall, Cheshire, about 1890. Built by Alfred Waterh

A great civic builder

James Joll on the work of the Victorian architect Alfred Waterhouse

CCORDING to a cal order, of 647 works attrirecent poll, Alfred Waterhouse enjoys a greater reputation than any of his fellow goths and the emergence of the Natural History Museum, one of his finest works, from of grime has reinforced his popularity with

Yet there exists no biography. "A major gap in the history of Victorian architecture' as Mark Girouard has rightly lamented, though the booklet accompanying an exhibition of Waterhouse's drawings at the RIBA Heinz Gallery a decade ago whetted the appetite.

Dr. Colin Cunningham, one of the authors of that booklet, and Prudence Waterhouse an architect great grand-daughter of the architect, have now remedied that deficiency in a scholarly work sub-titled Biography of a Practice". The fruit of many years of research,

Imagine

the

fragrance

The

Unpeated

Malt.

GLENGOYNE

UNPLATED

UNPARALITED.

Waterhouse was born in Liverpool in 1830 into a Quaker family, a fact to which one critic attributes his preservation from "the faults of decorative and gothic excess". After it provides a list, in chronologitraining with a minor classicist the continent, seeing everything through Ruskin's eyes France and northern Gothic were to follow. He set up on his of 24, scraping by on minor commissions from friends and relations until his victory in the competition for the Assizes Court there shot him into the

RIBA).

his office.

The approach to Water-

house's life and works is emi-

nently sensible and broadly

chronological with a chapter

for each of his major commis-

sions and groups of buildings, such as his work at Oxford and

Cambridge in the 1860s and

1870s. There are also brief

essays on themes running

throughout Waterhouse's career, such as the business of

building and his relationship

with the architectural profes-sion (he was President of the

tender age. He moved to London and never looked back, acquiring a broader practice than any of his peers. He built country houses, churches, university colleges and a whole host of great civic buildings. His three most famous commissions fol-

first rank in his profession at a

lowed hotfoot, one on the other, and pay testimony to the efficiency with which his office buted to Waterhouse, appendices of the competitions he judged, the paintings he exhibwas organised. Curiously, and ited at the Royal Academy (he in strict contrast to Scott or was elected RA in 1877) and of G.E.Street, no talented archidraughtsmen and assistants in tects emerged from his office to

pursue their own careers. Of his three greatest buildings Eaton Hall, Cheshire, built for the Marquis of West-minster, has been pulled down after years of service as an infantry officers' training school and the Natural History Museum suffers from the most insensitive extension conceivable and threats of philistine "improvements"; but Manches-

ALFRED WATERHOUSE 1830-1905: Biography of a Practice by Colin Cunningham

and Prudence

Waterhouse Oxford £80.00 + illustrations

ter's Town Hall soldiers on more or le eventually designed it. In each case Waterhouse solved complex planning problems and produced buildings that were functional and, despite their gothic or Romanesque dress, intensely Victorian.

Waterhouse was the most artistically gifted of his contemporaries – his watercolour of the main door of the Museum - "a high cathedral portal recessed like a cave into the cliff of the front"

— is quite ravishing and the
terracotta details of birds, animals and fishes throughout the building are a constant delight. But he was also thoroughly practical as well.

the outside of many city centre buildings, thereby creating a strong corporate livery for the 27 rather disparate buildings he designed for the Pru, preserved them from 19th century soot and pollution. They still look pristine if also a little unyielding in their All this, and more, is

conveyed succinctly by Dr. Cunningham's book without generating the excitement and sense of discovery the first man on the biographical scene ought to. Partly this is because Waterhouse was indeed a supremely professional architect but perhaps lacking the hint of genius that Pugin, Burges or Butterfield embodied. Partly this may reflect a certain tentativeness about the authors' own convictions about Waterhouse's oeuvre and position in the architectural

houses is brief to the point of heing perfunctory and the survey of his furniture designs, particularly those for Blackmoor is frankly inadequate. However, the main blame must be laid at the publishers' door. A book at this price deserves better than 200 black and white illustrations, many of them amateur snaps. crammed onto less than 50 pages. They are supplemented by a sparse four pages of colour when Waterhouse's buildings, his perspectives and shown in their considerable multi-coloured giory.

Travels with the literati

has come up with what sounds like a good subject after his workmanlike tyro blography of Richard Meinertzhagen. Loneliness and Time sets out to be a study of – a meditation on the function of – British "travel writing" in this century. He has spun a book around prins has spun a book around, prin-cipally, St. John Philby, Wil-fred Thesiger, Robert Byron, Laurens van der Post, Patrick Leigh-Fermor, Lawrence Dur-rell and (a throw-back for reasons of comparison), the nearforgotten Central Asian explorer Eric Bailey.

After that list, who can be surprised that he has bitten off more than he can chew? He is interesting enough about most of them, which does not mean that he always convinces. On Gavin Maxwell, for instance. he gets into a terrible tangle: the otter man's inclusion is surely a mistake. He is good on - but was this most famous of

Jack Philby, in the steps of Elizabeth Monroe's biography fathers flogging Fords to the Saudis really a figure "of almost Faustian proportions...in revolt against the limitations of life itself? On Thesiger, Cocker, unsurpris-ingly, is discreet. On Tibet, with his description of the "Pundits", the Asian spies who ventured beyond the Himalayas, he seems to be working on

a sketch of a separate book. He

ARK COCKER is best on his Phil-Helknes-By-has come up ron (Robert), Durrell and with what Paddy Leigh-Fermor.

But by this time we are irritated by the arbitrariness of his cast of characters: where, apart from throwaway references, are Freya Stark, Norman Lewis, V.S. Naipaul (not a Brit?), Waugh, Greene, Raban, D.H. Lawrence, Colin Thubron, etc, most of what would merit

LONELINESS AND TIME by Mark Cocker Secker & Warburg £17.99, 294

quite as much attention as the

bunch we get?
The most interesting pages are on van der Post, that increasingly mysterious personality of our age. Cocker begins to probe at the deeper levels of the "carefully-guarded life" when he tackles that surprising and long-term bestseller, Venture to the Interior, with the central significance of the drowning of the young forestry officer, but he is soon out of his depth when he tries to explain van der Post's deliberate and mannered "blend of autobiography and invention", the matching of his "mystlcism" with what Cocker can

This is inevitably a curate's egg of a book: it will engage

only describe as "the plain

chapters. Was the source of the so significant that most of these travellers had no father figure in their lives? Did the Victorian traveller really need to escape from British inhibi-tion into "the metaphysical blank sheet"?

Mr. Cocker works his mate

and infuriate in successive

rial to death and gets into a great state about the "nature" of travel writing. Surely it cannot be such a terrible puzzle. We all know that the "travel writer is not the same beast as the wretched compiler of tourist guidebooks, and we also know that the genre con-tains a menagerie of skills and interests. In these very pages my colleagues Michael Thomp-son-Noel and Nicholas Woodsworth, to take the immediate example, are manifestly different in their style, their tone of voice and, no doubt, their philosophies, yet they are both "travel writers" and no more need be said, we accept them as inmates of the zoo.

Paul Fussell in a recent book, put the matter simply and Cocker has the grace to quote him: "Travel books are a sub-species of memoir in which the autobiographical narrative arises from the speaker's encounter with distant or unfa-

miliar data..." Simple as that.

day, though, the poet John Donne could write that: "The Element of fire quite put out." J.D.F. Jones | He blamed science, forerunner

Polish king who lost his castle and his country

Elected royalty had its problems, concludes J.H.Plumb

THE LAST KING OF book, not only for the story it tells; even the skill with which it is told. The complexities of Polish history are immense, as entangiing as the Amazon delta and could so easily be too daunting for the average reader. Poland was not just Poland. As well as the Kingdom it contained a

Commonwealth - indeed the territory loosely called Poland stretched from the Black Sea to the Baltic embracing, among a conglomeration of many semi-sovereign princes, the Ukraine and a far vaster Lithuania than the one we know. The constitutions of this vast empire were bewildering, but

none more so than Poland's, which elected – or at least tried to elect - its own king in an age-old parliamentary insti-tution called the Seym. This was dominated by the great aristocratic families, probably the richest aristocracy of any European country in the 18th century. The Poniatowskis. Radziwills, Potockis and Czartoryskis were all immensely powerful, usually suspicious of each other and often scheming amongst the great powers – Russia, Prussia, Austria and France – who bribed and seduced many with promises to keep the pot of anarchy gently boiling. I cannot think of a task more difficult for an author than to thread his way through this morass of diplo-

macy and politics. Fortunately Zamoyski is amazingly skilful. He knows

POLAND by Adam Zamoyski Jonathan Cape £25, 550 pages

instinctively just how much detail is necessary to present a world in which his hero, Stanislaw, lived and stroved to realise his ideals of kinship. His chapters are short and illuhis chapters are short and inti-minating. Against this beauti-fully controlled background he tells the story of Stanislaw; his biographical narrative brings a firm structure to his book and gives it impetus, so that 550 pages pass swiftly. Stanislaw was a complex

character. As a young man with his vast family connec tions and drop of royal blood, he was regarded as electable His parents educated him as if destined for the throne - a Grand Tour took him to Paris and London, which he adored. He developed a strong belief in the liberality of Britain and its land-owning democracy.

dangerous, world opened for

Fortunately Poland was enjoying a prosperity it had never known before and Stanislaw set about making Warsaw: a city of beauty and rated his exquisite palaces sation. He played with ideas with skill, welcomed the revo-

In Paris he had been con

verted to the ideas of the Enlightenment. Entering the diplomatic service, he fell in love and into bed with Catherine, the future Czarina. Both took incredible risks. It had to end, and with luck Stanislaw got back alive to Warsaw. Catherine, who murdered her husband, did all she could to get Stanislaw elected king. That accomplished a new, if

laces, bringing in the Italians, French, Germans and even English architects, sculptors and painters who decowith the heavy symbolism of Freemasonry and of the Enlightenment. He created a perfect setting for the greatest art of the 18th century: converlution in America, even drew



Stanisław Antoni Ponistowski who was crowned King of Polead in

up, after the French revolution got into its stride, a splendidly liberal constitution for Poland itself; but, alas, he was out of touch with the cruel reality of Within nine years of his elec-

tion, Russia, Austria and Prussia, fearing that each might opportunity, clubbed together and did a deal to slice portions off the Polish conglomeration. Their judgment in seizing enough to worry, but not to stir France and Britain into action, was excellent. Of course, Stanislaw was totally impotent to defend his king-dom. He had built beautiful crown lands and income but he had failed, indeed scarcely tried, to provide the essential institutions of a modern state: no national army, no strong bureaucratic class. Anarchy still prevailed; later in life he endured a second partition and died in the marble palace at St Petersburg. A few years later Poland was wiped off the map. A tragic tale beautifully told. Zamoyski's prose does not dazzle, nothing is strained, it is cool and pellucid. He is a great writer and his biography is very readable and instructive. The only blot on this book are the illustrations, dreadfully small, often meaningless an smudged pictures; in fact awful But they do not matter. Please, Mr Zamoyski, turn your eye on Catherine the

Great: the greatest female monarch in Europe's history

and so ripe for your talents.

FT Children's book of the month

Ultimate flight of fancy

book or a play (or a character from a book or a play) can procreate or transmutate, begetting other books or other charac-ters, is, thanks to the ingenuity of authors, publishers and illustrators, some talented and others merely unscrupulous, a weird and wonderful process and it is made all the more weird and wonderful, of course, if the subject of the book or the character in the

that strange hybrid, part boy,

creature of any kind. Sir James Barrie's Peter Pan was first published by Hodder and Stoughton in 1911, but the

text of what can arguably be described as the most famous and abidingly popular play for children of all time was by no means the first attempt that Barrie, the son of a poor hand loom weaver from Kirriemuir. had made to capture his flights of childish fancy between hard covers. In 1906 he had written Kensington Gardens. This edi-tion became famous as much for its illustrations by Arthur Rackham as for the text itself. Rackham, one of the most fash-

Ardizzone Hodder & Stoughton £12.99, 172 pages Edwardian age (his Rip Van Winkle of 1905 had made him so) embellished the story with his own curious blend of Nordic fantasy, all twisting ten-

J.M. BARRIE'S PETER

presented by Eleanor

Graham and Edward

Barrie's story had developed from tales he had made up for the five sons of close friends. Arthur and Sylvia Llewelyn Davies. When the parents died, Barrie gave these children a home. The play itself, first performed in 1904, had been a great success from the start; but no one in Edwardian England would have conceived that, 90 years on, it would have eclipsed in popularity even The Admirable Crichton, his run-

away success of 1902. But the story of the story of the play does not end there. Other editions of Peter Pan, books that might now be described just as well as examples of "merchandising" or even "novelisations" and the like, proliferated with the passage of time and the increasing fame of Peter Pan himself.

Mabel Lucie Atwell, in producing her "nursery version" of 1921 of the story, added her own inimitable touch of saccharine and Good Housekeeping gave her its seal of approval: "The editing has been done with a keen sensitivity," wrote the reviewer.
"Nothing is spoiled or altered... real little-children illustrations, safe, warm and comforting, even when they are full of pirates."

And 40 years later, in 1962, came a prose version for read-ers of approximately six and above that is republished this month, a collaboration between the artist Edward

Ardizzone (best known in the world of children's literature for his Little Tim books) who somehow managed to domesticate the story without robbing it of any of its ethereal charm, and Eleanor Graham. Interestingly, it was one of the wards of the Llewelyn Davies', Peter Davies, the London publisher, who first commissioned book illustrations from the young Edward Ardizzone in 1928, thereby encouraging a career that was ultimately to estaband most distinctive illustra tors of his era, popular in both

England and America. And who was Eleanor Graham? She was the first editor of Puffin Books, the imprint that in the 1940s pioneered the sale of children's books in paperback format, and at prices that even children and their hard-pressed parents could afford. She also published one of the first excellent anthologies of paper back poetry for children, A Puffin Quartet of Poets (1958), which introduced the work of such poets as James Reeves and Ian

Serraillier to new audiences.

There have been other verother illustrators, and he has managed, somehow, to with-stand - and even to rise above - them all, the recent film of Hook included. And, for once, the story of the book of the play scarcely needs to be repeated here because it is as comfortingly familiar as the hat that hangs in the hall

All versions of the story form a part of the Peter Pun bequest by which royalties of the books go straight to the Great Ormond Street Hospital for Sick Children for Sick Children, to which Barrie had bequeathed the copyright. Although the legal term of copyright expired at the end of 1987, the hospital continues to benefit from sales of all Hodder and Stoughton

Michael Glover

Goudsblom's book, which

GALLERIES

Fire power

FIRE AND CIVILISATION by Johan Goudsblom Allen Lane £20.00, 247 pages

of modern day thermodynamics, for stifling the flame.
Whether our forefathers learnt the secret of fire by subterfuge, as Prometheus' legend has it, or good luck, all the worldwide fire myths suggest that by obtaining fire and being able to cook, people became truly "human." Freud's theory was that the acquisition of fire demanded the renunciation of certain spontaneous urges, chief of which was the supposedly irresistible urge felt by primal man when he came

in contact with fire to put it fire brigade.

Goudsblom is less dotty, but he does argue that fire was a crucial part of the civilising process. Whenever it was first used to turn the tables on animal predators (opinions vary, but Goudsblom, like Bruce Chatwin in The Songlines, settles for a cave in Sterkfontein. South Africa, four million years ago), fire soon had to be institutionalised if people were to live together. The origin of our word "curfew" ("couvre feu" in French) was the ordinance requiring all citizens to

as a watered-down cult of the

eternal fire of Mount Olympus,

as well as organising the first

cover open fires at night. The Romans had it both ways, instituting the Vestal Virgins

ransacks the history and literature of fire from the ancient world to the present day, is full of arcane facts. When you are next browning the sausages on the barbecue, spare a thought for the fire gods Hestia and Hephaestus looking on.

Mark Archer

NEXT WEEK

My Book of the Year our reviewers' choices; and the annonucement of the Literary Competitions. These two annual book page features will appear in next Saturday's Weekend FT.



He tried to stick it on with soap, but that also failed. Peter Pan has problems with his shadow. One of Mabel Lucie Attwell's illustrations to the 1921 edition of Barrie's story

Goudsblom argues in this engrossing new book, long ago

lost its reverence for fire.

When Hesiod, in the eight-cen-

tury BC, advised couples not to

"lie down besides the fire when

you have just made love, and

show your naked parts, he

was respecting the gods of the

hearth, not issuing a health

warning. By Shakespeare's

Off the Wall/Antony Thorncroft Misled institutions

ERHAPS it is predictable that academic institutions should live in cloud cuckoo land. That is certainly the case at Edinburgh University and at Royal Holloway College whose administrators think they can solve their financial problems by selling off works of art entrusted to their keeping.

Not only are they betraying their benefactors and stirring up ill will, but the rewards will be disappointing. Their views on art market prices are at least two years out of date. On the advice of a not disinterested auction house, Royal Holloway had visions of raising £20m from selling works by Turner, Constable and Gainsborough from the collection of its founder, the Victorian pill

The prices paid this week at auction for British pictures (the few that sold, that is) suggest it should revise its expectations to nearer £5m, or even less. Constable's "Harnham Bridge" failed to reach its £1m target and was unsold, as was an important Turner Venetian watercolour when the bidding

ran out at £400,000. Edinburgh University slipped a copy of Audubon's Birds of America to Christie's New York earlier this year and ended up over \$2m richer. It is trying to repeat the trick by selling either an Adrian de Vries sculpture or a river scene by Jacob van Ruisdael. Once again the sum anticipated, £5m, is ridiculously high, the more so if the University thinks that the National Gallery of Scotland, which has had the van Ruisdael on its walls since 1846, can somehow conjure up that sort of money to ensure it stays in its natural

In addition both institutions are alienating their natural friends. As a Grade One listed seek a grant from English Heritage. Edinburgh is actually asking the National Heritage Fund for money, money that is unlikely to be forthcoming given its current anti-art

The National Heritage Fund has other things to worry about at the moment. It was the chief sufferer from the inadequate arts budget achieved by Heritage Secretary Peter Brooke last week. Totally out of the blue, its grant for 1994-95 has been reduced from the current £12m to £8.2m, with £7.8m earmarked for the

Why this successful institution, given the task of safe-guarding the national heritage, both artistic and natural, should be singled out for the axe is unclear. Reports are that the entire arts and heritage budget was still being finalised on the morning of the Chancel lor's statement and the Fund was regarded as the softest fall

The budget was delayed because the Government got belated cold feet on its original idea to mothball the British Library, and instead decided to lavish money on the project in an attempt to finally finish it off. So Brian Lang, current director of the Library, gained at the expense of the Heritage Fund, which he headed in years gone by.

The Fund hopes that quiet lobbying will get its grant raised again by next year's statement. Its importance as the ultimate guardian of national treasures could become obvious in forthcoming months. There are many country houses, hit badly by falling property and land values, who are tottering financially and will look to the Fund to shore them up.

It may well do so, but only at

art from export. The Fund feels that many British antiques appearing at auction are currently over valued. For example it is advising the V&A, which is keen to acquire James It's wedding suit, not to pander to the owners, the de Sausmarez family, who suddenly raised the reserve from £200,000 to £300,000 at Christie's this week. This made the V&A's bid of £200,000 inadequate. The museum is still negotiating, but why offer more when there is no obvious

alternative buyer? The same goes for the 43 intimate letters the Earl of Essex wrote to Queen Elizabeth I in the 1590s. Sotheby's is offering them on December 14 at over £400,000. The Fund thinks this is excessive, and will advise the obvious purchaser, the British Library, to keep its saleroom powder dry.

Prints by Royal Academician Norman Ackroyd sell for at least £250 and the work of Eileen Cooper, Albert Irvin, William Crozier and Julian Grater for not much less. You can acquire a print by these artists for £38 if you move quickly.

And there is more. For your money you get an annual subscription to Art Line, the well informed if idiosyncratic magazine of contemporary art. You also help a good cause.

Art Line exposed an art world confidence trickster. He filed a malicious complaint of libel before fleeing the country. In amassing an overwhelming defence against the charge Art Line acquired legal costs that could bankrupt it. The artists have rallied round by producing the prints for free and 1,000 new annual subscriptions should clear Art Line's debt. Details from Art Line, 11, Phoenix House, Phoenix St. London WC2H 8BS.

H DEAR: round comes the Turner Prize again, now we may all forward. Christmas, to cheer ourselves up. On Tuesday next, the English art world assembles en fête at the Tate Gallery, to eat, drink and gossip, and to witness the award of what should be contemporary art's most coveted prize. The eighth Turner Prize will be awarded to "a British artist under 50 for an outstanding exhibition or other presentation of their (sic) work in the 12 months preceding 30 June 1992" runs the general citation, and what could be fairer than that?

But wait a minute. As always, a representative if exiguous example of each candidate's work has been on show at the Tate throughout the month, which is where and when the gloom sets in. This is hardly the artists' fault. Whatever the nature or quality of their work - and I shall come to that - they were all put up by someone else, entered onto the short-list by

the jury, put on show by invitation and publicised further by the sponsor. And in the longer term it is the artists themselves, good and bad alike; who suffer for being so closely identified with the received attitudes and prejudices of an evidently narrow-minded and exclusive curatorial

club.

We live now in what the jargon has it are pluralistic times — which is only to say that the old narrow and successive "isms" of avant garde pre-occupation have given way to a more open and catholic interest. If so, it can only mean that the fellow sitting in the field, painting the landscape, may be no less radical and true to himself and his times than the severest concentualist or the wildest neo-surrealist. What the Turner Prize has been saying to us these eight years past is that, even so, the only truly radical, relevant, essentially serious work can still only be of this narrower sort at least to the international critical

Artists from two London dealers, d'Offay and Lisson, have dominated the prize hitherto. Latterly, with the imposition of an age limit, half the short-listed candidates have been recent graduates of a single art school, Goldsmith's College. In eight years only two winners have been figurative artists in any sense - Malcolm Morley and Gilbert & George - and only one other short-listed as I remember -Stephen McKenna. So much for any generous trawl through the currency of British art.

And who are entered in this year's Turner Stakes (£20,000 added)? Grenville Davey (31) is a minimalist sculptor cited for the "cool beauty" that underlies "his fascination with the form of the circle, and a refined sensibility in the handling of materials." He is showing a pair of tall patinated steel cylinders, one somewhat dented, and a lower, kidney-shaped bench topped with an inch or so of

David Tremlett (47) has painted one wall of the gallery dark brown, light-violet parallelogram in the wins. Davey, too, evinces a certain momentum, with Tremlett to give him Gallery until November 29, sponsored middle. His drawings "appear abstract formal integrity. But I fear the a run for his money.

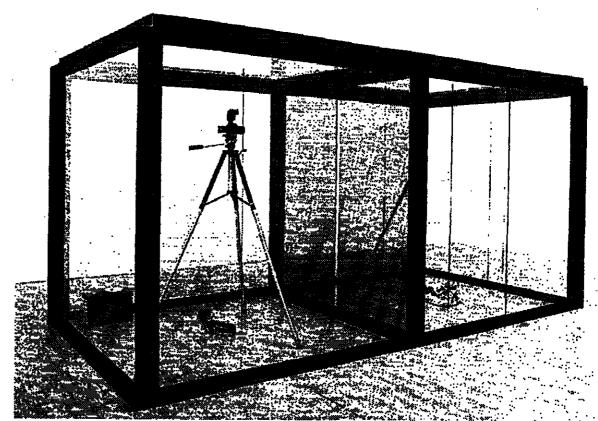
navian design. Why

has it been so consistently pop-

ular? One reason is that Nordic

design has its roots in British idealism.

The reform of Swedish



"The Asthmatic Escaped' by Damien Hirst, favourite in the running

narrow view of art

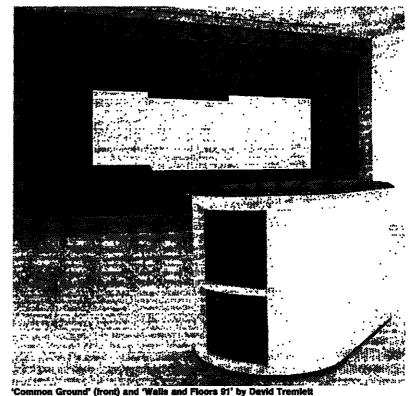
Gloom sets in as William Packer views the Turner Prize candidates

but often refer to architectural features, or ground plans ... His work marries a powerful feeling for pure form with an equal response to earthy reality." He is also showing a series of drawings of three-letter

Damien Hirst (27) shows two wall cabinets loaded with fish, each specimen set in its individual tank formaldehyde. He also shows one of his larger glass-and-steel cabinets, this significantly occupied by a pile of discarded clothes, ash tray, plastic cup etcetera. "His elaborate titles offer the spectator the opportunity to construct a network of meanings, but his works often confront us...with the stark facts of existence.'

Alison Wilding (44) is another minimalist, whose sculpture has moved away from the oddly fetishistic and idiosyncratic as it has grown larger and more self-conscious. Here are two tall curved metal sheets enclosing a red perspex tube with a ball on top. She also shows a flat metal cover or shelter as though drawn away to reveal an internal structure of slotted perspex. She "works slowly, moving towards the realisation in sculptural form of deep-seated experience: 'I like to make something I don't know about', she

It is too easy to mock, but it is a sad business. I have admired Alison



favourite must be Hirst, he of the shark dead flies and irresistible

The Turner Prize Tate is at the Tate

vian craft and design - has become even more pronounced,

and related to the brooding

VAT to hit London

FTER 20 years of deliberation and delay a decision could be taken next week in Brussels which will deliver a hefty blow to London's precarious position as the twin centre, with New York, of the international art

talk will mainly revolve around the movement within the single European market of second band cars, for, as far as the bureaucrats are concerned, works of art are just second hand goods: paintings by Rubens and furniture by Roulle will be treated alongside Mercedes and hi-fi equipment.

At the moment works of art can flow in and out of London free of tax. It is this unrestricted movement which makes London the great entrepot. Under the proposals the UK will have to levy VAT at around 5 per cent on goods coming for sale from outside

This is no marginal matter. in 1991 art valued at around £700m, or just about 50 per cent of all imports, came into the UK from the US, Japan, Switzerland, etc. Potential vendors like the fact that there is no hassle in London, especially in the auction houses. When Sotheby's and Christie's hold their sales of important Impressionist pictures in 10 days time around 90 per cent of the lots will come from abroad, many from outside the EC, and will depart thither. If the regulations come into force, sellers in Japan or Switzerland might take the safe and easy option and dispose of their art through New York or Geneva. This will not be a crippling blow to Sotheby's and Chris-

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tie's, which are well organised in both those cities, but the down grading of London would he much regretted, especially by the British owned Christie's. The dealers, too, although arch rivals of the auction houses, know that on this issue they sink or swim together. All the stops are being pulled out to influence Monday's decision.

But there is a resignation that, after a doughty rearguard action, some time in 1993 the new tax will be implemented. The antiques trade is already congratulating itself on keeping the tax down to 5 per cent and on securing zero rating for

Art is put in the same pigeon hole as second hand cars for tax purposes says Antony Thorncroft

exports. Dealers also believe that they have gained an amendment that if they sell a work of art outside the EC within a short time, say six months, of importing it, they will escape the paper work involved in reclaiming the tax. This could cover half their turnover.

In theory an extra 5 per cent on a trade dealing in margins of up to 50 per cent does not sound too burdensome. But it is the psychological damage to London that is most feared. Sellers, especially those with multi-million pound collections, will opt for the simple, more profitable, life, and consign goods to New York. The auction houses cringe at the thought that in their London catalogues they will have to draw attention to the lots that will be liable for

The 5 per cent matters to London because it comes on

30-11.00 to 8.30, Tues 1-11.00 to 4.00.

For more information call 081-660 8006

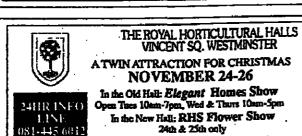
top of worrying trends. New York, with its mass of big domestic buyers, has taken a growing percentage of the global business in recent years and at last Paris shows signs of throwing off restrictive practices and becoming a major centre again.

> reek's EC decision movement of goods and the restitution of smuggled items. This seems hound to make life more complicated. Auction houses and dealers will have to apply for many more export licences: on prints and drawings for example licences were previously required on goods valued at over £35,000. This has been reduced to

> There will also have to be more research into the background of goods for sale. Bureaucrats in Italy, for example, could have a happy time querying the origins of Attic vases in an auction house or dealer catalogue, causing endless delays. And with no licences required on movements inside the EC British treasures could slip quickly to countries like Belgium, which has an easy going attitude towards the

its veto on any decisions taken on Monday; but this is regarded as unlikely. The meeting could decide that the entire EC art trade benefits from London being a free market; but this is perhaps over optimistic. Some delay is possible, but in the end the tax is likely to arrive - with the hidden danger of future increases in its burden. It will not have an immediate impact, but it will mark the end of the British antique trades impressive ability to operate with minimal restriction.

The Baily Telegraph advertisement **CITY ANTIQUES** with you for HALF **&**FINE ART FAIR 26 NOVEMBER - 1 DECEMBER 1992 PRICE BARBICAN EXHIBITION HALLS, BARBICAN CENTRE, LONDON EC2 OPENING TIMES Thurs 26 - 2.00 to 8.30, Fri 27 - 11.00 to 8.30 Sat 28/Sun 29-11.00 to 7.00, Mon (i.e. 62.50 each for two)



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It also follows quickly on last EW British household have escaped the influence of Scandi-

around £10,500.

design at the beginning of this century was directly inspired by the romantic socialism of Ruskin and William Morris (incidentally, a devotee of all things Icelandic) and the example of the British Arts and Crafts movement. Then the avant-garde Scandinavian industrial designers of the 1920s and 1930s succeeded in making Modernism palatable to the British. They tempered the uncompromising functionalism of Gropius and Le Corbuexport of works of art. sier with an emphasis on natu-The Government could use ral materials and a humanity that placed the needs of the

user above aesthetics. Ironically, their machinemade, mass-produced and therefore relatively inexpensive artefacts came closer than Morris and his less mechanised craftsmen to realising the dream of introducing good design to the modest home. The extent of this achievement can be seen in a series of

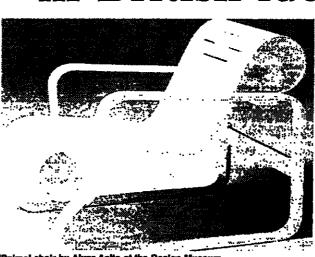
seven small exhibitions which are part of the Tender is the *North* arts festival in London. The most thoughtful, at the Design Museum, is called "Allies in the same Battle": Scandinavian Design in Britain 1930-1970 (until February 28). It shows how Victorian fussiness and Edwardian opulence was replaced by a clean, elegant line, restraint and lightness. Armchairs by the great Finnish designer Alvar Aalto exploit the flexibility and strength of plywood but their flowing line and form are agreeably organic. The Swede Bruno Mathsson's bent laminated wood "Eva" chair seems almost sculpted to human

It is hardly surprising that we are still slumping in contemporary versions of the

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Nordic design rooted in British idealism



Dane Kaare Klint's 1933 folding beech and canvas safari or director's chair, or that various chairs, lightfittings and glassware featured here have recently been reissued.

During the 1930s contemporary Scandinavian furnishings and applied arts were available in Britain at such up-market emporia as Heal's. (Alvar Aalto, for instance, found his largest export market in Britain.) By the 1950s, Scandinavian Modernism had filtered down to the High Street. largely thanks to a series of promotional international exhibitions. British industry responded with its own contemporary designs, produced by "G" Plan furniture, Dartington glass and Midwinter pottery (a designer for the last was Terence Conran).

Contemporary" will relish Marianne Westman's "Picknick" tableware of 1956, with its cheerful, stylizied vegetables and herbs, the linear patterns of Heal's textiles and the Ercol two-seater "Windsor" beech sofa with its faux medieval upholstery. A decade on, the Swedish furniture industry's development of colourful, inexpensive and well-made furniture for a younger market, which could be bought flatpacked to be assembled at home, provided the idea for

Those nostalgic for "1950s

Just as industry became less interested in the craft ethic, the artist-craftsmen has become increasingly independent of industry. Scandinavia, particularly Sweden, boasts a long and distinguished tradition of studio glass, departments of which have been standard features of manufacturers such as Orrefors since the early years of the century. Imagine the shock to the industry when artists began setting up their own studios in the late 1960s in the wake of Asa Brandt, a graduate of the Royal College of Art in London responsible for introducing the new spirit of contemporary

Ulla Forsell is one maker who followed Brandt's lead, and her exuberant, fantastical and humorous confections make for a striking antidote to the Barbican's drab interiors (until December 13). Here are glasses for serious drinkers oversize goblets of brilliant colour, their decoration like paint squeezed out of a tube, and small, translucent houses that glow like stained glass windows on a sunny day. Other displays at the Barbi-

can focus on contemporary jewellery, ceramics and textiles (much of which, like Forsell's glass, is for sale). Here the feeling for nature - which has long characterised Scandina-

Northern landscape and coast line. Danish jeweller and gemmologist Agnete Dineson, for example, exploits the natural beauty of pebbles in necklaces. Jane Reumert hand-builds exquisite, wafer-thin porcelain vessels that take their inspiration from shells and bird's eggs. Beate Anderson's vessels share strong, primitive shapes and simple incised geometric decoration. Natural earth colours are built up using a sequence of dry glazes.

A comparable rough, chalky surface characterises the ceramic ships crafted by Gun-

hild Aaberg. These objects bring to mind the barsh, bleak life and landscape portrayed in Babette's Feast. In similar vein, "Abandonned Stage", the large and impressive textile installa-tion by the Finn Kirsti Rantanen, would make an ideal set for The Flying Dutchman despite its vibrant blues and hot reds. She creates monumental hoops, spirals, waves, coils and boulders of barely restrained, twisted and richly textured varn, resonant of the harbour's mounds of rope and rock and heaving shore.

Susan Moore

The Scandinavian Design Fes-tival is sponsored by Saab sively Finland" campaign. The Barbican displays are spon-sored by President Office Furniture, Intercraft Designs, Lamco Paper Sales and Varma

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During the 1960s the tradi-

tional relationship between the

craft tradition and Scandina-

vian industry weakened. Revealingly, Caroline Schly-

tar's elegant calligraphic "h"

chair is one of relatively few

wooden pieces in New Direc-

tions in Scandinavian Design.

also at the Design Museum.

Instead, a heightening of the social conscience of Scandina-

vian design has resulted in an

emphasis on, for example, City-

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friendly and high-tec PCV - a

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St Augustine's claim to fame

the assassination of John F Kennedy. For one day. the media spotlight will focus again on the mourners filing through Arlington cemetery, events at the Kennedy family compound in Hyannis and the scattered remembrance services in towns and cities around the country.

This year, following the Democrats' wresting of the presidency. Americans are being encouraged to look back fondly at the early 1960s as some enchanted age shattered by a volley of gunfire in Dallas.

Nowhere is that event more revered than at the Tragedy in US History Museum in St Augustine, Florida, where today the curators are putting a final polish to JFK's car and some assorted furniture belonging to his alleged assassin. Lee Harvey Oswald.

They will also be cleaning the car Oswald drove on the day Kennedy was shot and the ambulance that took Oswald to hospital after he was shot by Jack Ruby.

In another display, the whistle, speed recorder and the dead engineer's watch from the "Wreck of Old '97" - one of America's great train disasters - has pride of place. Proud of their ghoulish collection, the curators claim it "depicts history that the people of today under-

The authorities in St Augustine, however, are not so proud of the museum and give the impression of being happy for some disaster to befall it. Yet, for 20 years, the cura-

tors have defied local opposition.

Although the tragedy museum concentrates on 20th century horror, it is also anxious to back the campaign to establish St Augustine as America's oldest inhabited settlement. The museum has built an old Spanish jail with real human skeletons. The skeletons are said to date back to 1718 when St Augustine was in Spanish hands and already celebrating its bicentennial, more than 250 years before the rest of the

Not content with America's official history, the city - 50 miles north of Daytona Beach - eschews the arrival of Christopher Columbus and rumours of Viking visits to lay claim to the title of North America's first historic site. It was here, according to city officials, that "Ponce de Leon came ashore to landmark for all time the first moment of our nation's history

OMORROW, the US marks the discovery of North America." The claim is backed by some aggressive marketing to promote the nation's oldest house, oldest wooden schoolhouse and oldest store museum. The Spanish quarter has been converted into Florida's official living history museum where 1990s residents dress and live like 1550s settlers.

Life in St Augustine is about as far from New York City as it is possible to get in mainland US. High-rise buildings are banned, crime is paltry and there are no yellow cabs - it is easier to get around by norse-drawn carriage or

The city's association with Spanish prospectors such as Ponce de Leon and pirates like Sir Francis Drake has made it obsessed with the past. Almost every street has a museum and many have several.

Such attractions are threatening to drown the old town, clustered on the edge of Matanzas Bay, in a wave of synthetic nostalgia. But behind the razzmatazz there is a genuine European village of narrow streets, discreet timber board houses and high-walled gardens.

The potential for tourism was first recognised by Henry Morrison Flagler, J D Rockefeller's business partner, who honeymooned in St Augustine and decided to put it on the map by connecting the resort to his East Coast Railroad in 1889. Flagler is credited with saving the

old town. His interest in the district

ensured that the oldest homes survived, and many of them have taken on a new lease of life as unmarket inns. Guests can stroll to the Castillo de San Marcos or take a cruise into Matanzas bay. The bay separates the old town from Anastasia Island, a flat sand

stock collection, the St Augustine Although it is promoted as one of the state's finest attractions, the bome for retired alligators attracts fewer visitors than Anastasia's

main asset - the beach.

outcrop of condos and motels. The

island is famous for a unique live

The dunes and long stretches of empty sand have been designated a state park where the peace is disturbed only by whooping surfers.

Further information: St Augustine Chamber of Commerce, 1 Riberia Street, St Augustine, FL32084. Tel:



ON my first night in Port of Spain, a week before Trinidad's carnival, Wilfred took me to "Calypso Spektakula" in the Queen's Park Savannah stadium where the north stand was in fine voice and the competitive tradition of calypso was stirring a little heat.

Talk centred around who would win this year's King and Queen of Calypso titles, and what would become the Road March – the year's most-played calypso. Wlifred fancied Black Stalin for

the title, with a sarky number called Love My Country, and debated flercely with his neigh-bour. I had met Wilfred on the aircraft from New York, back in the smoking section with a bottle of

By day, Port-of-Spain was one

long musical assault course. It is hard to say exactly when carnival starts. Some claim it never stops, but the Panorama competition brings excitement to a head. The steel bands practise year round for it, and in the run-up crowds come to listen at the pan-yards each night where the bands put the finishing touches to their pieces.

Wilfred had once played 'cellopan for his local band, Casablanca, so our tour ended up at their yard. The Casablanca Steel Orchestra was one of the bands to emerge from the pan-yard wars of the late 1940s into respectability in the

orama title, and Wilfred took that personally. There was no doubt whom I would be supporting. Besides, I had been given the tribal colours: a Casablanca T-shirt. In the north stand the chairs, which had been wired together, were suddenly being stacked to one

side. Mine was taken out from

of dancers. We set off. Minutes later I was covered in mud. Casablanca was jumped by a band of Moko Jumbies and Mud Massers armed with buck-

cake mix. A large lady, her face mottled with light brown mud, the colour of her scant clothes no longer visi-ble, singled me out. She battered my face and rubbed herself against me. Who was I to stop her? I bore the marks with pride, and she disappeared back into the night.

As we neared the circuit, the streets became stiff with people dancing, drinking, covered in mud and not much else. Steel bands, drummers, floats loaded with load speakers jockeyed for position.

Something - the music, the rum
- set me going. The abandon of the
beat seeped into my bones with the
darkness. I could not see how anyunder me, and I was lost in a mass one could stand still. The dawn light fixed images in

my mind - an old man beating a ets of slop the consistency of panhub cap, a man writhing on the street while he was painted blue, couples grinding, legs intertwined. I fell in with a Soca band, and then, from nowhere, there was a girl behind me jamming up, and another in front famming back, which seemed the natural thing to

As the sun climbed, the next shift started to arrive, formal bands thematically costumed, spotless and fresh. They had come to warm up for their competition next day, Mardi Gras, when the Road March would also be decided. I caught sight of myself in a shop window looking none too wholesome. A shower and a tactical nap and everything would still be happen-

ing when I returned. ■ Next year's Trinidad carnival is slated for February 22-23. About a dozen UK tour operators feature Trinidad in their brochures. Details: Trinidad and Tobago Tourist Office, 82 Hammersmith Broadway, London W6 7AL. Tel: 081-741-4466, fax:

Sebastian Hope

Practical Traveller

Earth watchers start here

OR SOME, the concept of an eco-tourist - someone whose globetrottings have a positive environmental impact - is a contradiction in terms.

Tourism, they argue, is by its nature destructive, leaving in its wake a trail of aircraft fuel, polluted beaches, devastated fishing villages and western habits of doubtful morality. The only true eco-trav-

eller stays at home. Not so, others say. At its best, tourism promotes understanding, spreads wealth and can contribute to the environment. For those wishing to give eco-travel a go,

here are a few ideas: ■ Earthwatch (tel: 0865-311-600) is a non-profit-making organisation that matches scientists and archaeologists with volunteers keen to work on research and conservation projects. The Earthwatch magazine, which comes six times a year to members paying a £22 subscription, is bursting with

140 projects in 40 countries. Members can count orang-utans in Indonesia, delve into volcanology in Russia, observe insect behaviour in Peru or honey possum habits in Australia, translate sea lion language in California, or dig for stone tools in Ireland's County Kerry. One project, for example, seeks to discover whether Carpathian wolves in south-east Poland kill the weakest or strongest members of red deer herds. Volunteers, paying £795 for two weeks, monitor deer and wolf populations and record the scars and ant-ler measurements of wolf-killed deer. Earthwatch trips, not including flights,

gerie to pick up a treat.

On this particular afternoon

there were no fire engines in

the village's centre de secours

(emergency services building)

- just tractors and floats deco-

rated for the fete. On the out-

skirts of the village the sound

of guns was alerting everyone

to the start of the ball-trap.

Quite why these shooting con-tests are held ofter a typically

range from £400 to £1,500. ■ Discover the World (tel: 06977-48356) organises wildlife and wilderness holidays in conjunction with the World Wide Fund for Nature and the Whale and Dolphin Conservation Society. A significant portion of the booking fee is donated to the conservation group concerned. Groups are kept small "to reduce the environmental impact" and holidays are designed to bene-

A highlight is the chance to track pan-

David Pilling considers holidays that help to improve the environment

das in a Chinese reserve at Wolong, the first time UK citizens have been allowed to do so. There are also trips to watch lemurs in Madagascar, polar bears in Spitsbergen and minke whales off the coast of Scotland. Holidays start at £295 (weekend

breaks) soaring to more than £3,000 for whale watching in Japan.

Cox and Kings (tel: 071-931-9106) also organises one-off wildlife tours in conjunction with charities and puts out a bro-chure called Environmental Journeys. Holidays are planned with the help of naturalists and Cox and Kings buys an acre of rain forest in Belize for each booking made.

David Bellamy is guest lecturer on one

tour to the Solomon Islands, due to depart in May 1993 (cost: £3,450). Defending the concept of eco-travel, Bellamy says: "Tourism is not going to go away, so it's got to be brought into line. Tourism of the right sort shows people what a wonderful place the world is, but how delicate and fragile it can be. It's a way of winning friends for

the environmental movement."

Those who are in deadly earnest about eco-travel may consider signing up for Nols, a US-based, non-profit-making group which teaches outdoor skills. "low-impact wilderness living" and respect for the envi-

Nols' expeditions - to the Rocky Mountains, Pacific north-west America, Alaska, Mexico, Chile and Kenya - encourage par-ticipants to become self-sufficient in the wilderness. The idea is to leave no trace of your presence behind; toilet paper is banned while picnic and camp sites are scuf-fed over. This is not just an adventure holiday, the brochure stresses. "Nois is a school where pencils and notebooks are as necessary as backpacks, ropes and tents. Our classroom is the wilderness."

Those thinking of signing up need to be pretty fit, or be prepared to become so. Nois caters for people from 14 to 75, though many of its customers are of student age. However, the brochure contains a special section for those over 25, mainly trips of two and three weeks. Expeditions start at reasonable prices and rise to £4,000 for three months in Patagonia. Contact: Nois, 288 Main Street, Lander, Wyoming 82520-0579, tel (from UK): 0101-307-332-6973.

HE WAR memorial Snapshot/Auvergne was festooned with fairy lights, a halo of them placed around Storms and the stone cock at the top. The fir trees surrounding the memorial were plastered with solitude tissue decorations. St Mametla-Salvetat, in the far south-west corner of Cantal, in the heartland of rural France.

four days.

was en fête. In the bar opposite the vinous lunch is a mystery.

As we drove out of the vilmemorial Madame was not happy. Someone had just been lage, towards the lake at St Etienne-Cantales, the plastic sick in the toilets. In a big blue bunting hung across the road apron, she strode to the scene of the crime. At least two of started to clack in the wind and spots of rain began to fall. the customers looked culpable. A spectacular thunderstorm In the street outside there was with fork lightning and monmuch hand-shaking as neigh-bours greeted each other on soon-like rain was about to mar the day's activities their Sunday promenade, some though fortunately a French of them calling at the boulanvillage fête usually lasts about

> As the storm rumbled in the distance, we made our way to the lake. Deserted and surrounded by trees, it was stunningly beautiful Normally, if you seek Sunday afternoon tranquility, the lake is not a place to visit because hundreds of holidaymakers crowd its little beaches and the area buzzes food shopper, then you can

But on this day it was silent and grey.

The Auvergne has the capacity to absorb large numbers of tourists in its huge empty spaces and you can generally find complete peace. It is ideal countryside for those who enjoy fishing, picnicking by quiet streams and exploring the wooded and hilly country side on foot.

Heathers and broom tumble over rocky outcrops. In summer harebells, rosebay willowherb, foxgloves and ferns proliferate in a landscape of water meadows and stone-roofed houses. Best of all is the smell of hay and wild garlic - and the absence of sunflowers.

If you want a bit of market day bustle, or are a serious with water sports enthusiasts. visit a country market almost

every day. Aurillac, the provincial capital, has markets on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Maurs, described as the Nice of the Cantal - goodness knows why, since it is clearly a small country town - has one on Thursdays.

A good way to sample any rural area is to base yourself in a small village - and walk. It may even help you sympathise with the EC agricultural policy. St Mamet is not much of a place, but it has two butchers, two general stores, two bakers, a post office and a chemist and

Keen walkers will appreciate the local cuisine - fat sausages called Jesus, substantial pork dishes, stuffed cabbage. qual and freshly-caught river fish. Almost every charcutier will have large jars of tripe on the counter. If you cannot face tripe, choose Auvergne cheeses and country breads instead perfect picnic food.

Jill James travelled with VFB Holidays of Normandy House, High Street, Cheltenham. Glos. Tel: 0242-526338, fax: 0242-570340.



in fact. Including the remote fairytale land of the Hunna Valley in Pakistan, said to have inspired James Hilton's Lost Horizon, Here, and around the world, you'll discover that when you fly PIA, you're flying with extraordinary people.

Lost in the mists of freedom in Budapest

pest was of being awoken suddenly in the small hours. Obscure silent figures, swathed in heavy winter clothing, removed the floor boards under my bed at 4am and gathered sheaves of closely typewritten pages before disappearing into the night. My host, a university professor, apologised profusely the morning after, but explained that he was running a secret printing press, or samizdat, and that he was afraid of a police raid.

In spring, three years after the fall of the communists, I returned to meet old friends and to see how the atmosphere

had changed.
Linden seeds floated softly down the wide boulevards by the Danube and the city looked its best under a bright spring sky. The scent of lilac blossom filled the air as the taxi climbed into the steep hills of Buda which overlook Pest and the rich Hungarian plains beyond. At the same book-lined spacious flat, my friends were waiting. They looked well, and after hugs and kisses we toasted each other in palinka, a fiery Transylvanian spirit.

No longer a teacher at the university, my friend told me that after the communists' fall he had started running his samizdat as a legal business. But free market forces are not quite what he thought. Dependent on state-owned book shops, which were still to be privatised, his company was being strangled by cash flow

problems.
"We opened stalls on the streets, and sales of our books went well, but then the police dug out some ancient communist bye-law and the stalls were closed. So we are now really stuck". Banks were ailing companies and the

HE most vivid future looked bleak. He had image I have of my also borrowed money to buy also borrowed money to buy his flat from the council, but would soon be unable to meet

When I gently explained that it was a familiar story for a sterner, he laughed ruefully. "It's true, but at least you had a boom before the crash ~ many of us are going bankrupt before we've even made a profit,"

In the centre of Budapest the change of political climate was clearly apparent. The dark forbidding squares I remem-bered from the winter of 1987

Raffishness is out, commerce is all-apparent, says Nick Haslam

were now liberally decked in advertising hoardings and any-thing that moved seemed to convey some commercial message, from trams proclaiming the joys of Marlboro cigarettes to the incongruous sight of a gipsy carrying a sandwich board picturing voluptuous nudes for a nearby nightclub. Before, drab state-owned

department stores and brown painted corner shops offered little other than bizarre arrangements of goods piled dustily on each other. Now, elegantly dressed shoppers crowded the wide pedestrian precincts, where windows displayed western clothing. Nyugati station, where I had

made many anxious dawn departures for Romania laden with Hungarian books banned under Ceausescu's stifling regime, is a graceful building of yellow brick and glass designed by Eiffel in the 1870s. It came as a shock to see the elegant filigree of Victorian iron work adorned with the yellow and red of McDonalds.

As the week progressed, I made contact with friends, and found a similar story. In the old days we would meet in the Caravanserai, a raffish basement dive in Budapest's 8th district where many of the city's giosies live. Fights were common, but the

police seldom went there and the gipsy band was excellent When I suggested to a friend that we meet there, he laughed and said: "You're really out of touch. It's a topless bar now".

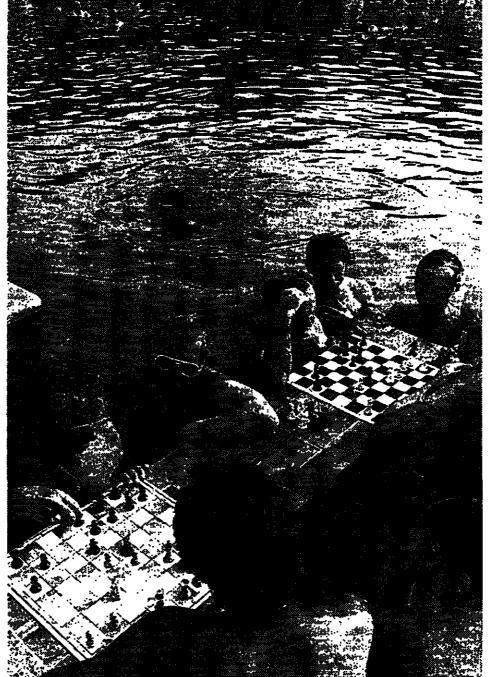
It seemed that the leisurely pace I remembered under the communists had evaporated. The night-long sessions of cards and discussion were no more - luxuries to be discarded under the pressure of coping with the new system. Most people are now busy struggling to make ends meet, or immersed in the engaging new sport of making a fast

I had last met one friend, a striking Transylvanian girl, when we rattled through Romania in a battered Trabant delivering the highly illegal Hungarian books. If we had been caught, I would have been expelled, but she faced the possibility of a long prison sentence with admirable equa-

Now the Trabant has been replaced by a Golf and she is a partner in a highly successful chain of small boutiques. "My dear", she said, puffing on her king-size cigarette, "we really have to move with the times". Not everything has changed.

Hot springs still boil out of the Buda cliffs overlooking the Danube where for centuries numerous invaders from east and west washed off the mud of their journeys in piping hot mineral-rich waters.

My favourite, the Rudas baths, was gratifyingly gloomy and untouched since my last visit. Inside the domed stone building, built by the Turks 400 years ago, pot-bellied Hungar-



Your move: chess players in the warm waters of the Szechenyi baths in Budanes

wallowed contentedly while shafts of sunlight filtered through the steam from starshaped blue glass lights.

The same masseur still made the usual conversation about English football teams, but when I asked him how life had changed under the new system, he became stern. He was paid, he said, only about £80 a month. Inflation was running at about 30 per cent. How could he keep a family under such

conditions? As if he held me personally responsible, the massage was more than usually rough, and as I gingerly eased myself from the table I felt like a spineless capitalist

On the eve of my departure, I finally asked one friend whether there was nothing he missed from the communist years. To my surprise, he looked slightly shame-faced. "You know", he said, "it's

rather like my military service. I hated every minute, yet looking back it was one of the biggest laughs of my life. You knew where you were, where you could kick and how hard. Now . . . well, I think we're all a

■ Nick Haslam flew to Budapest c/o British Airways. For reservations tel: 081-897-4000. Apex return fares from London Heathrow start at £268.

SPECIAL INTEREST

A week's cruise on the Nile

followed by a week or two in Mombasa or Safari, the perfect combination

Snapshot/Tibet Mobbed by many monks

HEN I flew into Lhasa's airport the Chinese at passport check barked at me to take off my sun-glasses. Knowing that you have done nothing wrong is no solace when confronted by Chinese officialdom. With a shaking hand I removed my glasses and was subjected to some harsh stares before being allowed to pass.
Since the Chinese invaded

Tibet in 1959 they have tried to wipe out Tibetan culture. They call Tibet the "Treasure House," and have denuded its forests and strip-mined its land. It is hard to know who the Chinese think they are fooling with their attempts to whitewash their horrific deeds. There is now a massive programme of reconstruction in Lhasa: temples are being rebuilt and young Tibetans are being encouraged to become

But this is only for the tourists. The Chinese need foreign currency and they have real-ised that foreigners will only go to Tibet if monasteries and monks are on the itinerary. Arriving by aircraft pre-

pares you for Tibet's bleak but beautiful landscape of arid brown mountains and burning azure lakes, but not for the razor-thin air.

I gasped my way on to the bus, but was soon transfixed by everything we passed. Yaks are the only mammals, apart from man, which can live at high altitudes for extended periods, and as we drove the 90 kilometres into Lhasa, I saw yak dung used for houses, yak skin for boats, and yaks sporting red ribbons working in the barley fields.

Chinese government policy ensures that there are now more Chinese in Lhasa than there are Tibetans, which perhaps explains why the military presence, although obvi-ous, was low key; unfortunately, it takes little for the army to start shooting

Why should the peace-loving Buddhist Tibetans be subjected to continual Chinese bombardment? This was the question which nagged me during my short stay.

This was nowhere more perplexing than in the grubby face of a child, who, bundled up on its mother's back, had come on a pilgrimage from the far reaches of Tibet and was being taken round the Drepung Monastery to worship and light butter lamps at each of the many different shrines. What kind of future could this child expect?

Packs of wild dogs guard the entrance to Drepung. It is said that the dogs are reincarna-tions of mouks, something which our Tibetan guide dis-missed as myth, but certainly each monastery has many fewer monks than in the past Drepung now has 400 monks against the original 10,000.

The lined faces of the elderly monks have experienced so much hardship, yet they remain proud and eager to show off their monastery. I was mobbed by about 30 of the younger monks. Inside pil-grims leave white scarves and money and prostrate themselves before the shrines.

Of the 1,000 rooms in the Potala, I was allowed to visit only six. The Potala was used as the winter palace by the Dalai Lamas, and - contrary to what I had been told there were many photographs of the present Dalai Lama both here and throughout Lhasa.

The Jokhang Temple, in the heart of town, was almost destroyed in the Cultural Revolution. It is being thoroughly restored, but if the Chinese think they are restoring it only as a museum to attract foreigners, they are mistaken. I was moved by the religious feelings of the pilgrims, who often spend months travelling to Lhasa and who fill the courtyard with their prostrate bodies. Prayer is a quietly powerful act of resistance: how it must madden the Chinese to have it around them

Sarah Anderson

Snapshot/Sherkin Island Pirate tales from Ireland

S WE stepped onto the pier and turned to watch the boat . chug away on its 10minute journey back to Baltimore, I felt marooned. The feeling became more acute when I noticed that most of the dozen or so passengers who had accompanied us on the ferry

had vanished. The Baltimore we had left is the one on the south-west coast of County Cork, not its illustrious namesake in Maryland, which it resembles not at all. Ireland's Baltimore is a picturesque little port at the end of a cul-de-sac from Skibereen. It was never designed with the car in mind, much less the tourist coach, and makes no concessions to either.

Access and parking are restricted only by the volume of traffic present, so that on a busy day it may take as long as 30 minutes to enter or leave the village. The shops, bars, restaurants and houses, painted in brilliant colours, have been squeezed against the harbour by the surrounding hills, and have bulged up the slopes and out onto the coastal cliffs.

There is one notable American connection, however, though it may well be apocryphal. President George Bush claims that his ancestors came from here, and while this is treated with some scepticism in political circles, the surname Bushe has been common in the area for several genera-

We had parked the car, with some difficulty, and taken the first ferry of the day to Sherkin Island. Other ferries would be making the short crossing roughly every two hours until 9pm. The infrequency of trips, together with the fact than the ferries cannot carry more than about 15 passengers, restrict the number of visitors to the island. We were looking forward to a quiet, relaxing day.

Sherkin Island is about three miles long by a mile wide and lies only just off the mainland, but it feels like the last outpost. It rises above the Atlantic in a series of cliffs which act as a bulwark between Baltimore harbour and the southerly

Constant battering by the sea has hollowed caves out of the rock, and sculpted deep coves, so that in places the island narrows to no more than a few hundred yards. Horseshoe Harbour, Kinish Harbour, West Bay - the names sound as though plucked from a boys' adventure story.

Indeed, piracy was once a major industry here, providing the wealth of the powerful O'Driscoll clan, which ruled more than 1,000 square miles of west Cork during Elizabethan times. Dunna Long castle. on the northern peninsula of Sherkin, was one of nine built around Baltimore and the nearby islands by the O'Dris-

In 1537 the castle was destroyed during an invasion of the island by men from Waterford, in response to the seizure of one of their ships that had sought shelter in Baltimore harbour. Also sacked was the Franciscan abbey, the ruins of which stand on a slight rise above the pier.

We strolled along the narrow road in the direction of the sandy beaches of West Harbour, passing slopes of dense shrubbery, heather and bracken, and along the shore of Kinish Harbour, fringed with bladder wrack. Two girls, also passengers on the ferry, walked ahead of us. A woman stood on a ladder, painting a house. There was no other sign of human activity.

After 30 minutes, we reached the beaches. Small, sandy and rimmed by low cliffs, they were deserted, and lapped by clear green water. Only the peninsulas of Kerry and Cork, and the tiny islets known as Carbery's Hundred, lie farther west into the Gulf stream. The largest of these, Cape Clear, hung above the sea, its head en in the morning haze.

Throughout the afternoon, small groups joined us on the beach, each arrival signifying another ferry trip from Baltimore. At no time, however, were there more than a few

There was no rowdiness or vulgarity here, only the soft sounds of well-behaved people enjoying a desert island beach, the beauty of which would rival anything in the Mediter-ranean. It is unlikely that Sherkin will ever be any different.

Anthony Toole

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Try Cyprus

PROPERTY

HY DO the British love Georgian? Was the 18th century special, as the estate agents and Prince Charles demand we believe (despite many houses of that age having been jerry-built?) Or is it a desire that shows more about 20th century yearnings than the buildings themselves?

These questions are pertinent. Fine Georgian houses are on the market. And the crisis of national identity, that has been worsening steadily since the first world war and is now acute, bestows a powerful appeal on the rational, confident certainty of 18th century architecture.

Georgian was not always popular. The Victorians had little time for it. With their pin-nacled, neo-Gothic buildings, they strained to reflect their prowess in technology and trade while also leading the conscience towards God. The symbolise, in buildings that looked like medieval churches. a culture that dispensed the same justice in Bombay as in the Strand.

In the universal loss of faith of the 20th century, this Victorian power play of crockets, pinnacles and polychrome brickwork looked dangerous. Sensible Georgian came back to fashion, and the Georgian Group was founded in 1937 to ensure that it was looked after.

With Georgian, large and well-lit rooms leave no space for private scheming and fantasies. Life is in public. You know where you are, and how you relate to everybody else. The Georgian drawing room is a microcosm of an ordered world. No wonder the British

In the 17th century, Inigo Jones propounded the ideas of a 16th century Italian, Andrea Palladio, who wrote of the need for great men to have grand country houses in which to rest and recover from the city's roar - and built them. Palladio's so-called villas in the Veneto are metropolitan splendour and classical style transposed to the country and mar-ried to a barn, as they all live

But the English civil war, and the arrival of Dutch styles with William and Mary, stopped the clock on British Palladianism until disorder ceased in the 18th century. Then the British invested with gusto in grand buildings in the



Georgian's enduring appeal

Gerald Cadogan looks at the continuing demand for houses with that classical touch

country, transforming swathes of landscape, moving villages for lakes, decking the houses with pictures and furniture bought on the grand tour, importing Italian plasterers, and commissioning a galaxy of brilliant architects to create the nation's stately homes.

Georgian today has an aura of pre-Industrial Revolution nostalgia, when all knew their place. That combines with the clean lines of rooms designed to make the English (who have shyness problems the Irish, Scots and Welsh do not) lose their inhibitions and start to behave as public people. (The roots of Georgian are, after all, in the Mediterranean). And it carries memories of classical education

So, people want Georgian. It is the paradigm of the civilised. ordered life, uncluttered by the demands of religious supersti-tion (in which they do not believe now and hardly did in the 18th century). Live in a Georgian house and you are breathing a better lifestyle. Even in the recession, Geor-

gian sells, beating its guide prices. The splendid Old Rectory at Amersham, Buckinghamshire, has just gone for more than Ilm and the Grade I-listed Ven. near Sherborne. Dorset, for over £1.1m (both through Knight Frank & Rutley). At the easier guide price of £475,000, Lane Fox (0285-653101) offers Brook House in Painswick, between Cirencester and Cheltenham, a 17th century house lurking behind a Georgian front - as many apparently Georgian houses turn out to be. (You hit

your head on the beams in the

Buy Georgian in Hampshire and you are close to where Jane Austen lived. James Harris (0962-841-842) has several attractive houses near Winchester and Petersfield, well placed for getting to London by

A few miles from Lady Thatcher's Lincolnshire birthplace of Grantham, the £210,000 guide price for the substantial George IV old rectory at Great Ponton is far cheaper than it would be in the south-east. Carter Jonas (0733-68100) is the agent and hunting is with the A century older is the old

rectory at Otterden, Kent, where the porch and gables still show Dutch influence. With four acres of serious gardens, it is being offered by Strutt & Parker (0227-451-123) Brockhampton House in Her-efordshire, built in 1765 and listed Grade II, is an unusual opportunity. The red brick house and gardens, including a secret grotto, have a lease run-

owns the estate). Thomas Farnolls Pritchard, best known for designing the Iron Bridge at Coalbrookdale, near Telford, Shropshire, was the architect. He put in rich ceilings and fireplaces and the designs include an emblem with a sheet of music including the then newly-written national anthem. The whole house has been restored in a way that matches its patriotic

ning to 2083. (The freeholder is

the National Trust, which

and comfortable heritage. The asking price is £550,000 from Andrew Grant (0905-24477), or try the agent's two other substantial brick houses: Kyrewood House at Tenbury Wells and Morton

Going north produces two important houses. One is the 1720-1840 Rusland Hall in Cumbria, which has permission for conversion to a country house hotel - an unlikely event' at present, probably, but there are Il bedrooms and eight bathrooms - and is offered by Cluttons (0228-74792) at more than £850,000.

Scotstoun near Peebles, Scotland, is a most handsome late-18th century house with a classic, pedimented facade. The painted centrepiece of crossed wheat sheafs on the library ceiling depicts "harvest." This epitome of food, learning and wealth, with 125 acres of parks and woods, is on offer at over £650,000 from Knight Frank & Rutley (031-225-7105).

for the good life

island, where the roddess of love rose from the waves. is an easy, welcoming place to live. Everybody in Cyprus knows some English – and has relatives in north London. Food is good and cheap. The grazer's delight is the multi-course meze. This friendly affair for two or more people starts with pickled caper plants, wild greens and other tidbits and continues through fish and stews to a

large grill. Cypriot vegetables and fruit are heavenly. As they grow so fast, they are both hig and tender. (In Paphos, do not miss

The World Service's signature tupe of *Lullibolero* floats around Cyprus. transmitter for the Middle **East is between Larnaca and** Limassol. And there is the forces' BFBS station.

The Cyprus Weekly, a lively Daily Mail-style newspaper, complements the country's news with full accounts of expatriate events. The daily paper is the *Cyprus Mail*, and TV has English and Turkish ulletins as well as Greek.

Barclays bank has branches in Cyprus and the Cypriot banks have branches in England, so it is easy to send in money. Cheques are accepted with an ease long disappeared in Britain. (But f you pass a dud, the police will find you quickly).

Driving has much the same rules as in Britain, including a breath test. The new toll-free otorways make it easy to get around, and there is an excellent system of inter-city munal taxis. The taxi, a large Mercedes, goes round the town to collect na and drives them at breathless speed down the motorway, dropping them off at the other

Much business is done in

English and much of daily life is familiar. Electricity works with square-ended three-point plugs on the same voltage as

the UK. The water is safe – and this year has been plentiful – and there is good bottled water. Usually, you cook using bottled gas. The village shops get daily deliveries of bread and milk

Cyprus brews two beers, Carlsberg lager and Keo, which tastes like English beer.

> But don't pass dud cheques, warns Gerald Cadogan

There are good wines and plenty of brandy. Mix it with lemon squash or fresh lemon juice (better) and soda water and a dash of bitters to make a brandy sour. Filfar is an orange liqueur similar to Curação. All liquor is very

Flights to and from Cyprus usually are packed. Make sure to reconfirm and turn up early. Charter flights have more restrictions than in Greece or Spain, with the result that Cyprus welcomes a more solid type of British tourist than those delivered with their flying beer cans to other countries. The young may be questioned hard at immigration if they look as if they do not have enough

If you have difficulty getting seats, go to a Cypriot travel agent. He knows the rope: as most of his clients will be Cypriot-Britons returning for holidays to their former he If you fly on Cyprus Airways, you will know you are on the right aircraft when you hear the stewardes: peaking Greek with a north London accent.

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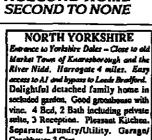
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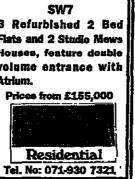
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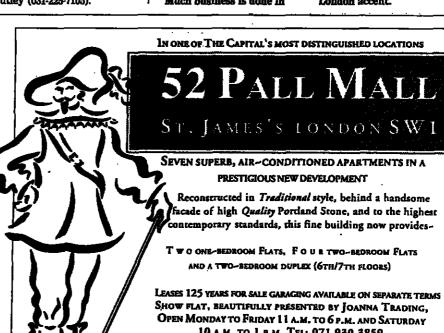
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one innocent pot-plant becomes a

wide. I buried mine in long grass

but it is equal to the fight. It might

make an alternative ground-cover

wherever you are bothered with

These weeds, and others, cost

good money, forcing us to wonder when a weed becomes a weed, not a

garden plant. I used to rally to the

GARDENING

have already declared the season at an end: non-gardeners are thankful that they never let it start; in my garden, it never seems to stop. My strategy for the winter is simple: start early, and remain bent double until the rain stops play. Recently, I have swung back in favour of winter planting, because plants can be bought in winter from the open ground, not the misleading shelter of a polythene tunnel. Besides planting, there is so much to invent or alter that unless I start now, it will never stop.

As in life, so in the garden, the

worst problems are of one's own making. Four years ago, I set out with virgin soil on which nothing was growing except some harmless lawn turf. I made new borders; the mood was adventurous; optimism still ran high. Surely there were

Weeds in pots at £2 a time (each)

When does a plant become a weed? When Robin Lane Fox decides to poison, burn or uproot it

alogues which Weekend FT readers would love to try in the 1990s? Winners indeed there were, particularly among smaller plants like campanu-las (I recommend Tymonsii) and the lesser-known varieties of roses bred in the 1950s (Mme Louis Laperriere

is still in flower, a strong, deep red). Naturally there were also losers, not least the soft penstemons which died en masse in the first sharp frost after I had praised them to the skies. There were also plants which I had not expected: space invaders. whose habits were utterly unmanageable. As a result, I am in an embarrassing position: I have bought my own invasive weeds.

Why do nurserymen not give us more warning? Their descriptions are seductive and I have fallen for them, from Verbena Gravetye Gem with a haze of violet flowers in late summer to Achillea Perrys White which is said to be so much better than the well-known form called The Pearl Both of them run so badly that they have had to be poisoned. So, in places, has a Geranium called Thurstonianum, a rose bay willow herb with fragile white flowers, a variegated groundholder which lost its variegation and an awful little celandine with a well-deserved name of Brazen Hussy. Why did I allow these invaders on

to the place? Some of them were of my childhood tried to deter readpresents. In the first year, they flourished. In the second year they ran wild and have been a menace ever since. Before you buy an unknown performer, be certain that it is not a weed. If in doubt, ask. Remember that a high price is no guarantee of quality.

In many lists you will find a Korean Campanula called Takesimana. Nurserymen praise the beauty of its spotted flowers, nobody explains that it runs wild like Ladies Mantle, perhaps because many of them sell Ladies Mantle too, at £1.80 a plant. Admittedly, Campanula Rapunculoides is even worse. All the books

ers from trying it, and so I bought one, just to be sure. It cost about £2 and after six weeks had developed white roots like fangs and had to be burnt before it started jungle

I suspect that many nurserymen do not know what some of their plants will do when mature. We all went wild for the white-flowered Lavatera Barnsley before anyone explained that it had space-invasive qualities: surely the first suppliers knew? I have developed my own suspicions: never trust unknown oapwort, and above all avoid any logues call them rumex which may conceal their habit. Three years ago, I bought an attractive dock in the pot because it

had silver leaves like shields. At the time, even The Plant Finder hesitated about its existence: might Rumex Scutatus be the Weekend FT find of the year. Once again, it is a weed in disguise: if you see it, curse it because it seeds and worst of all, puts out roots which are so fragile that you

everywhere; rust-coloured flowers

old liberal definition, that a weed was a plant in the wrong place. It now seems to me to be a wet, soggy definition. Weeds are invaders with takeover tendencies which have to be fought to be controlled. Whoever defined an enemy as a soldier in the wrong place? Toughening my tacare never rid of them entirely. The tics, I am beginning this season of young leaf looks enchanting but like some fatal beauty, the plant takes over your life. Stems sprawl re-arrangement in a pugnacious

way. I am starting by poisoning plants which I bought less than five

The comprehensive guide to Jekyll and her genius

ago, Gertrude Jekyll was just emerging on the garden scene design and, in particular, on the use of plants in gardens. Today, her influence seems as available again and new works on her life and her place in garden history are being pro-

The latest of these, The Gar dens of Gertrude Jekyll (Frances Lincoln, 220), is by Richard Bisgrove, a lecturer at Reading University, near Londesign. It is the most comprehensive study I have seen of the garden-making ideas of

this astonishingly prolific lady. Something like 2,000 of her plans are stored in the library of the University of California at Berkeley, near San Francisco - all, I think, drawn in black and white. Bisgrove examined the lot and made a selection. He then re-drew them in colour, partly for clarity but also to imbue himself with the logic and feeling for form and colour that combine to make the essential Jekyli

There are not, I think, any

their owners, but a number have been restored and there are also Jekyll's own photographs to show what some of

them looked like. Because she was associated closely with William Robinson, a gardening writer and editor for whom she worked extensively, it has been assumed that the two of them had similar ideas about garden-making, but this is not really so. Her

chapter headings. There is one on garden-making as a whole; this looks especially at Jekyll's painterly vision, for she was also an accomplished artist. Weak eyesight was one reason she gave this up.

A second chapter, which includes several gardens in America, is used to reveal the great diversity of her styles. There is no such thing as a single simple Jekyll garden but

always a feeling for the special

recently restored garden of the

Manor House, Upton Grey, Hampshire, and four other gar-

dens to highlight Jekyll's use

Manor House this past summer

and found it deeply interesting for its division into two sec-

tions that are entirely different

On one side of the house,

there is a garden of flowing lines and a Robinsonian type of

natural garden-making. On the other is a much more regular

needs of the site in question. A third chapter includes the

Arthur Hellver praises a new book on the designer who made history

vision was wider than his and she never ruled out formality ding-out plants to maintain col-

our in the garden.
Some of her best planting schemes are for the gardens which the architect Sir Edwin Lutyens was accustomed to design for the many fine houses he planned, most especially during the early years of the century. Most of these gardens were essentially formal in

In this book, for the sake of clarity, the gardens have been divided into fairly arbitrary retaining walls planted freely and with careful colour contrasts. There is also a long pergola as a central feature. This garden is open to the

public occasionally for charity and so can be used as a living guide to two of Miss Jekyll's methods of garden-making, for here she was on her own without guidance from Lutyens or anyone else.

There is a chapter on formal gardens which includes Hestercombe, a very fine Lutyens garden. It has been restored faithfully by the Somersetshire fire brigade, which uses the place as its headquarters. The massive stone-pillared pergola here is very typical of the Lut-yens-Jekyll partnership. The garden is full of delightful detail including an entirely formal parterre of beds in the cen-tre, planted with bergenias and other Jekyll favourite perenni-

Other chapters deal with Shrubs, Wild Gardens, Steps and Walls, Sun and Shade and with Jekyll's favourite plants. In all of these, Bisgrove proves himself a perceptive guide.

This is a book that can be read cover to cover - but one to which people will refer time and again over the years.



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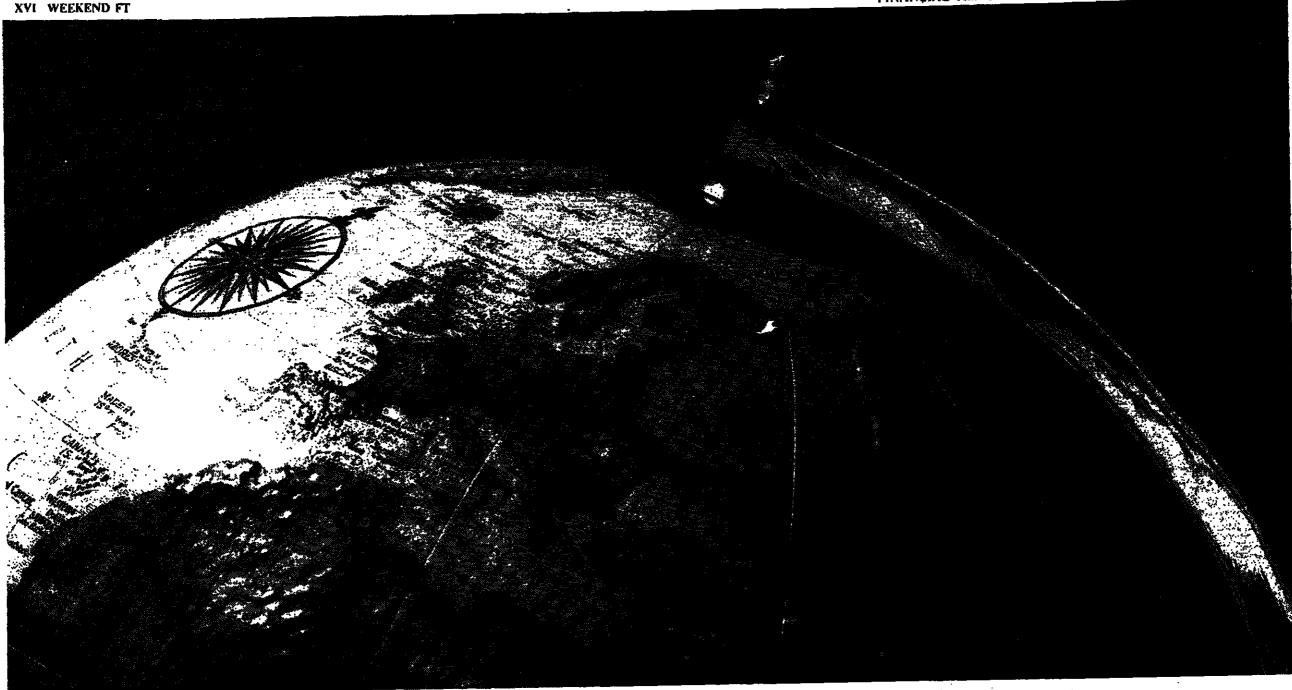
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Europe bows to Japanese

Stuart Marshall predicts a first in the Car of the Year voting

OR THE first time, it looks odds-on that Europe's Car of the Year will be Japanese. The jury s out and the verdict will be delivered next week. But I am confident of my forecast unless more than usual of the 59 motoring journalists involved vote nationalistically or perversely - and some always do just that.

One look at the list of eligible vehicles is enough to prove my point. There are 15 entrants, but only 12 com-pletely different cars if you accept that the Mazda 626 and MX6, Mitsubishi Colt and Lancer, and Mitsubishi Space Runner and Space Wagon are variations on themes rather than separate entities. Only three of the 12 - the Alfa 155.

Fiat Cinquecento and Renault tory will be Anglo-Japanese Safrane - are completely European products.

The two likeliest winners, the Nissan Micra and Toyota Carina E, have Japanese names but were created mainly for European buyers. They are being made in Britain. Micras come from the plant at Washington, County Durham, which for five years has been supplying Europe with Bluebirds and,

more recently, Primeras. The Carina E (the E stands for Excellence in Europe) will be rolling off the assembly tracks at Burnaston, Derbyshire, by January but its engines are being produced already at Shotton, north Wales; some are being exported to Japan. So if, as I predict, the Micra and Carina E become

rather than purely Japanese. First, though, a look at the runners as they parade in the

The Alfa 155, a four-door saloon with front-wheel drive and a Twin Spark four-cylinder or V6 engine, is a pleasant car with sporting overtones but not in the running for the

More of the jury's votes embers have 25 each) will go to the Fiat Cinquecento, due in Britain early next year. Com-pared with Japanese microcars, it is simple and low-tech. But it is small, cheap and economical. Jurors with an eye on the environment will favour it. The medium-large Renault Safrane is the Renault 25 replacement: it arrives in

Britain in January. Its comfort

will appeal to many a business user but it is hardly a Car of the Year.

The Micra should win because it brings business car standards of refinement to the runabout-cum-small family car segment. It can be had with power steering, ABS brakes, air-conditioning, and an advanced form of automatic transmission.

The Carina E should be close behind, not least because it raises quality standards in the 1.6 to two-litre family-cum-fleet class to new heights. (Toyota's Camry and Lexus did the same for the middle and top management segments). The latest Corolla also brings

similar executive-class refinement to the mainly retail buyers of small/medium cars. The 2.1-litre, 185-horsepower

British-built Micra. Will it make Nissan the first Japanese marque to become European Car of the Year?

Honda Prelude high performance coupé is being touted as Europe's safest car. It has driver and passenger airbags and four-wheel steering and might appeal to buyers who lust after, but cannot afford, a Mercedes-Benz SL.

Honda's CRX two-seater has a neat hardtop which stows

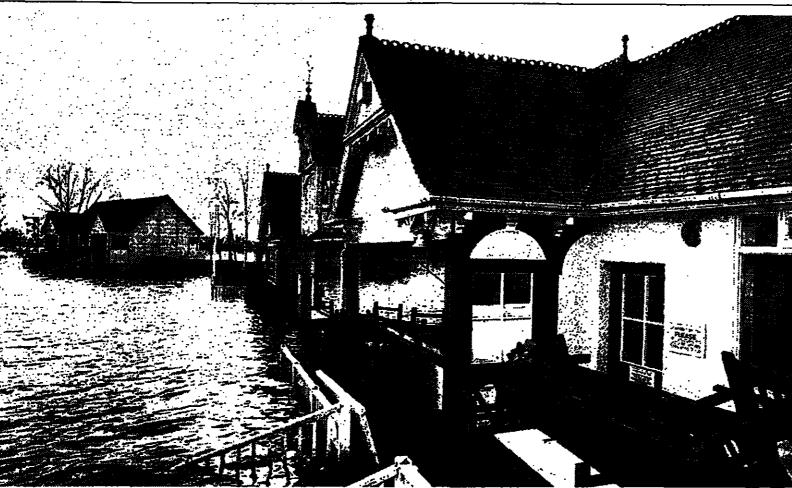
under the boot lid. It is a civilised and entertaining sports car for the 1990s. The sleekly-styled Mazda 626 MX6 coupe and Xedos models

may pick up votes because they feature some of the smallest V6 engines in production.
The Mitsubishi Colt and Lancer are two more examples

small and small/medium Jana nese cars. The Mitsubishi Space Runner and Space Wagon are multi-purpose vehicles costing no more than typical family hatchbacks. All are good, but not Car of the Were I making a book on the

4-5 Nissan Micra; evens Toyota Carina E; 3-1 Honda Prelude and CRX, Toyota Corolla; 5-1 Fiat Cinquecento and Renault Safrane; 7-1 Mazda 626; 10-1 Mazda MX6 and Xedos; 12-1 Mitsubishi Space Runner and Space Wagon; 20-1 Mitsubshi Colt and Lancer, 50-1 Alfa 155.

result, I would offer these odds:



Autumn in summer's realms

HAVE always thought November is a dismal month; dark early, cold all day, harbinger of a long, bleak winter without any cricket.

The county cricket staff who work all year round chat cheerfully about the players and summertime staff, with just a whill of moral superiority. Not for the all-year-round brigade the soft options of migration or hibernation when the cold weather bites.

"Oh, we're a hive of industry," boasted Phillip August, Gloucestershire's secretary, when I asked him what the county ground at Bristol was like in November

"We work a bloody sight harder in winter than summer," laughed the Rev Michael Vockins, secretary of Worces-

The Headingley style was more dour. It was raining in Yorkshire. "We're at it 52 weeks a year.' Most players and staff take their holi-

days in late September and early October, when the season is safely over. Then from mid-October until April the non-playing staff come into their own. "It's different sort of work," mused Vockins, with the air of one who enjoys

thinking about his job. "The summer is six months of peaks and troughs, home games and away games. The winter is six months of steady work towards the target of the new sesson. That's why

For groundsmen it is always hard, whatever the season, whatever the weather. It is intrinsic in their job to be battling against nature. Whereas office staff work comfortably, inside, groundsmen start their "rescue work" on the grass as soon as the season is over and keep it up all year round. When I rang Bristol on a bitter November afternoon, their groundsmen were out, working on the square. August described with relish their spiking, trimming, treating, feeding, filling and repairing.

Midlani.

as a public relations executive), Kate Hempstall, gave a more openly sadistic appreciation. "When it's really, really cold or frozen, we let them in," she

chuckled. "They can sew up nets." Surrey are not a typical county because the Oval is a Test as well as county ground. It has four full-time groundstaff, led by Harry Brind, a man of few words, cold knuckles and long experience. But even in small counties the head groundsman often has an assistant, who is usually part-time, often a player looking for winter work. "This is a grim time for players in search of jobs," said August, losing his

good cheer for a moment. It soon

had an assistant coach last year, for the first time," Vockins told me from Worcester, "spreading the word in schools. It was such a success that we're doing it again this year. This year he's a cricket development officer."

Next year a positive cricket person? The only thing as widespread as the jargon polluting cricket's language is the re-building of pavilions. Almost everyone seems to be re-building their pavilions. But it is not called re-building, re-builds and repairs are out of favour. It is called re-shaping, re-fashioning, up-grading or, best of all, "acti-vating the pavilion restoration scheme"

Teresa Mclean makes a November tour of England's county cricket grounds

returned. "We've been trying to get unemployed cricketers to help with jobs - painting, mending seats, fixing fences - that sort of thing."

Surrey's November newsletter includes a list of 20 first and second XI players, with a description of what they are doing this winter. Only two are working their own way through until next spring. Alec Stewart (England). Graham Thorpe (England 'A') and Waqar Younis (Pakistan) are going on tour, to India and Sri Lanka, Australia and the West Indies respectively. Eight others are going overseas, for playing and coaching purposes. Seven are working at cricket schools and leisure centres in the wilds and heartlands of Surrey, from East Moseley to Guildford. Thanks to the tireless efforts of the National Cricket Association and of counties and local sponsors wanting home-grown players, an increasing number of players spend their winter months like these seven, as "cricket

development officers". "With the help of a local sponsor, we

All this pavilion work is partly for the comfort of members and players and partly because modern cricket grounds get a good share of their income from renting out their pavilions in autumn and winter, for use as conference centres and exhibition halls, for wedding receptions, sports club lunches and dinners and a variety of other entertainments. Most county grounds can provide parking and catering for large numbers. All that is then required is a re-fashioned pavilion. That is why the marketing men make good in the cold and dark. The more depressing the weather, the more attractive the pavil-

There are bookings for next season's hospitality boxes, there are health and fitness centres (gyms) and even stretches of open ground on offer. Bristol has a bigger crowd for the huge firework display staged there on Guy Fawkes weekend than for any of its cricket matches.

ions and "sporting social facilities" they

can dangle in front of their customers.

The marketing of counties' off-season attributes is such an intense business that it was quite a relief to return to the determinedly everyday atmosphere of Headingley. Whatever the big financial operations going on, the man who answered the phone only wanted to talk about life in the office where he worked. That is: the preparation of brochures, year books, newsletters, mem-bership forms, diaries and Christmas raffle tickets and, the biggest boost of the non-cricket season so far, the launch of the Sunday League's 1993 technicolour kit in all its nylon glory, with all its mail-order, chat-show mys-

tique. "Quite a thing, that." It was quite a thing at most grounds, where the office staff are the silent perennials whose labours keep firstclass cricket going. The public launch of the new outfits made a change from everyday routine. Nowadays that rou-tine includes the regular tightening up of security. Trouble often amounts to no more than "splashing a bit of paint

around the seats", as at Bristol. At neighbouring Worcester, Vockins spoke almost nostalgically of the bad old days. "Twenty years ago we used to say that all Worcestershire burglars began their careers here." But crime is not what it used to be. "Things are quieter now."

At bigger grounds the problem is bigger and the response tougher. At the Oval, where break-ins are frequent and the new Ken Barrington sports centre | From our feet the land sloped was broken into and looted a few weeks ago, the whole security system is being strengthened. Surrey, like all the coun-ties I contacted, has a fellowship of loyal office staff who mourn their counties' misfortunes, with an eye to an improving future. At the Oval they are already selling tickets for next season's Test Match against the Australians. In the office at Glamorgan they are adept at hoping for the best, or at least for better, next season. Even in Yorkshire, apparently, "you never know."

Golf/John Hopkins

Where I put my elephant's trunk

for boxing. He was the game's first essavist and he remains its best. In The Links of Eiderdown he writes winningly about having to spend a day

confined to bed. Darwin outlines some of the expected joys of such a day before coming to a passage in which he describes how, while lying in bed, he begins to see a series of golf holes formed by the undulations of his eiderdown, what he refers to as his "links of counterpane."

Moreover, he writes: "by undulating himself in bed the patient can in a moment change the contour of the course." He conveys his pleasure at such a discovery and of how he imagines that one such hole resembled a hole at Formby, another the sixth at

Prince's and so on.
In this I hold an edge over Darwin, for so long the unbylined golf correspondent of The Times. To create the feel of no need to retire to bed, as he did, and place a tray with four legs (what he calls a bed-table) on my eiderdown to resemble trees standing in the middle of a fairway. I have done some course design already. A humble green it may be to you. To me, however, it was the whole

cigar and to do it required a trip to Cork in south-west Ireland. The site in question is the Fota island golf course that Peter McEvoy is designing, with help from Christy O'Connor Junior, for London & Edin-burgh Trust. It is built on 300

of the 800 acres on the island. McEvoy was my guide and the man to shoulder all the blame for allowing me near the green in question. I like him. The former Amateur champion has a sense of adventure, an ear for gossip, a nose for a good story. As we tramped over the course he said he had just returned from St Andrews where he had competed in the autumn medal of his club, the Royal & Ancient.

"I met a man there who had played five off the first tee of the Old course. He hit one drive out of bounds right, one out of bounds left. As the first hole has the widest fairway in golf, that is quite an impressive record, isn't it?" mused McEvoy, a grin peeping out from underneath his ginger moustache.

Soon we reached a crest.

gently down and in the distance, limning the course, was the sinuous estuary that led out to the Irish Sea.

"My only regret is that we couldn't get more holes playing downhill" said McEvoy. "With the water in the background it would have looked terrific. However, I walked the course from tee to green and then from green to tee. You have to do that. Designing a golf course is an art not a science. You have to get out there and see what it looks like and feels like under your feet. And having done so I could not think of a way to change my original

routing." We turned and headed to a far corner of the property.

"This is where I need some help" said McEvoy. He pointed at the object of his concern - the green of a par four hole, one of 400 yards

John Hopkins on the delights of designing a lawn with a hole in it

"I have in mind the 15th on the King's course at Gleneagles. I have no objection to a green that slopes away. It is the only one that does on the course. But I am not sure it is right. What do you think?"

I am a minimalist, in music, art and now in course design. happy to follow the words of Alister Mackenzie, who designed Cypress Point and much of Augusta National. which are two pretty impressive courses to be able to put on a curriculum vitae. Mac-kenzie said: "excellence of design is more felt than fully

Unlike A W Tillinghast, the American course designer, who was known for the shape, or lack of it, of his bunkers. I had to concentrate only on the putting surface - and only the back half at that. Still, the moment I saw the green I knew what to do.

This green is big, 6,000 sq ft. and slopes down from front to back by as much as one metre by one estimate. That is too much, I thought at first. I imagined myself, a 14 hand-

capper, hitting a four or five iron second shot that pitched on the front of the putting surface and raced to the back because I did not have the skill to put backspin on the ball, at least not with those sort of clubs. On behalf of mid to high handicap golfers I said I thought that it was a unfair. What should be done about it, McEvoy asked?

There are those who suggest a green is nothing more than a closely mown area with a flagstick stuck in the middle. They would probably say they know why the Mona Lisa is smiling and that Henry Moore's sculp tures are merely pieces of marble hacked about a blt.

To us creative types, on the other hand, a green is a thing of subtlety, a surface of slopes and gradients, of barely visible challenges and screamingly obvious defences.

"A good golf course is like a good piece of music," said Mackenzie. "It is not necessarily a course that appeals the first

time one plays it."
The surface soil on my green was smooth but not flattened to its final preparation and this heightened the impression of a green that was tilted too

severely. "It needs a mound on one side that would break the speed of the ball" I suggested. "Or what about a tier up to the

back half?" McEvoy looked thoughtful. "What we could have is a nose," he said finally. "A nose on a green is a ridge that runs in from the side. It is rather like the trunk of an elephant underneath a blanket."

"That would work," I said, walking to one side of the green and pointing to where I wanted the nose. "If you put it here then it would give you another pin placement behind it and help to stop balls racing

through the green."

McEvoy pondered and then called in Mick, a green shaper of international repute.

"We think this green needs a nose just there," he said. Mick looked with his expert eye. "OK," he said. "I will make a

few passes [with his bulldozer] there after lunch. It will be finished by tea-time. As we walked to the next tee,

I turned and looked at the green. In my eyes it had become a thing of beauty. McE-voy caught a glimpse of me admiring my work. "There you are," he said. "Now you are a golf course designer. We will name it after you." McEvoy made another visit

to Fota Island last week and that evening we spoke on the telephone. He sounded happy. "Your green is looking really good," he reported. "We are very pleased with it. You know what we have decided to call it? Hopkins's Folly."

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Drama of silences

and double-talk

HEN IT appeared last year that the New York Theatre

Workshop's excellent Ameri-

can premiere production of

Caryl Churchill's Mad Forest, despite excellent reviews, several Obic (Off-Broadway) Awards and a sold-out run at the 99-seat Perry Street Theatre, was not going

to find a future life in a larger off-Broad-

way or Broadway theatre, many in New

York's non-profit theatre community were

ready to throw in the towel. Particular

congratulations must be extended, then, to

the Manhattan Theatre Club for its last-

minute rescue of Mad Forest, which is now

playing at the 299-seat City Center Thea-

tre. Mark Wing-Davey's production has

only improved in the transfer. Churchill developed the play, about the

1989 Romanian revolution and its after-

math, through hands on research in

Romania with Wing-Davey and students from London's Central School of Speech

and Drama, of which Wing-Davey was then Artistic Director. He directed the

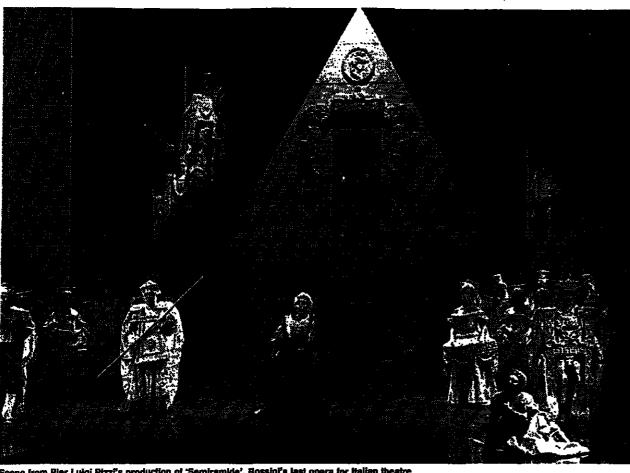
world premiere at the Central School. which transferred to the Royal Court in

Mad Forest communicates the subtleties

and complexities of a political situation through theatrically innovative and exciting means. In the play's silences, double-talk and misinformation, Churchill

skillfully merges form and content by making language as undependable and

indeterminate to the audience as it was to



Jenice celebrates Rossini

William Weaver reviews 'Semiramide' at the Fenice

arrived in Venice in December of 1822, the city's La Fenice was 30 years old and so was Rossini. This year. while theatres all over the world are celebrating the bicentenary of the composer, Venice has been enjoying a double festivity, commemorating its own 200 years of musi-

The Fenice has chosen to recall its illustrious past by presenting works that were commissioned by the house or that had their world premieres there: Rigoletto and The Turn of the Screw were heard earlier this year. La traviata is coming in March. Now, as the two celebrations merge, Rossini's Semiramide, completed in Venice and given at the Fenice on February 3, 1823, is enjoying a successful run.

After that first Semiramide Rossini and his wife Isabella Colbran - who created the title role - left for Paris, and the composer never wrote for an Italian theatre again. The present revival was delayed by strikes, the opera's production suffered some anticipatory

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of the discontent was the resignation of the artistic director John Fisher. Finally, however, this Semiramide has opened, to a capacity house; and the per-formance - four hours including one interval - was greeted by enthusiastic applause.

summer learned, an uncut per-formance of the opera can be so gripping that the time passes unheeded. For his, surely unconscious, farewell to Italian theatre, Rossini produced one of his richest, most generous scores, an irresistible torrent of musical invention with golden opportunities for the singers and for the orchestra. Producer and designer was Pier Luigi Pizzi; the production was not new, but about a dozen years old. Pizzi, however, came to Venice to restage and revise it; and, in the event, it did not seem worn or tired. It seemed, however, perhaps dated. Its chilly, ice-cream white neo-classicism in many respects handsome and monumental (including a pyramid tomb echoing Canova), warred with the empassioned intensity of the music. The kabuki-like anti-reality of the staging - singers' faces

the audience from the pur-posely extended apron of the stage or even from two runways bridging the orchestra pit. Some of the chorus, in 19th century dress, were seated in armchairs at either side of the apron, others arrayed in stiff As visitors to Pesaro last costumes like chessmen.

It was a completely coherent view of the opera and, on its own terms, successful; but the music kept contradicting it. Mariella Devia, who sang the title role, has sometimes been criticised for being more of a singer than an actress. Her Semiramide was a convincing contradiction of this received opinion. Despite an unbecoming coiffure, she looked both regal and human; the singing even in the most complex coloratura - was never uncharacterised. In the two

grand scenes with Arsace she was, first, tender and womanly and, finally, tragic. As would have been expected, she per-formed the opera's most famous aria, "Bel raggio", with impeccable technique and aling tone. Her Arsace was to have been Marilyn Horne, whose indispo-

sition led to her being replaced, for the first two pertralto Ewa Podles (later the Irish mezzo Patricia Bardon will take over). Physically, the veteran Podles suggests the late Ebe Stignani; but vocally she has very much a personality of her own. The lower voice

is big and resonant, and she can move up to the head voice virtually seamlessly; and coloratura obviously represents no problem for her. She was an excellent partner for Devia, and also a strong interpreter on her own. Despite her matronly figure, she made a convincing warrior, moving with ease and purpose, and acting – above all – with her flexible, multicoloured voice.

The tenor Luca Canonici was miscast as Idreno: as Assur. the young bass Carlo Colombara also had only a shaky grasp of Rossinian style, and in the higher passages, the voice sounded strained. But it is an attractive voice, and as the evening progressed, Colombara seemed to gain confidence. The smaller parts were acceptably filled. Henry Lewis, the conductor, offered a patchy read-ing of the overture. When it came to accompanying the singers, he was more at home. The chorus and orchestra were not always perfectly synchron-ised, but, all in all, the performance moved readily, comfort-

ably, never sagging.

The production could hardly have been more different from the Pesaro Festival's, so dark or from the traditional Sequi staging for Joan Sutherland in the late 1960's, but it won the audience and even for the hardened opera-goer, it provided not just pleasure, but abundant food for thought.

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Kings of the blues

T IS an inspired idea – inspired as much by selective ticket buying among today's pop audience as creative synergy - to present these two great Blues men on the same bill. If BB is the acknowledged King of the Blues, Cray is everyone's choice as the Crown Prince. They also provide wonderfully easy critical contrasts. BB, a giant of a man, comes on stage like a pink brocaded marquee, while Cray just rolls up his shirt sleeves. His years on the cabaret circuit have given BB a glib, reach out and touch, show biz act. He demands communal responses from the audience; he has a straight man who hauls him back for manipulated encores; at the final finale he distributes trinkets to the front row fans. Cray, in contrast, has the personality of a Prime

And their approach to the blues also rings the changes. At 67 BB is not playing for fame. He delicately, lazily, inter-weaves his guitar into the noisy boisterous back-ing of his troupe of lively old stagers. It is unsubtle stuff, harking back to the swing bands on the Chicago club circuit, forced to play above raucous winers and diners. Cray in contrast, with a very impressive band, does the business with conservatoire precision. His spare, unadorned, discrete playing is a triumph for old fashloned musical virtues as against the computer tech that is overwhelming pop.

Yet BB is somehow more enjoyable. He seems to visit the UK as frequently as Atlantic depressions and sometimes gives short shrift. At Hammersmith he took up Cray's challenge and devoted at least 15 minutes to a recreation of the old Mem-phis days of the 1940s, sitting and crooning the blues, including the classic "The thrill

is gone", as if they mattered.

Despite the black tie and tuxedo dressing it somehow got closer to the pain of the blues than Cray's more soulful contemporary confessions of love and betrayal in the adultery belt. Cray has rescued the blues from oblivion by letting them sing the message of broken relationships among the socially mobile but he misses out on the humour and earthy authentic ity which BB still recalls after almost half a century of chicken-in-the-basket dinners.

HIS has been Euro-

pean Drug Prevention Week, and naturally

most attention to it

has been paid by the channels

has the sensible idea in its

not instant advice but a hel-

Radio 5 took a different line,

and offered on Thursday a con-

faint background of pop, came

a stream of admissions by

young people of what they had done, how it made them feel,

where they did it. About one

school child in 10 is reckoned

to try a sniff. Mums and dads spoke of their trouble in spot-

ting anything, experts told

which solvents were used,

where they were likely to be found, and what they did to

you. The same helpline num-

Marin Sorescu's Vlad the

Impaler (Radio 3, Sunday)

shows the author as a sort of

HE MEZZO Cynthia

Clarey has been sing-ing the role of Serena

to much acclaim in

Covent Garden's staging of

Porgy and Bess. But her appearance in the Purcell

Room on Wednesday in the

South Bank's Song Series was

not quite the exhilarating expe-

rience one had hoped to hear

-- splendid in parts, yet dutiful

The programming seemed

obviously to demonstrate Ms

Clarey's versatility yet man-

aged to submerge her engaging

personality in the process. The highlights were almost all con-

fined to the second, American half of the evening - a group of four spirituals, a Sondheim

encore and especially six of

Copland's settings of Emily

Here she was able to relax a

little, and allow her singing to

blossom, her tone to acquire

many more interesting lights

and tints, using a parlando

edge to some of her phrases

Dickinson.

culated; it was designed

and prosaic in others.

ber was given.

telephone account.

Antony Thorncroft

Hammersmith Odeon

Radio/B.A. Young Snuffed out

with most young listeners, Radio 1 and Radio 5. Radio 1 social programmes of taking its mini-Brecht. Impaling is already en vogue when the piece begins, and the action is listeners by surprise. Solventsniffers may find their prolargely seen, or anyway dis-cussed, by two of Prince Vlad's grammes unexpectedly interrupted by voices talking about their problem. What follows is victims, a Romanian and a Turk, on neighbouring stakes. pline number. Calls are not Quasi-historic events are a and the conquest of Romania by the Turks, who sell Vlad to the Hungarians. He escapes tinuous, dramatic programme called Who Dares? Against a and returns to Romania, where the two impalees reckon from their stakes that everything is

the same only different. Within this pattern, Vlad, sharply played by John Hurt, displays his politics, clearly ting Ceausescu's. Impaling is for the people's benefit. Tradesmen all want something for nothing, and the land is full of beggars, what better than to lock them all in a church and burn them? In the end. Vlad. back in charge, is thought to be "the prince of darkness"; or else as "the light of Romania".

At the close she was projecting

herself with more directness than at any other time; more

Americana, perhaps the whole

of the Copland set, should have

been prescribed beforehand. Instead Ms Clarey had

laboured through heavyweight

German song, always cautious

and only intermittently spark-

ing into dramatic life. Haydn's

cantata Arianna a Naros is

always a dogged thing with

which to begin an evening, and

even her accompanist, the usu-

ally creative Iain Burnside, made heavy weather of his contribution. There was a hint

of theatricality in the final aria, and flair and dashing enjoyment in "Hexenlied", the

second of two Mendelssohn

songs. But in Schumann's

Frauenliebe und Leben every-

thing was damped down again,

safety was the watchword and

one longed for her to abandon

Andrew Clements

caution and just to sing.

Perplexed by his inability to work things out, he impales

garita, which on Saturday played the second of the four The Official London Theatre Guide ADELPHI, The Street I Tel 871-884-7411 Me and My Girl Tebe Charleg Cross Priose£13-227-50 Toky4.430900 ALPERYSEMENTE'S Line Televi, 1467, 1419 Hay Fewer Franchov 24 Pale Habers Friend'S CHUS TOSM AND

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the Romanian people under Ceaucescu. The smashing of an egg conveys all the anger and misunderstanding of a family torn apart by political strife, and one oblique scene of blackmail belies a world of suspiciousness and dishonesty. Wing-Davey's production is a masterwork of understatement; Mary Mara, Mary Schultz, and Christopher McCann stand out among the fine 11-player ensemble.
Wing-Davey, set and costume designer
Marina Draghici and lighting designer

Christopher Akerlind have not only retained the claustrophobic intensity of the Perry Street Theatre production but added new levels of meaning in their use of the whole theatre as their playing area. Performers enter through the theatre and deliver many of the Romanian/English phrasebook translations which precede each scene from the aisles, lit by exposed bulbs over their heads, drawing the audience into the play.

Akerlind uses the metaphoric potential of light and darkness to its fullest, as when, in an otherwise dimly lit food line, the blond head of young revolutionary Radu (Jake Weber) is caught in a shaft of light and glows seraphically as he whispers "Down with Ceausescu." Draghici's set of dark, nubbled walls which swing and slide unexpectedly to reveal gilt-laden murals, furthers the play's themes of unreliable appearances and layered truths.

Karen Fricker



himself, significantly between the two thieves - but "I'll be back," he says. Richard Crane's translation

includes some awful jokes, like confusing "stakes" and "steaks". Sorescu's own jokes are fair - a portrait of Vlad paints are made from Romanian soil. The date runs from 1429 to 1476, but the language and behaviour are of today The impaled pair are done by Stephen McCann and Andrew Sachs, and Vlad's police chief Papuc is Roy Hanlon, Faynia

Williams is the director. Better political satire in Bulgakov's The Master and Mar-

parts of Brian Wright's Classic Serial adaptation for Radio 4. The story is complex. The Devil has come to earth in Moscow, with three assistants, one of them a giant cat, who call him "Messiah". He poses as a professor of necromancy, and he is after "the Master" author of a book about the trial of Jesus, condemned by the authorities. The Master is in a mental home, but his friend Margarita has a copy of the

Some events seem less than tram of the president of the Writers' Union, the proposed pantomime by some of Woland's gang. It would make a marvellous comic strip, and I don't mean this adversely. Daniel Massey is Woland, with no theatrical diablerie; the Master, who has done little so far, is Michael Maloney, and Geraldine James is a sturdy Margarita. David Hutchinson

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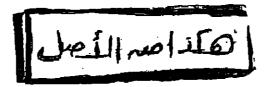
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SATURDAY

7.00 Champion the Wonder Horse. 7.25 News. 7.30 Spider. 7.35 Animal World. 7.45 Cuick Draw McGraw 7.50 Littl Biss. 8,15 Chucklevi-sion. 8.35 Bucky O'Hare. 9.00 Going Livel

12.12 Weather. 12.15 Grandstand, Introduced by Bob Wilson, Including 12.20 Football: Reviewing the week's World Cup matches, 12.50 News, 12.55 Racing from Ascot and Aintree; From Ascot, the 1.00 Manicou Handicap Chase, the 1.30 Forte Handican Hurdle, and the 2.05 H&T Walker Gold Cup Chase (H'cap). From Aintree, the 1.15 Stanley Leisure Novices Chase, the 1.45 Ladbroke November Handicap Hurdle and the 2.25 Crowther Homes Becher Handicap Chase. 235 Seather.

Handicap Chase. 2.35 Snooker: UK Championship. News of this afternoon's litth round matched from Preston. 2.50 Rugby Union: Wales v Australia live from the National Stadium, Cardiff, 4,30 Snooker: UK Championship, 4. Final Score. Times may vary.

5.05 News.
5.15 Regional News and Sport.
5.20 Dad's Army. Classic cornedy with Arthur Lowe and John Le Mesur-

5.50 Big Break. Noel's House Party. Noel
Edmonds with more wacky entertainment from Crinkley Bottom,
including former Spurs star Garth Crooks receiving a Golcha Oscar, NTV, Wait Till I Get You Home

and Grab a Grand. 7.15 Bruce Forsyth's Generation 8.15 Casualty. Junior doctor Rob Khaleta is hurt while spending a day on the river and ends up as casu alty patient. Charlie helps a her-oln addict kick her habit. Sandra

Nicholl's disciplinary hearing puls everyone on edge. Starring Derek Thompson and Mauree Beattle.
9.05 News and Sport, Weather.
9.25 Film: High Spirita. Castle-owner
Peter O'Toole alms to make a fast buck by pretending his home is haunted until two real

ests put in an appe With Steve Guttenberg, Daryl Hannah and Liam Ne Maich of the Day. Desmond Lynam presents highlights of two top FA Premier League matches nd goals from other fixtures. 12,00 Snc ker: UK Championship, (fifth round highlights).

Exeter and shopping in London's Berwick Street with film producer Ismail Merchant. Plus, the work of Bombay fashion designer Krishna Mehta. 2.20 Tanhaiyan (English subtitles).

BBC2

8.00 Open University. 9.05 Film: Broadway Limited. 10.15 Film: Abbott and Costello in Society. 11.25 Bird's Eye View. 12.15 pm Film: Advance

1.50 Network East. On location in

3.00 Film: Key Largo. Ex-soldier Hum-phrey Bogart has problems with gangsters when he retires to an island paradise run by mobster Edward G Robinson. With Leuren icali (1948)

4.40 Snooker: UK Championship from Preston's Guild Half. 5.30 Top Gear Rally Report Praview. Looking ahead to the tour-day RAC Rally which begins tomor-

row in Chester. 6.00 Scrutiny. The work of the House of Commons' Select Committees 6.30 News and Sport: Weather.

6.45 Pole to Pole. Michael Palin arrives in Ethiopia, where survivors of ex-dictator Menghistu's defeated army are still at large. The team join an armed convoy on a hazardous journey through bandit country and arrive in Kenya. Shown Wednesday on

7,35 Carl Nielsen: A Life in Six Symptonies. Conductor Simon Rattle introduces a profile of the Danish composer which explores his work through six symphonies marking important events in his life. Including interviews with his daughters. The City of Sirming-ham Symphony Orchestra perform extracts from his works 8.55 Have I Got News for You. Sandi

Toksvig and Nick Hancock join team captains Paul Merton and lan Hislop. ncer A Doll's House. 9.25 Performs Henrik Ibsen's play, starring Jul-let Stevenson and Trevor Eve. A submissive housewife, continu-ally patronised and ignored by her husband, rebels against him

and discovers a new-found inne strength. 11.40 Film: Lacombe Lucien. Louis Malle's study of occupied France during World War Two (1974).(En-

Saturday Night Live. Actor Joe Pesci (Goodfelias) features in the American variety show. 2.30 Close.

LWT

6.00 TV-am. 9.25 What's Up Doc? 11.30 Movies, Movies, Movies, 12.00 The ITV Chart Show.

1.00 MN News; Westher. 1.05 LWT News; Weather.
1.10 The European Champions'
League Preview. Ian St John and
Jimmy Greaves look ahead to
Wednesday's matches; The Day.

1.45 The Smurts. Highdays and Otherdays. Jenny Bristow prepares dishes for chil-

2.25 The A-Team.
3.20 WCW Worldwide Wrestling. Grappling action from the canvas ring.
4.10 Dinosaurs. Animaled fun. 4.40 ITN News and Results; Weather. 5.00 LWT News; Weather.

5.05 Cartoon Time 5.20 Beverly Hills 90210. With Jason Priestley and Shannen Doherty. 6.15 Gladiators. Contestants from Do-set, London, Croydon and Surrey climb The Wall, Hang Tough and outmo free wan, name fough and enter the Danger Zone as they take on the might of the Gladia-tors in the first semi-final. Pres-ented by Ulrika Joneson and John Fashanu with commentary from

John Sachs. 7.15 Blind Date. Contestants hope to find the perfect partner as Cilia plays Cupid to more would-be romantics. She also looks back at last week's hopefuls to determ whether they liked or loathed

each other.
8.15 Beadle's About. More practical

jokes with Jeremy Beadle. 8.45 ITN News; Weather. 9.00 LWT News; Weather. 9.05 Crime Story: Dear Roy, Love Gil-lian. A soon-to-be-released con-vict arranged to meet Gillian, his 16-year-old pen-friend, for the first time. But she never reached the destination. Her body was later found in a stream with a alze 12 boot mark on her jeans — a clue which played a vital part in the investigation. With Tara Simp-

son and Lawrence Mullin. Film: The Delta Force. Macho heroics when Chuck Norris, Lee Marvin and friends take on terror ists who have hijacked a charter

flight bound for Athens.

12.25 Almost Grown.

1.25 Get Stuffed; ITN News Headlines. 1.30 The Big E. Cheap Thrills; ITN News Head-

Lines.
2.35 The Gig.
3.35 New Music.
4.30 The Hit Man and Her.

SUNDAY

LWT

6.60 TV-am. 9.25 The Disney Club. 10.45 Link

Defence Secretary Malcolm Rif-kind: "Should Britain be doing

more to reduce the suffering in

Charlton Athletic from Molineux

Live coverage introduced by lan St John. Commentary by Brian Moore and David Pleat.

and Sarah Kennedy have their hands full when they encounter wild cats, white swans and

5.05 Baywatch. 6.00 Animal Country. Desmond Morris

6.40 Highway. Sir Harry Secombe vis-its Newbury in Berkshire to meet

also talks to deaf percussionist
Evelyn Glennie.
7.15 Second Thoughts.
7.45 The Ruth Rendell Mysteries. Second episode of Klassing the Gunner's Daughter. Starring George
Baker as Det Chief Insp Wexford
and Christopher Ravenscroft as
Det Insp Burden. The continuing
Investigation into the multiple
murders causes problems for

murders causes problems for

Watch team put their lives at risk when they are called to an illegal

of romantic composer Sir Arnold Bax, His music is currently enjoy-ing a revival — partly thanks to Russell, who financed the record-

ing of Bax's first two sympho

The Day.

11.45 Cue the Music. Dionne Warwick in concert at the Royal Albert

12.45 Liberace at the Las Vegas Hilton.

2.20 The ITV Chart Show. 3.20 Get Stuffed; ITN News Headlines.

rave party where the floor has

10.35 The South Bank Show. A film by Ken Russell about the secret life

Wexford.

8.45 London's Burning. The Blue

collapsed. 9.45 ITN News; Weather.

10.00 LWT Weather. 10.05 The New States

3.55 Get Stuffed. 4.00 Pick of the Week

his old friend Johnny Morris. He also talks to deaf percussionist

6.30 ITN News; Weather. 6.35 LWT News; Weather.

the former Yugoslavia?"; The

11.00 Morning Worship. 12.00 The Hor. 12.30 pm LWT News Weekend; W

1.00 ITN News; Weather. 1.10 Walden. Brian Walden asks

Day. 2.00 Builseye. 2.30 The London Match. Wolves v

CHANNEL4

8.00 Early Morning. 10.00 Kabaddi. 10.30 Gazzetta Football Italia ~ With Paul Gascoigne. 11.30 American Football: Play Action. 12.00 Sign On — Your Views. 12.30 pm Songs and

1.00 Film: Cariton-Browne of the FO. Terry-Thomas plays a bungling diplomat whose latest job leads to comic chaos. Also starring Peter Sellers and John Le Mesur-

ier (1959). 2.40 Film: Private's Progress. British rim: Private s Progress. Critisticomedy about a group of soldiers doing National Service just after the war. Ian Carmichael plays an innocent who becomes involved in shady activities. Also starring Richard Attenborough and Terry-Thomas.

Thomas.
4.30 Bicyclettes De Balsize. A young man falls in love with a fashion

model's photograph.

5.05 Brookside. Omnibus edition. 6.30 Right to Reply. A humorous look at death in TV soaps and view-ers' reactions to this week's Cut-

ting Edge programme The Lords.
7.00 A Week in Politics. A report on the arms-for-irag controversy and the great Euro-banana row vill the troubled GATT talks affect the EC's traditional sup-

plies of bananes.

8.00 The Big Battations. Powerful reli-glous drama set in England, the Holy Land and Ethiopia. The Archdeacon of Birmingham (Brian Cox) plots to become Bishop while his wife (Jane Lapotaire) copes with their collapsing marriage and a daughter who has fallen in love with an Israeli

soldier. Shown last Thursday. Film: Trop Belle Pour Toil Successful businessman Gerard Successful obsinessman denaid Depardieu risks losing everything when he falls for dowdy new sec-retary Josiane Balasko. Bertrand Biler's romantic comedy, also stars Carole Bouquet, Rotand

stars Carole Bouquet, Roland Blanche and Francois Cluzel (1989).(English subtitles). 11.40 Let the Blood Run Free. Dr Richard Lovechild uses his surgi-cal skills to fulfil a fantasy. Nurse Effie takes a turn for the

and Warren visits a faithful friend.

12-10 The Happening. With Jools Holland and guests. 1-10 The Word. Last Friday's pro-

2.10 Film: Timetable. With Mark Stevens as an insurance investigator assigned to solve a payroli rob-

CHANNEL4

1.15 Football Italia. Live match is AC Milan v Inter, plus the chance to win tickets for the Italian Cup

3.30 Film: Man with the Gun. A gun-

5.05 Magoo's Puddle Jumper. Car-

6.00 The Miraculous Mellops.

6.30 The Cosby Show. With special

7.00 Equinox: The Puzzie of HIV. A

5.15 High Interest: Supermarkets. Can leading supermarkets continue their success in spite of the

recession? The three biggest chains — Sainsburys, Tesco and Safeway — dominate the large-scale grocery business despite being far from the cheapest places to shop.

equinox: The Puzzle of HV. A scientific and biological insight into the destructive virus. Despite a decade of Intense research, the virus which causes Aids contin-

ues to affect more than 13 million

people worldwide. Using micro-scopic and computer images, Equinox attempts to explain HIV

in comparison with other viruses. Scientists also discuss their theo-ries as to how it attacks the

the development of the state por-trait which illustrates the chang-

ing role of the monarchy. American Footbell. Philadelphia Eagles v New York Giants.

the between midget submarines and a German battleship in Nor-way. Starring John Mills, Donald Sinden, John Gregson and James Robertson Justice (1955).

naive orphan girl (Marcella Car-laxo) sets out to seek her fortune, but is disappointed to discover the reality of the big city is differ-ent to her dreams. (1985).

human immune system.

8.00 The Royal Collection. The last programme in the series follows

10.00 Film: Above Us the Waves, World War Two drama charting the bat-

11.50 Film: The Hour of the Star. A

1.35 Close.

(1955).

fighter brings order to a lawless town while searching for his estranged wife. Western adven-

ture, starring Robert Mitchum, Jan Sterling and Karen Sharpe

REGIONS ITV REGIONS AS LONDON EXCEPT AT THE FOLLOWING TIMES:

ANGLIA: ARGULA: 12.30 Cardening Time. 12.50 Anglia News. 2.00 Get Wet. 2.30 Candid Camera Classics. 2.55 Toral Toral Toral (1970) 5.30 Bullaeye. 8.35 Anglia News, 11.45 The Young Riders.

CENTRAL:
12.30 Gardening Time. 12.55 Central News 2.00
Memories of 1970-1991. 2.45 The Central Match
- Live. 6.00 Bullseye. 6.35 Central News 10.00
LOCAl Weather. 11.45 The Equalizer.
CHANNEL:
12.30 Reflections. 12.35 Les Français ChezVous. 12.50 Tele-Jornal. 2.00 The New Adventures of Black Beauty. 2.30 Sheena. — Queen of
the Jungle. 4.30 Bullseye. 8.35 Channel News.
GRAMPIAN:
10.45 Hold.: 11.15 Sanday Sanday. 11.55 Link

10.45 Heldi. 11.15 Sunday Service. 11.45 Link.
12.30 Elkon. 12.55 Grampian Headlines. 2.06
The Nature of Things. 3.00 Bedminton. 4.06
Animal Country. 4.30 Bulleaye. 5.00 Scotsport.
8.00 Scotland's War. 8.35 Grampian Headlines
11.45 Prisoner: Cell Block H.
GRAMADA:

11.45 Prisoner: Cell Block H.

GRAMADA:
12.25 What the MPs Say, 12.55 Granada News
2.00 Granada Action with the A Team. 2.30
Cartoon. 2.45 Doctor in Clover. (1985) 4.30
House Style. 5.00 Bulleeye. 5.30 Coronation
Street. 6.35 Granada News 11.45 Prisoner: Cell

Block H.

NTM:

12.30 The Nature of Things. 12.55 HTV News.
2.00 Challenge of the Seas. 2.38 Carbon Time.
2.40 WCW Worldwide Wrestling. 3.30 The West
Match. 4.60 You're Only Young Twice. (1952)
5.30 Bullseye. 8.35 HTV News.
SCOTTISM:

18.45 Glen Michael's Carbon Cavalcade. 11.15
Link. 11.30 Sundey Service. 12.30 Eliton. 12.55
Scotland Today. 2.00 Scotlish Books. 2.30 Carry
On Constable. (1960) 4.05 Baywatch. 5.00 Scotsport. 8.00 Scotland's War. 8.35 Scotland Today
11.45 Scotlish Open Badminton Championship.
1534h.

TSWh
12.30 TSW Farming Week, 12.55 TSW News.
2.00 Off the Hook, 2.30 Gus Introduces Frootie
Tooties, 2.40 Highway to Heaven, 3.35 Family
Flight (TVM), 5.40 Bullseys, 5.30 Cobblestones,
Cottages and Castless, 6.35 TSW News, 10.00
TSW Weather, 11.45 Prisoner, Cell Block H.

TSW Westher. 11.46 Prisoner; Cell English 1.175:
12.30 TVS News. 12.35 Agenda. 2.00 The New Adventures of Black Beauty. 2.30 Sheena — Queen of the Jungle. (1984) 4.30 Bullseye. 8.35 TVS News.
TVNE TEES:
12.25 Wild World of the East. 12.55 Tyne Tees News. 2.00 The Old Men Who Cried Wolf. 3.30 The Back Page. 4.00 Frank Sinatra: The Voice. 8.00 Animal Country. 5.30 Bullseye. 6.00 Parents. 6.35 Tyne Tees News. 11.45 Night of Terror.

ents. 6.35 Tyne Toes News. 11.45 Night of Terror.
ULSTER:
12.30 Gardening Time. 12.55 Uister Newstime
2.00 Farming Uister. 2.30 Sandokan Against the
Leopard of Sarawak. 4.05 Baywatch. 5.00 BulIseys. 5.30 Coronation Street. 8.35 Uister Newstime 10.00 Uister Newstime 11.35 Percy French.
VORKESHIRES.

YORKSHIRE:
12.25 The Littlest Hobo. 12.50 Calendar News.
2.00 Highway to Heavan. 2.55 Cartoon. 3.05
Demetrius and the Gladiators. (1954) 5.00 Animal Country. 8.30 Bullsaye. 8.00 Calendar. 8.35
Local Weather – The Week Ahead. 10.00 Local Weather. 11.45 Night of Terror. (1972)

REGIONS

ITV REGIONS AS LONDON EXCEPT AT THE

6.00 Early Morning. 8.25 Laurel and Hardy. 8.39 Dennis. 9.45 Filipper. 10.15 if Wishes Were Horses. 10.45 Voyage to the Bottom of the Sea. 11.45 Little House on the Prairie. 12.45 pm ANGLIA

ANGLIA:

1.05 Anglia News. 1.48 Starting from Scratch.
2.05 McCloud: The Gang That Stole Manhattan.
(1974) 3.50 WCW Worldwide Wrestling. 5.90
Anglia News and Sport 5.15 Carboon Time. 8.00
Regional Weather.

BORDER:

1.05 Border News. 1.18 Kick Off. 2.05 The
A-Team. 3.00 Granada Sports World. 5.00 Border News and Weather 5.15 Sports Results.
CENTRAL:

1.05 Contral News 1.40 The Life and Times of

CRENTRAL:
1.05 Central News 1.40 The Life and Times of Grizzly Adams. 2.35 Mickey and Donald Kidding Around. 3.25 Perky Pig. 3.50 WCW Worldwide Wreatling. 5.00 Central News 5.05 The Central Match – Goals Extra. 11.30 The Munsters Today. 1.05 Diary Detes. 1.10 TVS Sporting Decade. 1.40 Heidl. (1985) 3.20 Zorro. 3.45 The A-Teem, 5.00 Channel News. 6.05 Puffin's Pia(I)ce. 5.15 Cartoon.

of Huckieberry Finn. 2.45 The Life and Times of Grizzly Adams. 3.40 Out of Limits. 3.50 WCW Worldwide Wrestling. 5.00 Grampian Headlines and Weather 5.00 Grampian Weather. GRAMADA: 11.30 Zorro. 1.05 Granada News 1.10 Kick Off. 2.05 The A-Team. 3.00 Granada Sports World. 5.00 Granada News 5.15 Granada Goals Extra.

1.05 HTV News. 1.40 Golf: The Merrill Lynch

1.05 HTV News. 1.40 Golf: The Merrill Lynch Shoot-Out. 2.40 Passionate Summer. (1958) 5.00 HTV News and Sport SCOTTISH: 1.05 Scotland Today. 1.40 Cartoon. 1.45 Love on the Run. (1938) 3.15 Highway to Heaven. 4.10 Bullseya. 5.00 Scotsport Results. 5.10 Scotland Today 5.15 Cartoon. 9.00 Scottish Weather.

TSW: 11.30 The South West Week. 1.05 TSW Nen 1.40 Off the Hook Special, 2.35 Robbery. (19 5.00 TSW News. 5.05 Gus Honeybun's Carton

11.30 The Munsters Today. 1.95 TVS News. 1.10 TVS Sporting Decade. 1.40 Heldl. (1985) 3.20 Zorro. 3.45 The A-Team. 5.00 TVS News. 5.15 Cartoon.

TYNE TEES:

TYNE TEES:

1.05 Tyne Tees News. 1.40 Cartoon Time. 1.50 Five Weeks in a Balloon. (1962) 3.45 Beywatch. 5.00 Tyne Tees Saturday.

ULSTER:

11.30 Zorro. 1.05 Uister Newstime 1.18 Saturday Sport. 1.40 Carry on Up the Jungle. (1970) 3.20 Movies, Movies, Movies, Movies, 4.35 Bysating. 4.35 Goals of the Week. 5.00 Uister News 1.05 Saturday Sport. 9.00 Uister Newstime YORKSHERE.

11.30 The Mountain Bike Show. 1.65 Calendar News. 5.15 Cartoon Time. 1.50 Five Weeks in a Balloon. (1962) 3.45 Baywatch. 5.00 Calendar News. 5.15 Cartoon Time.

S4C Weles as Channel 4 excepts10.00 Jeifin. 12.00 Get Smart. 12.30 The Cosby Show. 1.00 Rawhide. (1930) 2.35 Rypbt. Ar Wib D'ar Walabi. 4.35 Short Stories: The Comper Queen. 8.30 Magic Roundsbout. 8.35 Now You're Talking. 7.00 Newyddion Nes Sadwrn. 7.15 Bacha Hi O'Ma. 8.00 Deryn. 8.35 Yocwyn Tymor. 10.00 Cyrano de Bergerac. (1990)

CHESS

GARY KASPAROV is a true world champion who fears no opponent. Kasparov has just won the competitive £120,000 Immopar Trophy in Paris for the second time in three years, defying a format which encourages upset results.

Each knock-out round consists of two 25-minute quickplay games, with a five-minute blitz tiebreaker. Karpov, Short and Timman failed to survive the first round, but Kasparov won all his four matches convincingly and beat India's speed expert Vishy Anand 3-1 in the final.

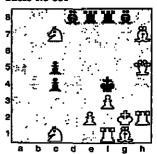
Kasparov's best win was against the US champion. He blocked a queens's side attack, then rampaged through on the other flank by a cascade of sacrifices. When he is in such form, it is hard to envisage Bobby Fischer, Nigel Short or anyone else dethroning him for years to come (G Kamsky, White: G Kasparov, Black; King's Indian; Paris Immopar

1992). 1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 g6 3 Nc3 Bg7 4 e4 d6 5 Nf3 0-0 6 Be2 e5 7 0-0 Nc6 8 d5 Ne7 9 Nd2 Ne8 10 Rb1 f5 11 b4 Nf6 12 f3 f4 13 c5 g5

14 Nc4 Ng6 15 a4 Rf7 16 Ba3 Bf8 17 a5 Rg7 18 b5 b6 19 cxd6

20 Na2 g4 21 fxg4 Nh4 22 Rb3 Nxg4 23 Bf3 bxa5 24 Qd2 a4 25 Rc3 Bd7 26 Rb1 Rc8 27 Kh1 Nxh2! 28 Kxh2 Rxc4! 29 Rbe1 Nxf3+ 30 Rxf3 Qh4+ 31 Kg1 Rxe4 32 Qf2 Qh5 33 Rc7 Rel+! 34 Qxe1 Qxf3 35 Qd2 Qg4 36 Nc3 f3 37 Rxa7 Qh3 38 Resigns.

Chess No 950



White mates in two moves, against any defence (by T Taverner, 1889). A frustrating problem with many near misses.

Leonard Barden Solution Page XVIII

BRIDGE

PERCENTAGES are sometimes obvious, sometimes difficult to fathom. Let us look at this hand from rubber bridge, and learn the lesson:

♦ 9742 ♥ K J ♣ K 10 8 6 4 ♠ Q 3 ♥ 10 9 7 ♥ Q8432 9 5 ♠ A 10 8 6 ♥ A 6 5 ♠ AK87

A Q West was dealer with both sides vulnerable, and after three passes South opened the bidding with two no trumps. North's raise to three concluded the auction.

Rejecting the lead fromeither of his four-card suits, West decided to start with the 10 of hearts. This was covered by dummy's knave and East's queen, and taken by the declarer's ace. There were eight tricks for the taking, but where

was the ninth to be found? the

time-factor ruled out spades, so South decided that clubs were the only hope - they had to break 3-3. At trick two, therefore, declarer cashed ace of clubs, then the queen, crossed to the king of hearts, and played dummy's king of clubs, East showed out, and the con-

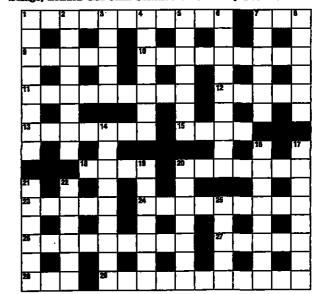
tract was doomed. The odds against the 3-3 break in clubs are approximately 6 to 4, but declarer could have done better by playing for a doubleton nine (or, of course, knave) to be held by one defender. He should cash the ace at the second trick, then overtake his queen with dummy's king, dropping the nine from East. The extra chance lands the contract. He leads the 10 to West's knave, setting up the eight and six, with the heart king as entry to enjoy them.

A final word on the quiz. The answer to question 4e was 7NT, which is on ice. 7H is wrong - West can lead a spade from his eight-card suit, and East ruffs with his heart king.

E P C Cotter

CROSSWORD

No. 8,009 Set by CINEPHILE A prize of a classic Pelikan Souveran 800 fountain pen for the A Prize of a classic relikan Souveran 800 fountain pen for the first correct solution opened and five runner-up prizes of £15. Solutions by Wednesday December 2, marked Crossword 8,009 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL. Solution on Saturday December 5.



ACROSS

1 What my literary examiner has

** It used to be the lady that ke the nut in place (6) 25 Minister removing scut? (5) 10 Correct part of show taken by Thatcher? (5.4) 11 Crystallised fruit on new rug's a covered object (5.4) coveted object (5,4)

12 Master of the straight line? (5)

13 One possible regent? A whole number! (7)
15, 18 Securely fix talon with feath-

15, 16 Securety its tands with 1500.
era (4.4)
20 Don't make a mess when heat starts down under (7)
23 Follow prince and Queen? (5)
24 Result of all pressing on rebel

(9) 26 Hun, being upset, craved to get divorced (9) 27, 28 Not very well, like a birdle?

(5,3)
29 Local person at capital getting on during yesterday there (11) DOWN 1 Like a king, a joke in 1099 (8) 2 Old-fashioned scoundrel to scar-

per with jewel (8) 3 He's unlikely to invest in provid-

3 He's unlikely to invest in provid-ing some motorway services (5) 4 Bird to fly, right? (7) 5 I'm green, needing relorm and discipline (7) 6 Ancient verse, cause of ruin when the devil's about (9)
7 Indistinguishable quick march?

(8) 8 Succeed at attempt to get cold (6) 14 March to exchange Stephen's

bird for a bigger one? (9) 16 Strait man, one without legal 17 Place of confinement for 2 and

37 (3,5) 19 Not 2 or 3 in there? (7)

20 Small investor among filers as



RADIO

4.30 Memories of 1970-1991.

S. T.15 On Your Farm.
7.00 Don Maclean. 9.05 John Sachs. 12.00 Desmand Corrington 2.00 Bennot Serve Wogan.
2.00 Alan Doll. 4.00 2.10 Sunday, Bayer School. 3.00 Chartie Chester.
7.00 Richard Baker. 9.10 Sunday Papers.
8.30 Sunday Hall Hour. 9.00 Alan Keith. 10.00 Radio 2 11.30 Pick of the Week.
8.413 Programmo 12.05 Nick. 12.15 Desert Island Discs.
8.414 Desert Island Discs.
8.415 Programmo 12.05 Nick. 12.15 Desert Island Discs.
1.00 John Terrott. 4.00 Alox Vesterd.
2.00 Gardenand

12.50 Westher. 12.55 Close.

BBC RADIO 3 6.55 Westher 7.06 Sunday Morning 1.00 News 1.05 Table Talk's History of the World. 1.20 BBG Philisemonic. Micraeverd: Songs. 3.45 Honegger 3.45 Honegger 4.40 BBC Weish SO. 5.30 St Ceche's Day Service.

6.30 Marc Andre Hameli 7.38 South Bank Purceti Project. 8.35 Sunday Play: 11.15 Music is Our Time 12:30 News 12:35 Clese.

BBC RADIO 4 6.00 News Briefing. 6.16 Prejude. 6.30 Morning Has Broken 7.00 News 7.10 Suncay Papers SATURDAY

Time. 2.38 Sunday Playhouse. 3.36 The Radio Programme. 4.00 Analysis. 4.47 Treasure Islands.

4.74 Treasure Islands. 5.00 Kennedy Country. 5.30 Poetry Please! 6.00 Six O'Clock News. 6.16 Feedback. 6.30 Europtule. 7.00 The Beat of Feer on Feer Four. 7.30 Bookshelf. 8.00 Punters. 8.30 Reading Aloud. 9.00 The Natural History

Programme 9.30 Special Assignment 18.00 Naws. 10.15 Last Post. 11.00 in Committee. 11.30 Seeds of Faith. 12,00 News. 12,38 Ciosa.

9.30 We Are Mesqueite We

Are One. 70.00 Johnnia Walker.

Praise of God. 11.00 Newsdesk; BBC English. 11.45 News and Brisish Press Review in German; News. 12.00 Play of the Week: Quet for One. 1.00 Newshour. 2.00

2.30 Anything Goes. 3.00 News. 3.15 Concert Hall. 4.00 News: News About Britain. 4,15 BBC English. 4.29 News Headlines in French. 4.30 Programmes in German. 5.00 News and Business

Review.
5.15 Club 648. 5.30
Programmes in French. 6.00
Newsdesk. 6.30 Programmes
in German. 8.00 News; Folk
in Britain; Words of Faith.
8.30 Europe Tonight. 8.00
Newshour. 10.00 News;
Meridian. 10.43 Sports
Roundup. 11.00 News;
Business Review; Classics
with Kay. 12.00 Newsdesk.
12.30 in Praise Of God.
1.00 News Summary; WORLD SERVICE
BBC for Europe can be received in Western Europe on Medium Wave 848 MZ (483m) at the following times (483m) at t

in French. 7.00 Newsdesk.
7.30 From Our Own
Correspondent. 7.50 Write
On. 8.00 News; Words of
Faith; Classics with Kay 8.00
News; Susiness Review. 9.15
Short Story; Kingbirds and
Bobolinks. 8.30 Folk
Intitum. 9.43 Sports Roundup.
10.00 News Summary;
Solence in Action. 10.36 in
Praise of Bod. 11.00
Newsdesk; BBC English.
11.45 News and British Press. Satoliena 11.00 Contemporary 12.00 Andre Leon. News Summary. 2.00 Classic Romance. 2.01 A Sight Worth Seeing. 3.00 Andre Leon.

BBC RADBO 2
6.00 Barbara Sturgeon. 8.05
Brian Matthew. 18.00 Anna
Robinson. 12.00 Nick
Barractogh's New Country.
1.00 I'm Sorry I'il Read That
Again. 1.20 The News
Huddihes.
2.00 Ronnie Hilton. 3.00
Steve Race. 4.00 Answer Me.
5.00 The Movie Hour. 8.90
Bob Holness Requests the
Pleasure. 7.00 Back
Numbers. 7.30 Robert
Palmer in Concert. 8.00 Easy
Does IV. 10.00 The Arts
Programme. 12.05 Ronnie
Hilton. 1.00 John Terrett. 4.00
Barbara Sturgeon. **BBC RADIO 3**

6.35 Open University. 6.55 Weather. 7.00 Record Review. 1.00 News. 1.05 Beth International 2.20 Scridmann. 3.90 Vienna: The Philharmonic Years 1842-1982. 1542-1552. 5.06 Jazz Record Requests. 5.45 Third Opinion. 6.30 Lawes and Jenkins. 7.50 Albert Herring. 9.46 William Hogarth at Bart's. 10.00 Illinois Jacquet Big Basd.

BBÇ RADIO 4

SUNDAY 9.30 Get Set. Rangers. 11.00 Go!

12.00 Money Box. 12.25 I'm Sorry I Haven't a 1.10 Any Ouestions? 2.00 Any Answers? 071-580 4444. 2.30 Saturday Playhouse. 4.00 Age to Áge. 4.38 Science Now.

6.00 News and Sports Round-up. 6.25 Week Ending. 6.50 The Locker Ro 7.20 Kateldoscope. 7.50 Classic Serial. 8.50 Conversation Piece. 9.20 Music in Mind. Compares Notes. 11.30 Dear Diary.

5.00 Coating the Earth. 5.25 Tea Junction.

BEC RADIO 5

12.00 Sport on 4 Plus 1. 12.30 Sportscall, 1.30 Sport on Five, 5.00 Sports Report. 6.06 Six-O-Six 7.80 Le Top. 9.08 Atropop Worldwide. 18.15 On the Level. 12.90 Close.

Programmes in German. Personal View, 9,45 Sports
Rounday,
10.00 News Summary; Jazz
Now and Ther, Letter From 9.00 Classic CD Chart
America. 18.30 Waveguide; Rundown.
Book Choice; From The 12.00 Petroc Trelawny.
Weeklies. 11,00 Newsdesk. 3,00 Adman Love.
11,30 BBC English. 11,45 8,30 Classic America.
Mittagsmagazin; News in 7,00 Introduction to the
German. 12,00 News: Words

Opera. 18.00 Classic Quiz.

6.30 Weekend Edition.

10.30 Tales of the Texas

WOFLD SERVICE BBC for Europe can be received in Western Europe on Medium Wave 648 kHZ (465m) at the following times out:

GMT:
6.80 News; The World Today.
6.90 Programmes in French.
7.00 Newsdesk. 7.30 People and Politics. 8.00 News; Words of Faith; A Jolly Good Show. 8.00 News; Business Report; Worldbrief. 9.30 Personal View, 9.45 Sports Rounduo.

Sportsword continued. Auto News; News About Britain: BBC English, 4.29 News Headlines in French. 4.30 Programmes in German. 5.00 News Summary; Sportsworld. 5.30

Britain, 3.15 Sports Roundup, 3.30 From Our Own Correspondent, 3.50 Write On, 4.00 News, 4.15 For Better for Worse, 4.30 Business Review, 4.45

Sportsworld continued. 4.00

Programmes in usernaming.

5.00 News Summary;
Sportsworld. 5.30
Programmes in French.

6.00 Newsdesk. 6.30
Programmes in German.

8.00 News; Personal View;
Words of Faith. 8.30 Europe
This Weekend. 8.55
European Sports News. 9.00
Newshour. 10.00 News;
Moridian. 10.45 Sports
Roundup. 11.00 News; Words
of Faith; Book Choice; A
Jolly Good Show. 12.80
Newsdesk.
12.30 Play Of The Week:
Duet For One. 2.80
Newsdesk. 20.318 Rovishad.

3.00 News; News About
Briain. 3.15 Sports Roundup.

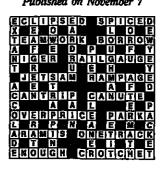
3.30 From Our Own

COINCIDES CHIEF
R M O OL R DU
ODIUM WHOLEMEAL
UTPS W A AL
PEARLDIVER ALAS
TANNS R P
RATILUNG TREMBLE
E V N L A E
PERESS AVENGED
R D E R G A
EACH PASTMASTER
S L L L I T E I
EXAMINERS ISLET
N S C G T O L E
TASTE STERNNESS Solution and winners of

21 Forwards to park to pinch fruit

22 it used to be the lady that kept

Puzzle No.7.991 Published on November 7



C.H. Norris, Loughborough, Letes: J. McQuhae, Groningen, Netherlands; R. May, Burnley, Lancs; K.D. O'Brien, Belfast; Mrs W.H. Swan, Purley; Surrey; M.J. Whettern, Beaminster, Dorset.





BBC₁

7.45 Film: Love Happy. 9.10 News. 8.15 Start Your Own Religion. 9.30 This is the Day. 10.00 See Hear! 10.30 Inside English. 10.45 Italianis-simo 11.00 Careering Ahead. 11.30 Mosaic. 12.00 Advice Shop.
12.30 CountryFile. With speculation that over 100,000 jobs in the British countryside could be lost, the programme looks at the effect of the new EC directives and assesses the possible impact on the meat, poultry and fishing

me meat, poultry and fishing industries. Plus, a look at the

recent invasion of tarmland by

slugs. 12.55 Weather for the Week Ahead; 1.00 On the Record. As the pressure

increases on Government minis-ters to cut their spending bud-gets, Peter Lilley, Secretary of State for Social Security, goes O the Record about his department's spending plans.

2.00 EastEnders.

3.00 Fitre: Perry Mason: The Case of the Shooting Star. Starring Raymond Burr (1986).

4.30 Michael Jackson's Dangerous

Tour in Bucharest.

5.20 The Clothes Show, Four readers of the Clothes Show Magazine have their hair re-styled by John Frieda. Satisfied clients talk to men's lailors Ozwald Boateng, Mark Powell and Chris Rucco.
Plus, clothes to wear on the piste

this winter.
5.45 The Borrowers.
6.15 Weather Watch. 6.25 News.
6.40 Songs of Praise. A report from North Beliast on efforts to solve some of the embattled community's social problems and bring rival churches closer together.

7.15 Last of the Summer Wine. 8.40 Birds of a Feather. 9.10 News and Weather. 9.25 Look at it This Way. New series.

estate.

11.15 Doogle Howser, MD.

11.40 Off the Beck of a Lorry.

12.10 Tankelyan. Shown yesterday on BBC2 (English subtitles).

Three-part comedy drama about life in modern-day London seen through the eyes of a fictitious American playwright (David Dukes). Starring Lionel Jettnes 10.25 Everyment, Following a mother and her tearaway son who live

BBC2 vdavs. 7.40 Sm 7.99 Felix the Cat. 7.15 Playdays. 7.40 Smog-gles. 8.05 Telling Taies. 8.20 Orville and Cud-dles. 8.25 Bitss. 8.45 Gentle Bec. 9.10 The Wetter the Better. 9.35 Thundercats. 16.00 Kevin and Co. 10.25 Bive Peter Omnibus. 11.15 The O Zone. 11.30 Shakespeare: The Animated Taies. 12.00 Thunderbirds. 12.50 pm The Invad-

1.40 The Staggering Stories of Ferd-leand De Bargos.

3.45 Snocker: UK Championship.

cocks explores Cyprus.

earned cash. 7.15 The Regims of the Russian Bear. Nikolai Drozdov looks at the wildlife of the mountains separating

Looking at the entertaining busi-ness of what makes people

World War Two.

9.40 Open Space Special. Basildon in Essex, as seen through the eyes of singer/songwriter Phil Burdett. 10.15 Top Gear Rally Report. Steve Lee reviews the day's events.

2.45 Top Gear Rally Report. First day of the RAC Rally live from Chat-

5.05 Rugby Special. Wales v Australia (highlights) plus highlights of Leicester v Bath.

6.35 The Money Programme Steve Levinson reports on consumer spending during the recession. High interest rates, falling house prices, high debts and the fear of unemployment loom targe in many people's minds — leading to a reluctance to part with hard-earned cash.

8.05 Funny Business. New series.

8.55 Building Sights Europe. The Memorial aux Martyrs de la Deportation, in Paris, Dedicated to the memory of the 200,000 vic-tims deported from France during

10,30 Film: The Chant of Jimmie Blacksmith. Drama based on a true story. Starring Tommy Lewis

12.30 Close.

2.00 Around Westminster. 2.30 Snocker: UK Champlonship.

9.05 Did You See? Jeremy Paxman's guests are lan Histop, editor of Private Eye, writer Beryl Bain-bridge and Bishop Hugh Monte-

8.30 Doutsch Express.

11.39 Fantasy Football League. 12.39 Sunday Brunch. 1,00 News Updata. 1,40 Open Forum. 2,00 Animal Talk. 2,30 The Mark Steel So 3,01 Sunday Sport. 6,00 Writers' Weekly. 6,30 Education Matters. 7,15 How We Lived The 7,30 kallanissimo. 7.30 Italianissimo. 8.00 Restart French.

9.00 Open University. 9.30 Chib Class. 10.18 Across the Line. 12.00 Close. WORLD SERVICE

BBC RADIO 5 6.00 World Service. Newshour. 6.30 Weekend Edition.

9.50 Ten to Ten. 10,00 News. 10,15 Open Mind. 10.45 Worlds Apart. 11.00 Richard Baker

12.00 News. 12.30 Glose.

German. 12.00 News; Words of Faith, 12.15 Mulbtrack 3.

12.00 Newshour. 2.00 Club
1.00 Newshour. 2.00 Club
2.00 Glassic CD Chart
648, 2.15 Personal View, 2.30
Sportsworld, 3.00 News; 4.00 Classic America.



A YEAR ago, the Ukraine seceded from the former Soviet Union. No one was very surprised. Yet, barely three months before that President Bush had travelled to the

Ukrainian capital, Kiev, and announced publicly: "God Bless the Soviet Union." He went on to deny the viability of independence for the states of the USSR, calling it "sul-cidal nationalism." This is now known to students of modern history as the "Chicken Kiev" speech.

Perhaps Bush was being chicken, but it seems harsh to lumber him with sole responsibility. He was, after all, only echoing the established view of the State Department and, for that matter, that of Britain's Foreign Office. Yet, almost every journalist who had spent time in the Ukraine and in other parts of

Chicken Kiev comes home to roost

Dominic Lawson asks why politicians are so reluctant to recognise what is going on in the world

the Soviet Union had realised (and had written) that the empire was on the verge of disintegration. And still the leader of the western world called on God's support for the USSR; a doomed and artificial construction of godless Bolshevism.

Psychiatrists would call this con-dition "denial" - the tendency to refuse to admit, even to yourself, something which deep down you know is happening. It is all too common in the governing classes. In 1984 and 1985, I covered conferences of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries for the FT. It was obvious even to the inexperienced observer, which I was, that every trader and outside commenta-

OPEC had ceased to exist as an tor knew was hopeless. effective cartel. The oil market had become deregulated and over-supplied with the price set by traders speculating daily on a vast scale. Yet, the British government continued to authorise the British National Oil Corporation to buy

North Sea crude at the defunct

Opec price. The result was that the British taxpayer lost about £100m. This, admittedly, was a far smaller sum than the Treasury and the Bank of England lost last summer in an attempt to prop up ster-

Now, we are going through the same nonsense over the Maastricht treaty. Last week, the government made available to every home in the land a well-produced little booklet called Britain in Europe, designed to persuade us that it is right to sign our names to the treaty. This

is, of course, a misleading bit of flummery which omits to quote from those parts of the accord which speak of "a common foreign and security policy" for the EC. Nor does it quote the bit about "the eventual framing of a common defence policy" (anyone for national

more. All this sophistry, and postage is a waste of effort. Everybody knows that the Maastricht treaty is dead. Not just technically dead because it has been rejected by one of the member states, Denmark. But dead in spirit because the tide of oninion in western Europe has turned against Brussels federalism in much the same way that public opinion in the Ukraine turned

against Muscovite federalism. It is not just the people of France, the country most wedded to the European ideal, who are divided deeply on the treaty. The German people do not want monetary union,

But none of that matters any least of all at the price the European Commission's president. Jacques Delors, wants them to pay through the euphemistically named cohesion fund. And what the German people do not want, the EC does not do.

> Maastricht is, as comedian John Cleese would say, an ex-treaty. Dead. Deceased. It is no more. And yet, the pollticians cannot admit the obvious. They are still in denial over Maastricht. It is perhaps worth guessing the

reasons for this damaging and recurring condition among politicians. I blame the civil servants, who are supposed to be the experts.

Like all experts, they have studied their subjects for many years. Over those years, they have built up a wonderful network of contacts who tell them what is going on

In the former Soviet Union, of course, the contacts would have been members of the Communist party. In Brussels, the contacts will be long-time apparatchiks of the Commission. What do such people stand for? The status quo, long after the ante has been upped. The received wisdom, long after it has ceased to become wise.

veltsinnears defuse att What do bureaucrats hate? Change, which renders their knowledge anachronistic, their contact books useless. What they love above all is order. Now they have invented something called the New World Order. Eventually they even told George Bush. Too late, as usual. ■ Dominic Lawson is editor of The

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Hard man warms to his latest battle

Jocelyn Stevens tells Antony Thorncroft how he quelled print unions and art professors and what he plans for the archaeologists

OCELYN Stevens is a make. I'd do it again the happy man. Just over six months after arriving as chairman of English Heritage he is reaping the anticipated whirlwind. He sits surrounded by his blistering ress coverage. "Terminator 3 arrives at English Heritage" he comments. The academics on his advisory boards are shrill in their opposition. "I was told 'watch out for the archaeologists: they will bury

you'," he jokes. There is one piece of good news. Stevens asked for 180 voluntary redundancies from among English Heritage's 1,600 workforce; he has had

600 applicants. This is all meat and drink to Stevens. As the man who saw off the hot metal print unions at Express Newspapers in the 1970s ("my worst moment was closing down the Glasgow plant with 2,200 jobs") Stevens reckons he can cope with anything "this Quango" (he spits out the word) of conservationists throws at him.

He was given the job by David Mellor. "Somebody had it in for us. He read me out a very clear brief. No more money for two years and sort out the place."

Then Stevens said something surprising. "I was under no illusions that English Heritage was popular. Everyone has an English Heritage horror story." Stevens has his own. In his pre-vious job as Rector of the Royal College of Art he building, now the Stevens Wing. Delays by the cor vationists at English Heritage added £2m to the cost.

You realise that while most people regard English Heritage as a group of cosy traditionalists, rather like morris dancers, Jocelyn Stevens, and his friends, live in listed houses and object to the way that it can intervene if they want to change the knocker on their front doors

Retribution was swift. Since April, Stevens has gone through English Heritage like a dose of salts. As a one time journalist he wrote the policy document on its future him self. It suggests finding new owners for most of the properties it administers; contracting out the specialist labour force and cutting HQ staff - and running down English Heritage's authority

"I have no apologies to

same way. You've got to use your first 100 days." Now he is coping with the vociferous reaction of the advisory committees that he ignored. The second stage in his plan is to be emollient. Negotiations have started. Now that it is in place the strategy will be discussed. Already he can dan-gle benefits. "In January I will be able to announce that another £6m will go directly in grants to priority cases' Somehow you cannot help

warming to Stevens. You can also agree with much of his thinking. If the National Trust owns the downland at Avebury why should it not look after the stones, too; local authorities and local interest groups make better guardians of remote dolmens or crumbling medieval cas-tles than English Heritage in London. Stevens wants to concentrate on his stars, on Stonehenge, on Dover castle, and (his particular favourite) Richard III's castle at Middleham, as well as churches and It is hard to believe that he will not get his way.

Typically he is enthusia tic. "This job is thrilling". In theory he need give three days a week to English Heritage. He is there all the time and spends his evenings get-ting to know local conservation officers. This constant activity is the only life he knows. At Express Newspapers he often worked from 9.30 in the morning to 11.30 at

night seven days a week. "The unions came to respect me because I was always there, always trying to get the papers out. When I left they gave me a dinner, the ment did not."

At Express Newspapers he turned round the ailing Evening Standard and helped to keep the Express afloat. He never worked harder. It cost him his marriage and

the closeness of his children. It was also ultimately in vain. There was a row with Lord Matthews, the new propri-etor, over who should be chairman, and Stevens lost. "I know what it is like to be sacked; to be told to clear your desk", he sighs although his pay-off financed a lavish party at Gstaad. Ski-ing is his suitably energetic eisure alternative to work.

After his dismissal Stevens did what he is good at making money. He has that disregard for money that can only be enjoyed by the very rich. His mother died at his birth but his connections, the Hulton press barons, were wealthy enough to put £750,000 into the orphan's bank account. He enjoyed the ease of Eton and Cambridge (he is undoubtedly bright) but little parental attention. His subsequent career as a hard-nosed businessman who get results by trampling on

the weak is too glibly explained by a need to prove

himself, to get attention.
Stevens might have made a career in television, but one of his rumbustious interviews as a reporter on Panorama caused such a public outcry that he was not asked back. Instead he merged his social life with money-making and founded Queen magazine, the style journal of the 1960s. "I got bored with my readers and sold it for £500,000 to the man sitting at the next table at Claridges". After his dis-missal from the Express group he made another for-tune out of Centaur Publish-

ing. He sold that for £2m.

Then came the call to public service, the call that changed Stevens, and the nation's life. "I was asked by George Howard, who I'd never met, to become rector of the Royal College. It was out of control." He nowthinks that Margaret Thatcher might have been behind the call. He knew nothing about art: had no academic experience. So he talked to the students -"some had never seen their professors in two years" and committed himself to turning the Royal College from an ivory tower into a stepping stone towards a

He quickly decided four

tal media where the students were working with no disci-pline, painters flddling with televisions and so on. I called a meeting of the senate and locked the doors. I told them that they would not be released until the reforms had been agreed unanimously. We got out at four in the morning, a time which, with my experience of the unions, I was quite used to.

By the time he left the
Royal College, (and he is
proud of the fact), only three

departments should be closed

down. "One was environmen-

of the 20 professors he inherited were still in place. The carnage was terrible, the sufferling immense but he got the college £20m in building grants from the government raised its reputation, and slanted it towards the needs of industry.

He has brought little from the college to English Heri-tage, just one large plaster cast of a dog which he bought from a student, and which stands by his desk. It is like Stevens in that it has a rather dopey, love me, expression; but unlike him in that it neither barks nor bites. He plays down his famous rages "I can't remember whether I was born in a filing cabinet and threw my father out the

round" - but it is easy to see

how the intense energy of the man, whose body is always mobile as he shifts papers, stretches, chases words and arguments, could erupt into

shouting matches He is at English Heritage until 1997, when he will be 65. 'I was the rogue choice. Michael Heseltine gave me five minutes to make up my mind. I like these five year assignments. I wish I'd come across them earlier in my career." He hopes for more. "Perhaps I could run London. I'd like that. I'll never retire. His private life is now happy (he lives with Vivien Duffield, one of the richest women in the country) and they share houses in Hampshire and Scotland. He seem unable to show any enthusi-asm for hobbies, outside the next obstacle to be overcome

Like many hard men Stevens seems to need to be liked. He chooses unlikely groups to identify with - in newspapers it was the unions (although he broke their power); at the Royal College it was the students; at English Heritage it is the guardian of Middleham Cas-tie, a woman who keeps a lonely vigil over the ruins. His interest in her solitary life suggests that, after all his battles, Stevens is at last confident enough of his identity to strike out on his own.





Les Secrets Précieux de

LA MAISON

On the banks of La Charente, France's legendary cognac river, nestles a picturesque and much lauded cluster of buildings. Yet more celebrated are the foundations laid down by their most illustrious inhabitant~

Thomas Hine. It was his genius that fashioned this 'chai' into what is arguably the world's finest cognac house: the House of Hine. To the five generations that followed him, Thomas Hine's original 'code de qualité' was treated as sacrosanct. So that, although the flacon of today may bear a contemporary date, the quintessence of the spirit that it houses, remains



timeless.

COGNAC IS OUR HERITAGE

The great tapioca war

from intro to message, this column going to men-

tion tapioca pudding. I wish it could be avoided. I wish I had never seen or heard of tapioca pudding, or imagined that it existed. When we get to it, I will type extremely quickly so as to rush us towards the end; but at least you have been warned. This week, I finished reading

The Rise and Fall of the Third Chimpanzee by Jared Diamond, who is ranked among the world's top zoologists. As the FT said when Rise and Fall was first published, it is an important book - certainly among the best science books I

It is about our animal heritage. We are chimpanzecs. More than 98 per cent of our genes are shared with the two other species of chimpanzee. We are greatly influenced by our animal origins, but we are also - uniquely and destructively - human.

The first indications that our ancestors were unusual among animals were the crude stone tools that began appearing in Africa about 2.5m years ago. Nothing much happened for

another 1.5m years, though by 1m years ago we had spread to warm parts of Europe and Asia. Evidence for the Great

Leap Forward in human behaviour suddenly appeared in Europe about 40,000 years ago. Whatever caused the leap, it involved only a tiny fraction of our beings, because we still differ from the pygmy and common chimpanzee in only 1.6 per cent of our genes.

Now scroll forward to the species: our

modern day. We are proud of **HAWKS** language, art. technology and agriculture. A few **HANDSAWS** weeks ago, we

systematic search of the Milky Way for signs of other intelligences. But we are cursed by several self-destruc-tive traits, two of them so serious that they may produce our fall: xenophobic mass killing and our accelerating assault on our environment. If the estimate that half the world's 30m species will become extinct in the next century is correct, says Diamond, then species are

now disappearing at the rate of about 17 an hour. Diamond says he would not

Michael Thompson-Noel have written his book if he considered the chances of our own extinction remote; equally, he would not have written it if he thought our predicament hopeless. He says there are many grounds for

pessimism. But he himself is cautiously optimistic. "We do not need novel, still-to-be-invented technologies to solve our problems," he says. "We just need more governments to do many more of the same obvious things that some governments are

already doing Nor is it true that the average citizen is powerless." The average citizen. Me. You. It is my belief that while

must display unprecedented political will and spend enormous sums on top-down projects to rehabilitate our species and our planet, there is still scope for small people - you, me - to do our bit, bottom-up. But where to start? I believe that each one of us should concentrate hard so as to bring to some bit of nastiness - and

then strive to exterminate it, to

squash and quash it. And then

governments and other bodies

larger, nastler and more hor rid, and exterminate that. And then move on...

I have decided where I will start: with the tapioca pudding served in the FT restaurant This is not the time nor the place to give my opinion on the FT restaurant. But their tapioca pudding is an affront to human decency, a negation of man's cultural flourishes and accomplishments. It makes me queave and faint just to see it sitting there. I would not dream of offering it to a common chimpanzee, or even to a

My theory is this: if I can exterminate the FT's taploca pudding, there is a reasonable chance that I and my colleagues will be nicer to our significant others once we reach home; this niceness will spread, like ripples on a lake; people will be happier; they will start to spend money, which will kick-start the economy; they will even vote more sibly – goodbye Laurel and Hardy; bigger and better tasks will be attempted almost everywhere; substance abuse will cease; spring will not be silent; wars will not be fought; the planet will be saved, and man will make contact with extra-

Call me cock-cyed, but

terrestrials.